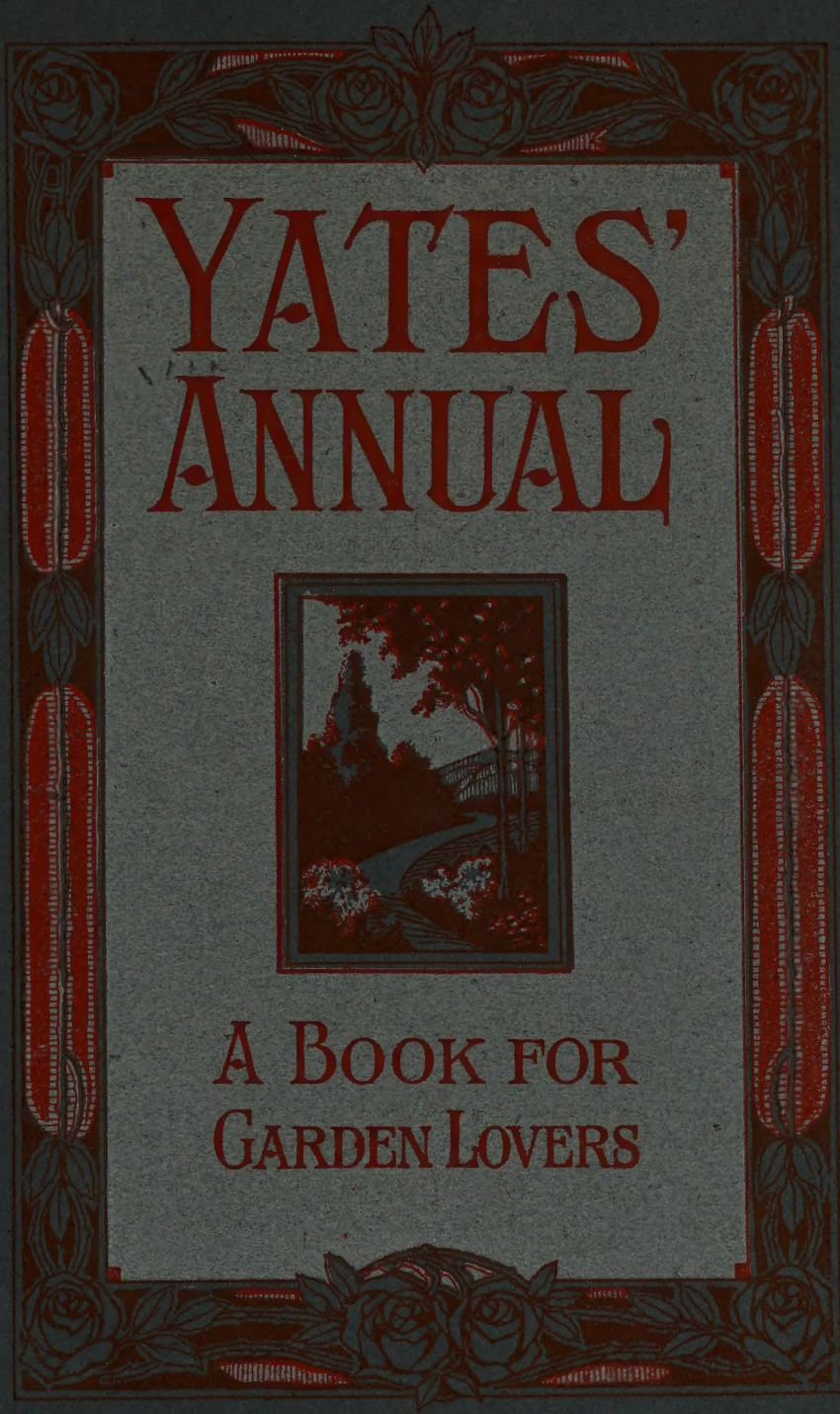


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U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE



DEPARTMENTS

The following particulars serve as a quick reference to the different Departments of our business. For detailed Index see page 1 opposite.

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FARM SEEDS

Brief reference is made to Farm Seeds on pages 35-36, but farmers and other users are referred to our special Farm Seed Catalogues published each autumn and spring.

MARKET GARDENERS

See descriptive list pages 6-34, and Ounce and Pound Prices on pages 3-5. Large growers should write for Current Market Garden Price List.

COMMERCIAL FLOWER GROWERS

See general Flower Seed List (pages 37-82) for descriptions and prices of small quantities by weight. Users of larger quantities should write for Yates' Price List of Bulk Flower Seeds and Tree Seeds.

ARTHUR YATES & CO. LTD.

SEASON 1928.

184-186 Sussex St., SYDNEY, N.S.W.

Seeds for Garden, Farm & Market Grower

AND BULBS, PLANTS, TREES, ETC

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TERMS OF BUSINESS

Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty

WE believe that all Seeds Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this we give no undertaking that such Seeds Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty expressed or implied as to their growth description quality or productiveness and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us and any money paid to us will be refunded.

How to Order Seeds, &c.

FROM THE STORE IN YOUR TOWN, STOCKING YATES' PACKET SEEDS.

In almost every town and village of importance throughout the Commonwealth there is at least one leading retailer who stocks Yates' Reliable Seeds in sealed and dated packets. These packets are always fresh, as old stock is regularly destroyed by us and replaced with new season's packets. Note the name and date on every packet.

In most cases the Local Agents for our Packet Seeds will be pleased to have your orders for Yates' Bulk Seeds, Bulbs and Plants. These are not, as a rule, carried in stock, but will be obtained promptly for your special order.

Packet Seeds sold out and other lines not regularly stocked can be obtained by them from us at short notice. Look for the name "Yates" on every bag, label and package. Write us for name and address of the nearest Agent.

DIRECT FROM OUR MAIL ORDER DEPT.

We have established a special department with all facilities for dealing carefully and expeditiously with this important and increasing section of our business. The Order Blank accompanying this catalogue will be found convenient for customers, and its use will facilitate our prompt filling of orders. We make every effort to ensure the despatch of seed orders within 48 hours of receipt of letter, many orders going same day as received.

Orders for Plants have to be transmitted to our Nurseries, and the Plants then dug, packed and despatched, so these orders will take rather longer, and customers will greatly oblige by making allowance for this extra time, and especially so in wet weather, when nursery work is greatly hampered.

Customers dealing direct with us are especially asked to note the following:—

HOW TO ADDRESS ORDERS AND ENQUIRIES.

Letters Box 2707 C, G.P.O., Sydney
Telegrams "Seedsman Sydney"
Cables "Seedsman Sydney"
Telephone Calls M2161 (4 lines)

PRICES, POSTAGE AND FREIGHT CHARGES.

Vegetable Seeds.—With the exception of some of our Novelties and Specialities, all packets of Vegetable Seeds are sold at a standard price of 6d. per packet, and are post free, except Peas and Beans, which are specially quoted at post paid prices. Vegetable Seeds by weight are post free at catalogue rates.

Flower Seeds.—Flower Seeds in packets and also by weight are post free at prices quoted in this list.

Plants, Agricultural Seeds, and other goods.—Postage or freight is to be paid by the purchaser on all these goods except where prices are specially quoted Post Free or Carriage Paid; and the goods are at purchaser's risk after we have obtained clean receipt from the Railway, Shipping Company or Carriers.

REMITTANCES.

Except where customers have an account with us, all orders must be accompanied by remittance, which should be in postal notes, money orders, or small amounts in stamps. If country cheques are sent 6d. for exchange must be added.

N.B.—When sending Bank Notes through the Post, or letters containing Coins or other valuables, they should always be registered. Postal Notes should be made payable to us, in Sydney, and a record kept by the sender of the numbers of the Notes, and the date of issue.

POST TOWN, STATE and SIGNATURE.

Please be sure that your order bears these particulars before posting. This is important, as we get many orders during the year which are delayed or cannot be forwarded through the omission of one or more of these particulars. Ladies will assist us in avoiding errors in addressing by prefixing Mrs. or Miss, as the case may be.

URGENT ORDERS.

If wanting Seeds urgently, wire "Seedsman Sydney." Telegrams so addressed reach us promptly, and have our immediate attention. Be sure to sign name in full and advise full forwarding instructions. Customers not known to us should wire remittance also, or give satisfactory Sydney business reference.

SUBSTITUTING.

On account of the difficulty in obtaining full supplies of many lines, and the failures of crops of others, we will, if unable to supply the exact variety ordered, substitute for it some other variety of a similar nature, which will, in our opinion, give satisfactory results.

Should customers wish us not to follow this plan with their orders, it is only necessary to state on the order: "Do not substitute."

METHOD OF FORWARDING.

Customers are requested to give full and careful directions with each order as to the method they wish goods forwarded, and we will do our utmost to comply with them. When no instructions are received we send according to our judgment.

We deliver all goods free on rail or wharf, after which our responsibility ceases, but we take special care in packing so that our goods will carry well.

SEEDLINGS NOT SUPPLIED.

Seedling plants of Cabbage, Cauliflower and other Vegetables, also Flower Seedlings, when dispatched any distance, usually arrive in a most unsatisfactory condition. This is disappointing both to our customers and ourselves, and for this reason, and, as we have never catered for the business, we regret we cannot accept orders for these lines.

We recommend customers to raise their own seedlings, thus being able to transplant on any favourable occasion. For full directions, see Yates' "Garden Guide" (1/- post free).

Note.—The above does not, of course, refer to such lines as Violets, Strawberries and the many other small plants listed in this Catalogue, which, with our careful packing, usually carry very well.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We are always pleased to advise customers, or assist them with any information at our disposal, but we ask that letters of enquiry and general correspondence be as concise as possible, and be written separately from orders to avoid confusion and possible delay.

We regret we cannot undertake the planning of whole gardens or grounds.

THIS ISSUE CANCELS ALL PREVIOUS CATALOGUES

ARTHUR YATES & CO., LTD.

Letters—P.O. Box 2707 C, Sydney.

184 - 186 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY.

Wires: "Seedsman, Sydney."

Yates' Reliable Vegetable Seeds

PRICES BY WEIGHT

ALL POST FREE, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

THE FOLLOWING PRICES are net and are current at time of going to press, but owing to the uncertainty of supplies and and costs we cannot bind ourselves to supply at these rates throughout the season. Definite prices quoted by return mail on application. **Germination Tests.**—If requested, when ordering, we will supply, with each line of bulk seeds purchased, the percentage of growth obtained in our Seed Testing Department, and date of testing. This is for the guidance only of planters, and implies no warranty that this germination will result under outside conditions, over which we have no control. Attention is directed to the notice in reference to varieties on the first descriptive page (7) of vegetables and the following Conditions of Sale.

LARGER QUANTITIES.—Seasonal conditions and market fluctuations make it impossible to fix a complete range of prices for the full currency of this catalogue. We therefore include only 1 oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and lb. prices, and publish each month a Current Market Garden Price List for which all large growers should apply.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY.

We believe that all Seeds Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this we give no undertaking that such Seeds Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty expressed or implied as to their growth description quality or productiveness and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us and any money paid to us will be refunded.

ARTHUR YATES & CO. LTD.

	oz.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -lb.	lb.		oz.	$\frac{1}{2}$ -lb.	lb.
ARTICHOKE Globe	2/-	—	—	CABBAGE—CONTINUED			
ASPARAGUS				LATE VARIETIES—			
Connover's Colossal	1/-	2/6	7/6	Yates' Mammoth Late Drumhead ..	1/6	4/3	12/6
Palmetto	1/-	2/6	7/6	Savoy Drumhead	1/3	3/6	10/-
BEETROOT				Prize Red	1/6	4/3	12/6
Yates' Obelisk	1/-	2/-	6/-	CHINESE or CELERY CABBAGE	1/3	3/6	10/-
Yates' Nonpareil	1/-	2/-	6/-	CAPE GOOSEBERRY			
Egyptian Turnip-Rooted	9d.	1/6	4/-	Common Small Fruited	4/6	13/6	—
Yates' Crimson Globe	9d.	1/6	4/-	Golden Nugget	10/-	30/-	—
Yates' Excelsior Blood-Red ..	9d.	1/6	4/-	CAPSICUM or PEPPER			
Dell's Crimson	1/-	2/-	6/-	Mild Sorts	1/6	4/6	—
Silver or Spinach—				Long Red Chili	1/6	4/6	—
Lucullus (crimped foliage) ..	9d.	1/6	4/-	Birds' Eye	4/6	—	—
Dark Green, Broad Ribbed ..	9d.	1/6	4/-	CARROT			
Sugar, for Stock and Poultry ..	9d.	See Far m List		All varieties, as listed on page 13 ..	9d.	1/9	5/-
BORECOLE or Scotch Kale ..	1/-	3/-	—	CAULIFLOWER			
BROCCOLI —Early or Late ..	2/-	6/-	17/6	Yates' Phenomenal Early	5/-	15/-	45/-
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	1/-	3/-	9/-	Early Italian Giant	2/-	6/-	17/6
CABBAGE				Yates' Early Mammoth	5/-	15/-	45/-
EXTRA EARLY—				White Queen	5/-	15/-	—
Yates' First Early	1/6	4/3	12/6	Early Green Glazed (crop failed)			
St. John's Day, Small Early ..	1/3	3/6	10/-	Yates' Goliath	5/-	15/-	—
Early Jersey Wakefield	2/-	6/6	20/-	Early Eclipse (Imported)	3/6	10/-	30/-
Early York	1/3	3/6	10/-	Early London	3/-	8/6	25/-
Sugarloaf	1/3	3/6	10/-	Yates' Phenomenal Main Crop ..	5/-	15/-	45/-
SECOND EARLY AND MAIN				Veitch's Autumn Giant, Yates' Selec'd	2/-	6/-	17/6
Early Drumhead				Walcheren	3/-	8/6	25/-
Yates' Derwent Re-selected ..	3/-	8/6	25/-	Late Eclipse (crop failed)			
European grown	1/3	3/6	10/-	Late Italian Giant	2/-	6/-	17/6
Succession—				Late Metropole	3/6	10/-	30/-
Yates' Derwent Re-selected ..	3/-	8/6	25/-	CELERY			
P. Henderson's Own Stock ..	3/-	10/-	35/-	Golden Self Blanching, French saved	7/-	20/-	60/-
European Grown	1/3	3/6	10/-	White Plume	1/6	4/6	13/6
Yates' Vanguard	2/-	6/6	20/-	Solid White	1/3	3/6	10/6
Yates' Utility	2/-	6/6	20/-	Winter Queen	2/-	6/-	—
Early Flat Dutch	1/3	3/6	10/-	Celeriac or Turnip-Rooted	2/6	—	—
Yates' (Select Imp.) St. John's Day	1/3	3/6	10/-	Soup Celery (non-germinating seed			
Enkhuizen Glory	1/9	5/-	15/-	for flavouring)	—	1/-	3/-
Copenhagen Market	1/9	5/-	15/-	CHICORY	1/-	2/6	8/-
Winningstadt	1/6	4/3	12/6	CRESS			
Burpee's Allhead (American) ..	2/-	6/6	20/-	Curled	—	9d.	2/6
Burpee's Surehead (American) ..	2/-	6/6	20/-	Water	2/-	—	—
Enfield Market	1/3	3/6	10/-	CUCUMBER			
London Market	1/3	3/6	10/-	New Siberian	1/3	3/6	10/-
East Ham	1/3	3/6	10/-	Early Fortune	1/6	4/3	12/6
West Ham	1/3	3/6	10/-	Improved White Spine	1/3	3/6	10/-
Yates' Aphis Proof	1/6	4/3	12/6				

PRICES OF VEGETABLE SEEDS BY WEIGHT—Continued

These Prices are Net, and are Post Free, except where specially stated otherwise.

$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. LOTS SUPPLIED AT lb. RATES.

For Description, Seasons, and Cultural Notes, See pp 7—34

CUCUMBER—CONTINUED				MUSTARD			
	oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb.	lb.		oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb.	lb.
Long Green Prickly	1/3	3/6	10/-	Finest White	—	9d.	2/-
Apple Shaped	1/6	4/3	12/6	ONIONS			
Yates' Crystal White	1/6	4/3	12/6	Yates' Hunter River Early Brown			
Yates' Mangere Prize— $\frac{1}{4}$ -oz., 3/-	10/-	—	—	Spanish	4/6	12/6	37/6
Yates' Sydney Pickling	1/3	3/6	10/-	Extra Early Golden Globe	1/6	4/3	12/6
Short Prickly	1/3	3/6	10/-	Yates' Light Skinned Spanish	1/6	4/3	12/6
African	2/-	—	—	Lord Howe Pickling	4/6	12/6	37/6
Giant Pera	2/-	—	—	Early Barletta (Silverskin)	1/3	3/3	10/-
Japanese Climbing	2/-	—	—	White Italian Tripoli	1/3	3/3	10/-
West Indian Gherkin	2/6	7/6	—	Silver King	1/3	3/3	10/-
Telegraph—Pkt. (only) .. 1/-	—	—	—	Yates' "Derwent" Long Keeping			
ENDIVE —Each variety				Brown Spanish	1/6	4/3	12/6
	9d.	2/-	6/-	Brown Spanish (Victorian grown)	1/3	3/3	10/-
EGG PLANT				Yellow Flat Danvers	1/3	3/3	10/-
New York Spineless (Purple)	3/-	9/-	—	Odourless	4/6	13/6	40/-
GRANADILLA — $\frac{1}{4}$ -oz., 7/6				Ailsa Craig	2/-	6/6	20/-
	22/6	—	—	Giant Rocca	1/3	3/3	10/-
HERBS				Southport White Globe	1/9	5/-	15/-
Thyme	4/-	—	—	Tree Onions, Potato Onions	—	—	—
Sage	1/6	4/6	—	Shallots and Garlic (bulbs only)	—	—	—
Marjoram	2/-	—	—	OKRA (or Gumbo)			
Lavender (Spica)	1/9	—	—	Long Green	1/6	—	—
KOHL RABI				PARSLEY			
Purple or Green	1/3	3/6	10/-	Extra Curled	9d.	1/6	4/6
LEEK —All varieties				PARSNIP			
	1/3	3/6	10/-	Hollow Crown	9d.	1/3	3/6
LETTUCE				The Student	9d.	1/3	3/6
Yates' Champion Cabbage, Yates' American Summer, Yates' Long Standing, Yates' Continuity	1/9	5/-	15/-	Turnip Rooted	1/-	2/6	7/6
All-the-Year-Round, Mignonette, Neapolitan (or New York), Iceberg, Hanson, May King, Drumhead (Sydney Type), Webb's Wonderful, Tom Thumb, Yates' Champion Cos, Paris White Cos	1/3	4/-	12/6	PEANUTS			
MELONS, ROCK				Small White Spanish	—	—	1/9
Honey Ball	1/6	4/3	12/6	Small Red Spanish	—	—	1/9
Honey Dew	1/3	3/6	10/6	Above prices are for small lots, post paid. Special quote on application for quantity lots.			
Rocky Ford, Gold Lined Rocky Ford, Irondequoit, Early Hackensack, Paul Rose, Jenny Lind, Greely Wonder, Burpee's Netted Gem and all other varieties, as listed on page 20	1/-	3/-	9/-	PURSLANE			
MELON, CASABA				Golden Extra Large, and Green	1/6	4/3	12/6
Golden Beauty & Winter Pineapple	1/3	3/6	10/6	PUMPKIN			
MELON —Cobra or Indian Cream				Yates' Triamble	1/3	3/3	10/-
	2/3	7/-	—	Yates' Queensland Blue	1/3	3/3	10/-
MELON, WATER				Yates' Select Crown (Sydney Type)	1/-	2/9	8/-
Yates' Cannon Ball	1/3	3/6	10/6	Turk's Cap	9d.	2/3	6/6
Yates' Market Wonder	1/-	3/-	9/-	Gramma or Trombone	1/3	3/3	10/-
Cole's Early, Kleckly Sweets, Golden Honey, Sugar Stick, Cuban Queen, Gray Monarch, Irish Gray, and all other varieties as listed on page 21	9d.	2/-	6/-	Mammoth Cattle and Mixed Cattle (for Stock)—See Farm Price List.			
MELON, PRESERVING				RADISH			
Green Seeded Pie, Red Seeded Citron	9d.	1/9	5/-	All varieties, as listed on page 28	—	1/3	3/6
Mango Melon or Vegetable Peach	1/6	4/6	—	RHUBARB			
Snow or Frosted Melon (crop failed)	—	—	—	Cherry Red (roots only)	—	—	—
				Topp's Winter, Sydney Crimson	1/3	4/-	12/6
				Victoria Giant	1/-	2/6	7/6
				ROSELLA			
					1/9	5/-	15/-
				SALSIFY			
				Mammoth Sandwich Island	2/-	6/-	17/6
				SCORZONERA			
					1/6	4/6	—

PRICES OF VEGETABLE SEEDS BY WEIGHT—Continued

These Prices are Net, and are Post Free, except where specially stated otherwise.

$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. LOTS SUPPLIED AT lb. RATES.

For Description, Seasons, and Cultural Notes See pp 7-34

	oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb.	lb.		oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb.	lb.
SEA KALE	1/6	—	—	TURNIP			
SPINACH				Long White	1/-	2/-	7/6
Prickly Seeded	—	1/-	2/6	Purple Top Munich	9d.	1/9	5/-
Round Seeded	—	1/-	2/6	White Stone	—	1/3	3/6
Monstrous Viroflay	—	1/-	2/6	Nepaul (or White Strapleaf)	—	1/3	3/6
New Zealand	9d.	1/3	3/-	Red Top Stone (or American Strap-leaf)	—	1/3	3/6
Spinach Beet or Lucullus (See under Beet)	—	—	—	Orange Jelly or Golden Ball	—	1/3	3/6
SQUASH				Swede Turnip—			
Summer Types and Winter Types (including Hubbard Varieties), as listed on page 29	1/-	2/6	8/-	Yates' Garden Swede	—	1/-	3/-
SWEET CORN				Yates' Champion Purple Top	—	1/-	2/6
Golden Sunshine—Pkt., 1/-	—	2/6	—	Yates' Monarch	—	1/-	2/6
And all other varieties as listed on page 30	—	9d.	2/-	Field Turnip—			
TOBACCO				All varieties as listed on page 31	—	1/-	2/9
Souths	3/6	—	—	VEGETABLE MARROW			
Dunbur	3/6	—	—	Trailing Varieties—			
TOMATO				Yates' Ironbark Marrow (crop failed)	—	—	—
Yates' Earliwinner	10/-	30/-	—	Long Cream	9d.	2/-	6/6
Earliana, Bonny Best, Chalk's Early Jewel, Yates' Early Smooth Red, Yates' Harbinger, Burwood Prize, Matchless, Stone, Targinnie Blue, and all other varieties as listed on pages 32, 33, 34	3/-	10/6	35/-	Long Green	9d.	2/-	10/-
				Yates' Rice Marrow	1/3	3/6	10/-
				Bush Varieties—			
				Long White Fruited Bush	9d.	2/-	6/6
				Long Green Fruited Bush	9d.	2/-	6/6
				Custard Marrow	9d.	2/-	6/6

For Larger Quantities write for Market Garden Price List.

PEAS AND BEANS

Bushe and $\frac{1}{4}$ Bus., Prices on Application. Write for Yates' Market Gardener's Price List.	Post Paid Price per lb.	VARIOUS QUANTITY RATES. Freight Extra.		
		per lb.	3lbs. per lb.	7lbs. per lb.
PEAS—Two New Varieties for 1928—Yates' Earlicrop, Yates' Comet	3/-	2/6	2/4	2/2
Yates' Prelude, Laxtonian, Blue Bantam, Yates' Early Surprise, Yates' Utility, Little Marvel	2/-	1/6	1/4	1/2
Witham Wonder, William Hurst, Richard Seddon, English Wonder (American Wonder Improved), Greenfeast, Yorkshire Hero, Veitches Perfection	1/6	1/-	11d.	10d.
Te-Aroha, Sherwood, The Daisy, Senator, Stratagem, English Defiance, Telephone, Duke of Albany, Day's Early Sunrise	1/9	1/3	1/1	1/-
Sugar or Edible Podded	2/-	1/6	—	—
BEANS, Dwarf French—Feltham Prolific, (recently introduced)	3/-	2/6	2/3	2/-
Canadian Wonder, Yates Selected	2/3	1/9	1/8	1/7
Magnum Bonum, Dwarf Stringless Green Pod	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/8
Pale Dun, Emperor William, Byers Bush, Early Refugee	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/8
Negro Long Pod	2/-	1/6	1/4	1/2
Haricot	1/9	1/3	1/-	11d.
Beans, Dwarf Butter or Wax—				
Burpee's Kidney Wax, Golden Wax, Brittle Wax	3/-	2/6	2/3	2/-
Startler Wax, Black Seeded Wax, Hodgson Long Pod Wax	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/8
Beans, Climbing French or Runner—				
Yates' Everbearing Stringless, Epicure, Kentucky Wonder Wax Podded	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/8
General McKay	3/-	2/6	2/3	2/-
Kentucky Wonder, White Dutch Runner	2/3	1/9	1/7	1/5
Scarlet Runner	2/3	1/9	1/7	1/5
Scarlet Runner Emperor (recently introduced)	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/8
Beans, Lima—				
Tall Lima, Henderson's Dwarf or Bush Lima	2/3	1/9	1/7	1/5
Burpee's Bush Lima	2/6	2/-	1/10	1/8
Beans, Broad—				
Early Long Pod, Broad Windsor	1/9	1/3	1/1	11d.
Beans, Sundry Climbing—				
Snake or Asparagus Beans	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 2/3	6/6	6/-	5/9
Madagascar Beans	$\frac{1}{4}$ -lb., 2/6	7/-	6/6	—

Yates' Collections of Vegetable Seeds



EACH 10/- AND 20/- POST FREE

POST FREE TO ANY ADDRESS IN THE WORLD

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF CUSTOMERS WHO DO NOT WISH TO SELECT THEIR OWN VARIETIES, and to provide suitable supplies of well-assorted seeds for those who live at a distance from the centres of population we make up the following Collections.

Our Special Collections are in constant demand all over Australia, and beyond, particularly the 10/- and 20/- Collections. Due to the good assortment of seeds and the way they are packed these Collections have given the greatest satisfaction to customers on outback stations, and to gardeners in the tropical parts of Australia, and in India and other parts of the East. The 20/- and 10/- Collections are packed in air-tight tin cases, with movable lids; so that, with care, our seeds will keep in good condition even under very trying climatic conditions.

VARIETIES.—In the 20/- and 10/- Collections the varieties set out are supplied unless we consider other varieties preferable for reason of climate or soil or customers' particular requirements. In the 5/- Collections we select according to locality and season of planting. In each case full sized standard 6d. packets are supplied. With each collection we enclose one or more of our gardening publications which will be found of considerable assistance, provided it be remembered that times of planting, etc., are based on the climatic conditions of Sydney and the temperate parts of N.S.W.

For those with extensive gardens, and for use of big stations, we make up larger Collections at 40/- post free, each accompanied by copies of Yates' Garden Guide and other gardening publications. These contain 100 packets of Vegetable Seeds in well-assorted variety, and will be found ample for ordinary requirements.

THIS Collection is of specially good value, and contains seeds, in sufficient quantity and variety, to fill the requirements of a moderate-sized garden. If customers have any special conditions of soil or climate, please mention, and we will vary the following list to suit.

Beet, Silver	1
Beet, Oval and Long	2
Cabbage, Early and Late	2
Carrot, Short and Long	2
Cauliflower, Early and Late	2
Celery	1
Cress	1
Cucumbers, Sorts	2
Kohi Rabi	1
Leek	1
Lettuce, Sorts	2
Rock Melon, Sorts	2
Water Melon, Sorts	2
Mustard	1
Onion, Sorts	2
Parsley	1



Tomato, Sorts	2
Turnip, Sorts	3
Vegetable Marrow	1
Peas, Early & Late	2
Beans, Dwarf French	2
" Runner	1
" Butter	1
" Broad	1
Sage	1
Thyme	1
Marjoram	1
and a copy each of	
2 Yates' Garden Guide	
2 (published at 1/-)	
1 Yates' Garden Calendar	
1 Yates' Tomato Booklet	
1 Yates' Onion Booklet	

The whole packed in a handsome air-tight tin with movable lid.

FOR the smaller cottage garden this collection is well suited. A good assortment is obtained, and the inclusion of Yates' Garden Guide (published at 1/-), and Yates' Garden Calendar, should assist growers to obtain successful results.

Beet, Silver	1
Beet, Oval	1
Cabbage Early and Late	2
Carrot	1
Cauliflower	1
Celery	1
Cucumber	1
Leek	1
Lettuce	1
Rock Melon	1
Water Melon	1



The whole packed in air-tight tin with moveable lid.

Onion	1
Parsley	1
Pumpkin	1
Radish	1
Tomato	1
Turnip	1
Vegetable Marrow	1
Peas	1
French Beans	1
Runner Beans	1
Butter Beans	1
Yates' Garden Guide	
Yates' Garden Calendar	

TO meet the needs of those who have very limited space and children's gardens, etc., we have introduced this Collection. We supply twelve packets of hardy Vegetable Seeds (our selection), including such of the following lines—Beet, Cabbage, Carrot, Cucumber, Lettuce, Melon, Onion, Parsnip, Pumpkin, Tomato, Turnip—as are seasonable for



sowing at time of ordering and suitable to the locality. No Peas or Beans are given unless by special request, and 3d. extra sent for each packet of Peas or Beans for postage. The general selection of varieties must be left to us. With each Collection we present one copy of Yates' Garden Calendar, giving times of sowing and seasonable hints.

YATES' SELECT STRAINS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS

The following list of Vegetable Seeds is based on experience of Australasian conditions and gardening requirements extending over a period of 45 years, and in addition field tests have been consistently carried on for well over a quarter of a century at our trial grounds. In these "trials" we grow to maturity not only our own main lines, but also samples obtained from various parts of the world, thereby ensuring that our strains maintain their reputation for high quality.

NOTICE IN REFERENCE TO VARIETIES

Modern varieties of vegetables are in a great many cases selections and highly improved strains of older and inferior types. These improved strains are stable to a certain degree only, and considerable care is entailed, in the growing of high-grade seeds, to keep these types up to present standard and to improve on them.

We would point out, therefore, that under conditions of soil and season not altogether favorable, varieties may vary from the descriptions in these pages, especially as regards earliness or lateness of season, type and keeping quality. The descriptions are intended to serve as a guide only, in the selection of sorts likely to prove most suitable for purposes required.

ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON WARRANTY ON PAGE 2.

Quantities to Sow Per Acre

The exact quantities actually required may vary with the variety, the season, the condition of the soil and with the particular methods of the grower. Therefore all that we can do is to state the approximate quantity of seed it is advisable to order for each acre of crop intended to be grown. The rate of sowing for average Australian conditions is usually rather heavier than for the colder European countries.

A.—Sow in rows where to remain.

B.—Raise in seed beds and transplant.

Asparagus	B. 2-lbs.	Kohl Rabi
Beet	C. 5-6-lbs.	Leek
Beans (Dwarf) ..	A. 2-bus.	Lettuce
Broccoli	B. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Melon, Water ..
Borecole	B. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Melon, Rock ..
Brussels Sprouts ..	B. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Melon, Pie
Cabbage	B. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Onion
Cauliflower	B. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	Parsley
Carrot	C. 3-lbs.	Parsnip
Cape Gooseberry ..	B. 1-oz.	Peas
Capsicum	B. 4-ozs.	Pumpkin
Celery	B. 4-ozs.	Radish
Cucumber	D. 2-3-lbs.	

C.—Sow in rows and afterwards thin out.

D.—Sow in hills or "groups" of seeds.

B. 2-3-lbs.	Rhubarb	B. 4-lbs.
B. 4-lbs.	Spinach	C. 8-lbs.
B.C. 4-lbs.	Squash	D. 2-3-lbs.
D. 3-lbs.	Sweet Corn	A. 15-lbs.
D. 2-3-lbs.	Tomato	B. 1-2-ozs.
D. 3-lbs.	Tobacco	B. 1-oz.
C. 4-lbs.	Turnip	C. 2-3-lbs.
C. 3-4-lbs.	Vegetable Marrow ..	D. 2-3-lbs.
C. 3-4-lbs.	Mangolds	C. 5-6-lbs.
A. 2-bus.	Sugar Beet	C. 5-6-lbs.
D. 3-4-lbs.	Swede Turnip	C. 2-3-lbs.
C. 8-10-lbs.	Lawn Grass (Broadcast) ..	4-bus.

ASPARAGUS

(Asperge, Fr.). Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring in nursery beds, and, when the plants are large enough, say in the following winter, transplant into richly prepared beds. These should be made by trenching the ground two feet deep and by richly manuring the land deeply with stable manure, and bonedust. Plant in rows, fifteen inches apart, good, strong, one or two year old plants; we prefer these to three year old. Keep weeded and in the winter time mulch heavily with well-rotted stable manure and a scattering of kainit or salt. The soil can be earthed up round the plants in the early spring; this will assist to blanch the stems, but when the cutting season is over the bed should be levelled again. Care should be used not to weaken the young bed by cutting till the plants are vigorous and well established, which should be in two years after planting. Only cut the strong and vigorous shoots, and these sparingly to begin with. An Asparagus bed properly made and regularly attended to should last for very many years.

Connover's Colossal—The old standard variety; large heads. Seed pkt., 6d.

In the winter and early spring we can also supply two and three year old Asparagus Roots of this variety.

Two year roots, per doz. 2/-, 25 3/9, 100 12/6
Three year roots, per doz. 2/3, 25 4/3, 100 15/-

ASPARAGUS—(continued)

Palmetto—A favorite sort grown in America for market and canning; it is claimed to be earlier and a heavier yielder than any other variety. (Seed only). Pkt., 6d.

ARTICHOKE, GLOBE

(Artichaut, Fr.). Pkt., 6d.

A vegetable much esteemed on the Continent. The flower heads are the edible portion, the base of the scales being considered a great delicacy. Sow the seed in nursery beds in spring, transplant the following season into well-manured land, three feet apart.

ARTICHOKE, JERUSALEM

(Artichaut de Jerusalem, Fr.)

Entirely distinct from the preceding; they are very similar to potatoes, and should be cultivated in the same manner. They are grown from tubers, which should be planted in the early spring, in rows twenty inches apart and nine inches between the tubers. In large areas, to be horse cultivated, the rows should be two to three feet apart. They are also excellent stock food, especially for pigs.

Tubers, 3d. lb., 4/3 per 28lbs., 15/- cwt. Postage or freight extra.



Dwarf French Bean,
Feltham Prolific.
See description below.

BEANS

DWARF FRENCH or KIDNEY BEAN (Haricots Nains, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.; or post paid, pkt., 9d.

CULTIVATION—French Beans will crop freely in any good garden soil, but should have an open sunny situation. Plant in rows two feet apart, and three or four inches between the plants. Sow in spring, when danger from frost is over; afterwards every fortnight till the middle of summer, or right through the autumn in warm or semi-tropical climates. They will not stand frost.

FELTHAM PROLIFIC—A very early variety, coming into bearing remarkably quickly. It is one of the heaviest croppers yet introduced and produces an enormous crop of rich green fleshy pods which keep their color well. Plant is of dwarf habit with dark green foliage. Seed is small. Flavor excellent.

PALE DUN—Good and early. A very useful variety for first planting; tender and well flavored.

CANADIAN WONDER—An excellent cropper. The beans are almost twice the size of the other sorts. As a "general purpose" bean it cannot be beaten.

NEGRO LONG POD—Productive and excellent.

MAGNUM BONUM—Has very large fleshy pods, heavy bearer.

EMPEROR WILLIAM—An improved variety with broad pods, tender and good flavored.

HARICOT—Can be used as any other French Bean, or allowed to mature and be cooked in dry state.

DWARF STRINGLESS FRENCH BEAN

Pkt., 6d., or post paid, pkt., 9d.

CULTIVATION—Treat the same as for Dwarf French or Kidney.

DWARF STRINGLESS GREEN POD—Extremely early, very heavy cropper, finest quality.

DWARF STRINGLESS BEANS—(continued)

REFUGEE—One of the best earlies in this section. Very fleshy, tender, and well flavored.

BYERS' BUSH—A remarkably productive variety bearing an immense number of fine quality, tender fleshy pods.

DWARF BUTTER or WAX BEAN

(Stringless and Golden Podded..)

Pkt., 6d., or post paid, pkt., 9d.

CULTIVATION—Treat just the same as ordinary Dwarf French Beans.

See also **KENTUCKY WONDER WAX** in the Climbing Bean Section.

Crops of all varieties in this section were very short this year and supplies are limited.

BRITTLE WAX—Combines extreme earliness and superior quality with great productiveness. Pods are round, very fleshy and always stringless and tender.

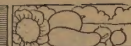
STARTLER WAX—Very heavy cropper; round fleshy pods, absolutely stringless. One of the best.

GOLDEN WAX—One of the best; very early and heavy cropper. Pods are deep yellow and large.

BLACK SEEDED WAX—Excellent for main crop; it has golden yellow stringless pods. Black seeds.

HODGSON LONG POD WAX—A hardy and very productive sort, bearing large golden yellow pods, uniform in size. An excellent sort for carrying, but the pods are hardly so brittle or stringless as other sorts.

BURPEE'S KIDNEY WAX—A Wax Bean of wonderful productiveness. The pods are very fleshy, have a remarkably fine flavor, and are quite stringless.



BEANS (continued)

CLIMBING FRENCH OR RUNNER BEANS

(Haricots a Rames, Fr.). Pkt., 6d., post paid pkt., 9d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in the late spring and early summer, in rows four to six feet apart. When two or three inches above the surface, stakes eight feet high should be provided for them. They will not stand frost. A packet will sow twenty to thirty feet.

YATES' EVER-BEARING STRINGLESS—Stands hot climates well, perhaps better than any other Runner Bean. The pods are flat, fleshy and stringless, grow in clusters, and are tender and good flavored. A remarkably heavy cropper. These Climbing Beans are of great value to the man with small garden space. They can be grown up pillars made of stout stakes, on wire netting or strings; and for covering the garden fence with "something useful," they have no equal, provided some wire netting or other support is furnished for the tendrils to cling to.

EPICURE—A popular variety, bears large numbers of flat, handsome stringless pods, excellent quality, late.

KENTUCKY WONDER—Somewhat similar to Yates' Ever-Bearing Stringless, but earlier in season, and the pods are more fleshy and deeply creased. Quite stringless and very tender; carries wonderful crops.

GENERAL McCAY—The largest of the garden Runner Beans. The pods are a foot long, very broad, fleshy and almost stringless, they are produced in pairs and yield heavily. Supplies uncertain this year.

WHITE DUTCH—Very long pods; excellent. One of the best Running Beans for general requirements. Supplies uncertain this season.

EMPEROR SCARLET RUNNER—Similar in character to the well known Scarlet Runner but a great improvement in many ways. It is smoother, more tender, and much larger in pod and a heavier yielder.

Scarlet Runners—These thrive in cool climates, such as Tasmania and South New Zealand; they also crop very well in North Queensland, sown in the autumn for winter use. If, when they are flowering, the weather is very hot, they are apt to drop their flowers without setting. Apart from their use as a vegetable, they are extremely ornamental. Where they succeed these are one of the best beans grown. This season's crop promises to be light.

CLIMBING WAX PODDED VARIETY.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX—A wax podded form of this favorite variety which should prove very popular. The pods are long, thick and very meaty and the vine wonderfully prolific.

Pkt., 1/-, post paid, pkt., 1/3

SUNDRY CLIMBING BEANS.

The following are suitable for climates similar to or warmer than Sydney. Supplies uncertain.

Snake Bean—Also called Asparagus Bean, the flavor somewhat resembles Asparagus. Beans long narrow stringless pods up to eighteen inches long.

Pkt., 6d. or post paid 8d. pkt.

Tongan Bean—Produces immense quantities of large flat beans, which make good eating.

Pkt., 1/-, or post paid 1/2 pkt.

Madagascar Bean—Should not be planted in climates colder than Sydney; they will stand any amount of heat. Plant the beans eight to twelve inches apart, as they are vigorous growers, and in mild climates perennial.

Pkt., 1/-, post paid 1/2 pkt.

BROAD BEAN (Feve, Fr.)

Pkt., 6d., or post paid, pkt., 9d.

CULTIVATION.—These Beans thrive best in strong tenacious soil, but they will succeed almost anywhere. Sow at intervals for succession any time during autumn and winter, and (in cold climates) in the spring.

YATES' DREADNOUGHT LONG POD—This variety has been selected for many years by our Manchester house. It has shown itself to have longer as well as broader pods than any other Broad Bean. It is unequalled for exhibition, has robust constitution, and will produce the heaviest crop of all. We have a very limited stock this year and can supply in packets only.

Pkt., 1/-

EARLY LONG POD—Very long podded and the earliest.

BROAD WINDSOR—A good stock of this noted variety, broad pods, large beans.

LIMA BEAN

Pkt., 6d., or post paid, pkt., 9d.

CULTIVATION.—Plant in the late spring, when the ground is warm, and treat as other beans. These are only suitable for warm climates, and should not be planted quite so early in the spring as the Kidney Beans. They may be used like Broad Beans, shelled from the green pods, or they can be allowed to ripen and can then be cooked similar to the dry Haricots, to which they are much superior.

TALL LIMA—These are the large sort and require tall stakes. One of the best beans grown.

HENDERSON'S DWARF OR BUSH LIMA—The beans are small, but are extremely heavy croppers and require no sticks.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA—The seeds of this variety approximate in size to the Tall Lima, but it does not require staking, and, although the plants are rather inclined to run, they may be kept dwarf by pinching off the taller shoots.

SEASON 1928 — BEAN CROPS.

Very unseasonable weather has been experienced in the bean growing districts this season and crops are light. Having had extensive areas planted for our requirements we anticipate moderate supplies of all the important varieties but customers should not delay ordering as we expect a heavy demand.

BEETROOT

(Betterave Potageres, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION—Deep, rich, dry land, which has been well manured for a preceding crop, is the best suited for Beet, though it will succeed in most soils. Sow in spring, in rows nine inches apart, and afterwards thin out to four or five inches between the plants. In warm climates they may also be grown in the autumn.

TWO SPECIALITIES

Originated and first introduced by our English House, and now much sought after by the leading growers in all parts of the world.

These varieties are the result of skilled selection carried on consistently and over a long period. As the leading Seed House of Australia we are proud to be connected with the introduction of these two varieties. They have created such interest that our English House sells two pounds of these varieties to every one pound of all other varieties of Beets combined. The seed we offer is from our English House's own stock.

YATES' OBELISK—A very early variety, one of its salient features being its shape, which allows of the root being sliced with less waste than any other. The color and flavor of the roots are excellent. In some districts the appearance of these high quality "beets" in the vegetable markets has created something of a sensation, and the enterprising growers have been rewarded with high prices and much questioning as to the variety and source of seed supplies. Every large grower should at least make tests of this sort.

YATES' NONPAREIL—This a new and quite distinct variety. The roots are oval and cut without waste. It is one of the earliest, and for quality, color and flavor, it is one of the best for the private garden as well as for market.

GENERAL LIST

EGYPTIAN TURNIP-ROOTED—A very early variety, and the favorite for warm climates.

YATES' CRIMSON GLOBE—Later than Egyptian Turnip-rooted, larger and rounder.

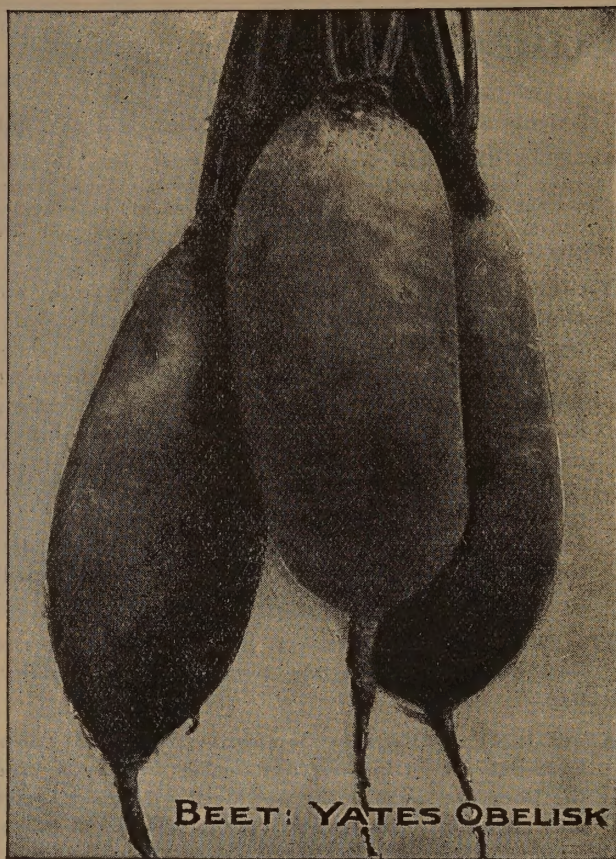
YATES' EXCELSIOR BLOOD-RED—Long and pointed, grows to a fair size, perfect shape, deep crimson in color.

Dell's Crimson—A small half-long variety, both root and foliage being very dark in color.

SILVER SPINACH or SEAKALE BEET (Poiree Bette, Fr.)—This is grown for the leaves, which make an excellent dish cooked like Spinach, or the midribs of the leaves are boiled and served with melted butter. Splendid summer vegetable. Note: When gathering the leaves, they should be pulled, not cut. We offer two strains of this (a) the Lucullus (crimped foliage) type, and (b) the Dark Green Broad-ribbed type.

SUGAR BEET, WANZELBEN (Betterave a Sucre, Fr.)—A splendid root crop for fodder purposes, having a high nutritive value. Also grown in many countries for sugar production.

All Usual Varieties of Vegetable Seeds are sold in 6d. Pkts. or by Weight.



BORECOLE (Scotch Kale or Curly Greens)
(Chou Frise, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

Succeeds best in cold climates, where heavy frosts are experienced. Plant in late summer for winter use. Treat the same as cabbage. The foliage makes an excellent vegetable boiled.

Curly Greens in Tropical Districts

We usually recommend this vegetable be grown only where frosts are experienced. These make the foliage tender and good flavored. However, one of our customers in Rabaul advises that he has grown and used Curly Greens very successfully, and that by adding a little sugar when cooking they are just as good eating as when grown in cool climates. We will be glad to have opinions from other tropical gardeners.

BROCCOLI

(Chou Brocoli, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION—Sow late in spring and early summer. Treat the same as Cauliflower, which it greatly resembles, except that it is later and more hardy, and more suitable for winter flowering in cold climates. They will head in during the following winter and spring.

Early White—Best Early.

Late White—For succession.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

(Chou de Bruxelles, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

Borecole and Brussels Sprouts are both cold climate plants and succeed best in Tasmania, South New Zealand, and the colder and elevated parts of the mainland of Australia. Where heavy winter frosts are experienced they should be largely planted for winter use. Sow late in summer.



CABBAGE

(Chou, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Cabbages do best on a deeply trenched and highly manured soil. They may be sown during the greater part of the year, the main planting being made in late summer and autumn. Sow in seed beds, and, when large enough, plant out in rows eighteen inches apart and eighteen inches between the plants. The Drumhead varieties will require a little more room than this. For private gardens in the cool season of the year we recommend such early small hearting sorts as Yates' First Early, Early York, and Sugarloaf as the most delicate flavored and tenderest table varieties; they also stand longer without running to seed than many other sorts.

Attention is directed to the Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty on page 2.

YATES' TWO SPECIALITIES

Favored by Market Growers.
The Hardest for Home Growers

We recommend that these two well-tried sorts be grown for the main crop; and at the same time that small beds of some of the other varieties such as Yates' Vanguard, Yates' Utility, etc., be put in as trials. In some situations we believe these newer varieties will prove profitable. Growers ordering Drumhead or Succession by weight may obtain trial packets of other varieties gratis on application, provided they agree to report to us the result of their tests.

YATES' EARLY DRUMHEAD—This is our great Speciality for Market Gardeners. It is similar to Succession, but a week or so later, and in our trials a hardier and more generally useful cabbage. There is no better variety for standing the hot Australian summer, in fact, it will keep growing when all others fail; the aphid does not touch it to any extent. We consider this the finest market cabbage grown; in good seasons it matures in four months. The heads are large and extremely solid, the foliage is blue-green; a short stemmed variety and a wonderful carrier. We offer the two strains of this variety and ask customers to specify which they require.

Yates' Derwent Re-Selected Early Drumhead—A selected stock grown on Yates' Derwent Seed Farm. This is produced with great care and has given much satisfaction. In very short supply this year.

European Grown Early Drumhead—This is imported seed obtained from a reliable source.

SUCCESSION.—A fine long standing market sort, very similar to Yates' Early Drumhead. It is a splendid variety for growing for market, as it stands the hot Australian summer and carries well. It usually matures in from fifteen weeks in a good season, and hearts in remarkably even and regularly, unless the weather conditions be altogether too unfavorable. We recommend this as the best and longest standing cabbage for autumn planting for spring use. In our trial grounds this is the last market cabbage to run to seed. We offer three strains of this variety, and we ask customers to specify which they require.

Yates' Derwent Re-Selected Succession—Selected and re-selected from the original stock, and grown on Yates' Derwent Seed Farm. We have received many complimentary reports on this strain. Unfortunately our last crop failed and we cannot supply this season.



Typical Succession Cabbages

YATES' TWO SPECIALITIES—(continued)

Succession, Peter Henderson's Grown Stock—This seed is imported direct from the originator each season, and only this seed is supplied under this name.

European Grown Succession—For those to whom the higher price of the Australian and American varieties is a consideration, we stock this European Grown Seed which comes from sources we have found reliable.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

YATES' FIRST EARLY—Not large, but the earliest of all, and one of the best for table use; pointed heart tender and good flavored, the best early sort for the cool season of the year.

St. JOHN'S DAY, SMALL EARLY—Quite distinct from the large St. John's Day. One of the earliest cabbages grown, small and firm hearting, and one of the best for hot tropical climates. It matures in three months.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—A splendid first early pointed cabbage; excellent flavor. In our trials this is one of the best of the first earlies and should increase in popularity especially for home use. The heads are pointed, of nice size and very compact.

EARLY YORK—A first early cabbage with upright oval heart, nearly twice as long as broad. Excellent for table.

SUGARLOAF—Somewhat similar in type to the preceding; long narrow oval-ended heart, fairly short stemmed, compact. Tender and good flavored, fine for home garden.

(Continued next page)

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND, SEE PAGES 3-5

CABBAGE (continued)

SECOND EARLY and MAIN CROP VARIETIES

YATES' VANGUARD—A fine early market variety, producing a splendid quality short stemmed cabbage with very solid round heads. One of the earliest round cabbage and carries well. Heads in surely and evenly and can be planted fairly close together.

YATES' UTILITY—In season it is a little later than Yates' Vanguard and is a little larger than that variety. Heads are of good size, almost round, very solid and heavy. Fine quality and flavor.

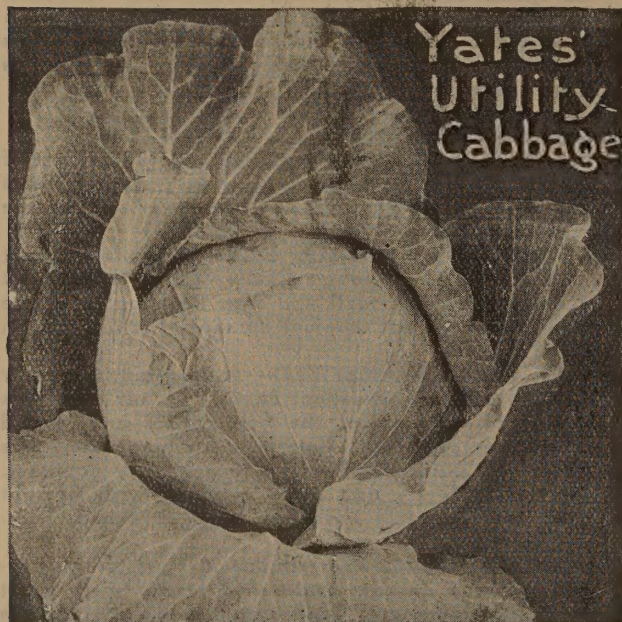
Early Flat Dutch—This is somewhat similar to the Early Drumhead and Succession type.

St. JOHN'S DAY, YATES' SELECT IMPROVED—Large, perhaps one of the best for summer use. Highly recommended for growing during the hot summer season, as it stands well. A flat "Drumhead" type, lighter in color and slightly smaller than Yates' Early Drumhead.

ENKHUIZEN GLORY—An early cabbage with solid round head which carries well. Favored by market growers in the Maitland and Newcastle districts of N.S.W.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—An early round cabbage with large solid head.

WINNINGSTADT—An excellent second early variety for summer use. Does best in most districts if sown in late autumn or early spring. The heart is pointed in shape, of medium size and extremely solid. It is a sure header, carries and keeps well. In California it is very largely used for market and shipping.



BURPEES ALLHEAD—Earlier than any of the large cabbage. Solid deep flat hearts, and remarkably uniform in color, shape and size. It is of such compact growth that a much greater number than usual, with the larger cabbage, can be grown to the acre.

BURPEES SUREHEAD—Noted for the certain and even way it heads in; hardly so large as Succession, but of similar shape and habit. The round flattened heads are extremely hard, fine in texture and of good flavor. Keeps well and is a good carrier.

ENFIELD MARKET—A fine rather conical-headed second early sort which has been largely used for autumn planting in the Sydney market growing areas, good flavor. This variety is usually a sure and even header.

London Market, East Ham, West Ham—All similar to Enfield Market.

Yates' Aphis Proof—An excellent glossy leaved variety for planting in the hot season, in localities where the aphis is so troublesome. It does not always give compact hearts, often only loose leaves being produced, which, however, make an excellent vegetable.

LATE VARIETIES

Generally speaking, these late sorts do better in cooler climates than ours. They grow to large size and some of our customers have been very successful with them, but large plantings are not recommended until a trial has been made. As a rule, Yates' Early Drumhead and Succession will prove more satisfactory.

Yates' Mammoth Late Drumhead—Compact hearts, very large. Four to six weeks later than our Early Drumhead.

Savoy Drumhead—For use only in cold districts where the frosts make the foliage tender and sweet; sow in summer.

Prize Red—For pickling. Does best in cold climate.

CHINESE OR CELERY CABBAGE

Entirely distinct in type to any of the ordinary Cabbage.

A vegetable little used hitherto but one which has such good qualities that its popularity must surely increase. It is a quick-growing plant of compact upright habit resembling in appearance the Cos Lettuce. When well grown it is a vegetable of fine quality, tender and crisp, and of an excellent and mild flavor. It can be used raw in a salad; the mid ribs used alone like Celery or, if cooked, like Asparagus; or the whole plant may be boiled and used like ordinary Cabbage. It is easily grown in the home garden, and if a little care is taken to tie up the foliage, the whole plant with the exception of the outer leaves, blanches beautifully to a creamy white. Sow at intervals from, say, February onwards and transplant about ten inches apart in rows one foot apart. It thrives best during the cool season and must not be checked in its growth, as otherwise it runs quickly to seed.

PE-TSAI—A reliable sort.

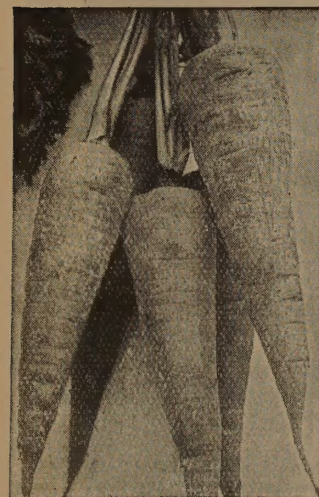
NOTE.—We have one or two other and newer sorts under trial and expect to offer next season.

CHINESE CABBAGE as GREEN FEED FOR POULTRY—We are informed that this plant has been found of considerable value as green feed for hens as the green stuff is tender and crisp and does not need chopping.

FOR STATION GARDENS, ETC., SEE SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OFFERED ON PAGE 6



Early Horn Carrot



CARROT

(Carotte, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring and early summer, and, in warm districts, again in early autumn. Plant in rows nine inches apart, and, when large enough, thin to three or four inches between the plants. The short varieties are the best for shallow soils. In France, Carrots are usually used when quite young and half grown; they are much sweeter and more delicate in flavor than when mature. For this purpose the Early Horn should be planted, and successional sowings made each month. We commend this system of culture to growers; indeed, all Carrots are much better used before fully grown.

TABLE VARIETIES.

Early French Forcing—This is a delicious little table carrot, tender and sweet-flavored, and very early. It is almost globe shaped, and is recommended for the home garden.

EARLY HORN—Short; the best for early market. In shallow ground a good variety to plant, even for main crop.

OXHEART (Guerande) (See colored illustration opposite page 33)—A very heavy cropping sort for table; also for stock purposes; in shape it is moderately short and very thick set, and stump rooted. The color is a bright orange-scarlet, rather large core.

CHANTENAY—In America this is one of the three most popular varieties, and in Australia the demand seems to be growing. This variety is best described as a half long, thick and very stump rooted, with a rat tail. The color is bright orange scarlet.

MANCHESTER TABLE—Half long, blunt ended, good, very early, and suitable for warm climates. A splendid variety, hardly so large as Intermediate, but a finer carrot for table use, and very sweet flavored.

HALF LONG DANVERS—In shape midway between the stump root of Manchester Table and the pointed root of Intermediate. It is a very heavy cropper and is largely grown in America for table use and also for making "stock."

YATES' SELECTED INTERMEDIATE (JAMES')—Good for general use. Half long, tapering straight to its tip. Yields very large crops. Color bright orange scarlet.

ST. VALERY OR LONG RED INTERMEDIATE—A large pointed variety of the finest quality. Splendid for main crop. A favorite market variety particularly in and around Sydney, N.S.W.

Altrincham—Extra long; suitable only for deep soils.

FIELD VARIETIES.

The following are specially suitable for stock feeding. Some of the table varieties mentioned above are also largely used for this purpose.

White Belgian, Yates' Selected—Best for stock feeding. Stands well out of the ground, and is easy to pull, long cylindrical white roots.

Orange Giant (or Long Orange)—A very heavy cropping field sort, broad shoulder and fairly deep, rich deep orange coloring, does not grow out of the ground like the former variety.

CAPE GOOSEBERRY

(Alkekenge, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring, when danger from frost is over, and, when large enough, plant out two or three feet apart in any ordinary garden soil. For cultivation, see Tomato, to which it is akin.

Common Small Fruited—This variety is not as large as the next variety, but is a great favorite on account of its excellent flavor and suitability for eating raw.

Golden Nugget produces very large yellow fruit which is unsurpassed for cooking and for jam and preserves, but is not so suitable for eating raw.

CAPSICUM or PEPPER

(Piment, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in seed bed in late spring and transplant when large enough. They should be planted three feet apart; they are most easily grown, requiring a sunny situation, ample water and well manured soil. They are used for garnishing, in pickles and chutneys, and for flavoring soups. Some of the larger and milder varieties are used green as a vegetable.

We stock the following varieties:

Celestial, *Birds' Eye Chili, Large Red, Large Cherry, Long Yellow, Fine Mixed, *Long Red Chili, Large Bell or Bullnose.

Those marked * are hot varieties usually used for Pickles and Chutney.

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND, SEE PAGES 3-5.

CAULIFLOWER

(Chou Fleur, Fr.)

Pkt. 6d., except where specially priced.

CULTIVATION.—The main thing in growing good Cauliflowers is to rush them on quickly, and never allow them to be checked in their growth; in dry weather they should be copiously watered, especially if just planted out. The soil should be deeply trenched and well-dressed with stable manure, and occasional dressings of liquid manure during the growing season, will materially increase the crop. Sow in seed beds, and, when large enough, transplant in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches between the plants. Hill up between the rows, and keep the ground well cultivated. Late summer and autumn are the best seasons to sow. The later varieties are very much the hardiest, and will often make good heads under circumstances which would cause the early varieties to "button." The early sorts mature in three to four months, the later ones take five to eight months. In cold climates, such as Southern New Zealand and Tasmania, where the cabbage aphid is not prevalent, they may also be sown in the early spring.

A NOTE ABOUT VARIETIES

Those marked (S.P.) are Self Protecting varieties, or as sometimes called Mediterranean type. In our trials we have found them very suitable for Australian conditions. Not only are they very hardy but their vigorous habit of growth and large and incurving leaves are a greater protection to the flower than in some of the sorts more popular in north European countries. Under suitable conditions they are all good heading Cauliflowers.

YATES' PHENOMENAL EARLY

A very fine early variety maturing in about four months. The foliage is pointed, rather curled and open. The heads are of good size, close grained and of splendid color. We have received numerous reports about the good qualities of Phenomenal Early, and this variety and Phenomenal Main Crop are rapidly becoming the two biggest sellers in the whole of our list.

EARLY ITALIAN GIANT (S.P.)—One of the earliest of this type. The flowers are large, white, and firm, heading in about five months after sowing.

YATES' EARLY MAMMOTH—An excellent early variety growing to a moderate size. It is suited to private gardens where good cultivation and attention can be given. Not recommended for hot season conditions.

WHITE QUEEN—Similar to Early Mammoth.

EARLY GREEN GLAZED (or Early Greenleaf)—A variety with glossy green foliage which resists the aphid and seems also to give it a certain adaptability to the arid atmospheric conditions of our inland districts. Provided there is an adequate supply of water at the roots this variety will often give good results when ordinary sorts fail. It is not recommended for moist climates. 1928 crop failed.

YATES' GOLIATH—Has snowy white heads, partially covered by the foliage, is long keeping, and of excellent quality. This variety has proved very successful in Queensland sown in January, and stands the warm climate remarkably well.

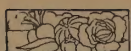
EARLY ECLIPSE (Imported)—An early variety, maturing in four or five months after sowing, and we recommend it for early use, to be followed by the taller varieties.

EARLY LONDON—Medium early, a very old and esteemed standard variety, with firm medium sized head.



Late Metropole, one of the finest of the late Cauliflowers, see description on opposite page.

How to Grow Vegetables to Perfection—see Yates' Garden Guide. 1/-. Post Free



CAULIFLOWERS (continued)

YATES' PHENOMENAL MAINCROP

A magnificent main crop Cauliflower which in our opinion will soon be the standard main crop variety in Australia. All Cauliflowers require favorable conditions to be successful, but the results which have been obtained with this variety, even in difficult seasons, have been remarkable. When well grown Phenomenal Maincrop matures in about six months, producing very large white heads of splendid texture. It is of semi-self protecting habit and throughout our trials has proved to be a hardy sort of first quality. One large grower at Moss Vale, wrote us last year:—

"In reference to a packet of Phenomenal Early Cauliflower which you sent me with my last order for trial, I wish to report that they are a truly Phenomenal Cauliflower. I planted them out the last week in January and they just got a nice start, but during the latter part of February and March the weather was very dry, and the cabbage fly was very bad, and the plants were so badly eaten and infested that I nearly decided to plough them in. However, I gave them a chance and left them, in April we had very heavy rains, as you will remember (17in. here), and after that my Cauliflowers began to come again from the centres and now they are just beginning to heart, and I will have 75 per cent. of good hearts. The last two months, May and June, have been fairly dry and very frosty, and altogether these Cauliflowers have had as hard conditions as you could imagine."



Yates' Selected Strain of Veitch's Autumn Giant Cauliflower.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT, YATES' SELECTED (S.P.)—One of the best main crop sorts, heading in about six months from sowing. This variety is very hardy, and will make large heads in seasons when the early sorts fail. Heads large and white.

WALCHEREN—Medium late and good header, large straight upright foliage. An old variety which is still favored by some, but not now grown much for market.

LATE ECLIPSE—A favorite variety amongst the Victorian market growers. Large and very hardy, matures in six to seven months. Splendid heads. Our supplies are grown to our order in Victoria but we regret to advise that the 1928 crop failed and no stock is available.



YATES' PHENOMENAL CAULIFLOWER

LATE ITALIAN GIANT (S.P.)—A Self-protecting variety, ready seven months after sowing. One of the hardest and best for succession, heads white and close.

LATE METROPOLE (S.P.)—The latest of the Italian Giant Cauliflowers; very vigorous and hardy. The heads of Late Metropole are large, beautifully white, solid and tender, and perfectly protected by the closely folding inner leaves. The heads often attain a weight of twenty pounds or more, and, when well grown, should average eighteen pounds without foliage. Usually ready for cutting eight months after sowing.

CAULIFLOWERS FOR MARKET

To those intending to plant large areas, we wish to point out that the Cauliflower is a precarious crop, the very high prices usually realised by those who are successful being convincing proof of this. The different varieties which modern horticulture has evolved are stable to a limited extent only. When conditions of soil and season are not altogether favorable the crop is likely to vary considerably in earliness, uniformity and type; sometimes Cauliflowers will fail to "head" at all. The descriptions are only intended to serve as a guide in the selection of varieties likely to be most suitable. Attention is directed to Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty on page 2.

SOME COMMENTS ON THE PHENOMENAL CAULIFLOWERS

Mr. E. D.—, Lismore, wrote on 6/10/27.

"I also had great success with Phenomenal Cauliflower this season. I planted 700 and cut every head none smaller than a dinner plate. I would like 2 pkts. Main Crop this season when the seed is ready."

Mr. J. T. P.—, Rothbury, via West Maitland, wrote on 4/10/27.

"I had some Phenomenal Cauliflower from you last year measuring 15 inches across and some of them weighed over 20 lbs., and at the market brought over £2 per dozen."

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND, SEE PAGES 3-5

CELERY

(Celeri, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow early in the spring on a good rich nursery bed and, when the plants are large enough to handle, prick out a few inches apart into well-drained, shallow boxes. Trenches, four feet apart and eighteen inches deep, must be prepared by digging in a large quantity of well rotted stable or cow manure. When the plants are three or four inches high, put out in showery weather into these trenches, allowing six inches between each plant and supplying water (if required) till the plants are established; the great art in raising this vegetable is to keep them continually growing. When half matured the plants should be tied round with raffia, and then earthed up to the base of the leaves to blanch the stems; this process may be repeated as the plants grow. They should be well watered in dry weather and never allowed to become dry.

EARLY SELF-BLANCHING

For Summer and Autumn Use.

The following are the best of the **American Dwarf Early Celeries**, and are particularly suitable for our Australian climate, as they mature at least three months earlier than the old sorts, and require very little earthing up, the stems being naturally blanched and very tender. Sown in the early spring, they are ready for use during the summer and early autumn. They are not hardy enough to stand through the winter. For late use, the **Solid White** should be planted.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING (Reselected and Improved Strain, French saved)—Rather later than **White Plume**, but larger and of splendid quality; produces thick solid stalks of a rich golden color. We are stocking this year French saved seed; it is more costly than American Seed, but is preferred by market growers. The strain we are offering now is vigorous, taller growing and very regular in type and develops rapidly.

WHITE PLUME—Splendid, tender, self-blanching. Dwarf compared with Late Winter Varieties, and requires much less earthing up.



GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING



SOLID WHITE

LATE HARDY WINTER

For Cold Climates and Winter Use.

SOLID WHITE—Excellent late variety. The best of the English large white stemmed varieties.

WINTER QUEEN—A variety well known in the U.S.A., late, compact and easily blanched.

Celeriac, or Turnip Rooted Celery (Celeri-Rave, Fr.)

—This is grown for the roots, which are in great favor for boiling or for flavoring soups, etc.; also for salads.

Soup Celery (Non-Germinating)—The seed is used for flavoring soups, etc. In some cases people affected with rheumatism use it for making celery "tea."

CHOKO

(Chayote, Fr.) 1/- each, post free.

A tender marrow-like vine, only suitable for warm climates. Produces an edible fruit, similar to a Vegetable Marrow, in very large numbers. Cannot be supplied after September: plant in spring. These are vigorous growing plants, and do best when allowed to ramble over a trellis or fence.

CRESS

(Cresson, Fr.)

Curled—The well-known salad usually served up with Mustard. Should be sown very thick and cut for salad when two or three inches high. Imparts a delicious flavor to sandwiches. Pkt., 6d.

Water Cress—Sow in moist places. Available in packets only. Pkt., 1/-

HOW MUCH SEED TO SOW PER ACRE—SEE PAGE 7.



CUCUMBER

(Concombre, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

These are a speciality with us, and all the leading varieties are grown to our special order. The following descriptions are for guidance only, results depend largely on the soil and season. See "Notice in Reference to Varieties" on page 7.

CULTIVATION.—Plant when the soil is warm and danger from frost is over, in hills four feet apart each way. The soil should be most liberally manured, and a dressing of liquid manure during the growing season will materially increase the crop. The plants should be thinned to four in each hill and be kept well watered. For early use, they require to be raised in a frame and planted out when the weather is warm; in this case they must be protected till well hardened off. If the plants are inclined to grow too luxuriantly, pinch off the ends of the shoots.

New Siberian—The earliest. This is a very free bearer, producing short prickly fruit up to five inches long in great profusion. If used in young state splendid for pickling.

EARLY FORTUNE—A particularly fine Cucumber of the White Spine type, differing from our Improved White Spine in that it is slightly longer rather more tapering and the color is a rich dark green which lasts well. This variety is early, very productive. Flesh white firm and crisp with very few seeds.

IMPROVED WHITE SPINE—One of the finest strains in cultivation and used exclusively by a large section of our market growers who produce for the Sydney market. The fruit is of medium length, thick and solid, with rather blocky ends—thus it packs and carries well. Light to medium green in color; very prolific.

LONG GREEN PRICKLY—A well known and well favored sort for general use. It is very prolific, medium late, and a hardy sort. The fruit grows about 12 to 14 inches long, is slightly marked and tapering. Color: dark green; flesh white and firm.

APPLE SHAPED—Small round variety, very prolific and sweet flavored; more digestible than the ordinary sorts. This variety is undoubtedly one of the finest sorts for the home garden, but during the last year or two it has also come forward very much as a market cucumber and some growers report excellent business from Apple Shaped. Growers might test their own market with small plantings at first.

YATES' CRYSTAL WHITE—Produces in clusters ivory white fruit which keeps its color from time of forming until maturity. Fruit is symmetrical, short, and blocky. An attractive variety for the home garden and to many people quite a novelty.



YATES' MANGERE PRIZE—The fruit measures up to twenty inches long, of perfect shape, and produced in large numbers. A fine sort for exhibition. Unfortunately, they give very few seeds, and the seed is consequently high in price.

YATES' SYDNEY PICKLING—A favorite sort for this purpose. The fruit should be pulled when three inches to five inches long according to requirements.

Short Prickly—Very early, and an immense cropper.

African Cucumber (Horned)—Very prolific. When fully ripe, the skin turns brilliant orange and the inside is juicy like a passion fruit; with sugar it has a most delicious flavor. Thrives in hot climates.

Giant Pera—A large variety, smooth, light green skin.

Japanese Climbing—Will grow over a trellis. Produces medium long dark green fruit, crisp and good flavored.

West India Gherkin—Oval shaped, prickly, for pickling only.

TELEGRAPH (English Frame Variety)—Not so hardy as other varieties and in cold districts should be grown in a frame. For forcing under glass or for show purposes this variety has considerable value. When well grown fruits of 18 inches and even 24 inches in length may be obtained. Seed is expensive. Pkt., (only), 1/-

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND, SEE PAGES 3-5

CHICORY

(Sometimes called Witloof and French Endive.)
(Chicoree, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

This is grown mainly for its root which when dried and prepared is used as a substitute for or an addition to Coffee. The young leaves produced by forcing the grown roots make an excellent salad which is delicious when served with dressing. Sow seed in the spring and treat in a similar manner to Parsnip.

EGG PLANT

(Aubergine, Fr.) Pkt. 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in a warm situation in late spring where they have to remain, as they are rather difficult to transplant satisfactorily; the plants may stand eighteen inches to two feet apart. The fruit is cut in slices and then fried in butter with suitable seasoning, or they are delicious made into fritters.

New York Spineless (Purple)—The very best variety.

ENDIVE

(Chicoree, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Treat the same as Lettuce. It is used like Lettuce for salads. When nearly full grown, tie up or cover with a slate to blanch the leaves. Endive is grown quite successfully in the tropical Pacific Islands, and we recommend customers in the tropics to give it a place in their gardens.

Batavian, Broad or Round Leaved (Scarole Fr.)—Green, large, fairly solid heads of broad twisted or waved green leaves and thick white mid ribs, can be blanched white; is also used as cooked greens.

Green Curled (Chicoree Frisee, Fr.)—Dense heads with divided or curly leaves of bright green color, blanching readily to creamy white.

GRANADILLA

Pkt. 1/-

A large variety of Passion Vine, suitable for semi-tropical climates. The fruit, when ripe, resembles a Rock Melon in flavor. Suitable only for outdoor cultivation in semi-tropical climates.

HERBS

Grown on Yates' Seed Farms.
Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring, or in the autumn where the winters are mild, in sheltered seed beds or boxes; transplant when large enough. If too thick, thin out before they are too large. When in full bloom, gather and dry and pack away for future use in air-tight bottles.

THYME (Thym, Fr.)—For seasoning and soups.
Seed, 6d. pkt.; Roots, 6d. bundle

SAGE (Sauge, Fr.)—For seasoning.
Seed, 6d. pkt.; Roots, 6d. bundle

MARJORAM (Marjolaine, Fr.)—For flavoring.
Seed, 6d. pkt.; Roots, 6d. bundle

MINT—(Roots only). 6d. bundle
Seed only of the following Herbs also can be supplied at 6d. pkt.

Balm, Borage, Chervil, Henbane, Horehound, Lavender, Rue, Hyssop, Rosemary, Savory, Tarragon and Wormwood.

MUSTARD

(Moutarde, Fr.) Pkt. 6d.

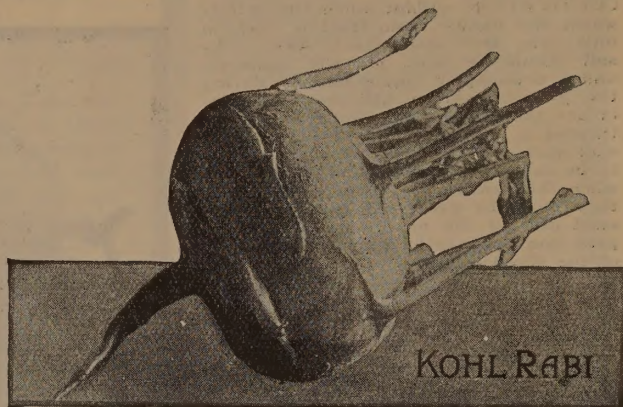
CULTIVATION.—This useful salad should be grown the same as Cress. It may be sown at any season. If required to come in with Cress it should be sown a week later. Cut when two inches high, and while still in the seed leaf.
Finest White—The best for garden use.

HORSE RADISH

A dock-like plant grown for the root which when grated or scraped is used as a condiment. We offer roots only (no seed). The small roots supplied should be planted about eighteen inches apart. To plant use a "dibble" or stout pointed stake and drive a hole deep enough to set the top of the rootlet about two inches below the surface. If possible choose a cool deep moist soil. Leave plants undisturbed for six months or longer then as required lift, wash and trim.

Roots (only).

Per bundle, 3/-



KOHL RABI (Turnip-Rooted Cabbage) (Chou Rave, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in the late summer and autumn in a seed bed. When large enough, usually in six weeks or so, they may be transplanted into a well manured bed, setting the plants 15 inches apart. They are usually ready three or four months later and are best used when half grown. Kohl Rabi is a vegetable intermediate between the Cabbage and Turnip, and combines the flavor of both.

Purple and Green Varieties.

LEEK

(Poireau, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.
Grown on Yates' Seed Farms.

CULTIVATION.—Sow early in spring and summer, and afterwards transplant in rows twelve or fifteen inches apart into deep soil, which cannot be too highly manured. It is a good plan to plant them in a trench like Celery, they can then be more easily watered and blanched. Keep watered during dry weather; if with liquid manure so much the better. When the plants have attained a good size, draw the soil about them to blanch the stems; this also causes mildness of flavor.

The Leek is a member of the Onion family well worth growing and very tasty if boiled and served with white sauce as are the milder onions. The blanched lower part of the leaves constitutes the vegetable, the green or upper part usually being discarded. The following varieties are generally asked for but as ordinarily grown there is little to choose between them.

London Flag. Musselburgh. The Lyon

ENGLISH MUSHROOM SPAWN

1/- per brick (posted 1/9).

Autumn and Winter are the most suitable seasons for the cultivation of Mushrooms in the open, but they can be grown at almost any time in cool dark cellars, etc., where the temperature ranges between 50 and 60 degrees. Yates' Garden Guide contains directions as to preparation of beds and the cultivation. Each brick should be sufficient to spawn six square feet.

For Quantities above a Pound, Write for Current Market Garden Price List



LETTUCE

(Laitue, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION—Lettuce may be sown at any season of the year. Transplant into rich ground from six to nine inches apart, or in dry weather sow direct in the permanent rows. and thin to this distance; this method will lessen any tendency to run to seed. To get good crisp Lettuce, they require to be grown thickly; rich land and frequent waterings are essential, and liquid manure will improve both the quality and quantity.

CABBAGE VARIETIES

There are two main types of Cabbage Lettuce, which may best be described as "Crisp Curled" and "Butterhead." The Crisp Curled have a distinct brittle or glassy texture in the leaves, while the Butterhead type have rather thicker foliage, and the inner leaves are "buttery." Both types are favored and both largely grown.

YATES' CHAMPION CABBAGE (Crisp Curled)—

One of the largest, stands a long time before seeding; this variety has a slight pink edging round the outer leaves. Forms large compact crisp heads, very white inside.

YATES' AMERICAN SUMMER (Crisp Curled)—

Withstands hot dry spring and summer weather without quickly running to seed. They form good firm hearts, and are wonderfully crisp and good flavored. Color very light green.

YATES' LONG STANDING (Butterhead)—

Large, firm hearting, of pale color and sweet flavor. It stands longer than other varieties and is a fine and very useful sort for general crop (see colored illustration facing page 33).

ALL THE YEAR ROUND (Butterhead)—Early sort, light green heads well folded, heart beautifully blanched, plain leaves. A splendid and very dependable variety.

CONTINUITY (Butterhead)—A medium large butter variety which has shown up very well in this year's trials. The outer foliage is reddish brown, but the hearts are beautifully blanched. Foliage is crimped but plain edged and the variety is medium to late in season. Stands a long time before going to seed. We recommend it especially for the home garden.

MIGNONETTE (Crisp Curled)—Small solid heart, outer leaves tinged brown. This is a very sure hearting variety and has been found to do specially well in tropical climates.

NEAPOLITAN (Crisp Curled)—Also known under the names of "Webb's Wonderful" and "New York"—A splendid variety for our climate; produces close firm and beautifully crisp heads of extra large size. Crinkled foliage of good color. A favorite for all seasons.

ICEBERG (Crisp Curled)—Really good variety, is early, hearts well and evenly. Large and crisp, with tender crinkled leaves; yellowish green, with a slight tinge of pink; similar to Yates' Champion Cabbage.

HANSON (Crisp Curled)—Light green, curly leaves with fringed edges of finest quality.



Mignonette, a small, solid-hearted Lettuce. See description on this page.

FOR TROPICAL CLIMATES.

In the cool season almost any of the varieties should do well, but in the hotter months the sorts most likely to be successful are **Mignonette**, **All the Year Round**, and **Tom Thumb**. Some clients say the **Cos Lettuce** does well with them as a winter crop. This may be of interest to others in the North.

MAY KING (Butterhead)—A new very early variety, ready within a few weeks from planting. Medium size, light green, crisp buttery heads. Earliest Butterhead.

DRUMHEAD (Crisp Curled)—A variety of the Neapolitan or New York type.

WEBB'S WONDERFUL (Crisp Curled)—Green leaves, standing a long time and of large size; very solid.

TOM THUMB (Butterhead)—Very early, small, compact, firm heart, dark green, smooth edged.

COS or UPRIGHT VARIETIES

(Laitue Romaine, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

Of an upright and more or less oval form with long spoon-shaped foliage. To ensure good blanching of the inner leaves the foliage may be tied loosely.

Extremely hardy, suitable for cold districts; also found to do very well as a winter crop in tropical climates.

Yates' Champion Cos—The best Cos; large and crisp, will grow to a very large size.

Paris White—Excellent.

MARROW

See Vegetable Marrow, page 34.

MUSHROOM SPAWN and MUSTARD

See previous page.

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND—SEE PAGES 3-5

ROCK MELONS

(Also called Musk Melons)

(Melon Brodes, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—To grow this delicious fruit follow the instructions given for Cucumbers. They do best in a light, rich, well-manured soil, and require plentiful watering when the plants are young, which however must be discontinued when the fruit is set. They require a warm climate, or in cool districts may be grown in frames.

ROCKY FORD (Netted Gem)—One of the best varieties yet introduced. It is only of medium size (1½ pounds), but is extremely prolific, very early, green flesh, slightly oblong and beautifully netted, and has a most delicious melting flavor.

GOLD LINED ROCKY FORD (Special Hand Seeded Stock)—This is a very select stock of gold lined. The ribs have been practically eliminated. The flesh is green with gold lining next the cavity. Exceptionally fine flavored and splendid shipper.

IRONDEQUOIT—One of the best of the large fruited Rock Melons and very fine flavored. Grey green, in color, nearly round, distinctly ribbed and well netted. Flesh very thick, deep salmon in color, sweet and good flavored. Medium early in season and very satisfactory cropper.

HACKENSACK, EARLY—There are two strains of Hackensack and we list the earlier one. A large, round, medium early Melon, deeply ribbed, flesh green, fine flavor.

PAUL ROSE—It is a deliciously flavored Melon, a good cropper, and is exceptionally good for marketing; about one-third larger than Rocky Ford; a heavy yielder.

JENNY LIND—The earliest and sweetest. Small, but very desirable, yellowish-green flesh.

GREELY WONDER—A salmon fleshed melon of splendid eating qualities. A favorite medium early for the home garden. Not recommended for shipping long distances.

BURPEE'S NETTED GEM—A round heavily netted, green fleshed variety. Very early and productive.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY—A good extra early small Rock Melon with green flesh. Outside netted and deeply ribbed.

EARLY NUTMEG—One of the earliest; green flesh; very popular old variety.

EMERALD GEM—A small, very early, round Melon; smooth skin, emerald-green, with light stripes; salmon flesh; good flavor and very luscious. Should be picked while the skin is still green and used at once.

FORDHOOK—A good small early pink fleshed melon. It is ribbed, heavily netted and has a sweet spicy flavor.

BAY VIEW—One of the largest melons, with tapering ends; fairly late in season. A good recommendation for those requiring large melons.

HONEY BALL—Supposed to be a cross between Honey Dew and another variety, round fruit, well netted. Green flesh, small cavity, sweet spicy flavor. A medium late variety which keeps and carries well.

IMPROVED YELLOW CANTALOUPE—A very long Melon, large, pink flesh, heavily netted and ribbed. One of the largest pink fleshed sorts and very sweet and spicy. Must be eaten soon after picking.

MIXED ROCK MELONS—Containing ten of the best early and late varieties.

CASABA

(Winter Keeping Rock Melon)

Stored in a cool shed or cellar they may be kept right into the winter, thereby finding an excellent and profitable market. They should, of course, be planted in the spring like other Melons.

Golden Beauty—Almost round, with yellow wrinkled skin and white, very thick flesh. Very sweet and spicy; Pkt., 6d.

Winter Pineapple—The latest of all. The color is deep sea-green, mottled. Fine flavor. Pkt., 6d.

COBRA OR INDIAN CREAM

For convenience we catalogue this along with our Rock Melons to which it is similar in habit of growth. The fruit is quite distinct being oblong in shape and creamy yellow when ripe. It is not sweet, so requires sugar when eaten as a dessert. It makes an excellent foundation for fruit salad and is used for pies in place of apples. Good cropper. Pkt., 6d.

HONEY DEW MELON

HONEY DEW—A remarkable late maturing and long keeping Melon. It is quite distinctive and promises to be of very great value as a late marketing sort, and should be planted in districts with a long growing season.

Honey Dew is round, has a smooth cream skin and carries well. The flesh is emerald green, very thick, crisp and juicy, and has a fascinating flavor. The average size is 10 inches by 9½ inches. This variety used to be classed with the Casaba, being a late sort and unlike the ordinary Rock Melon. It is now thought that this Melon is of African origin.

Honey Dew has a good reputation on the Sydney market and its popularity is increasing. This variety and Rocky Ford make an excellent combination for the market grower.

ALL VEGETABLE SEEDS POST FREE IN PACKETS OR BY WEIGHT

WATER MELONS

(Melon-D'Eau, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—The same as for Rock Melon and Cucumber.

YATES' MARKET WONDER—An improved form of the ever popular Kleckley Sweets. It is better than that variety and according to our trials should become very popular with market growers. The fruit is dark green in color, cylindrical in shape and of large size with splendid eating qualities.

YATES' CANNON BALL—A round medium sized variety and one of the best we keep for the home garden. Crisp juicy salmon flesh of a delightful sugary flavor; thin creamy colored rind, rather brittle.

COLE'S EARLY—A splendid early variety for districts with short season. It is very hardy, a sure cropper and has a bright red sweet flesh, with very thin green rind, striped with lighter shades. Rather brittle for market.

EARLY FORDHOOK—An early variety and therefore valuable for the cooler districts. It grows a good size, and is an excellent sort.

KLECKLEY SWEETS—Dark green skin, crimson flesh, medium to large size, oval shape. Has very sweet distinctive flavor; a favorite for the home garden.

GOLDEN HONEY—The best of the yellow fleshed Melons and a most excellent eating variety. The flesh is a sparkling golden color and delicious flavor. Oblong shape. Dark green striped darker.

ICE CREAM (White Seeded)—A general favorite, scarlet flesh, thin rind, oblong and luscious. Very productive.

SUGAR STICK—A large oblong Melon; greyish skin, with red luscious sugary flesh.

CUBAN QUEEN—One of the largest Melons grown. It is oblong in form and a general favorite; flesh red and juicy, delicious flavor, thin but tough rind; early.

TOM WATSON—A fine large dark green Melon with bright pink sweet flesh. Excellent carrying variety and one of the best for market.

MAMMOTH IRONCLAD—Large heavy oblong fruits, growing up to 2ft. long under good conditions, dark green skin, striped and mottled lighter, rind thin but tough, crisp bright red flesh.



A field of Cole's Early Water Melons growing for seed.

McIVOR SUGAR—An oblong Melon, very sweet flavored, pink flesh.

GRAY MONARCH—Large, very productive and fairly early. It is a long shaped variety and the rind is light green. Rather brittle for shipping long distances.

IRISH GRAY—A large long Melon of light green color and fine eating quality. It is an excellent shipper.

HALBERT HONEY—A fine medium early Melon for the home garden. Long and cylindrical in shape, deep green rind with fine veins.

SWEETHEART—A very large, oval round, bright skinned Melon of fine quality; a good keeper, excellent shipper and a good seller.

Black Spanish—Oval, dark green.

Phinney's Early—Extra early; oblong, and of fine flavor. Sure cropper, specially suitable for the cooler districts.

Dixie—Good market variety; crimson flesh. Of fine quality, a heavy cropper.

Mountain Sweet—Favorite standard variety; oval, dark green, sweet red flesh.

Florida Favorite—Oblong; of fine flavor, and a good shipper.

Kolb's Gem—A splendid market variety, carrying well but of only medium flavor. Oval round in shape.

The Boss, Rattlesnake and others also stocked.

MIXED VARIETIES—To suit customers who grow for domestic use only, we offer a mixed packet of the best dozen varieties.

MELONS, PRESERVING

Pkt., 6d.

SNOW OR FROSTED MELON—A very solid fruited variety excellent for preserves, the skin is dark green with a white "bloom" or "frosted" appearance and seeds contained in small central cavity. Crop failed.

PIE (Green Seeded)—The usual variety; fruit oblong and light green in color.

CITRON (Red Seeded)—Fruit round and dark green, striped and marbled with light green.

Mango Melon or Vegetable Peach—Resembles an orange, useful for preserving, very ornamental, prolific.



NETTED - GEM ROCK MELON

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND, SEE PAGES 3-5

ONIONS

(Oignon, Fr.)
Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Onions do best on a rich, adhesive, loamy soil, which should be trenched or worked at least eighteen inches deep. Light or sandy soils should be made as firm as possible by treading before the seed is sown. In the warmer districts of Australia an early sowing may be made in March, April or May; in Queensland, March is the usual season; in colder climates, August is the best month. Sow in rows 12 inches apart. Afterwards, thin the plants out leaving 4-5 inches between each. For Autumn sowing, the Early Barletta and the Tripoli varieties, including Giant Rocca, are very suitable, as they will stand through the winter and make large Onions earlier than the spring sown ones. For early market purposes Yates' Hunter River Early, Extra Early Golden Globe and Yates' Light Skinned Spanish are excellent, while for main crop and shipping Yates' Derwent Strain of Long Keeping Brown Spanish is the finest variety in cultivation. The great thing in Onion growing is to keep them well weeded and clean. Onions for pickling should be sown very thickly and thinned to an inch or two apart, they will then ripen into small bulbs. Silver Skin or Early Barletta are the best for this purpose. Where they are required for salad, they can be sown at any season. Onion is not a strong growing seed and is apt to fail, especially if weather be cold and wet.

About 3lbs. of seed will sow an acre in drills, or say, 1½ozs. for a rod.

FOR EARLY CROP

These early sorts are the best to grow in hot climates where the later varieties will not bulb. They are also excellent for early crop in any climate. As a class they are all good keepers, their value being their earliness. The white varieties particularly, are mild in flavor and very tender.

BROWN VARIETIES

YATES' HUNTER RIVER EARLY Brown Spanish—An extremely early Onion very largely grown for the early markets and of great value for this purpose. Also, owing to its earliness, it is one of the few brown varieties which can be grown with success in our warmer districts. Sown in March or April in early districts it will usually mature sufficiently to market in November and December. Yates' Hunter River Early grows to a fair size, has a brown skin and pink tinted flesh. It is quite distinct from the Brown Spanish Onion and bears no similarity to that variety. It is not a good keeper and the skin is thin and rather tender; nevertheless there is no Onion in so great a demand for early crop. We have a good reputation for our strain of this variety and sales are rapidly increasing.

NOTE.—In all the earliest strains of this variety there will appear at times a small percentage of White Onions.

EXTRA EARLY GOLDEN GLOBE—An early, large, globe-shaped Onion, with beautiful golden skin. It is a splendid market variety, but not usually so early as the Hunter River Brown Spanish.

YATES' LIGHT SKINNED SPANISH (or Straw colored Spanish)—A splendid early Onion, preferred by some growers to all others. Its main qualities are earliness, attractive light golden or straw color, medium to large size, thin skin, mild flavor.

Lord Howe Pickling—Grown at Lord Howe Island. When sown thickly produces splendid pickling Onions. Reddish brown color.

FOR EARLY CROP (continued)

WHITE VARIETIES

EARLY BARLETTA—One of the earliest Onions grown. A pure white silvery skin; splendid for pickling or general use. If thinned out to four inches apart and planted early will grow to a large size. Delicate mild flavor.

SILVER SKIN—Similar to above, can be grown to fair size, for pickling sow thickly; very early.

WHITE ITALIAN TRIPOLI—Mild in flavor and excellent for early crop. Grows to good size.

SILVER KING—A good flat white skinned Onion, of excellent mild flavor.



FOR MAIN CROP

The main crop and late varieties grow to best advantage in cool or temperate climates. This section contains the best keeping Onions.

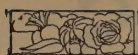
BROWN VARIETIES

BROWN SPANISH, YATES' SELECT "DERWENT LONG KEEPING"—The best strain of market Onion grown; will keep many months and stand transshipment anywhere. Our "Derwent Long-Keeping" Brown Spanish is by far the best main crop Onion grown. It is in great favor, and not only in Australia, but with market growers in other parts of the world, and has done as much to enhance our reputation as perhaps any other seed.

BROWN SPANISH—A good strain of brown keeping Onion.

(Continued next page)

All Usual Varieties of Vegetable Seeds are Sold in 6d. Pkts. or by Weight



Saving Seed on Yates Tasmanian Seed Farm of Our Derwent Strain of Select Long Keeping Brown Spanish Onion



FOR MAIN CROP

BROWN VARIETIES—(continued)

YELLOW FLAT DANVERS—This is a fine golden yellow Onion of flat shape. It is of medium large size, and an excellent keeper. In America it is widely grown for market. It is described as one of the hardiest and most easily grown varieties in cultivation.

ODOURLESS ONION—A recently introduced variety distinctive for its mildness of flavor and freedom from "taint." The variety is medium in season and produces large bulbs of very excellent flavor. A variety which can be eaten raw without hesitation is sure of a welcome in every home.

AILS CRAIG—A very large, light brown skinned Onion, largely grown in Britain for exhibiting; the color is light brown and the bulbs are very large, rather oblong or globe shaped and fairly hard. Notwithstanding its great size it keeps well and is mild in flavor, and can be well recommended, particularly for the home garden for which it is one of the best.

GIANT ROCCA—A large reddish-brown Tripoli. While it is hardy and large, yet the flesh is coarse and it does not keep well. For this reason we prefer such varieties as Yates' Hunter River Early for first crop and "Derwent" Long Keeping Brown Spanish and Ailsa Craig for later use.

WHITE VARIETY

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—A medium sized Onion of good quality. It is globular in shape, pure white in color and the flesh is waxy white and of fine grain. It is a late season variety and, for a white variety, a fairly good keeper.

Sundry Varieties of the Onion Family

Varieties of the following can usually be supplied during the autumn months, but supplies are intermittent and sometimes very scarce, so that the prices quoted here are approximate and will vary with the market which usually advances towards the end of autumn. We will quote special rates for quantities. Orders should be in hand by February or March if possible and not later than April or May.

All Postage Extra.

SHALLOT—Useful for flavoring and seasoning, mild flavor. Plant the bulbs about four inches apart in rows. They increase by multiplying. 1/- lb.

GARLIC—Each bulb or clove planted produces a group of cloves which are usable for seasoning and flavoring. Strong flavor. 1/6 lb.

POTATO ONION—Plant the bulbs singly about six inches apart in rows. Each then produces several bulbs which are mild and of good flavour. 1/- lb.

TREE ONIONS—These are small bulblets produced on the top of the stems. When planted in autumn each bulblet grows into a large onion of agreeable flavor. We can usually supply the Tops as described above also Bottom Bulbs which produce Tops Tree Onion Tops, 1/6 lb.

Tree Onion Bottoms, 1/- lb.

CHIVES—Perennial plants growing in dense tufts, the small green tops are used for salads or soups and are mild flavored. 6d. clump.

"HOW TO GROW ONIONS"

A most useful booklet on the growing of Onions for Market and Home Gardens, post free on request.

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND—SEE PAGES 3-5

GARDEN PEAS

(Pois a ecosser, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.; post paid 9d. Pkt.

For prices by the pound, see page 5; by the bushel, write for Yates' Current Price List of Farm Seeds.

We are continually testing and improving our own strains of Peas, as well as trying out the best of the new sorts as they are introduced, and we can recommend the following as constituting the best varieties

FOR MARKET GROWERS AND PRIVATE GARDENS

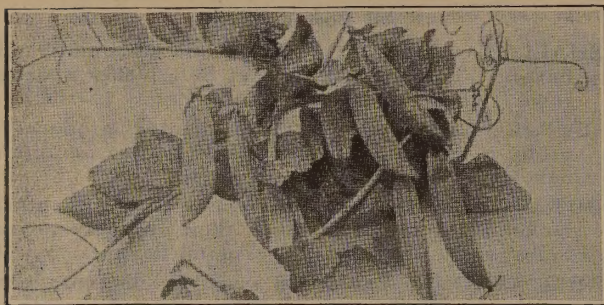
GARDEN CULTIVATION.—For a continuous supply of this favorite vegetable, sow every two to three weeks during winter, spring, and early summer months; and in the warmer districts of Australia, where winter frosts are not experienced, they may also be grown in the autumn. They should be sown in rows, as nearly in the direction of north and south as possible, so that both sides may get the sun and the rows should be as far apart as the height of the Peas grow, the taller sorts requiring more space. They should be earthed up and staked when three inches high. The dwarfier sorts, though sometimes grown without, will be benefited by a few sticks to keep them off the ground. The great thing in growing luscious Peas is to pick them just as they ripen, and to keep a succession it is best to plant a number of varieties.

Where figures are given they indicate approximately the average height the variety will grow under ordinary conditions. For convenience we have listed the varieties in order of earliness as grown in our Trial Grounds; they may vary slightly under different climatic conditions. We have also grouped together between rules varieties that are similar in type and length of growing season. This is to serve only as a guide as varieties vary under different soil and climatic conditions.

PEAS FOR MARKET.—When planting large areas for marketing they should be sown at the rate of about two bushels per acre in drills wide enough apart to permit of continual horse cultivation until the plants are well advanced. This cultivation conserves the moisture and in some seasons will enable growers to market a remunerative crop, when by poor farming methods it would have been a failure. During the last few years pea growing has been very profitable, and many new growers are turning their attention to this crop. Pea growers planting unduly early or late, for the purpose of catching a high price market, do so at the risk of crop failure, should the season in any way be unfavorable. It should be clearly understood that most varieties of peas will only show their true characteristics under favorable conditions of soil and season. We make all sales subject to the Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty, as set out on page 2, to which attention is directed.

NOVELTIES for 1928

TWO EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES OF DISTINCTIVE MERIT



YATES' EARLICROP—According to our trials this is the earliest pea we have, being ready for picking appreciably earlier than Witham Wonder and English Wonder. The pods are dark green, straight, pointed and well filled. It is a very heavy cropper carrying the pods in pairs. Plant is of good habit, dwarf, bushy and sturdy. Pkt., 1/-

YATES' COMET—This is also a very early variety and one of great promise. Being a hybrid of Little Marvel and Greenfeast it is naturally a very heavy cropping variety. In season it is some weeks earlier than Greenfeast and even a few days earlier than Little Marvel. Vine is sturdy, pods medium size, pointed, well filled, deep green in color and of excellent flavor. Dwarf habit. Pkt., 1/-

GENERAL LIST

YATES' PRELUDE—We are the introducers into Australia of this variety, which under suitable conditions will be found among the very earliest of the wrinkled peas. It is of very dwarf, vigorous, sturdy habit, bearing large crops of medium sized, tightly filled, straight pointed pods. A variety we recommend all growers to try.

LAXTONIAN—A large podded very dwarf variety of excellent quality. In season it is very early, and both pods and vines are deep green. Pods are long and pointed containing six to eight peas.

BLUE BANTAM—A very fine large podded early variety; of very dwarf habit, the pods are very heavy, and the peas large and of luscious flavor. It is earlier than American Wonder and the pods are double the size. One of the very best in the early section and well recommended, particularly for the home garden.

YATES' EARLY SURPRISE—One of the very best of the early varieties, particularly for the cooler districts. It is of vigorous growth but dwarf in habit, and carries very heavy crops of handsome, blunt ended, dark green pods containing six to seven dark green Peas.

GARDEN PEAS (continued)

YATES' UTILITY—Another extremely early dwarf variety growing 18 inches high. Large, well filled, dark green blunt ended pods, usually borne in pairs; wonderfully prolific. Gives a heavy crop, is easily picked, and often tops the market for price. In our Trials Yates' Utility shows to best advantage when grown in the cooler season of the year or in the cooler districts, especially in friable well drained soil. Where it succeeds it is one of the finest and sweetest peas grown.

LITTLE MARVEL—A fine early dwarf, the dark green pods are large and well-filled; 18 inches.

WITHAM WONDER—An early dwarf, heavy cropping Pea, with large curved and pointed well-filled pods. This and other similar varieties are fast displacing the old type Little Gem and American Wonder; 15 inches.

WILLIAM HURST—Heavy cropper, coming in early and bearing slightly curved pointed pods containing six to eight peas; 12 to 15 inches.

AMERICAN WONDER—This type is now filled by the above two varieties.

RICHARD SEDDON—A very dwarf, early and most prolific Pea, bearing well-filled long straight pods, containing seven to nine large peas of good flavor; strong, sturdy grower; 18 inches. A splendid all round variety.

ENGLISH WONDER—Dwarf, early long straight well-filled pods; 18 inches. A good cropper and a most excellent sort.

AMERICAN WONDER IMPROVED—This is a name originated in the Sydney Vegetable Markets, and it is filled by either of the two foregoing varieties.

GREENFEAST—This is proving to be one of the most popular market varieties ever grown in N.S.W. It is a second early dwarf variety with fine deep green haulm, and bears an extremely heavy crop of long, curved, rather round, well filled pods, which bring top market prices. In our Trials we find it to be one of the best varieties for withstanding hot weather and dry spells. It is in every way a splendid pea; 18 inches.

TE AROHA—A fine dwarf variety highly thought of in South Australia and certain other districts. The dark green pods are of fair size, straight, and blunt ended and are borne in great profusion.

SHERWOOD—A medium dwarf Pea bearing good crops of straight blunt ended pods.

PEA GROWERS—This Retail Catalogue does not contain prices in bushel and larger quantities, so write for our Market Garden Price List whenever you are buying. It is published at frequent intervals, and a copy may be obtained at any time, post free, on request.

HOME GARDENERS—If wanting more than packets, see prices of 1lb. to 7lb. lots on page 5

THE DAISY—Splendid dwarf second early Pea; the pods are as long as and similar to Stratagem; a heavy cropper; 18 inches.

SENATOR—A heavy cropper with long curved pods. Rather tall growing, suitable for cool districts or garden cultivation. Pods and vine pale green.

YORKSHIRE HERO—The well-known and popular variety. One of the hardiest for general use in warm districts or for summer planting; the pods are small, but the vines crop well and the Peas are of an excellent flavor; 2 to 3 feet.

VEITCH'S PERFECTION—This is a strain of Yorkshire Hero type.

SUPPLIES FOR 1928

We have had good yields from our Pea crops this season, and at time of going to press we have already received considerable shipments and others are coming forward as quickly as threshing and other harvesting operations permit. We anticipate having good supplies of most of the regular market sorts. We will be pleased to send, on application, a full list of varieties available at the time together with bushel prices. Rates for small quantities are quoted on page 5.

STRATAGEM (Re-Selected)—Excellent cropper, pods long, flat and large, containing seven to eight peas of splendid flavor; very suitable for moist cool districts or the winter crop, either for market or home garden use; 3 feet.

ENGLISH DEFIANCE—A very prolific main crop variety; producing long well-filled, dark green pods containing nine large, sweet peas; excellent flavor; 2 feet.

TELEPHONE—Produces exceedingly long pods with large peas. Very productive; good flavor; splendid for exhibition. 5 feet.

DUKE OF ALBANY—A fine exhibition sort with large dark green pods and peas of excellent flavor; 5 feet.

DAY'S EARLY SUNRISE—All the foregoing varieties are wrinkled peas or sometimes called marrowfats, but Early Sunrise is a round seeded variety and therefore hardier and better able to withstand cold wet conditions, and it can be sown earlier in cold districts. While it is a heavy yielder the quality and flavor is not equal to the other sorts listed.

SUGAR OR EDIBLE PODDED—We offer both the tall and dwarf varieties. Per pkt., 6d., post free.

OKRA (or Gumbo)

(Gombaud, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

The long seed pods form the edible portion and they should be gathered while young and tender. The principal use of Okra is in soups and stews. The pods contain a gum-like substance which flavors the soup. Sometimes it is cooked alone or with Tomatoes.

One Sydney user writes:—

"One of the best of all pod vegetables. Cook and eat like Asparagus and nothing but Asparagus is better worth cooking. Tender green Okra makes a splendid home vegetable."

Sow in late spring, and plant out eighteen inches apart. Requires a warm climate to do well.

LONG GREEN—The favorite sort.

PARSLEY

(Persil, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—This may be sown either in the spring or autumn in finely worked soil. Sow thickly, and afterwards thin to a few inches apart. As this seed is long in germinating, the ground should not be disturbed, though the plants do not appear for some time. A packet will sow a drill of ten feet.

EXTRA CURLED—Excellent for general use.

PARSNIP

(Panaïs, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—A deep and strong loam is the best for growing Parsnips, but they will succeed in almost any soil; that which has been manured for a previous crop produces the cleanest and best roots. The seed can be sown at any time in the spring, and, in the milder parts of the States, also in the summer and autumn. Parsnip is one of the weakest growing seeds and soon loses its vitality. It is as well to sow fairly thickly, and, if the soil is at all likely to cake, it is a good plan to cover the seed with a sprinkling of well rotted stable manure, rubbed through a coarse sieve and mixed with light sandy soil. Plant in drills a foot apart and afterwards thin to six or eight inches between the plants. The roots are better left in the ground until wanted for use.

HOLLOW CROWN—Very select, long roots (see colored illustration facing page 33).

THE STUDENT—Large, excellent flavor.

TURNIP ROOTED—A strain which has been specially selected to produce turnip shaped roots. It is quick maturing, easily grown and the roots are of good flavor. Recommended for the home garden.

PEANUTS

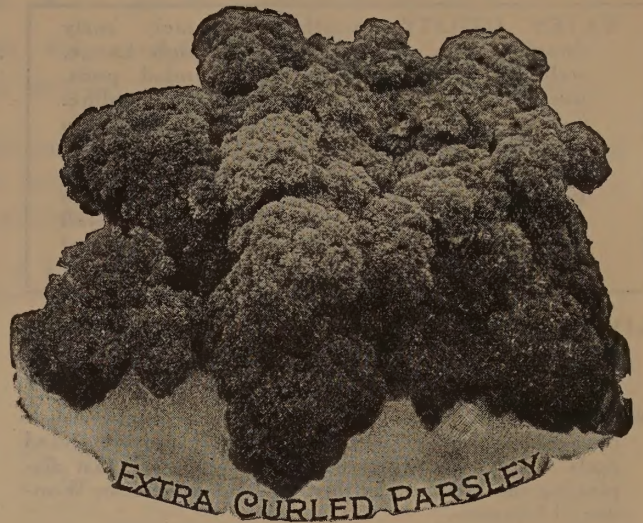
Arachis Hypogæa (Arachide, Fr.)

As well as being in great demand for human consumption, the Peanut is being increasingly used as a stock fodder, especially for pigs. They will succeed best in a warm climate in light open soil. Sow in rows three feet apart and twelve to fifteen inches apart in the row. The peanut plant may be grazed, the tops made into hay or the plant used as a soil renovator. For field crop sow 30 to 40 lbs. of nuts or say 10 lbs. of shelled seed per acre. September and October are best months to sow. When ripe, lift the plants and harvest the nuts which are produced below the ground.

We usually have in stock supplies of tested growth of the Small Red Spanish and the Small White Spanish. Customers are asked to state their preference when ordering.

NUTS (in the Shells)—Per lb., 1/3 (post paid, 1/9 per lb.) Quantity prices on application.

How to Grow Vegetables to Perfection—See Yates' Garden Guide. 1/-, Post Free



POTATOES

Tubers Only.

CULTIVATION.—Should be planted for early use as soon as the frosts are over. A few may be planted rather earlier as it is worth running some risk to get early Potatoes. Open drills about 30 inches apart and six inches deep. If possible, put in this drill a layer of well rotted stable manure; a dressing of some potash manure is also very beneficial. Potatoes up to two or two-and-a-half inches should be planted whole, those larger may be cut, care being taken to leave two eyes at least on each set. Plant the tubers about twelve inches apart in the rows. As soon as through the ground, keep the soil cultivated and when plants are about six inches high, they should be earthed up by throwing the soil towards the rows.

In season we have prime graded samples (hand picked) of all the leading varieties. Write for prices. Descriptive list published July.

PURSLANE

(Pourpier, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

A fleshy leaved plant of the Portulaca Species.

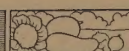
CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring and summer or in tropical climates throughout the season. This crop should be grown quickly, in light rich soil, and given plenty of water and cultivation. Sow into permanent beds in drills nine inches apart, and then thin out plants to nine inches apart. The leaves are eaten cooked or as a salad, or they can be pickled.

Golden Extra Large—This variety has very large leaves and is of compact habit.

Green—Has thick green leaves, very productive and neat habit of growth.

YATES' SPECIALITIES

There are many varieties throughout these Vegetable Seed pages on which we have concentrated special attention and for which we are famed far and wide. The following, to mention but a few of them, will well repay your attention. Yates' Everbearing Stringless Runner Bean, Yates' Obelisk Beetroot, Yates' Derwent Re-Selected Early Drumhead Cabbage, Yates' Phenomenal Cauliflowers, Yates' Derwent Long Keeping Brown Spanish Onion, Yates' Queensland Blue Pumpkin, and the several varieties of Tomato mentioned on page 32.



PUMPKINS

(Potiron, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

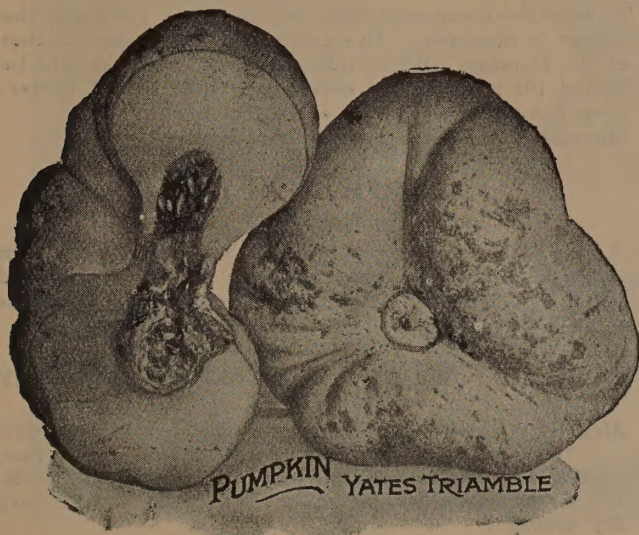
We have given special attention during the last two or three years to careful Trial Ground Tests of the various strains of Pumpkins. For a long time the ordinary commercial stocks of Pumpkin seed have not been altogether satisfactory and we therefore set out, by selecting and re-selecting the better strains and eliminating the poorer type, to make up a list of only first-grade reliable sorts. Information gained from our trials showed that some of the older types have been entirely superseded and also that the higher costs necessary in the production of the improved strains is more than justified. We consider that Yates' Queensland Blue, Yates' Triamble and Yates' Select Crown are the three finest types in cultivation.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in late spring when the ground is warm and treat the same as Cucumber, except that the hills should be eight feet apart each way. They will thrive in any good garden soil. For other varieties see Squash. Winter Squashes are practically the same as our Table Pumpkins, and are, in some cases, superior. The larger Pumpkins make the very best feed for cattle and pigs in dry districts. Sow two pounds of seed per acre.

YATES' TRIAMBLE—This has proved to be one of the best Table Pumpkins we have. It is of distinctive three cornered shape, and very thick fleshed. It is a very dry eating variety, of excellent flavor, keeps well, and is a splendid market variety.

YATES' QUEENSLAND BLUE—A pumpkin of exceptionally fine quality and flavor; dark skin, golden flesh, medium size. Each year our Trials enhance our good opinion of this variety. The flesh is dry and cooks beautifully. Without a doubt Queensland Blue is one of the most satisfactory varieties offered to-day. Re-selected Stock.

YATES' SELECT CROWN (Sydney Type)—An excellent strain carefully re-selected from the old Crown and superior to it in quality and productiveness. This re-selected variety is of good dark color, even shape and has a small seed cavity.



Yates' Queensland Blue, a speciality for the home or market garden.

TURK'S CAP—A very desirable sort for districts where the seasons are short, as it is the earliest Pumpkin grown. It is a good cropper and keeper, dry and good flavored.

GRAMMA OR TROMBONE—A fine variety for warm districts, but it will not mature in cool climates. A very sugary Pumpkin, and greatly favored by many for pies and for table use. Some users tell us it makes excellent jam. Farmers use it extensively for feeding to pigs and cattle, for which it is very fattening.

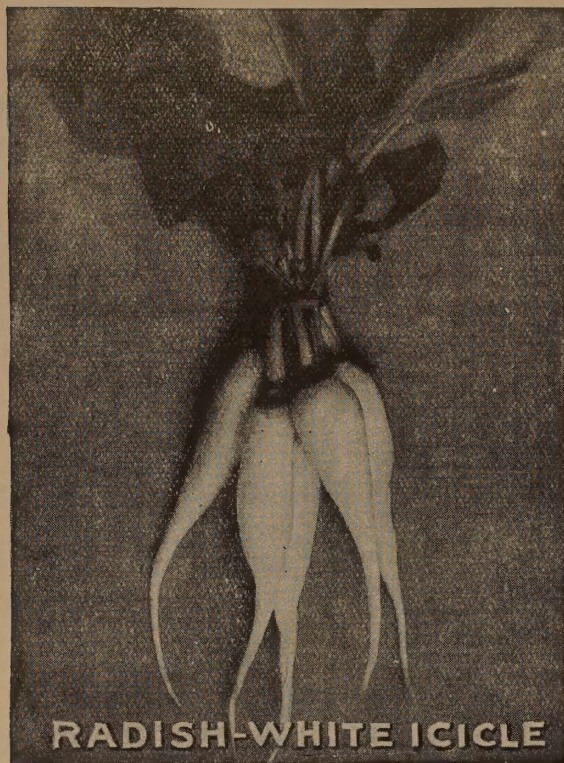
MAMMOTH CATTLE—A mixture of the large cattle varieties, many weighing up to 60 and 70 lbs. grown well. They are round to long in shape and mostly grey and greyish-pink in color. Thick and fleshy. Will give a very heavy weight of crop, of great value for feeding purposes.

Mixed Cattle—For stock feeding. Keeps well. The following two varieties have been superseded by the sorts offered above and are not now stocked by us.

Large Button

Large Ironbark

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND, SEE PAGES 3-5



RADISH-WHITE ICICLE

RADISH

(Radis, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Plant throughout the year, choosing showery genial weather. For succession, sowings may be made every three or four weeks, on good, light, well-manured soil. To have good, tender, crisp-eating Radishes, they must be grown quickly and liberally watered during dry weather.

All the leading sorts are grown on our Derwentside Seed Farm.

LONG SCARLET—The favorite market variety, long and good flavor.

FRENCH BREAKFAST—Oval in shape, bright red with white tip, very early.

RED TURNIP—Round or flat round in shape, bright color, crisp white flesh.

WHITE TURNIP—Of splendid shape and flavor, pure white.

SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIPPED—Globe shaped, bright rose-carmine roots, bottom and tip clear white, early.

MIXED TURNIP—White and Red Turnip mixed.

LONG WHITE ICICLE (see colored illustration opposite page 33)—Roots long and slender, pure white, exceedingly crisp and tender. This radish is noted for the way it retains its fine qualities even when fully developed and is perhaps the best variety for home garden growing.

White Chinese—Large white roots, cylindrical in shape, white flesh, mild flavor.

Long Black Spanish—Very large cylindrical black roots, firm white flesh, late in maturing and keep well. Grown for winter use.

ROSELLA

Pkt., 6d.

Only suitable for semi-tropical or tropical climates. The celebrated Rosella Jam is made from the fleshy calyx of the flowers. Sow in early spring in a warm situation.

RHUBARB

(Rhubarbe, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring, and, when in rough leaf, prick out in nursery rows six or eight inches apart. Afterwards, select the most promising of the seedlings, and plant three or four feet apart in the permanent bed, which must be well manured.

We can supply Roots of these varieties during the winter season (only), prices vary according to size of roots. All postage or freight extra. We recommend the small or medium roots for mail orders in order to save postage.

CHERRY RED—A fine sort; producing an abundance of rich cherry colored stems of excellent flavor. After trying this out for some years we place it in the forefront for the home garden. Its beautiful color when properly cooked, its flavor and its tenderness are unequalled. Roots only. 1/6 each, 15/- dozen

TOPPS' WINTER—A variety bearing the heaviest crop in the early winter, but can be pulled all the year round. Both this and the next variety are recommended for the home garden. Seed, 6d. pkt. Roots per dozen, small 5/-, medium 7/6, large 10/-

SYDNEY CRIMSON—Similar to Topps' Winter. This variety is extensively grown in Sydney market gardens, and like Topps' Winter is a splendid all the year round sort. Seed 6d. pkt. Roots per dozen, small 5/-, medium 7/6, large 10/-

VICTORIA GIANT—The largest and best for summer use, dies down in winter months. Seed 6d. pkt. Roots per dozen, small 5/-, medium 7/6, large 10/-

SALSIFY (Vegetable Oyster)

(Salsifs Blanc, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

A most delicious vegetable, which is not grown to the extent it deserves. The cultivation is similar to that of the Parsnip. When full grown the roots should be boiled till tender, and served up with melted butter; they have a pronounced oyster flavor.

Mammoth Sandwich Island—An improved variety.

SCORZONERA

(Scorsonere Noir, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

A very similar root vegetable to Salsify only the skin is black. It is perennial, and the roots may be used when two years old. The leaves may be also used as salad.

HUBBARD SQUASH SUCCEEDS IN A DRY DISTRICT

Mrs. W. J. F——, Wilmington, S.A. writes on 8/8/27. "We had great success with Hubbard Squash this year, some of them weighing up to 30 lbs., and none under 15 lbs. We are in a very dry district and, this year, had a very dry summer".

HOW MUCH SEED TO SOW PER ACRE—SEE PAGE 7

SEA KALE

(Crambe Maritime, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Only suitable for cold climates, and even then requires two to three years to bring the roots to the size at which they may be forced for use. They should be sown in spring (soak seed overnight in water to soften seed case) in a nursery bed, and the following season transplanted into very rich well manured ground, in clumps of three or four plants four inches apart, and three feet between the clumps. Keep well watered in dry weather to keep them growing, and when the plants are sufficiently strong, they may be forced in the spring by placing a box over each clump after covering them with hot stable manure mixed with leaves. The young, tender, blanched shoots make a delicious vegetable. **SEA KALE BEET**—See under Beetroot.

SPINACH—See next page

SQUASH

The varieties marked (T) are of trailing or vining habit, and those marked (B) are of compact bush habit and therefore better adapted to the smaller household garden

CULTIVATION.—This vegetable, which is most extensively grown in the United States, should receive the same treatment as the Pumpkin and Vegetable Marrow. It is a delicious vegetable and should be extensively grown. The Summer Varieties are very similar to Vegetable Marrows. The Winter Varieties mature later and may be stored like our pumpkins.

SUMMER VARIETIES

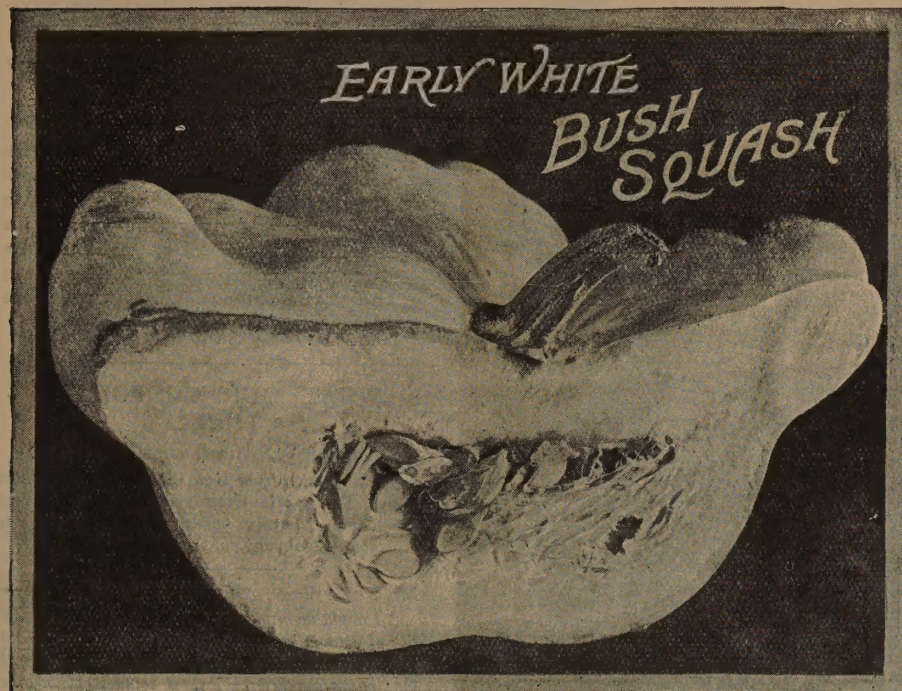
These are similar to Vegetable Marrows.

EARLY WHITE BUSH (B)—Very similar to Custard Marrow. The vine does not run. Splendid early sort.

Early Golden Bush (B)—Deep yellow, otherwise similar.

Crookneck (B)—Rich golden-yellow, excellent flavor.

FINEST MIXED (B)—A mixture of above varieties, all of compact bush habit.



SQUASH—(continued)

WINTER VARIETIES

These should be sown in the early spring, the same as the others, but they are later in maturing, and will keep all through the winter, like Pumpkins.

Marblehead (T)—A splendid keeping variety and cooks like a "dry" Pumpkin.

Boston Marrow (T)—Thin skin, dry sweet flesh.

Fordhook (T)—Medium size and heavy cropper. Can be used either as a winter or summer Squash.

FINEST MIXED—Desirable keeping sorts, and all of the vining or trailing habit.

HUBBARD SQUASHES (T)

It is our opinion that the Hubbard varieties of Squash would be even more extensively grown if those who do not know them would but try them. They are classified as winter varieties, this means that they are later than the summer varieties in maturing, and keep excellently when properly stored. In this respect they are like the better class pumpkins. The fruits mature in about four months from planting the seed, and the yields are very satisfactory. The flavor of these squashes is all that can be desired, the flesh being dry, mealy, sweet, and altogether delectable.

BLUE HUBBARD—This, the newest of the Hubbard Squashes, is a variety of excellent quality and a splendid keeper. The shell is bluish grey and very hard. The flesh is of splendid flavor. Stock limited.

GREEN HUBBARD—The most popular of the winter squash. Formerly listed as "Hubbard" it is now called Green Hubbard to distinguish it from the other Hubbard varieties. As a general purpose sort it is not excelled. The fruits are pointed at both ends, slightly warted, and deep green in color. Orange-yellow flesh is dry, sweet and very thick.

See colored illustration facing page 33.

GOLDEN HUBBARD—The earliest of Hubbards and perhaps the most prolific. The shell is moderately warted, hard and strong and of a rich golden orange color, sometimes striped lighter at the blossom end and showing a dark green or black "button." An excellent keeper with dry deep orange colored flesh. Smaller than the other Hubbards.

WARTED HUBBARD—Slightly larger than the Green Hubbard, skin thickly warted and of an attractive dark bronzy green color. The fruits are usually about 14 or 15lbs. in weight.

A TRIBUTE TO "EARLIWINNER"
Mr. D—, Boondall, Qld., writes on 22/12/27:—

"Your trial packet of Earliwinner Tomato which you sent to me has turned out well. It undoubtedly is the finest yet in the Tomato world; accept my congratulations. From ninety plants I picked twenty-three half-bushel cases and topped the market with a glut on. I received 7/- per case while good tomatoes were selling at 4/-."

FOR PRICES BY THE OUNCE AND POUND—SEE PAGES 3-5.

SPINACH

(Epinard, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION—This useful crop may be sown in the spring, but does best in the autumn, and for succession should be planted at intervals of two or three weeks. The seed should be sown in drills in good rich soil (the richer the better), and for summer crops should have abundance of moisture.

PRICKLY SEEDED—Bright green large arrow pointed leaves, very hardy and especially suited for winter use.

ROUND SEEDED—A good variety for summer use, broad somewhat crimped leaves, very productive.

Monstrous Viroflay—A very large vigorous growing sort; in well manured land this is extremely productive.

New Zealand—Quite distinct from any of the preceding and of great value for use during the hottest months, and for growing in dry, arid, localities, where the ordinary Spinach does not succeed. The leaves and stems are soft and fleshy. By picking off the young leaves and tender stems and adding the minimum of water for cooking, delicious Spinach may be had throughout the hottest weather. Soak seed in hot water before sowing.

SPINACH BEET—See under Beetroot.

SWEET POTATO

(Patate, Fr.)

CULTIVATION—The best way to procure these is by ordering rooted plants, which go readily by post, and which are usually obtainable at a few days' notice any time during the late spring and early summer. These should be planted out in ridges two-and-a-half feet apart, in land which has previously been deeply trenched and well fertilized with a good phosphate manure. They are generally ready for digging in about four months from planting.

About November we can usually supply the white, pink, or red skinned varieties. 1/- dozen, postage and packing, 6d. extra; 7/6 100, postage and packing 1/- extra.

SWEET CORN OR MAIZE

(Mais Sucre, Fr.) Pkt. 6d., except where otherwise stated.

CULTIVATION—Plant in spring when all danger from frost is over, in rows three feet apart, and thin to a foot between the plants.

HOW TO USE SWEET CORN.

The cobs should be cooked while in their green state, and are ready for use as soon as the tassel is withered. To cook, plunge the cobs into boiling water for five minutes, or better still put cobs into cold water and gradually bring to boiling point. This latter method retains the tenderness and flavor. Serve up with butter and pepper to taste. This vegetable should be made to take the place of Peas during our hot summer season.

GOLDEN SUNSHINE—The earliest of the Golden Sweet Corns and has considerable value on that account. It matures some week or ten days before Golden Bantam. Cobs are about the same size as Golden Bantam but are 12 rowed instead of 8. The plant is dwarfer than Bantam and ears carried closer to the ground. First grade quality and of delicious flavor. At present stock is limited. Pkt., 1/-.

GOLDEN BANTAM—Undoubtedly one of the best and most generally grown of all Sweet Corns. It is of the choicest quality and noted for its rich sweet buttery flavor. It is a hardy variety growing about 5ft. The ears are about six inches long with broad deep kernels. A first early, and valuable for successional sowings for main crop.

Crosby—Second early, grows about 4ft.

Early Cory—Splendid early sort.

COUNTRY GENTLEMEN—Good for main planting, cobs large and white.

Stowell's Evergreen—Best late variety, fine quality cobs.

FINE MIXED—A mixture of early and late sorts.

Pop Corn—For roasting when ripe.

SILVERMINE MAIZE—Some of the growers for market use this variety of Maize for Table Corn. We can usually supply this variety in season, but in our opinion this does not compare in flavor with the True Sweet Corn or Table Maize listed above.

WHAT OUR CUSTOMERS THINK?

Mr. I. L. J.—, Rylstone, writes on 19/1/27 :—

"The results from some Squash, Marrow and Melon Seeds, also Corn you sent us have been astounding, literally hundreds of the fruit and vegetables—too many for us to use."

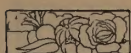
Mr. S. W. W.—, Granville, writes on 1/2/20 :—

"I might mention that this last season I grew 147 lbs. of your Brown Spanish Onions from 430 plants out of a 6d. packet. I think that is satisfactory. One onion weighed 1½ lbs. I could mention other cases but it is not necessary."



SWEET CORN

For Quantities above a Pound, write for Current Market Garden Price List



TURNIP

(Navet, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Turnips, to be tender and good flavored, must be grown quickly, so should have a rich soil and an open situation. The seed should be sown very thinly, and the plants thinned out to proper distances apart when young. They may be sown nearly the whole year, choosing rainy weather during the summer months; they should be kept moist in dry weather. The best time to sow Swedes is in late spring, summer and autumn.

LONG WHITE (Yates' Warm Climate Turnip)—A long cylindrical Turnip, the most suitable for the warmer parts of this country, as it is a quick grower and does not run to seed so rapidly as other sorts.

PURPLE TOP MUNICH—Remarkably early, flat in shape, and pure white, with dark purple top.

WHITE STONE (also known as Snowball and Early Six Weeks)—Good early variety, one of the best; round pure white roots.

NEPAUL (or White Strapleaf)—Early flat variety; the favorite in the Sydney market; very firm, snow-white flesh.

RED TOP STONE (or American Strapleaf)—White, with pink top; excellent, later than previous varieties.

ORANGE JELLY (or Golden Ball)—A very fine globe-shaped variety, with rich orange-colored skin. The flesh is pale yellow, firm and of fine quality. It is late, hardy variety, standing well through the winter.



SWEDE TURNIP

(Chou-Navet, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

YATES' GARDEN SWEDE—The best swede for garden cultivation. Sow in summer and autumn.

YATES' CHAMPION PURPLE TOP—A standard globe-shaped variety, which gives wonderful returns and is the standard sort for growing for market. Our strains are unexcelled, the crop comes in evenly and the Swedes are well shaped, large, and keep well. See colored illustration facing page 33.

YATES' MONARCH—A large tankard-shaped variety, with purple top. Heavy yielder, and a good keeper. Excellent for stock or market growing.

TOBACCO

(Tabac, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—Sow when frosts are over, or in a hot bed in early spring, and, when large enough and the weather mild, transplant into the open. Will not stand frosts.

About one ounce will raise sufficient plants for an acre.

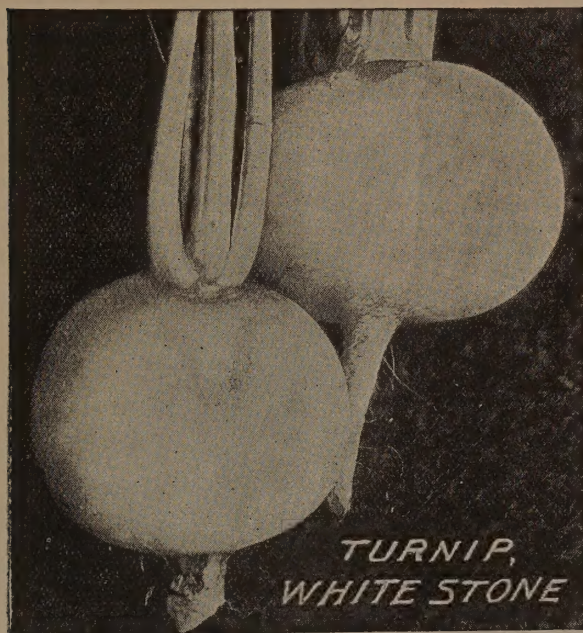
We stock only Australian-saved seed and can supply the two following varieties:—

SOUTHS

DUNBUR

TOMATO

(See next three pages).



FIELD TURNIP

Pkt., 6d.

Valuable for providing stock feed in the winter and early spring months. They are quick growers, especially the White Fleshed sorts. Sow late summer and autumn.

We usually stock:—

White Fleshed sorts: Pomeranian White Globe, Devonshire Greystone, Purple Top Mammoth.

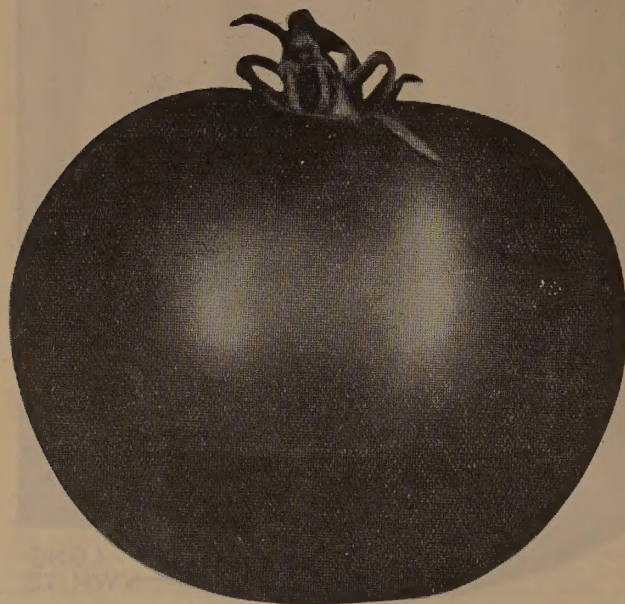
Yellow Fleshed Varieties Purple Top Aberdeen, Green Top Aberdeen.

FOR OUNCE AND POUND PRICES—SEE PAGES 3-5

TOMATOES Yates' Specialities

The varieties mentioned on this page are particularly suitable for market growing and equally good for the home garden, being noted for their superior fruit, heavy crops and hardiness.

Pkt., 6d. For Prices by the Ounce and Pound, see Page 5



Yates' Earliwinner—see description below.

EARLY SORTS

YATES' EARLIWINNER—Selected from Earliana and having all the good qualities of that variety but in an improved form. It is slightly earlier than Earliana, the fruit is deeper in shape, more uniform in size and is better shaded from the sun by the improved habit of the plant. In our trials it is a heavier cropper than Earliana and should be a better carrier. In the opinion of expert tomato growers this is a variety of great promise. Stock limited, order early.

BONNY BEST—In our trials this is about the same season as Chalk's Early Jewel, but in our opinion has points of superiority. The fruit is of medium size, very smooth, solid and uniform, and produced more or less in clusters in the centre of the plant. Growth is vigorous and leafy, thus protecting the fruit well. The crop of bright red fruit ripens evenly and this variety is a decided acquisition.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—A first early sort of fine quality. The fruit is of good market size, smooth shaped, solid and bright red colour and of remarkably sweet flavour, bears well throughout the season and has for long been a favourite early variety.

EARLY SORTS—(continued)

YATES' HARBINGER — A magnificent first early variety which we recommend especially for early crop, for market or for home use. Its great advantage, as shown in our trials, is the extreme earliness, not only of individual fruits, but of a good picking which is of even marketable size. Fruit is practically smooth, good size, good colour and splendid flavour. In cool moist weather the fruit is inclined to be rough, but in a normal season this is a variety which brings good prices in the early market. Growers should certainly make a planting of this excellent sort.

MAIN CROP SORTS

BURWOOD PRIZE—Probably the most favored main crop variety ever grown in this country. It is one of the hardiest and most vigorous varieties we know of, and will give enormous crops of smooth, oval fruit, of fine color and texture, which are very solid and splendid carriers. Juicy, good flavored, and fine size and shape.

STONE—This is the Smooth Large Red Strain and is very solid and a good carrier. We can recommend this very highly. It is considered by market growers to be one of the very best late varieties for market, and is largely grown to come in after Burwood Prize. The fruit is of the finest quality.



Yates' Harbinger—see description above.

SEE NOTE IN REFERENCE TO VARIETIES ON PAGE 7.

There are now a very large number of varieties of Tomatoes in commerce. For customers convenience we have listed a selection of sorts which in our experience have proved "good doers" under Australian conditions and is representative of all the best yet introduced. Tomatoes require favorable conditions of soil and season to show true characteristics.

PLEASE NOTE CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY on page 2.



**YATES' "DERWENT" STRAIN OF—
EMPEROR SALPICLOSSIS**

Makes a magnificent show during the three hottest months of summer and deserves to be more widely grown. Sow direct in the open beds choosing a rich moist sunny position. The large beautifully veined blooms are of the most striking colourings.

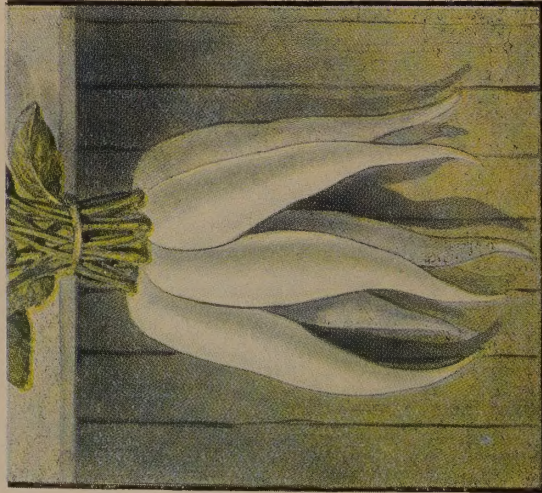
COLLECTION of 1 packet of each of 7 distinct shades 2/6.

Per PACKET of each colour or in mixture 6d; large packet 1/-; eighth ounce 1/3.



CARROT, Oxheart or Geurande.

This is a short thick-set variety of excellent flavor and quality. A heavy yielder. 6d. pkt.; 9d. oz.; 1/9 1/2 lb.; 5/- lb.



RADISH, White Icicle.

A variety of the first quality and highly recommended. Roots fine white, beautifully crisp and tender. 6d. pkt.; 1/3 1/2 lb.; 3/6 lb.



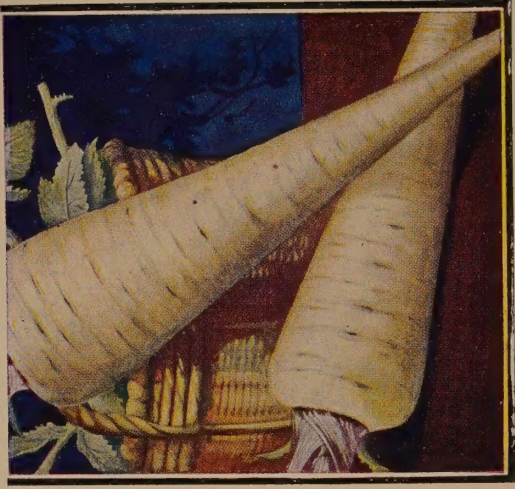
LETTUCE, Yates' Long Standing.

A fine quality butterhead variety with large firm heart. Stands well, excellent for all purposes. 6d. pkt.; 1/9 oz.; 5/- 1/2 lb.; 15/- lb.



SQUASH, Green Hubbard.

A most delectable vegetable and one which should be more widely grown. This variety has thick orange yellow flesh and is dry and sweet flavored. 6d. pkt.; 1/- oz.; 2/6 1/2 lb.; 8/- lb.



PARSNIP, Hollow Crown.

A very nutritious vegetable. Properly grown and cooked it makes a smooth tender dish of excellent flavor. 6d. pkt.; 9d. oz.; 1/3 1/2 lb.; 3/6 lb.

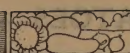
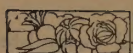


SWEDE TURNIP, Yates' Champion Purple Top.

A selected strain of Swede Turnip now largely used for table use and market crop. Like other root crops this vegetable has an excellent food value. 6d. pkt.; 1/- 1/2 lb.; 3/- lb.

SOME YATES' SPECIALITIES IN VEGETABLE SEEDS.

LARGE QUANTITY PRICES ON APPLICATION.



GENERAL LIST OF TOMATOES

(Tomate, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.; For Prices by Weight, see pages 3-5

CULTIVATION.—Tomatoes should be sown in a hot-bed early in spring, or in the open air when danger from frost is over, and when the plants are large enough plant out in a warm border, which should be well enriched with good rotten manure. They may be allowed to run on the ground, but if grown against a wall or trellis work, the larger crop will repay the trouble. After the first fruit have set, check the growth of the plants by pinching off the ends of the shoots. Liquid manure during the growing season will be found very beneficial.

YATES' EARLIWINNER—See specialties, page 32.

EARLIANA—An extra early sort and one of the Tomatoes most favored by market growers. Vines carry very heavy crops of large smooth bright scarlet fruit, but the habit of the vine is not so protecting as Yates' Earliwinner. Fruit itself is solid and meaty. It's earliness makes this a variety of great value.

BONNY BEST—See specialties, page 32.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—See specialties, page 32.

YATES' EARLY SMOOTH RED—One of the early varieties which we can confidently recommend for the home garden. In our opinion it should be also given careful trial by growers interested in raising early tomatoes under glass, as the habit of the vine is taller and permits of training. Fruit is smooth, being free from all ribs and of medium size, and is borne in clusters of six to seven. The flavour is excellent, and is less acid than most of the varieties offered.

YATES' HARBINGER—See specialties, page 32.

Yates' Market Favorite—Well known on account of its hardiness and earliness, fruit is of medium size only, rather ribbed, and produced in great profusion, and is solid, juicy and of good flavor. One of the hardiest varieties we keep, and it will often perfect its fruit in adverse seasons when other sorts are badly affected. Specially recommended for cold climates. On account of its fine color this is an excellent sort for making sauces, soups, etc.

June Pink—An early maturing selection from Earliana, and differing chiefly from that variety in the color, which is a purplish pink. The fruit is uniform in size and shape, and the flesh solid. Being a rather tender skinned variety it is not used extensively by market growers for the Sydney market.

South Australian Dwarf Red—This is a variety for which there is a considerable demand from growers who produce for the Adelaide market. It is not so large as the Australian Large Red and is earlier than that variety. The fruit is usually moderately ribbed but is of excellent flavour and a hardy variety for special districts, but not grown for the Sydney market.

Australian Large Red—A variety largely used in Victoria and in parts of the Southern States where the season is short. It is in special demand for canning in Victoria. The vines are of rather loose habit and the fruit not so smooth or even as some of the other varieties preferred on the Sydney market. We do not recommend it to growers in the warmer districts, as we find in our trials that the fruit is not so solid or weighty as our other main market garden varieties.



Yates' Early Smooth Red, a fine early Tomato for the home garden.

BURWOOD PRIZE—See specialties, page 32.

MATCHLESS—A late variety giving the greatest satisfaction to market growers near Sydney. The fruit is large, smooth and uniform, bright color, and of excellent flavor. The yield is very heavy and they carry well. The fruit will color up splendidly after picking.

STONE—See specialties, page 32.

Dwarf Champion—Sturdy upright growth, carrying its fruit without support; fruit medium size, medium early and prolific.

TARGINNIE BLUE—This variety is largely grown in one or two districts in Queensland, mainly for its most excellent keeping and carrying qualities. It is a main crop, bluish crimson in color and largely grown where fruit has to be shipped long distances.

Ponderosa—This variety has been greatly improved. While not quite smooth and even in shape much of the old "ribbiness" has been eliminated. It grows to enormous size, probably the largest fruited sort grown. In season it is a late main crop. The fruit is luscious, very solid, and of specially good flavor. Purplish-red color, very heavy cropper. Largely grown for home use, but market growers prefer a variety giving more even and moderate sized fruit.

Walker's Recruit—Round smooth rather small fruit, firm flesh and delicious flavor.

(Continued next page)

TOMATOES—(continued from previous page)

OTHER VARIETIES

Other varieties stocked and for which we have a limited demand include Carter's Sunrise, Buckeye State, Early Ruby, Atlantic Prize, Trucker's Favorite and Red Rock.

YELLOW FRUITED VARIETIES.

Golden Queen—Earlier than Golden Ponderosa and in our opinion a superior variety for the home-grower as well as for the limited market demand for yellow sorts. Fruit is of medium size, smooth in shape and a very good cropper. Those who realise the possibilities of the golden fruited varieties for their mild flavor as well as for their value as a contrast with the red sorts in salads, cannot do better than plant Golden Queen.

Golden Ponderosa—A very large yellow tomato yielding very heavy crops of luscious fruit. Later than Golden Queen.

ENGLISH VARIETIES.

We grow this seed in Tasmania especially for our English firm, and we recommend growers in Tasmania or Southern New Zealand and similar cold climates to give these varieties a trial. Some are also grown for winter crops in tropical climates. Pkt., 6d.

Kondine Red Reynolds' No. 2. Money Maker	Holmes' Supreme Ailsa Craig	Bides Recruit Balchs Fillbasket
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SMALL FRUITED VARIETIES.

(For the Home Garden.)

King Humbert—One of the earliest productive red varieties. The fruit is about the size of a hen's egg, oval in shape with flattish sides. Very good for eating uncooked.

Scarlet Pear Shaped—Fruits small and pear shaped. Early and productive.

Yellow Pear Shaped—Similar to above except in color.

Peach Tomato—A pink variety of peach-like appearance.

Yellow Plum—Small oval yellow fruit. Interesting for its novel shape and useful preserving, etc.

Red Cherry—Small scarlet fruits about the size of a cherry carried in clusters, for decoration and preserving.

DISEASE RESISTANT VARIETIES.

The four varieties listed here were introduced by the United State Department of Agriculture whose efforts to evolve disease resistant strains have already met with some success.

Scientists believe that the Wilt disease is a virus which is carried from plant to plant by thrips. While this discovery makes possible additional preventive measures, yet varieties which are more or less resistant still have great value. It should be understood that in no sense are these varieties wilt proof, as disease resistance like the disease itself may vary according to climatic and soil conditions.

Marglobe—A very productive variety and perhaps the best in this section, in our trials a very excellent sort. Second early in season. Plants medium, large and erect, shading the fruit well. Fruit large, red, smooth and globular.

Norton—A late round large solid variety which has been evolved from the well known variety Stone. It seems to have all the good qualities of that variety and therefore can be confidently recommended.

Marvana—Somewhat resembles Earliana in earliness, habit of growth and color of fruit.

Marvelosa—A Ponderosa Hybrid. The fruit is pink, large meaty, and smooth.

TREE TOMATO (Cyphomandra)

Sub-tropical shrub; fruit is edible and resembles the Tomato, but is not in any way related to it.

Pkt., 1/-

VEGETABLE MARROW

(Courge, Fr.) Pkt., 6d.

CULTIVATION.—To grow Vegetable Marrows successfully, follow the instructions that are given for Cucumber and Pumpkin. Sow when frosts are over in spring.

See also **SUMMER SQUASH**, many of which are similar to Marrows.

TRAILING VARIETIES

YATES' IRONBARK MARROW—This is of true marrow shape, and can be used green like any other Marrow, but, if allowed to ripen, will keep all through the winter, and will cook as dry and as well as the best Pumpkin, and is of excellent flavor. Crop failed.

LONG CREAM—Up to fifteen inches or more long, cream color and of splendid flavor, heavy yielder.

LONG GREEN—Green with lighter markings, a "dry" Marrow, excellent flavor.

YATES' RICE MARROW—A variety which can be strongly recommended. Fruit is thick set, hard dark green skin and heavy cropper. When boiled the flesh tends to separate like grains of rice. It is dry and a grand table sort. By some it is preferred to all other Marrows.



BUSH VARIETIES

Those with limited garden space are strongly advised to plant only the Bush varieties. The plants are compact, do not run, and produce a large number of fine fruit close to the main stem.

LONG WHITE FRUITED BUSH—Heavy cropper, splendid sort.

LONG GREEN FRUITED BUSH—Compact, good flavor.

CUSTARD MARROW—Round scalloped shaped fruit, of golden-yellow color, medium size, good flavor.

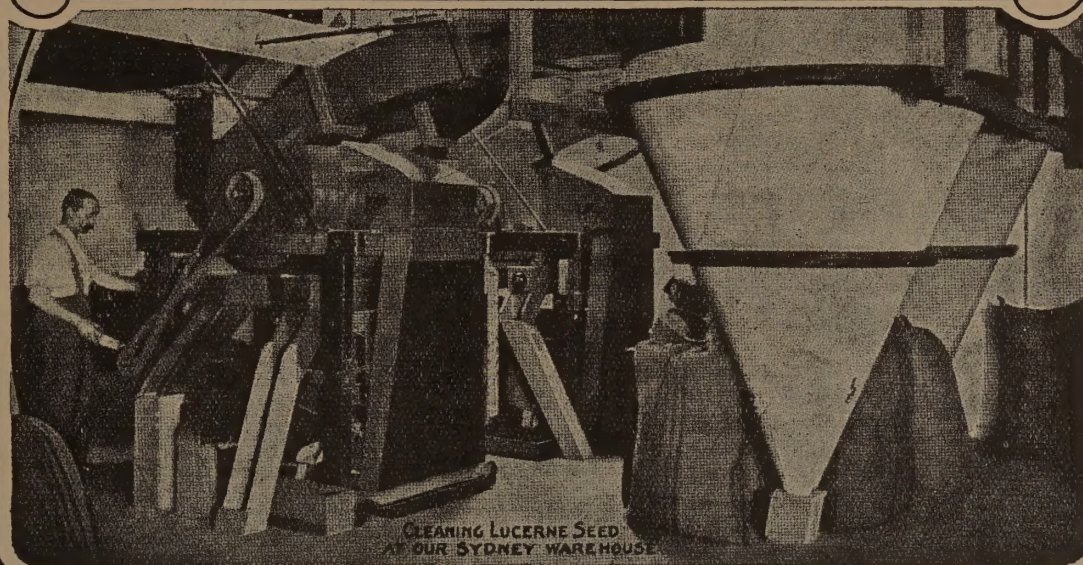
YATES' RE-MACHINED AND TESTED FARM SEEDS AND BIRD SEEDS

We have only space in this Garden Seed Annual to draw attention briefly to our high-grade Re-machined and Tested Farm Seeds. We publish each autumn and spring a full descriptive catalogue of seasonable lines, and these should be in the hands of all farmers, graziers, and others engaged in this Primary Industry. Also we have a regular Price List of Farm Seeds which is always current, and which is posted immediately on request.

With Farm Seeds quality (comprising growth, purity and strain) is of paramount importance, as it represents the difference, very often, between profit and loss. Every progressive farmer recognises this, as evidenced by the fact that every year the demand for our high-grade farm seeds is greater than any preceding year.

The home of Yates' Re-machined and Tested Farm Seeds is the largest and most completely fitted Warehouse in Australia.

LUCERNE SEED



CLEANING LUCERNE SEED
AT OUR SYDNEY WAREHOUSE

Pasture Grasses

In our coastal, tablelands, and western slopes districts, the question of laying down new pasture grasses and of improving established ones is becoming increasingly important. Where there is a good and fairly regular rainfall much can be done in improving the quality and carrying capacity of pasture lands. The main and most important grasses are:—Wimmera Rye Grass, Phalaris Bulbosa, Tall Oat Grass, Tall Fescue, Cocksfoot, Perennial Rye Grass, Italian Rye Grass, Pairie Grass, Rhodes Grass and Paspalum. All pastures should be spelled at intervals, to allow the finer and more palatable grasses to recuperate and to re-seed themselves down, this is specially necessary with the native grasses. To those contemplating laying down new pastures we specially recommend the Pasture Mixtures suggested on page 7 of Yates' Autumn Farm Seed Catalogue—a copy will be mailed immediately on request.

Lucerne

For over thirty years we have been handling Lucerne Seed in large quantities, and it follows naturally that we have gained a wealth of experience. Our cleaning and testing plant for this particular line is as nearly perfect as we can make it. To obtain a successful stand in the various situations, soils and climates in which Lucerne is now being sown, it is essential to use a highly vigorous strain, such as Yates' A.Y. Broadleaf Giant Upright. Seed saved from irrigated stands lacks the hardy constitution of that grown without irrigation. Our A.Y. Broadleaf Giant Upright strain is saved on selected farms in those districts in which, owing to special natural conditions, has been evolved a long standing, drought resisting strain which has proved itself suitable to Australian conditions.

FARM SEEDS AND BIRD SEEDS (continued)

Clovers

These are a wonderful family of plants supplying a great need in Australian pastures, viz., Winter and Early Spring Feed. In addition their high protein content makes them good flesh builders rather than fatteners and they make excellent hay and are particularly good soil renovators. The most important varieties are:—White Clover, Perennial Red Clover, Subterranean Clover, Trifolium Incarnatum (Crimson Clover), Berseem (or Egyptian) Clover, Strawberry Clover, Bokhara (or White Sweet) Clover and Alsike. In connection with pasture improvement and the establishment of new pastures, Subterranean Clover is being sown in tremendous quantities, while White Clover and Red (or Cow Grass) Clover are also being extensively used. For growing with a grain crop for hay we suggest Perennial Red, Incarnatum and possibly Berseem Clovers. For green manuring Berseem and Bokhara give excellent results, the former is exceedingly quick growing and is extensively used in orchards for planting between the trees. Perennial Red and Incarnatum are also very useful.

Maizes, Sorghums, Sudan Grass and Millets

These four lines cover the greater part of the summer fodder requirements of our farmers, and in each case we are well equipped to offer the best samples. We regularly stock all the popular varieties of Maizes, Sorghums and Millets, and exercise great care in the selection of samples, procuring supplies from districts where strains and types are as far as possible, uniform and correct. We have kept up-to-date with the newer varieties of Sorghums which have lately been introduced, and usually have supplies of all those which have proved of any commercial value.

In the case of Sudan Grass, we take the greatest care to supply samples free from Sorghum Hybrids. Although we cannot and do not guarantee that the seed we offer is free from Hybrid Strains, we wish our customers to know that, realising as we do the importance of this matter, we are most particular in the selection and examination of our samples of seeds, making exhaustive enquiries about the origin and place of growth, and, furthermore, every sample is passed by the Dept. of Agriculture as free of injurious Sorghum Hybrids. As a result of this we are pleased to be able to say that during the whole of last summer we did not receive one complaint of any Sorghum Hybrids in seed supplied by us.

Seed Grain

The sale of re-machined and tested seed grain is a speciality with us, and there are two main classes of customers to whom the superior samples sent out by us always appeal.

(1.) The farmer who wishes to grow for grain or seed. These customers require samples that are as free as it is possible to make them of all impurities, weed seeds, broken seeds, etc., and which contain only the heaviest and most plump grains.

(2.) The farmer who is growing for green fodder. The custom of growing Oats or Wheat for green fodder is confined mostly to our rich coastal districts. These coastal men have found by experience that a "bag of Oats" from a store will not provide anything like the same quantity or quality of first-grade green fodder, free of weeds and objectionable growth, as will a bag of "Yates' A.Y. Extra Prime Algerians," which can be obtained in sealed bags from Yates' agent in his own town. We regularly stock all the leading varieties of Oats, Wheat, Barley, Rye Corn, Tares, Field Peas, etc., and willingly submit samples for those who will compare quality as well as price.

Yates' Famous Bird Seeds

ORDER THEM THROUGH YOUR GROCER

We are the largest suppliers of bird seeds in Australia, and keep large stocks of all the different varieties of seeds used by bird fanciers. Having exceptionally complete facilities for buying and regrading, we are confident that our prices will be found competitive and our quality unequalled. The seed is all heavily cleaned and freed from dust and other impurities.

Yates' Top-Note Mixture

For Canaries, Finches and other small birds.

This mixture is made up in scientific proportions and contains all seed necessary to keep cage birds in robust health. Furthermore, we vary the proportions to suit the requirements of birds at the different seasons of the year.

Yates' Parrot Food

For Parrots, Cockatoos, Parrakeets, etc.

Is made up from selected seed and grains, such as Maize, Sunflower, Wheat, Oats, Hemp, Peanuts, etc., and is mixed in the proper proportions to keep this class of birds in perfect health and plumage. This mixture ensures a varied diet such as the birds get in their wild state.

Made up and Packed in 2 lb. Nett Cotton Bags Solely by

ARTHUR YATES & CO. LTD., 184-186 Sussex Street, Sydney

Yates' choice strains of FLOWER SEEDS for the Garden Beautiful



THE BEAUTY OF FLOWERS

"Who can paint
Like nature? Can imagination boast,
Amid its gay creation, hues like hers?" —James Thomson

No picture, nothing of man's handiwork, can equal the colouring of flowers, even the every-day garden blooms. It baffles reproduction and begs description.

Flowers are altogether lovely and incomparable in a trinity of colour, form and fragrance; they seem intended to cheer and comfort mankind, and to awaken and deepen the love and appreciation of beauty. Children love and treasure

them, and to all sorts and conditions of men and women it is their greatest joy to tend them while growing and cherish them when gathered. The giving of flowers is an old, old custom, which in later years has extended enormously, but no blooms, however choice or costly, carry quite the same message as do the flowers from your own garden.

SOWING DIRECTIONS

WITH EXPLANATION OF FLOWER SEED REFERENCE LETTERS.

For cultural information and instructions for obtaining the very best results and most pleasure from the flower garden, we would specially recommend Yates' Garden Guide, written by enthusiastic gardeners especially for the amateur. This is the most complete and useful small gardening manual published in Australia. We have had nearly half a million inquiries for Yates' Garden Guide. Price 1/-, post free. In the following pages of Flower Seeds the different varieties are marked with reference letters, and by referring to the table below, the amateur will be able to plant them at the right time and to give them the most suitable treatment in sowing.

H.A.—Hardy Annual. Sow in Autumn or Spring.

H.H.A.—Half-hardy or tender Annual. Sow in late Spring.

H.P.—Hardy Perennial. Sow in Autumn.

H.B.—Hardy Biennial. Sow in Autumn.

A.—The seeds of these can be planted to advantage in the borders where the plants are to grow, thinning out to the proper distances apart when the seedlings are up. Or they can be raised in seed pans or nursery beds, and transplanted when large enough.

B.—These plants do not transplant well, and are best sown in the borders where the plants are to grow, thinning to the proper distances apart when large enough.

C.—These plants are best raised in pans, boxes, or sheltered nursery beds.

D.—Only suitable for raising under glass or frames. In the winter artificial heat would be required.

E.—Suitable for very hot sunny positions, and will thrive in the warmer districts as well as in the more temperate climates.

F.—These do best in the cooler districts, say where the English fruits thrive.

G.—If grown in warm climates require a shady position.

GARDENING TERMS

Annuals—Plants which complete their life span within a year. They require to be raised from seed every year.

Biennials—Plants which being raised from seed one year, complete their life and die the next.

Perennials—Plants which live more than two years.

Herbaceous Plants—Those perennials whose stems die annually, while their roots continue alive in the earth.

Early—Applied to plants whose growing season is short, and which mature quickly. For this reason if late sowing becomes necessary an early sort usually does best.

Late—Applied to plants which take longer to complete their growth than other varieties of their species.

Hardy Plants—Are those with a vigorous constitution which will thrive in the open ground without much care.

Tender (or Half-Hardy)—Is a term applied to all plants which, being of delicate growth, require special care in raising. The term is more generally applied to those which are easily killed by extreme cold. Many plants, such as Tomatoes, are very tender in the early Spring, but become quite hardy when the weather gets warmer.

COLLECTIONS OF CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

COLLECTIONS OF ONE KIND.—Special Collection Offers of practically all the more popular flowers will be found throughout our Flower Seed pages. These Special Offers are made up to suit the requirements of the home gardener, and carry a special concession in price. In addition the purchaser receives a fine assortment of colors or varieties, better perhaps, than if he chose them himself.

COLLECTIONS OF ASSORTED KINDS.—These will be found particularly suitable, and we give extra good value when the selection is left to us in this way. We also pick out the strong growing, easily raised varieties that are likely to succeed and give good satisfaction. We cannot break these Collections, but if customers wish any varieties to be left out of them, we will replace with other suitable sorts. We will send them all post free at prices quoted, and they may be ordered through any of our country agents, who would supply them at a few days notice.

A—Twelve Choice Varieties of Pure White Flowers for Altar Decoration or making wreaths or bouquets. 3s.

B—Twenty Choice Flowers for Spring Planting. Suitable for summer bedding, viz., varieties which stand the heat and a fair amount of dry weather, and yet make a good show of bloom. 5s.

C—Twelve Choice Flowers for Spring Sowing. These will flower during the summer and autumn, and include some of the more expensive seeds. 3s.

D—Twelve Varieties of Flowers for Spring Sowing, of the cheaper kinds only. 2s.

E—Twenty Choice Flowers for Autumn Planting. Suitable for bedding out in early spring, and will make a splendid show during the spring and early summer months, when the Collection "B" previously offered will take their place. 5s.

F—Twelve Choice Flowers for Autumn Planting. Similar to "E" and containing many of the more expensive varieties. 3s.

G—Twelve Flowers for Autumn Planting, of the cheaper varieties only. 2s.

H—Twelve Perennials for Autumn Planting. These will bloom the following spring if sown in March or early April. 3s.

I—Everlasting Flowers. Six choice varieties. 1s. 3d.

J—Ornamental Grasses. Six choice distinct varieties, 2s., or twelve varieties, 3s. 6d.

K—Twelve Choice Climbers. We give good distinct varieties only. 4s.

L—Six Choice Climbers, similar to the above. 2s. 6d.

SPECIALS FOR CHILDREN

Few pursuits are so interesting, and have so good an educating influence on youthful minds, as growing flowers. To enable parents to supply their youngsters with small packets of assorted seeds, we make the following Collections. The packets are small, but quite large enough for the children's garden, and the price is low enough to enable each child to have one. Where there are a number of children, it is a good plan to offer a prize for the best kept garden, and to supply each with a small collection of seed.

M—Six Small Packets of Assorted Hardy Flowers, our selection, 1s.

N—Twelve Small Packets of Assorted Hardy Flowers, our selection, 2s.

To prevent mistakes, please mention the distinguishing letter in ordering any of these Collections, also the price.

Novelties and New Plants FOR 1928

OFFERED THIS SEASON FOR THE FIRST TIME

Each year there comes from all over the world news of the evolution of new strains and new plants. In order to give enthusiasts an opportunity of trying these at once, we offer the following list, which we consider to be the best of the introductions this season, and to be suitable for Australian conditions. We ourselves have not, of course, had any opportunity of testing these in our trial grounds, and so we offer them under the descriptions given by their originators. Supplies are expected to arrive during January, February and March, and orders will be executed on arrival.

AMARANTHUS, Dwarf Tricolor

This dwarf Amaranthus, growing about 18 inches high and with all the beautiful foliage of the well-known tall variety, offers wonderful possibilities as a pot plant for house and conservatory decoration or border work.

Per pkt., 1/6

CALENDULA

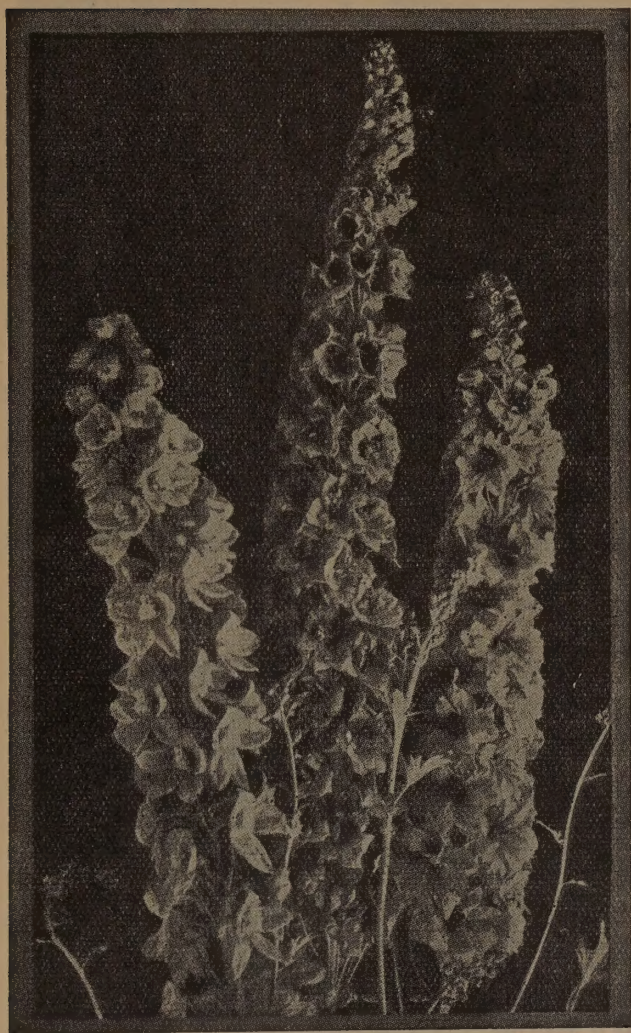
The Broad-Leaved or English Pot Marigolds are, owing to improved stocks, now so popular for border display and house decoration that the following new shades are sure to be of interest:—

Golden King—Hardy and vigorous.

Per pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 2/6

Lemon King—A select strain harmonising well with the former.

Per pkt., 1/-; 1 oz., 1/3



Types of the Wedgwood Hybrid Delphiniums.

DELPHINIUM, Wedgwood Hybrids

This strain has been carefully selected for a number of years in an endeavour to obtain a perfectly blended mixture of all the most beautiful colors. All inferior shades have been rigidly excluded. We offer as a complete mixture at 1/6 per pkt., or in the following selected blends—Light Blue Shades, Deep Blue Shades, Mid-Blue Shades, Pastel Shades. Each 1/6 per packet.



The new Portoria Strain of Gaillardia Hybrids.
(See next page).

NOVELTIES AND NEW PLANTS (continued)

CARNATION, Chabaud's Giant Improved

A new acquisition in the line of Carnations, coming into bloom about six months after sowing and blooming very freely; they are reputed to come about 90% double and are highly clove scented. Per pkt., 1/6

CELOSIA THOMPSONI DWARF

This is a new introduction of the feathered cockscomb in so far as it is low growing and can be used as a pot plant or for border work. We offer two colors.

Purple Red

Per pkt., 1/-

Rosy Chamois.

Per pkt., 1/-

DIMORPHOTHECA, Golden West

A new selection of this summer flowering annual with bright butter-cup yellow flowers. Should provide a handsome border for a bed of Zinnias or Phlox.

Per pkt., 1/-

GAILLARDIA, "Portola" Hybrids

A new strain of perennial Gaillardias bearing flowers of immense size. The colors range through shades of bronzy red with the characteristic golden tipped petals.

Per pkt., 1/6

HELICHRYSUM, Rose Queen

A new and very vigorous rich deep rose, beautiful under artificial light. A valuable addition to the Strawflower group.

Per pkt., 1/-



Showing the vigor and free-flowering habit of the new White Primula Malacoides.

LILIUM, Regale

A very beautiful Chinese Lily bearing large trumpet-shaped fragrant flowers, white flushed yellow with ruby red on back of petals. Flowers in two years from raising.

Per pkt., 2/6

PETUNIA, Dwarf Snowball

A pure white variety similar in habit to Rosy Morn and could be used in conjunction with the latter for massing.

Per pkt., 1/-

PRIMULA MALACOIDES, Snow Queen

A much stronger and more vigorous strain of the old white Primula Malacoides. It is a pure white and very floriferous.

Per pkt., 1/6

RANUNCULUS, Camellia-Flowered

From the display this strain produced in the Sydney Botanic Gardens last spring, it would appear to be a great advance on all other strains at present grown. The flowers are of immense size, of great substance, and throw a very large proportion of doubles, while the range of colors leaves nothing to be desired. Flowers in 6-7 months from raising.

Per pkt., 2/-

SALVIA, Parma Violet

A quite distinct new color is this Salvia. It is of compact growth, very branching and grows about 18 inches high.

Per pkt., 1/6



The beautiful new Rose Queen Strawflower (Helichrysum).

NOVELTIES AND NEW PLANTS (continued)

SWEET PEAS, Early Flowering

Mrs. Calvin Coolidge—The color is a glorious shade of bright salmon pink with an elusive suffusion of bronzy orange in the standard. The wings show a delicate rose cast, adding to the freshness of the flowers. Per pkt., 2/-

Early Bright Light—Claimed by Raiser to be the brightest of all orange scarlets. It is absolutely sunproof and one of the most valuable for cutting. Per pkt., 2/-

Giant Rose—An improved Rose Pink; it is a vigorous grower and has extra long stems carrying large blooms nicely arranged, which makes it specially valuable for bunching. Per pkt., 2/-

Imperial Pink—A clear pink of enormous size, bred from a line of strong parentage insuring a vigorous growth, long stems and an abundance of bloom. Per pkt., 2/-

SWEET PEAS, Late Flowering

Adorable—A delightful shade of salmon cerise, on cream ground. Per pkt., 1/6

Brilliant Rose—A glowing shade of bright rose with a suffusion of bronzy rose. Per pkt., 1/6

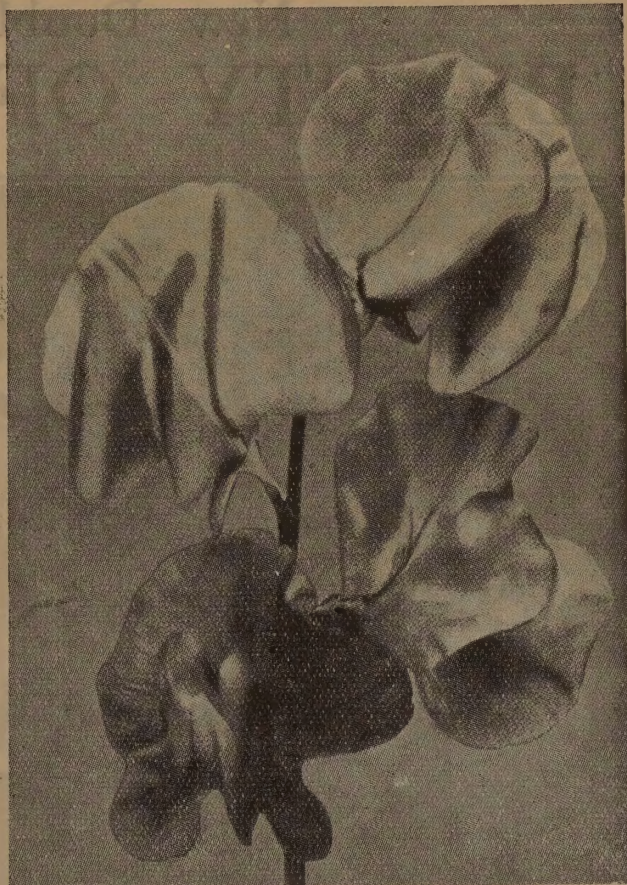
Happiness—An attractive shade of coral pink on cream ground with slightly deeper wings. Per pkt., 1/6

Fluffy Ruffles—A duplexed and heavily frilled variety of a lovely rich rose pink shade. Per pkt., 1/6

Pinkie—A large deep rose pink, free from any tinge of blueness. Per pkt., 1/6

Sunkist—Large rich cream with rich pink picotee edge. Per pkt., 1/6

Hero—A brilliant clear cerise which in sunshine or artificial light appears to be suffused with salmon. Per pkt., 1/6



This is the new Sweet Pea, Early Bright Light; coming from one of the best raisers, it promises to be a champion variety.

POMEGRANATE, Dwarf Red

A hardy pretty dwarf plant growing to a height of 18 inches. It flowers within 12 months from seed and bears a continuous crop of bright red flowers. The fruit which is about 1½ to 2 inches in diameter is also very decorative. Per pkt., 1/-

STOCKS

The following are new varieties in the wonderful Giant Perfection Strain which, by sheer merit, is rapidly replacing all other classes.

Golden Rose—A rich light rose enhanced by golden centre. Per pkt., 2/-

Antique Copper—A strong Helebre red overlaid with copper. Per pkt., 2/-

VERBENA, Etna Hybrid

Produces immense blooms of an intense geranium red with a small creamy eye. This should prove excellent for mass bedding, especially if bordered with the ordinary blue Verbena. Per pkt., 1/6

VIOLA CORNUTA, Apricot

A distinct shade from other varieties hitherto grown and should blend well with Papilo and other blue varieties. Per pkt., 1/-



This photo shows that the new Camellia-Flowered Ranunculus is aptly named.

NOVELTIES AND NEW PLANTS (continued)

New Double Hydrangea "BEAUTY OF CANBERRA"



*Left:
New Double
Hydrangea
"Beauty of Canberra"*

*Right:
Showing the great
size of the florets
compared with
the single type*

During the 1927 season there appeared among a patch of young propagated plants of the ordinary Hydrangea a distinct and most interesting break. This was closely watched and further plants propagated as soon as the original plant was large enough. These, in turn, were carefully grown on and flowered, and in each case the blooms came true to the new type. Realising this new Double Hydrangea to be a decided acquisition to this family of beautiful flowering plants, we are making preparations for a big demand as soon as plants can be supplied. In the limited time at our disposal we are working up our stock and, all going well, we anticipate having a supply of nicely rooted plants for distribution about November, 1929.

The accompanying illustrations (much reduced in size) will assist our readers to form an idea of the comparative size and form of the individual florets of "Beauty of Canberra" Hydrangea, and the ordinary

type as at present grown. But the photographs fail altogether to convey the beauty and delicacy of coloring and surface, and the superb form of the large trusses as a whole.

The individual florets are up to two inches in diameter with petals of great substance, beautiful bluish pink in color and of an attractive transparent waxy appearance, somewhat similar to blooms of the Begonia family. In form the flowers have an outer row of overlapping single petals surrounding a prettily formed rosette of smaller petals in the centre.

The plant seems just as hardy and as easily grown as the ordinary present day varieties.

We are now booking orders at the following rates:

STRONG-ROOTED PLANTS.

Delivery about November, 1929.

1 plant	5/-	6 plants	27/-
3 plants	14/-	12 plants	47/6

Postage and Packing Free.

FLOWER GROWERS and NURSERYMEN

Flower Growers, Florists, Nurserymen and others who use flower seeds in Greater Quantities than those quoted in this Retail Catalogue, should write for our complete "Bulk Flower Seed List," which will be sent on request to all bona-fide applicants.

ABUTILON (Lantern Flower)

(H.P.—C.)—A pretty flowering perennial shrub; hardy, except in cold climates.

Hybridum Maximum (Giant Flowered)—These have immense flowers measuring up to three inches across; mixed colors; 8 feet high.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

ACROCLINIUM

(H.A.—A.) Lovely everlasting flowers, valuable for cutting. Plant out in a sunny border. 1ft. high.

Roseum—Double. Bright rose.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

AGATHEA (Blue Marguerite)

(H.P.—A.E.) Has charming blue Aster-like flowers. They like a sunny situation. One of the showiest of our border flowers.

Coelestis—Blue, with yellow centre; 18 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

AGERATUM (Floss Flower)

(H.A.—A) Lovely bedding plants with beautiful lavender blue flowers. Sow in the Autumn or Spring in seeds beds or boxes and transplant into their permanent position.

Imperial Dwarf Blue—Suitable for edgings or small beds; 6 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Imperial Tall Blue—Valuable for cut flowers and florists' work; 18in. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

ALONSOA

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty dwarf plants, throwing up spikes of beautifully tinted flowers.

Warscewiczii—Brilliant scarlet; 18 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

ALWOODII (Perpetual Flowering Pinks)

(H.P.) A hardy race of wonderfully free-flowering and sweetly perfumed plants, eminently suitable for massing and bordering. Although allied to the Carnations they are distinct from the exhibition sorts offered elsewhere; 1ft. high.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

ALYSSUM

(H.P.—A.) Pretty dwarf perennial plants, for edgings, borders and rock work.

Alyssum Procumbens (Carpet of Snow)—A very select strain, growing only about two and a half inches high. The blossoms are massed, completely hiding all the foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-

Lilac Queen (Compactum)—A very pleasing change from the usual white sorts.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Odoratum (Benthami)—White and very fragrant; 6 inches high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Saxatile—Produces a mass of golden flowers, very effective; 9 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6

AFRICAN DAISY—Cee Gerbera, also Arctotis, also Dimorphotheca.

AMARANTHUS

(H.H.A.—A.E.) Magnificent border plants, with the most brilliant foliage. To obtain the best results, a few seeds should be sown during September, October, or November, when the ground is warm, in clumps, where they are intended to grow, afterwards thin out, leaving the most promising for color. Give plenty of manure and water during the growing period. They should be planted out in the sunniest border in the garden; the more sun the more brilliant the color. They will make a gorgeous show in the autumn.

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

NEW HYBRIDS.

These are a wonderful acquisition, the shades being most brilliant. They grow 5-6 feet high.

Aurora—Red, yellow and dark green with brilliant carmined head.

Henderii—Rose-carmine with orange-buff, golden-yellow and olive green.

Brilliant—Various shades of red.

Queen Victoria—Beautifully colored foliage. Crop failed.

Quadricolor—Red, brown, and yellow spots on green ground.

Each Color. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Mixed Hybrids. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Salicifolious Improved (Fountain Plant)—Long narrow leaves, pink foliage; 6 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Tricolor Improved (Joseph's Coat)—Yellow, red, and green; very showy; 4 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Collection of four of above varieties, distinct, our selection 1/6

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

(H.P.—C.F.) These are amongst the most beautiful of all hardy perennials and thrive in a moist open border. They do not give the best results till they are old-established plants. In our cooler districts a bed of these plants in full bloom in the spring is one of the most beautiful sights imaginable, and even about Sydney they do very well. They are long-lived plants, but we would recommend that a small sowing be made each year to keep up a vigorous stock. 4 feet. high. Sow Jan.—Feb.—March.

Yates' "Derwent" Long Spurred—All Long Spurred types in a splendid mixture of colors. We have included in this the finest English exhibition strains; we are growing and selecting them at our Tasmanian Seed Farm, where they come to great perfection, and we do not believe that a better and more varied mixture of choice Columbines can be supplied.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 2/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 4/-

Long Spurred, Mrs. Scott Elliott Strain.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/-

Long Spurred, Fine Mixed—

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6

Coerulea—Sky-blue, white corolla, long spurs.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-

Copper Queen (1927 Novelty)—Copper red with straw-color corolla, dark colored spurs.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Glandulosa Major—Deep violet blue, white corolla.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Skinnerii—Scarlet, tipped green; very handsome.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/9

ANTIRRHINUM or SNAPDRAGONS

(H.P.—A.E.) These are now offered in four distinct types, namely—Tom Thumb or Extra Dwarf, Large-Flowered or Semi-Dwarf, Tall Large-Flowered, and Tall Giant Flowered.

For the average garden and for massing in borders the Large Flowered Semi-Dwarf are recommended as extremely suitable, but if it can be arranged, all four types should be planted. For edgings or massing along the front of borders the Tom Thumb sorts are splendid, and make a gay show; the tall large-flowered Antirrhinums are well-known for the length of spike, size of bloom, and rich coloring; these are most effective in clumps, or at the rear of borders.

The Antirrhinum has been in great favor with horticultural specialists of recent years, with the result that a truly splendid range of named varieties is now available in each section, and some very charming color schemes may be devised and carried out by the judicious selection of varieties in each of the above sections.

These newer Antirrhinums are recommended with every confidence as some of our very best flowers for Spring and Summer blooming. They stand the hot weather well, and will grow in dry, sunny positions, where many other plants will fail. Keep all dead flowers cut off to encourage a long blooming season. Hardy perennials. They do best sown in the Autumn, but can also be sown in the Spring.

LARGE-FLOWERED SEMI-DWARF—For massing in borders these cannot be excelled, more especially as most of the shades of color blend so harmoniously together. The flowers are large and very showy, and, if they are picked as soon as they fade, the plants will continue in bloom for a long period. We offer the following distinct varieties as representative of the very best in this section, including the best English and American introductions.

TWO FINE RECENT INTRODUCTIONS.

PEERLESS PINK—A beautiful variety specially selected for florist's use. We are confident that it will be well received. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6

PINK PERFECTION—An entrancing pink with a slight suffusion of salmon. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6

Amber Queen — Yellow tinted chamois pink.	Fascinator — Flesh pink.	Orange Prince — Orange and salmon rose.
Black Prince — Black-red.	Gloria — Rich deep rose.	Purity — Pure white
Coccinea — Scarlet.	Golden Queen — Yellow.	Queen of the North — Fine white.
Cottage Maid — Rose and white.	Grenadier — Orange-scarlet, white tube.	Rose Dore — Salmon rose.
Crimson Queen.	Mauve Queen — Rosy mauve.	Rose Queen
Daphne — Coral rose and white.	Maize Queen — Salmon and gold.	Terra Cotta Shades
Defiance — Dark scarlet.	Melrose — Silvery pink.	White Beauty — Pure white.
Diana — Rose pink, white tube.		

Each color.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3

SPECIAL OFFERS.

Six distinct varieties, our selection . . .	2/-
Twelve distinct varieties, our selection . .	3/6
Eighteen distinct varieties, our selection .	5/-

Yates' Semi-Dwarf Varieties, in mixture—

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

TALL, GIANT FLOWERED—A new class of Tall Antirrhinums attracting considerable attention. The flowers are of extraordinary size and distinct from anything that has been produced in Antirrhinums up to the present.

Brilliant Chamois Light tango.	Cerberus — Crimson red.	Golden Queen Old Gold
Cattleya — Silvery-rosy-lilac with golden lip.	Diamond — Scarlet with yellow lip and pinkish throat	Purple King
Copper King — Dark tango.	Gotland — Bright orange.	Snowflake — White with yellow throat
		The Rose — Very large.

Each color.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Tall Giant Flowered, Mixed Colors—

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Special Offer—Six varieties, our selection 2/-

TALL, LARGE FLOWERED—The majestic Giant Antirrhinums are particularly suitable for planting at the rear of borders, or between shrubs or other tall plants; we suggest that they are much more effective planted in clumps of separate colors, and for this purpose we offer Collections in separate colors. They are all large flowered, and the inferior colors have been discarded. We do not know of more showy or effective plants, or ones that will give a better range of color almost the year round. We offer the following distinct varieties:—

Pink Domino—

A recently introduced variety and one that has been very favorably commented upon. The color is a soft, clear rose-pink. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/-

Brilliant — Bright scarlet and yellow	Kermesina Splendens — Scarlet.	Venus — Fine soft pink.
Fire King	Rose	White
Harmony — Terra Cotta orange.	Scarlet	Yellow
Galathee — Crimson and white.	Silver Pink	Yellow, Striped
Ghestia — Dark blood-red.	Striped — Finest mixed.	Red and other varieties.

Each color.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

Tall, Large Flowered Varieties, in mixture—

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

Special Offer—Six varieties, our selection 2/-

Twelve varieties, our selection, 3/6

TOM THUMB OR EXTRA DWARF—For carpet bedding, or for massing in the fronts of borders, these very Dwarf Antirrhinums are particularly suitable; the flowers are large, varied and bright in color. To keep very dwarf for close bedding, pinch out the central spike and so encourage the lateral growth. Where only one type is planted we prefer the Semi-Dwarf Large Flowered varieties, but a border planted with the four types offered on this page will make a gorgeous show, and will last in bloom for a very long period, especially if the seed pods are removed as quickly as they set. We offer the following distinct varieties:—

Album — White.	Crescia — Crimson	Henry IV. — Scarlet
Aurea — Golden-yellow.	Cupreatum — Copper-red.	Galathee — Crimson and white.
Brilliant — Scarlet, white and yellow	Delila — Carmine and white.	Kermesina — Scarlet
Cinnabarinum — Rich red.	Firefly — Orange and scarlet.	Orange Yellow
		Roseum
		Sanguineum

Each color.

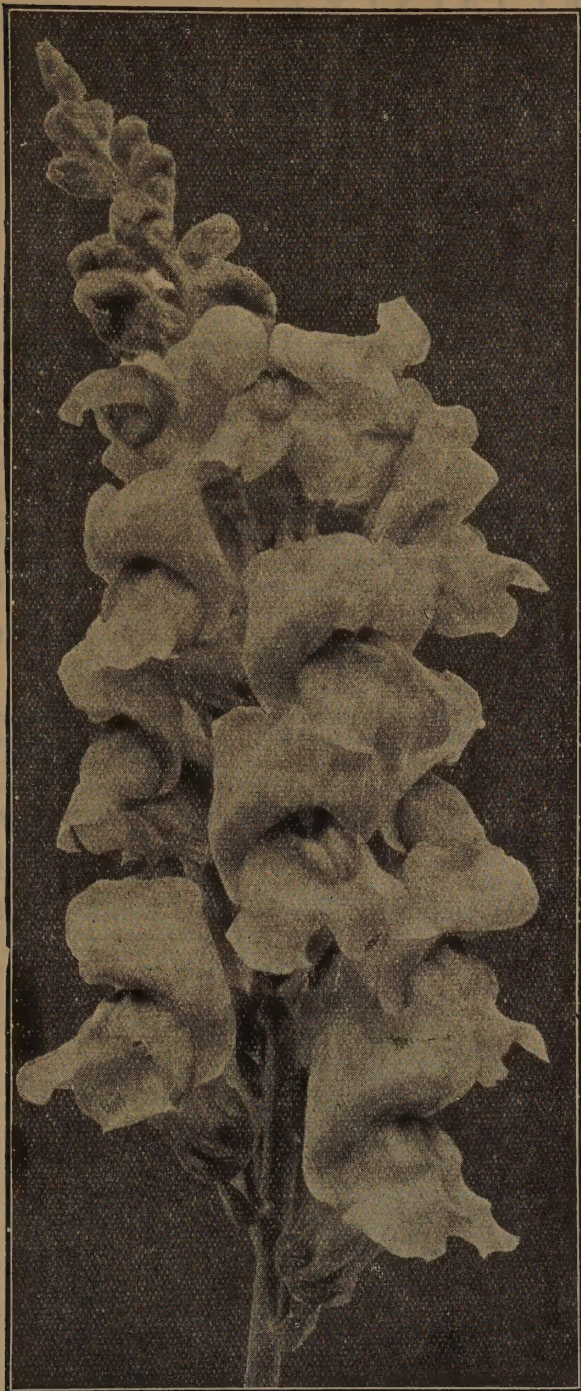
Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9

Yates' Tom Thumb Varieties, in mixture—

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/6

Special Offer—

Six varieties, distinct, our selection, 2/-



Magnificent spike produced from the Tall Large Flowered class of *Antirrhinum*.

ARCTOTIS (White African Daisy)

(H.A.—A.) A beautiful hardy annual from South Africa, growing well in our climate. They require a sunny border. 2 feet high.

Grandis—The flowers, which are white, are produced on long stems and are three inches across; the petals are pale lilac on the reverse side, and the centre disc is light blue. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

ARISTOLOCHIA ELEGANS—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

AMMOBIUM

(H.A.—A.) Everlasting flower, suitable for borders.

Alatum—Bears large white flowers; 2 feet.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/- $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

ANCHUSA (Cape Forget-Me-Not)

(H.B.—C.) A lovely border plant, does well in any soil with sunny situation.

Italica (Dropmore variety)—The best. Has intense gentian-blue flowers with white eye; particularly suitable for cutting; 3 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

ANEMONE (Windflower)

(H.P.—C.F.) Lovely spring flowering perennial plants of which we also offer the bulbs (see page 85). They are, however, easily raised from seed. For special instructions on raising these plants from seed see Yates' Garden Guide. Sow in late summer and autumn. One of the finest spring-flowering border plants for cool climates.

Coronaria, St. Brigid, Yates' Prize Strain—A distinct strain of most brilliant and striking colors, most of the flowers being semi-double; a splendid class; 12 inches high.

Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/-

Coronaria, St. Brigid, Creagh Castle Strain (1927 Novelty)—Said to be a more vigorous and varicolored strain of the above producing flowers of immense size.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Coronaria, Single, Mixed (Beauty of Caen)—Most showy and varied colors; 12 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

AURICULA

These plants grow best in partial shade and in climates where English fruits thrive; they love a moist cool situation. The seed should be sown during February or March, in a seed pan kept in a cool shady frame; afterwards transplant to boxes or nursery beds.

Alpine—Mixed colors; very fine strain; 9 inches high.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Make Liberal and Extended Sowings of Asters

For List of Asters, see next two pages.

Each year there are many disappointments with Asters, owing to depending entirely on one sowing which a late frost or a cold snap kills in the seedling stage. If you will have early plants, it is wise to make sowings at intervals of a few days or a week, so that when conditions are favorable for planting out you will have well-grown sturdy plants just at the right stage. On the whole we consider October the best month for sowing, as by this time the conditions are more favorable for germination and growth. When the plants are developing keep a watch out for the small grub which sometimes appears in the very heart of the plant. When detected it is best destroyed by "pinching" the foliage, thus destroying the grub. Dusting with lime helps to prevent this trouble and to keep the plants healthy.

We received this interesting letter from Mr. A. A. C—, Tenterfield, dated 26/3/28.

"I feel I can hardly allow the season just closing (as far as Asters are concerned) to pass without voicing the wonderful success I had with your Giant Crego Aster Seeds. Borne on plants easily two feet high, I had hundreds of blooms, the larger majority of which grew to well over four inches in diameter, and about five or six dozen attained $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 inches, and that without any intense disbudding or special feeding. I can assure you they were the admiration and envy of all who saw them, and I feel sure from remarks passed that you should do well with that particular strain here next season."

A YATES' SPECIALITY!

DERWENT STRAIN ASTERS

(H.H.A.—C.) The Asters offered below are nearly all saved on our own Seed Farms in Tasmania, and are of much stronger and more vigorous growth than any imported seed. We have tried Asters from every reputable grower in Europe and America, and we can say that no better strains are procurable than those we offer. See note as to sowings on previous page.

CULTIVATION OF ASTERS.

The best results are obtained from September and October sowing. They require rich well-manured open soil, and to be kept well watered and mulched in dry weather.

NOTES AS TO TYPES

The varieties of Asters generally grown can be divided, broadly speaking, into three main classes—those with long flat petals (sometimes slightly recurved) which include the Yates' Giant Crego, Californian Giants and Rochester types; those with short stiff straight or slightly curled petals, such as Yates' Tasmanian Branching, American Beauty, Heart of France and Crimson Giant; and the Single Asters which are so valuable for cutting.

We urge growers to include a fair share of the late Asters, as these usually come into bloom with the cooler weather, thus producing more perfect and longer lasting blooms.

Yates' Re-Selected Giant Crego Aster—A splendid strain, of free sturdy growth and attaining a height of two feet, well branched, with long strong stems; flowers are exceptionally large, often over four inches across. They last a long time when cut, and resemble Chrysanthemums in size and shape, and we confidently recommend these Giant Flowered Asters. We offer—White, rose, lavender, pink, dark blue, purple, light blue, deep rose, etc. Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ¼oz., 1/3 Separate Colors. Pkt., 6d.; Lge pkt., 1/-; ¼oz., 1/6
Special Offer—

Six distinct colors, our selection, 2/-

Nine distinct colors, our selection, 3/-

Yates' Tasmanian Branching Asters—They are much stronger and more vigorous in growth than the old varieties of this class, and do much better in our climate. They are well branched, and average two feet or more in height, and, in their season, are covered with twenty to thirty blooms of the short straight petalled type. We offer in separate colors:—Pink, rose, heliotrope, dark purple, pure white, deep rose, lavender, blue and other good shades.

Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ¼oz., 1/3
Separate colors. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ¼oz., 1/6

Special Offer—

Six distinct colors, our selection, 2/-

Nine distinct colors, our selection, 3/-

Heart of France Aster—A pure ruby-red Aster deepening a little with age, but retaining its purity of tone, claimed to be the best red Aster introduced. The flowers are medium size. The petals appear strikingly changeable, showing now a glow and sheen, now a soft warm velvety texture. In any light this variety is very beautiful.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 1/-; ½oz., 1/6

American Beauty Asters—These are undoubtedly a most beautiful class. In season they are late, thus escaping the very hot weather. The flowers last well and are very large, and of full short petalled type and are carried on long stems sometimes up to twenty-four inches. Plants are two to three feet high and well branched. We offer—Crimson, White Beauty, Rose, Azure Fairy, Purple, Peach Blossom (crop failed), Lavender, September Beauty (Shell Pink), Carmine Rose.

Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ¼oz., 1/6
Each variety—

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ¼oz., 1/3; ½oz., 1/9

Special Offer—

Six colors (our selection), 2/-

Californian Giant Asters—A strain of the Crego type, renowned for its robust habit and length of stem. The great size of flower and the long and sturdy stems make them of great value for all floral work. We offer four colors:—Peach blossom, deep rose, light blue, dark purple, white.

Mixed colors. Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 1/6
Each color.

Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 1/3; ½oz., 1/9

Special Offer—

Three colors (our selection), 1/3.



Yates'
Re-Selected

Giant Crego
Asters

ASTERS—(continued from previous page)

Rochester Asters—A highly developed strain of the Double Branching Comet type, but larger and fuller. The blooms have long narrow petals lying one over the other, forming a wonderful "shaggy" effect. In season they may be classed as early mid season. We have the following colors:—White, rose, lavender, deep rose, shell pink, purple and cerise.

Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 1/6
Each color.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 1/3; ¼oz., 1/9

Special Offer—Six colors (our selection), 2/-

Crimson Giant Aster—Plants of upright growth, about two feet six inches. Flowers large and double, of the full short petalled type, rich deep rose in color. Give a grand effect when massed.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 1/6

Fine Mixed Double Asters—Mixed colors, very showy, good range of color. Pkt., 3d.; ¼oz., 1/-

Large Flowered Single Comet—Although not of the same high germination as the other classes they are very decorative for borders and excellent for cutting. The flowers are large and of the most attractive colors. We can now supply the following colors:—White, lavender, rose and dark blue.

Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/3; ¼oz., 1/9

Each color. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/3; ¼oz., 1/9

Special Offer—

Four colors (our selection), 1/6

Nurserymen please see note as to prices on page 43.

BEGONIA

(H.H.P.—D.) We offer the choicest strains of Single and Double Tuberous Rooted Begonias, containing all the best colors and markings; they are saved by the best European growers. Sown in the early spring under glass they will, with good cultivation, flower during the ensuing autumn. See Yates' Garden Guide for instructions for cultivation; they can only be raised successfully under glass. For tubers for planting, see Bulb pages.

TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS

This type is suitable for bush-house or glass-house cultivation and may be grown in pots or beds.

Double, Finest Exhibition Strain—Saved by the most noted English grower. Every color is represented, and the flowers are of the finest form and quality.

Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Single—A very fine strain, English grown, containing every tint of orange, yellow, red, rose, pink and white. We also include in this a proportion of the crested and frilled types in their various colors.

Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Pendula—For hanging baskets. A very fine new variety, of trailing habit, especially suited for hanging in a glass or a warm bush-house, very light and graceful in appearance, the colors are chiefly shades of red, rose, salmon and pink.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Narcissus Flowered Hybrids—Scarlet and carmine shades. About 60 per cent. of the flowers are somewhat similar in form to a Trumpet Narcissus. The two outer petals forming the "perianth," while the inner petals form a conical tube or "trumpet" with more or less waved and fringed edge.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

BEGONIAS—(continued)

FIBROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS.

These are very useful for massing or borders in the open ground. Raised in the early spring they will make a wonderful show with their foliage and flowers for two to three months during the late summer and autumn.

Semperflorens—Mixed. Beautiful herbaceous bedding plants, containing ten of the best varieties of white, rose and red shades in mixture. 1ft. high. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 5/6; ¼oz., 8/-

Semperflorens, Nana Compacta—A much dwarfier strain than the above, so more suitable for bedding. The flowers have the same range of colors. 6in. high. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 10/-; ¼oz., 15/-

Gracilis, Prima Donna—A new bedding variety. Grows ten inches high, forming dense bushes, which are covered with rose-colored blooms. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Gracilis, Bonfire—This is a grand shade in the beautiful Bedding Begonias. The flowers, which are carried well above the handsome metallic brown foliage, measure up to one-and-a-half inches across, and are of a lustrous carmine-scarlet. 9in. high. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Gracilis Luminosa—This also is a splendid bedder; the flowers are deep scarlet and the satiny-brown-red foliage is considered by many a distinct improvement on other varieties of this class. 9 in. high. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

TUBERS OF CERTAIN LEADING CLASSES OF TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS ARE AVAILABLE DURING AUG.-SEPT. For particulars see YATES' SPRING SUGGESTIONS

BALSAM

(H.H.A.—C.E.) To grow the best Balsams, they should be sown late in spring in nursery beds, and pricked off (when in rough leaf) and transplanted into their permanent position; they thrive in rich moist soil. 18in. high.

Yates' Superb Double Rose and Camellia Flowered—Extra fine mixture of both these classes in all colors; one of the finest summer flowering annuals. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/6; ¼oz., 3/-

Special Offer—

Six distinct colors (our selection), 2/-

Good Mixed—A variety of shades.

Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-; ¼oz., 2/-

BALLOON VINE—See *Cardiospermum*, Creepers, pages 81-82.

BANANA PASSION FRUIT — See Creepers, pages 81-82.

BORONIA

(H.P.—C.F.) Requires a sandy peaty soil, and a cool, moist climate. Sow in seed pan or box in a cool shady situation. As these plants have a habit of dying out when they are a couple of years old, a small sowing should be made each season to keep up a vigorous stock, or, if the old plants are retained, cut back hard about the end of each year. 3 feet high.

Megastigma (The Sweet-scented Boronia)—

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 1/9; ¼oz., 2/9; 1/16oz., 4/3

BELLIS PERENNIS (Double Daisy)

(H.A. and H.P.—C.) Hardy perennials, but are best treated as annuals and resown each autumn; they make excellent bedding plants. 6in. high.

Yates' Prize Strain—A mixture of large-flowering named varieties of brilliant coloring.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Longfellow—Large, dark rose, long stems.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Snowball—Pure white—

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Maximus Tubulosa—Dark red—

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Giant Double Daisy (Monstrosa)—A new type of Giant Double Daisies, almost as large as small Asters. The flowers are just as perfect as the old varieties. We offer the three colors—White, Red, and Light Rose.

Separate colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6

Mixed colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9

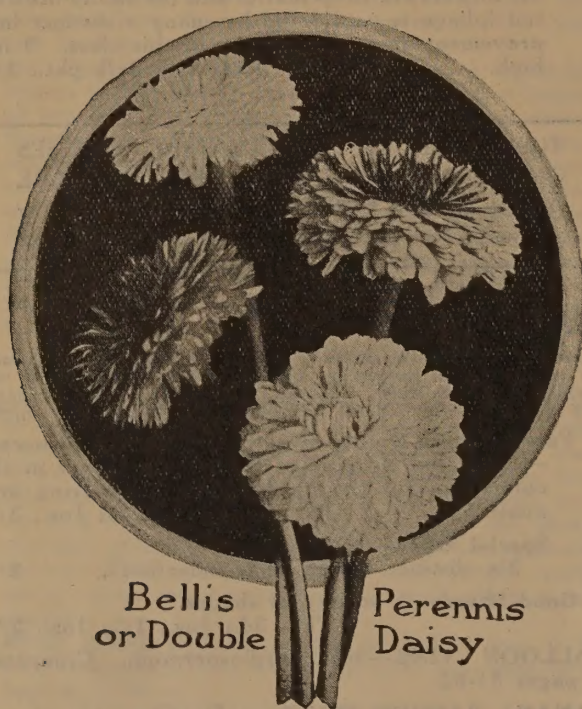
BELL FLOWER—See Campanula.

BIGNONIA TWEEDIANA—See Creepers, pages 81-2

BIRD OF PARADISE FLOWER—See Poinciana.

BLUE LACE FLOWER—See Didiscus.

BRAZILIAN GLORY PEA—See Sesbania Tripetii.



Bellis
or Double

Perennis
Daisy

CALENDULA (Broad-leaved or English Pot Marigold)

(H.A.—A.) Very showy, hardy annual, with gorgeous blooms; suitable for borders. 2 to 3 feet high.

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

Orange King (Ball's Extra Select Florists' Strain)—Double dark orange red. A very select strain for flower growers, growing under ordinary good conditions, 18in. high, flowers 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. across.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

Meteor Double, Orange—

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy)

(H.A.—E.) These are charming dwarf plants, with lovely Cineraria-like flowers; a native of Western Australia, and suitable for hot dry sandy situations.

Iberidifolia—Mixed white and blue. 18in. high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

CALAMPELIS SCABRA—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

CALCEOLARIA

(H.H.P.—D.) Lovely glass-house perennials, with gorgeous colored blooms. To grow these plants successfully is the test of a good and clever gardener, especially in climates such as Sydney. They require cool moist conditions, and to be kept free of insect pests; when successfully grown no flower gives a more gorgeous display. In the southern and cooler parts of Australia, and in Tasmania and Southern New Zealand, they are one of the most beautiful plants for spring blooming in the cool glass-houses. 2 feet high. For cultivation, see Yates' Garden Guide.

Hybrida, Yates' Superb Strain—Mixed colors; a selection of all the finest exhibition sorts.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Albert Kent—Produces masses of blooms of a bright golden yellow blotched rich maroon.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

CALIFORNIAN POPPY—See Eschscholtzia.

CALLIOPSIS (Coreopsis)

(H.A. and H.P.—A.E.) Very showy, hardy border plants; they continue to bloom through the hottest weather, and are much prized for cutting. They are hardy annuals, except Lanceolata varieties.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Drummondii—Yellow, crimson centre; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Tinctoria—A splendid mixture of yellow brown and mahogany shades; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Tinctoria Double—This is a double form of the well known single Tinctoria, and in our opinion this double form is a distinct advance. The strain includes all shades and combinations of yellow, brown and gold; 3 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Tom Thumb Dazzler—Rich maroon red centre with broad golden yellow border; free flowering; 12in. high.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Cardaminifolia—Mixed dwarf, compact, brown and yellow; 12 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

Lanceolata Grandiflora—A lovely golden yellow, single flower, hardy perennial, excellent for cutting, and borders; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

Lanceolata Double—A semi-double variety of this favorite perennial, excellent for cutting and coming fairly true. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

CAMOMILE—See Matricaria.

CAMPANULA (Bell Flower)

(H.B.—C.F.) The following are suitable for either the herbaceous border or for pot culture in the bush-house or window garden. They bloom the second season after sowing and are perennials. See also Canterbury Bells, which are varieties of Campanula.

Pyramidalis—Blue and white mixed; 3 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

Carpatica—Blue or white separately or mixed. Dwarf and compact; 4in. high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-



CANARY CREEPER—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

CANDYTUFT (Iberis)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual border plants, very showy for massing or edgings in borders. The strains we offer are very superior. Sow in the autumn or early spring.

CORONARIA TYPE

This class produces long spikes with numerous flowers placed closely up the stem as in the form of a hyacinth.

Yates' Hyacinth Flowered (Empress)—A grand strain, specially grown and selected at Yates' Seed Grounds Timperley (Eng.). It has pure white spikes of great beauty and fragrance; 12in. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Little Prince—A very select strain of dwarf white Candytuft, growing only four to six inches high; very robust and compact; charming for bedding. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

White Rocket—Splendid for cutting or for border work; 12in. high. Pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-

UMBELLATA TYPE.

This type produces long stems with a lot of small flowers bunched at the top.

Yates' Giant Flowered Hybrids—Choice mixed; this is the finest strain of mixed Candytuft yet introduced; the heads of bloom are double the size of the old varieties; there are also several new and delicate shades; 9in. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Fine Mixed—For border planting; 12in. high. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Crimson—Showy; 9in. high. Pkt., 6d.

Purple—Good for contrast; 9in. high. Pkt., 6d.

White—Very pretty, good for bedding; 9in. high. Pkt., 6d.

Rose Cardinal—Very showy. Pkt., 6d.
Each above four varieties, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT

Gibraltarica—Very large flowered perennial variety, of a beautiful tint of lilac, shading off to white. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

CARNATION

(H.P.—C.) Carnations are hardy perennials, and should be sown in autumn or spring. If sown in the autumn, they will flower the same year. To get good double flowers the best seeds only should be sown. Our choicest strains cannot be excelled. We have made a speciality of these plants. Sow in seed pans or boxes and shade from the sun. For a special article on the raising of Carnations from seed see Yates' Garden Guide. As the choicer strains are usually weak growers, they require care to raise them successfully. 2 feet high.

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

EXHIBITION TYPE

The seed of these varieties is saved from named plants, all of which are hand fertilised. A large proportion will come true to Exhibition type and a large number, of course, are obtained, some of which may not have been raised before.

Australian Show and Decorative Perpetuals (Australian saved)—These are from the best types and will give a very good proportion of the finest double flowers. All sections and colors in mixture. In packets of thirty seeds.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

American Perpetuals (Australian saved)—A very vigorous race, with long stiff stems, which make ideal flowers for cutting. They have extra large flowers, the petals are fringed, not "exhibition" type, and are particularly suited for cut flowers. Mixed seed of all sections and colors, in packets of thirty seeds. Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Allwood's Perpetual Border—A fine strain of English Carnation specially suitable for borders on account of its compact growth and having the well-known fragrant clove scent. This seed is hand fertilised by the leading English raiser.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Allwood's Perpetual Flowering—A fine strain of perpetual flowering Carnation, eminently suitable for bedding owing to its long flowering period.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Perpetual Flowering Nice Giant—A remarkably fine strain of double mixed Carnations. They produce a great variety of colors and a good percentage of large double flowers. Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

GARDEN or BEDDING TYPE

This class of Carnations is easily raised from seed and very free-flowering. They are by far the best for extensive bedding, being very fragrant (for which some prefer them to the Exhibition Type), and continue in bloom for a long period; should be treated as annuals and re-sown every year.

Margaret, Giant Malmaison—The plants are easily raised, and bloom in four to five months from sowing, producing in the greatest profusion, large well-formed and beautifully fragrant blooms on long stems. The seed of separate varieties produces quite a good percentage true to color. We offer:—

White, Dark Red, Rose, Violet, Yellow—

Each color. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/-
Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6

Margaret (Good Mixed)—A valuable class, producing large blooms of all colors, free-flowering. Splendid for bright sunny situations.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/6

Perpetual Flowering Pinks—See Allwoodii.

Nurserymen, please see note as to Prices on page 43.

CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula Medium)

(H.B.—C.F.) Very handsome favorite border plants. They are hardy biennials, and are best sown in February, March or April; they will then flower in the following spring. Our seed is saved from the most delicate colored varieties. They thrive best in cool climates; 2 feet high.

Single—We stock the white, rose and blue varieties separately.

Each color. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Double—All the best colors mixed; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Calycanthemum (Cup and Saucer)—has a large round petal at the back of the bell resembling a saucer. All colors mixed, charming; 24in. high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6



CELOSIA (Feathered Cockscomb)

(H.H.A.—B.E.) Stately border plants with gorgeous feathery blooms of the most glowing colors. They are half-hardy annuals and should be raised in their permanent position when the frosts are over for summer bedding. They are of easiest culture, requiring plenty of moisture, rich soil and lots of warm weather. They are extensively used in parks and large gardens, and require a sunny situation. 3 to 4 feet high.

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

THOMPSONI MAGNIFICA TYPE

Crimson King—Intense color. Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/-

Scarlet Prince—Vivid color— Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/-

Golden Queen—Rich yellow. Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/-

Mixed—A good strain containing the above fine sorts in mixture. Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/-

Pyramidalis Plumosa—Crimson yellow and scarlet, mixed. Pkt., 3d.; oz., 1/-

Pride of Castle Gould—A distinct new type of the Ostrich Plume Celosia. Mixed.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 2/3

Childsii (Chinese Woolflower)—An attractive class distinct in habit from other Celosias. The rounded flower heads resemble masses of soft wool and are borne abundantly. Splendid for cutting and for house use. We offer the following colors: Crimson, Pink, Yellow, Scarlet.

Each color. Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/6; 1/4 oz., 2/6

Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/6; 1/4 oz., 2/-

CAPE FORGET-ME-NOT—See Anchusa.

CAPE PRIMROSE—See Streptocarpus.

CARDINAL CREEPERS—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

CARDIOSPERMUM—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

CASTOR OIL PLANT—See Ricinus.

CAT'S CLAW—See Bignonia Creepers, pages 81-82.

CENTAUREA (Corn Flowers and Sweet Sultans)

(H.A.—A.) Lovely hardy annuals, very pretty, splendid for cutting. They are most easily grown and continue in flower a long time if sown in the autumn. In cool climates they may also be sown in the spring.

CYANUS TYPE

The well-known Cornflower family, growing about 3 feet high.

Rose Beauty—The color is a clear bright rose.

The double flowers are large and carried in great profusion. Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/3

Blue King—Deep blue, double flowers; 2ft.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/-

Double Mixed—Contains the above and many other shades of purple, lilac and white.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/-

SWEET SULTAN TYPE

Quite distinct from the Cyanus type, this class is very decorative and grows about 2 feet high.

Imperialis (Giant Flowering Sweet Sultans)—Produces blossoms from three to four inches across, of graceful, airy effect, and most deliciously fragrant. The colors vary from glistening white, through shades of red from flesh pink to crimson, and in blues from silvery lilac to royal purple. They are excellent for cutting. Mixed colors.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/- 1/4 oz., 1/6

Moschata—Similar to the above but more vigorous and not so highly selected. Colors comprise Yellow, Purple, Lavender and White.

Each Color. Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/-; 1/4 oz., 1/6

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 3d.; 1/4 oz., 1/-

Odorata Marguerite (White)—A very beautiful class, with double white blossoms; splendid for cutting and does well in our mild climate.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/-

Odorata Chameleon—A very beautiful flower, yellow and rose.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/-

CINERARIA

(H.H.A.—C.) Cinerarias are tender annuals which in very cold climates require to be grown in glass-house or bush-house, but in mild climates like Sydney or in warmer districts, they succeed splendidly in the open ground if sheltered from the wind and too much sun. Plant them out in rich loamy soil and keep the plants moving. The leaf miner, which is a trouble to Cinerarias, may be checked with regular spray of benzole emulsion or dusting with tobacco dust or lime—see Yates' Garden Guide.

Yates' Large Flowered Branching—A strain which has been carefully selected for many years past. The plants, if well grown, will reach three feet and will be almost as much across; they are very vigorous growers, well branched, and have thick leathery foliage. The flowers are large and of brilliant coloring, all inferior shades having been discarded.

Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; 1/2 oz., 5/-

Maritima—Quite distinct from the above; this is only grown for its white velvety foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/6

CHERRY PIE—See Heliotrope.

CHINESE LANTERN PLANT (or Winter Cherry)
See Physalis Francheti.

CHINESE BELL FLOWER—See Platycodon.

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER—See Celosia Childsii.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

(H.A. and H.P.—C.) Very favorite family of border plants. they are all hardy and excellent for cutting. Perennial types should be sown in the spring, and the annual types in the autumn.

PERENNIAL TYPES

Single, Yates' Early Flowering (Indicum)—Mixed colors. This seed is saved from a collection of the best of the newer single autumn flowering Chrysanthemums, similar to the plants offered in Yates' Spring Suggestions. They usually have two or three rows of petals of great substance, and are of a great variety of colorings and wonderful vigor. Sown in the early spring they will flower during the autumn; hardy perennial growing about 3 to 4 feet high.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 4/6

Double Early Flowering Indicum—A fine mixture saved from named varieties of the large double (so-called Japanese) Chrysanthemums. A fair proportion come true from seed.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Shasta Daisy (Excelsior)—Much the largest of the Shasta Daisies, measuring up to four and a-half inches in diameter. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/-

ANNUAL TYPES

A distinct type from the above, with Cosmos-like foliage and only growing to a height of about 2 feet. They are excellent for cutting, and are very free-flowering.

Evening Star—Pure golden yellow single flowers of really handsome appearance splendid for cutting.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Star of the East—A selection made in Yates' Seed grounds, Timperley (England). The single flowers are cream with a rich dark brown centre; very handsome and good for cutting.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Northern Star—The brilliant white of the petals, shading to soft yellow at the base, is in striking contrast to the large black centre disc; single flowers, splendid for cutting.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Tricolor—A class which has striking rings of rich color on the petals and surrounding the black centres. We offer the following:—

Chameleon—Light yellow changing to apricot with dark centre. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Mrs. W. E. Gladstone—Large velvety crimson. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Lord Beaconsfield—White petals with dark brown centre and an inner zone of yellow and an outer zone of rich brownish red.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Fine Mixed—Contains all the best colors.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Coronarium (Double Mixed)—White and yellow, effective hardy annual. 2 feet high.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6.



Double Clarkias—The colors now available are extremely dainty.

CLARKIA

(H.A.—A.) The new double varieties of this hardy annual are destined to become very popular on account of their dainty colorings which will harmonise in any setting. The flowers are formed in crinkly rosettes on the long stems in the manner of peach blossoms. They should be well staked and sheltered from strong winds as they grow to a height of about 2½ feet and the root growth is very shallow. Sow in the autumn.

We offer the following selected colors:—

Apple Blossom—Pink.

Salmon Queen.

Brilliant — Bright carmine rose.

Scarlet Queen.

Purple Prince — Light purple.

Chamois.

Queen Mary — Lovely rose.

Vesuvius — Orange scarlet.

Each color.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

Special Offer—

Four varieties (our selection), 1/6

Choice Mixed—Containing all the above—

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

CLIANTHUS

(H.P.—B.) Beautiful hardy plants, worthy of a place in any garden. They all do best if sown where intended to remain.

Dampieri (Sturt's Desert Pea) — Thrives in dry, poor, sandy soil; it is a native of the dry Australian interior, and it requires somewhat similar conditions to bring it to perfection. Sow thinly in the open in the early spring in a warm, dry situation, and afterwards do not disturb them; the seed requires soaking in hot water or spirits before sowing; they will not transplant. The flowers are brilliant deep crimson black centres.

Pkt., 1/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-

Puniceus (New Zealand Glory Pea)—A splendid hardy perennial, trailing or climbing flowering shrub, growing six to ten feet high, with gorgeous crimson flowers, which are produced in the greatest profusion in the spring. Sow in autumn.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

COBAEA SCANDENS—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

COCKS AND HENS—See *Dolichos*, *Creepers*, pages 81-82.

COCKSCOMB

(H.H.A.—C.E.) Half-hardy annuals, and are amongst the best summer bloomers we possess. Sow in the spring, in warm situations or frame.

Glasgow Prize—Crimson, a very dwarf strain saved from exhibition heads.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Good Mixed—Several shades, including crimson and yellow, salmon and gold.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

For Feathered Cockscomb—See *Celosia*.

COLEUS

(H.A.—D.E.) In the climate of Sydney they make extremely handsome border plants for summer bedding, also excellent bush-house plants; but in cool climates they should be grown in pots under glass or in a warm sheltered corner. For fuller cultural directions see *Yates' Garden Guide*.

Yates' Special Exhibition—For a choice strain of these favorite foliage plants we recommend highly the seed we now offer. They range from the gorgeous large-leaved exhibition varieties to the fringed and the smaller-leaved sorts, which have such brilliant coloring.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

COLUMBINE—See *Aquilegia*.

CONVOLVULUS

Minor Mixed (Dwarf Morning Glory)—Contains white, and shades of blue, and is valuable for borders or beds. 12in. high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

Major (Climbing Morning Glory)—See *Creepers*, pages 81-82.

CYCLAMEN

(H.H.P.—D.) These beautiful bulbous plants make a splendid show in the glass-house or bush-house during the early spring. They can be sown either during autumn or spring in pans, and should be kept growing till they flower, after which they go to rest. In Sydney, July sowing is recommended. It is advisable to make a sowing every year to get the best results. They are best grown in a cool frame, and should always be kept close to the glass; they do not require artificial heat. For further cultural directions, see *Yates' Garden Guide*. For prices of bulbs see *Bulb* pages.

Persicum Giganteum—A superb strain of mixed colors from the leading English growers; this is the best strain for general cultivation and contains every color. Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Bush Hill Pioneer—The large flowers have a distinct crest or feather at the base of each petal, increasing their beauty and substance. Mixed colors. Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Butterfly (Papilio)—The petals are very broad across the top, the edges being gracefully waved and curled, and more brilliantly colored than *Persicum*. Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Mrs. Buckstone—A distinct and attractive shade which harmonises well with the foliage. The flower is a beautiful soft salmon, with frilled petals. Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Scarlet King—Bright glistening scarlet. A free bloomer of great substance.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Giant White Wonder—The largest and most free flowering white cyclamen, with dark green foliage. Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

COREOPSIS—See *Calliopsis*.

CORNFLOWER—See *Centaurea Cyanus*.

COSMOS

(H.A.—A.E.) The *Cosmos* is one of the finest autumn flowering plants. They are most graceful and beautiful for cutting. Sow in the spring. In Sydney and warm climates excellent results are obtained by sowing in nursery beds as late as January and transplanting them to the borders when large enough. They do not grow so tall under this treatment and give fine blooms late in the autumn.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Early Flowering Double—This recent introduction grows to a height of about three feet, forming a perfect bush, massed with bloom. This strain yields a good percentage of double flowers, which are of fine size and carried on long stems. They come into flower in about ten or eleven weeks, and we offer three shades:—*Whirlwind*, pure white; *Carnelia*, rose; *Peach Blossom*, light pink.

Each color. Pkt., 2/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 4/-

Special Offer—Three colors (our selection), 5/-

Mixed colors—Containing all the above—

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/-

Late Flowering Double—The flowers vary considerably in their degree of doubleness. In most cases the centre of the flower is very double and prettily frilled, and is surrounded with a row of broad single petals, the effect being very dainty and attractive; in others the whole flower is double. When planting out select plants with the coarser foliage—these are the doubles. This strain contains pink, white and red.

Each color.—Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Mixed colors: Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

SINGLE VARIETIES

Mammoth Perfection—The flowers are of the most delicate shades of white, crimson, and rose, and of immense size. 6 feet high.

Separate colors: Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; 1oz., 1/9

Mixed colors: Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

Lady Lennox—The largest and most vigorous pink.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; 1oz., 1/9

Yellow Klondyke—Brilliant orange flowers, very showy; requires warm seed bed; 3 to 4 ft. high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9

Nurserymen, please see note as to Prices on page 43.

DIDISCUS (Blue Lace Flower)

In mild climates this Annual may be sown in early autumn or in spring. In colder districts we recommend sowing in the spring after frosts are over. This is a native of Western Australia which has become exceedingly popular with flower growers in the United States. The color is a rare and exquisite shade of clear light blue. The plants grow 18in. to 2ft. high. The blossoms, formed of a number of small florets, are up to three inches across and are carried on long stout stems.

Coeruleus—Blue. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

CYNOGLOSSUM

(H.P.—C) A pretty little perennial, suitable for borders, somewhat like *Forget-me-nots*.

Amabile—Blue flowers. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3

CUPFLOWER—See *Nierembergia*.



The beautiful Blue Butterfly Delphinium.

DAHLIAS

(H.P.—C.) Very easily raised from seed, and, if sown in the early spring, will bloom the first season. The raising of new varieties in this way is extremely interesting, as there is a large element of chance. Quite frequently, when the choicest seed is sown, such as we offer, many of the plants will equal the best of the named varieties. Seedlings are usually extremely hardy and vigorous, and are of infinite variety of coloring, no two plants being usually quite the same. For plants and tubers see Dahlias in Bulb pages.

Cactus, Yates' Special Strain—Saved from our large collection of named varieties. We only save the seed from varieties of superior merit.
Pkt., 1/6; ½oz., 4/9; ¼oz., 7/-

Peony Flowered—Unsurpassed for decoration, making a gorgeous show. Our seed is saved from a fine collection of the most showy and distinct varieties. Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 4/9; ¼oz., 7/-

Decorative Flowered—A popular class after the style of the Peony, but stronger stems. For purely decorative effect this section is preferred by many to all others.

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 4/9; ¼oz., 7/-

Collarette—Collarette Dahlias are now well established in popular favor. They are a very beautiful class of Single Dahlias, with a secondary row or "collar" of bifurcated petals of a lighter color; they make excellent border plants.

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 4/9; ¼oz., 7/-

Pompones—Saved from a very fine collection of named varieties. All colors mixed.

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 4/9; ¼oz., 7/-

Double Show—These are the old fashioned Double Dahlias; they are useful as garden decoration and have stiff upright habit. A fine range of colors.
Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 3/6

DAHLIAS—(continued)

Giant Perfection, Single—This is a specially good strain of these showy plants, producing a good proportion of very large flowers; splendid for cutting.
Pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 2/6

Single—Ordinary mixed. Pkt., 3d.; ¼oz., 1/9

DAISY SHASTA—See *Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum*.

DAISY, DOUBLE—See *Bellis Perennis*.

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur)

(H.P.—C.F.)—Lovely class of border plants; very stately and attractive. The seeds should be sown in February, March or April, and also again in spring. When large enough, transplant into rich moist soil in sheltered positions, they will then flower six months later, either in autumn or spring. They are much better treated as annuals in the warmer districts of Australia, the old plants being discarded after flowering and fresh seed sown. Treated in this way they may be had in bloom twice yearly; the flowers from seedling plants are also usually much finer. In cool climates they will last for some years. Protect well from slugs and snails.

See also *New Variety*, pages 39-42.

Yates' Extra Select Perennial Hybrids—Saved from a fine collection of named Delphiniums. The flowers are of a great many beautiful shades, from white and sky-blue, to rich dark blue and purple, and include single, double and semi-double blooms in great variety. We save the seed at our Tasmanian Seed Farm.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 1/6; ¼oz., 2/-

Blue Butterfly (Chinese Delphinium)—A most distinct and neat growing variety, with fine feathery Cosmos-like foliage, and freely producing loose spikes of exquisite blooms which last a long time cut. Plants are of bushy growth, grow to a height of 2½ feet, and bloom throughout the summer. We offer the following colors:—

Gentian (Dark) Blue, Azure Blue, White.

Each color. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/3; ¼oz., 1/9

Belladonna—A beautiful pale blue, borne on long spikes and doing very well in comparatively cool situations. A charming variety.

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 3/9; ¼oz., 5/6

Annual Delphinium—See *Larkspur*.

DESERT PEA—See *Clianthus Dampieri*.

DEW PLANT—See *Mesembryanthemum*.

DIMORPHOTHECA (African Golden Daisy)

(H.A.—C.E.) A choice and extremely showy annual from South Africa. It is a most profuse bloomer and has a very neat branching habit, growing twelve to fifteen inches high. The brilliant flowers are set off by having dark centres, the general effect, when grown in masses, being extremely fine. They like a bright sunny situation. Sow in the spring.

See also *New Variety*, pages 39-42.

Aurantiaca—Brilliant orange.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 1/3

Aurantiaca Hybrida—They vary in color from pure white to reddish and bluish white tints, and include various shades of sulphur and lemon-yellow and beautiful salmon and salmon-orange.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼oz., 1/3

Eklonis—Differs from the preceding by having a recumbent or trailing habit. The flowers are almost pure white with a blue centre.

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 2/6

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE—See *Aristolochia Creepers*, pages 81-82.

DIANTHUS

(H.B.—A.E.) Dianthus are amongst the best flowering plants we have, and, although they are actually biennials, they will only last one flowering unless cut back severely before seeding. To get the best results fresh seed should be sown each year. They are quite hardy and continue to bloom throughout the year. We offer a very fine collection, and we strongly recommend customers to sow several varieties of them. Sow in either spring or autumn.

Allwoodii Alpinus (1927) Novelty—Grows up to 6 inches and has a delightful range of colors, including, chiefly, pinks, whites, and purple shades.
Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Yates' Double Hybrids, Derwent Strain—A mixture of all the best varieties grown, and continuously selected for their beauty of color, size of flower, and compact habit. An excellent strain.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Yates' Single Hybrids, Derwent Strain—A very fine strain; bearing extra large flowers of the richest colors and markings, many being deeply fringed.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Fireball, Double—Brilliant scarlet. It forms thickly branching bushes covered with bloom.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Snowball—Large flowered, double white, very effective.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Little Gem (The Bride)—A splendid single variety, dark and light crimson in centre, with broad white margin round the edges.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Eastern Queen—Rose colored, single variety.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Crimson Bell—Large single fringed flowers, brilliant dark red.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Mourning Cloak—A very large double flower; dark purple, edged pure white and fringed.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Salmon Queen, Laciniatus—Single fringed, very showy; a lovely shade of color.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Vesuvius, Laciniatus—Brilliant, single, orange-scarlet, fringed.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Laciniatus, Single—Mixed colors, beautifully fringed flowers; one of the best.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Nobilis (Royal Pinks)—Large single fringed flowers, very rich shades.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Diadematus (Diadem Pinks)—Extra double variety, assorted colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Heddewigii, Double (Japanese Pinks)—Mixed; a fine strain.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Heddewigii, Single (Japanese Pinks)—Mixed, containing a large assortment of colors.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Imperialis, Double (Imperial Pinks)—Showy variety; mixed colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Chinensis (Indian Pinks)—Small double flowers; vigorous; mixed shades.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Special Offer—

12 distinct varieties (our selection), 4/-

DIANTHUS—(continued)

PERENNIAL DIANTHUS

Cheddar Pink Hybrids—A charming class of Rock Pinks for rockwork, edgings, etc. They grow to a height of 8 to 10 inches and produce in abundance white, blush-rose, rose-crimson, and mauve blossoms, which are deliciously clove scented. This variety only grows to perfection in cold climates.
Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9

Dianthus Barbatus—See Sweet William.



Yates' Single Hybrid Dianthus (Derwent Strain)

DIASCEA

(H.A.—C.) A dainty annual growing to a height of 15ins. with flowers resembling miniature Columbines. Suited for bordering. Sow in autumn.

Barbarae Salmon Queen. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-
DIGITALIS—See Foxglove.

DOLICHOS (Varieties)—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

ERIGERON

A splendid hardy perennial, very useful for cutting. The flowers are carried in large numbers. In habit this is not unlike the Shasta Daisy. 18 inches high.

Speciosa Grandiflorus—Beautiful lilac and blue shades.
Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Speciosa—A pretty lilac shade, with a yellow centre
Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

EVERLASTINGS

See Acroclinium, Ammobium, Globe Amaranth, Helychrysum, Rhodanthe (Everlasting Daisy), Statice.

For collections of Everlastings, see page 38.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)

(H.A.—B.E.) A very showy race of hardy annuals, which thrive in our dry hot climate, and make a great show nearly the whole year round. Sow in the autumn or spring. 12 inches high.

We offer the following set of new named varieties which are the result of constant endeavour by a noted raiser, believing, now they are obtainable in such beautiful separate shades, that growers will welcome the possibility of massing them in pleasing color schemes.

DOUBLE TOREADOR (1927 Novelty) — A double variety with golden bronze petals, with orange crimson reverse.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Orange Flame—Vivid orange scarlet, plant very erect and compact, flowers medium size, excellent for borders.

Ballet Girl—Outside of petals vivid carmine, inside creamy white, a startling contrast. The whole flower is beautifully frilled and fluted.

Tango—Bronzy red overlaid terra cotta, a sensational color.

Mauve Beauty—A beautiful shade of pure mauve, a delicate color previously unknown in these flowers.

Purple Glow—The darkest variety in existence and a great advance. Color, a rich reddish purple.

Lovely—Blossoms have a satiny appearance, and are a bright rose pink suffused salmon.

Scarlet Beauty—Has the appearance when in bloom of a vivid scarlet tulip; a fine variety.

Each above variety Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6
Special Offer—

Six varieties (our selection), 2/-

Choice Hybrids, Mixed—A superior strain, producing a good range of vivid colors including most of the above, recommended.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Crimson—A brilliant color.

Carmine King—One of the best; carmine rose.

Mandarin—Brilliant deep orange.

Californica—Orange, effective in clumps.

Each above color. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Fine Mixed—For bedding and general use. Contains the above four colors and many other beautiful shades.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

FOXGLOVE (Digitalis)

(H.P.—A.F.) Stately, hardy perennial border plants, very handsome in mixed borders. If sown in the autumn they will bloom in the following spring; 3 to 4 feet high.

Monstrosa—Long spikes of large flowers of various colors, many being beautifully spotted. The chief characteristic of this strain is the enormous bell-shaped blossom at the top of each spike.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Large-Flowered Spotted—These are particularly large and beautifully spotted. The colors include white, cream, rose, red, and other shades, with beautiful markings in the throat, and blotchings and spots of purple and maroon.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Fine Mixed—All shades.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

FAIRY GRASS—See Gypsophila.

FEATHERED COCKSCOMB—See Celosia.

FLOSS FLOWER—See Ageratum.

FLAX—See Linum.

FOUNTAIN PLANT—See Amaranthus.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis Alpestris)

(H.P.—C.F.) This old English favorite does best in a sheltered moist border. Sow in the autumn. Hardy perennial; about 18 inches high.

Blue—The favorite color. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Mixed colors—White and blue shades.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

CAPE FORGET-ME-NOT—See Anchusa.



Eschscholtzias (Californian Poppies).

GLADIOLI

(H.P.—C.) The seed we offer is saved from best named sorts as well as from vigorous seedlings selected for color, size of bloom and substance. Gladioli are easily raised from seed. We can also supply bulbs in season. See Bulb pages.

Yates' Giant Hybrids—All the most beautiful shades of the well-known large flowered Gladioli, carefully blended. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Fordhook Hybrids. Contain a wide variation of the brightest colors, and are of immense size. Blooms freely the first year from planting.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Primulinus Hybrids. Have beautiful orchid-like flowers, and bloom freely the first year from planting. Colors range through yellows, oranges and crimsons.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

GLORY PEA, Brazilian—See Sesbania Tripetii.

GLORY PEA, New Zealand—See Clanthus Puniceus.

FREESIA

(H.P.—C.) Sow in the autumn. Flowers the first season from seed beautifully fragrant. 9 inches high. For bulbs, see Bulb pages.

Refracta Alba—Pure white. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6
Yates' Hybrids—Contains an exceptionally wide variety of colors including Pink, Rose, Purple and Orange shades. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

FUCHSIA

(H.P.—D.) Fuchsias will bloom the first year if the seed is sown early under glass. We offer a very fine strain. 4-6 feet high.

Double and Single—Extra fine. We offer mixed or separately. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

GAILLARDIA

(H.P. and H.A.—A.E.) Very effective border plants. They do extremely well in our climate and give a good show of bloom nearly all the year. They may be sown either in the autumn or spring. 10 inches high.

See also New Variety, pages 40-43.

PERENNIAL TYPE.

Perennial Hybrids—A very select strain grown at our Tasmanian Farm. They include several new tints and shades, from almost pure orange to Indian red, with innumerable intermediate shades; exceptionally large.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Grandiflora—Fine mixed; a grand strain of this splendid hardy perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

ANNUAL TYPE.

These varieties bloom quickly from seed.

Lorenziana—Large handsome double-quilled flowers of red and yellow shades.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Picta, Single—Mixed colors.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

GERANIUMS—See Pelargoniums.

GERBERA JAMESONI (African Daisy)

(H.P.—D.E.) Perennials, requiring a warm sunny situation, with well-drained light soil. In cold climates the plants should be protected in the winter season. For a special article on their cultivation see Yates' Garden Guide.

New Hybrids—These are hybrids of the favourite Gerbera Jamesoni, and include a great range of colors, from pure white through shades of pale yellow, red and salmon to orange-rose, scarlet and crimson. The flowers are well formed and borne on long strong stems, making them admirably suitable for all kinds of floral decoration. We have found by experimenting that about four months after ripening this seed unfortunately loses its power of germinating. We have made special arrangements for the supply at short and regular intervals of freshly gathered seed. When sold out we reserve orders until a further supply of fresh seed is gathered.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 7/9

GESNERA

(H.H.P.—D.) These are allied to the Gloxinia, and require similar treatment in growing and raising from seed, but are winter bloomers. They can only be successfully grown in a glasshouse, or in semi-tropical climates they would do in a bush-house. They flower the first year from seed if well grown, and, when in full bloom, are exceedingly beautiful. For cultivation see Yates' Garden Guide.

Choice Mixed. 9 inches high.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

GEUM

(H.P.—C.) Very pretty and showy perennial border plants. They do not thrive in the hotter districts, but do very well in Sydney. Sow in the autumn.

Mrs. Bradshaw—Large brick-red, semi-double flowers on long stems, free flowering, much the best red variety. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Lady Stratheden—It is almost identical with Mrs. Bradshaw in all but color. It carries the same large flowers on well branching plants. The flowers are semi-double and of a bright golden-yellow, and are carried in great profusion.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

Tango—A new and pleasing shade which is sure to become very popular with lovers of this showy perennial. Throws a fair percentage true to color.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 4/6



Gaillardia Picta, the single annual type. It contains a fine mixture of colors.

GLOXINIA

(H.H.P.—D.) Lovely glasshouse bulbous plants, which, in climates such as Sydney or in warmer districts, do well in the bush-house, cool frame or glasshouse. The seed should be sown in the spring or summer under glass in pans. For special instructions, see Yates' Garden Guide.

We also offer the Bulbs. See Bulb pages.

Yates' Prize Strain—A very choice mixture of all classes, saved from named varieties. Our strain cannot be excelled for exhibition, they are dwarf and compact in habit and contain a wonderful assortment of colors.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

GODETIA

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty hardy annual border plants. In the warmer districts they should be planted in the autumn for spring flowering; they are most easily raised. The dwarf, compact varieties make splendid bedding plants; 12-18 inches high.

Crimson Glow—Is smothered with flowers of a dazzling rosy crimson; dwarf and compact.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

Duchess of Albany—Pure white.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Gloriosa—Dark red, compact dwarf plant.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Lady Albermarle—Brilliant crimson.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

New Lavender—A very choice variety of a charming shade.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Schamini—Semi-double, light pink and crimson.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

Sunset—One of the brightest colored of all varieties, a fiery crimson; compact habit.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

The Bride—White and crimson.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

White Pearl—Pure white.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Fine Mixed—Many shades.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Special Offer—

Six varieties (our selection), 2/-

GOLDEN MOSS—See *Pyrethrum Aureum Lacinia-tum*.

GOLDEN GLORY VINE—See *Thunbergia*, Creepers, pages 81-82.

GOMPHRENA—See *Globe Amaranth*.

GOURDS—See *Creepers*, pages 81-82.

GRASSES, ORNAMENTAL—We offer Collections of these, see page 80.

GYSOPHILA (Fairy Grass)

(H.P. and H.A.—A.) Hardy graceful border plants, splendid for cutting for bouquets, and the best and most graceful foliage to mix with Sweet Peas or other flowers, the effect of the small white *Gypsophila* is like a veiling over the brighter and larger flowers; they are best treated as annuals and sown in the autumn. To make a show of this, large quantities of seed should be broadcasted in the permanent position. Every bud will open in water. This should be much more largely grown in Australian gardens. 2ft. high.

Elegans Grandiflora—Hardy annual; flowers earlier than *Paniculata*.

White.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

Rose.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Mixed.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

Paniculata—White; hardy perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

HELIANTHUS (See Sunflower)**HELIOTROPE (Cherry Pie)**

(H.P.—C.E.) Hardy perennials. They are readily raised from seed, which should be sown in a pan under shelter. The fragrant blossoms are produced nearly the whole year round.

The following comprise the best varieties:—

Triomphe de Liege—Light lilac.

Reine Marguerita—Large, dark blue.

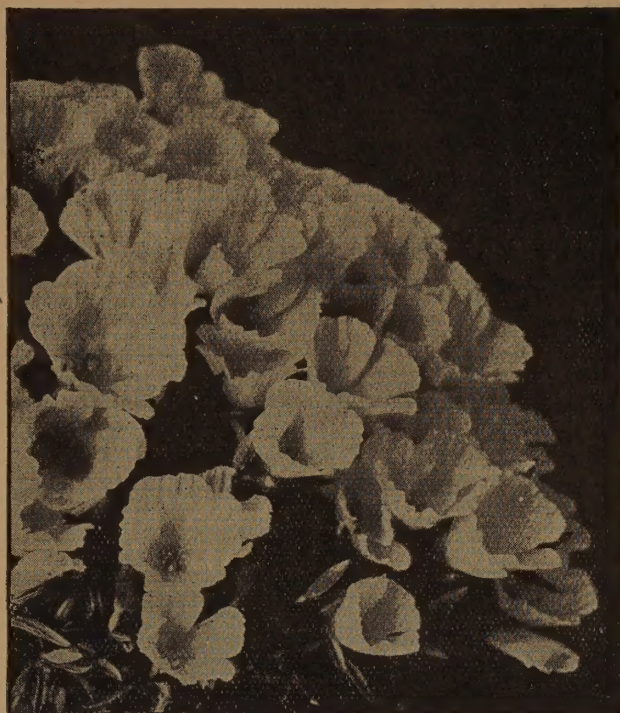
Roi de Noirs—Dark violet.

White Lady—White.

Separate varieties or in Mixture—

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

Special Offer—Four varieties 1/6



There are some delightful shades offered in Godetias.

GLOBE AMARANTH (Gomphrena)

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty bushy everlasting; make a good show throughout the summer; hardy annuals. Splendid for massing in beds or for ribbon borders; 2 feet high. Sow in autumn or spring.

Purple.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; 1oz., 1/6

Mixed Colors. Including Orange Flesh, Pink, and Purple.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; 1oz., 1/6

HELICHRYSUM (Straw Flower)

(H.A.—A) Hardy annual everlastings; handsome border plants, also suitable for cutting. Sow in the autumn or spring; 2 feet high.

See also New Variety pages 40-43.

Double White.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

Double Mixed Colors—White and red shades—

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

HOLLYHOCK (Althæa)

(H.P.—C.F.) Hardy perennial plants, very stately and highly decorative in mixed groups. They are one of the representative flowers of the old English cottage gardens. Sow in the autumn in a frame or sheltered seed bed; 6 feet high.

Yates' Derwent Strain—This is a very select strain saved from a specially fine assortment of Double Hollyhocks. The large spikes of double flowers are of brilliant coloring and add a delightful old world touch to the garden. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6

Mixed (single and double)—A good selection of colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

HONESTY (Lunaria)

(H.B.—A.) A handsome spring flowering border biennial. The shining silvery seed pods are much prized for winter decorations; 18 inches high.

Purple—The best color. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

HEUCHERA

(H.P.—C.) A hardy perennial now coming back into favor particularly for cut flower work. The seed should be planted in autumn.

Sanguinea—Bears spikes of beautiful coral red blooms which last well. One of the best red flowered perennials. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 5/-

New Hybrids—Includes shades of white, blush, pink Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 5/-

HUNNEMANNIA (Mexican Poppy)

(H.P.—B.E.) A lovely dwarf perennial from Mexico. The seeds should be sown thinly, either in the autumn or spring in the permanent beds, as this plant will not stand transplanting. They are very suitable for cutting, as they last long in water, and are very decorative. Do not overwater them and choose a warm sunny position; 9 inches high.

Fumariaefolia—Glowing yellow, single flowers, not unlike the Iceland Poppies, fine for massing. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-

HYACINTH BEAN—See Dolichos, Creepers, pages 81-82.



What could be more decorative and dainty than a vase of the exquisite colors offered here.

IMPATIENS (Sultan's Balsam)

(H.H.P.—C.) Lovely bush-house plants, very attractive for house decoration or they may be grown in sheltered shaded positions in the open. Sow in the autumn or spring in seed pan or box.

Holstii, New Hybrids — Mixed colors, including brilliant scarlet, dark velvety violet, and pure white; large graceful flowers; 18ins. high. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

IPOMOEA (varieties)—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

IPOMOPSIS

(H.B.—A.) Hardy biennial border plants, with long spikes of bloom. Sow in autumn; 2 feet high.

Mixed Colors—Dazzling orange and scarlet. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

JOSEPH'S COAT—See Amaranthus Tricolor.

KOCHIA (The Mock or Summer Cypress)

(H.A.—A.) It is grown for its ornamental foliage and shapely habit of growth. By mid-summer it has attained a height of two to three feet and a pleasing pyramidal shape, and of a vivid bright green shade which changes to a rich russet-crimson in the autumn.

Tricophylla (Childsii Strain). Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

KUDZU VINE—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

LANTERN FLOWER—See Abutilon.

LATHYRUS—See Pea, Everlasting.

LAVENDER SHOWER — See *Thalictrum Dipterocarpum*.

LARKSPUR (Annual Delphinium)

(H.A.—A.)—Very pretty hardy border annuals; they should be sown in the autumn or early spring. The following are the improved Large Flowered varieties. These plants are useful for poisoning grasshoppers and locusts.

TALL BRANCHING STOCK FLOWERED VARIETIES

This tall growing branching class is the best for cut flowers and for large borders, and is in great demand by florists. They grow about 2½ feet high. We offer the following colors separately as being particularly attractive:

Exquisite—This charming Larkspur is a beautiful shade of rose pink, a delightful color for florists' work or indoor decoration. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Amethyst Blue—The color is a pure Amethyst blue. The plants are vigorous and well branched; flowers produced on splendid spikes, and individually large and shapely. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Mauve Beauty—Of similar habit to the above, but the blooms are clear mauve. A vigorous, well branched variety. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Lustrous Carmine—A very bright intense color, forming a pleasing contrast with the light green foliage. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Rosy Scarlet—This color is particularly attractive and deserves to be grown in every garden. The growth and flowers are upright and vigorous and the color very bright. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Dark Blue—The flowers of this variety are set so close on the stem as to form a solid spike of a beautiful deep blue color. An excellent variety and a free bloomer. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Sky Blue—Has large compact spikes of a very rich color and is grown extensively for cutting. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Mixed Colors—Many choice shades— Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Special Offer—Four varieties (our selection), 1/6

DWARF VARIETY

Dwarf Rocket (*Hyacinth Flowered*)—Extra fine, suitable for bedding and massing; 18in. high.

Mixed Colors. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Separate Colors. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Special Offer—Six separate colors, 1/6

PERENNIAL LARKSPUR—See Delphinium.

Mrs. C. T. ———, Bundaberg, Qld., writes on 22/3/28.

"We were very pleased with the Dahlias, Asters, and Zinnias we had from you last season. They were simply glorious. The Zinnias were magnificent and the majority of them measured 8 and 9 ins. across, and I can say ranked with the best in town."

SUPERB LUPINS—A YATES' SPECIALITY!

The Lupin has been receiving a great deal of attention during recent years and many charming Hybrids have been evolved. After careful tests in our own Trial Grounds, we have selected the following all of which are worthy of attention. They make a wonderful display and provide cut blooms for a long period. We would draw your attention particularly to the Hartwigii or Hairy Foliaged varieties; these resist the attacks of snails and slugs to a remarkable extent and for this reason are preferred by many gardeners.

(H.A. and H.P.—B.) Sow in the open borders; they do not readily transplant. Make the main sowing in early autumn to ensure winter blooms. Additional sowings may be made right through until August for successional flowering.

TALL ANNUAL VARIETIES

For general garden decoration, for border work, and for cutting, this is undoubtedly the most useful group.

A splendid range of charming colors is now available, and some of the varieties are beautifully perfumed.

We would draw attention particularly to the hairy foliaged varieties. These resist the attention of snails and slugs to a remarkable extent, and for this reason are invaluable to many gardeners. The numbers against the varieties form a guide to the comparative height—(3) being the tallest, (2) the medium tall, and (1) a lower growing variety. Those marked (3) reach a height of about 4 feet.

Of course, even that marked (1) is much taller than, and altogether distinct to, the Dwarf Varieties listed below.

Many beautiful effects can be worked out by combining together, in color schemes, varieties of both the Tall and Dwarf sections

Pink Pearl (3)—Shell pink shading to lighter pink at top with a dainty golden spot. Strongly perfumed and of branching habit. The favorite pink Lupin. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Blue Gem (3)—Rich deep blue with yellow centre, the latter changing to brown with age. Strongly perfumed, well branched. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

White Pearl (3)—A fine white selection from Pink Pearl shading to mauve as the flowers age. Similar habit to above. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Hybridus nigrescens (3)—A darker blue than Blue Gem with rich maroon markings. Vigorous grower, slightly perfumed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Hartwigii albus (Hairy foliage) (2)—A beautiful pure white retaining its color right through; well branched long spikes. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Hartwigii Blue (Hairy foliage) (2)—A dark blue with white eye, and a companion in habit and type with H. albus. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Hartwigii coelestinus (Hairy foliage) (2)—A charming shade of pale blue with white eye; very attractive and the only one of this color which is uniform from the opening stage. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Menziesii (Sulphureus superbus) (1)—A pure buttercup yellow and a very attractive variety of bushy habit, but hardly so tall as above sorts. Undoubtedly the best yellow Lupin for cut flower work. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Tall Annual, Mixed—A mixture of tall growing Lupins, including many of the above shades. Excellent for bedding.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Special Offer—Six tall varieties (our selection), 2/-

DWARF ANNUAL VARIETIES.

These form a distinct group for edging and massing and for use in combination with the Tall varieties for working out special effects. Each of the four varieties mentioned is well worth growing. They are of dwarf spreading or semi-creeping habit.

Luteus Romulus—In trials this proved a very desirable sort, and we suggest that it be planted alternately with Subcarnosus; the combined effect will be well worth while. The blooms of Luteus Romulus are a rich canary yellow and are sweetly perfumed. The plant is of a dwarf spreading habit, and is early flowering. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

Subcarnosus (Texanus)—Of similar habit to the above, and a variety which makes a very fine effect. The flowers are a beautiful rich deep blue, with a cream centre, the latter changing to brown as the bloom ages.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Nanus Blue—A vigorous sort of spreading habit; produces an immense number of fine heads, the wings of each bloom being dark blue, while the standards are white. Splendid for edging and massing; slightly perfumed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Nanus Albus (White)—Similar to the above in type and habit, but the flowers are pure white on opening, and change with age to light sky blue. Slightly perfumed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Dwarf Annual, Mixed—A mixture of dwarf growing Lupins, comprising most of the above colors, and specially recommended for edging and massing. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Special Offer—

Three dwarf varieties (our selection), 1/3

YATES' SUPERB COLLECTION

Growers were so successful with this collection, illustrated in color and offered last year for the first time, that we are repeating the offer this season.

It contains:—One packet each of Blue Gem, Pink Pearl, Hartwigii Blue, Hartwigii coelestinus, Hartwigii albus, and Menziesii.

FOR 2/6, POST FREE

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Recommended only for cool districts. For flowering the following spring sow early in autumn.

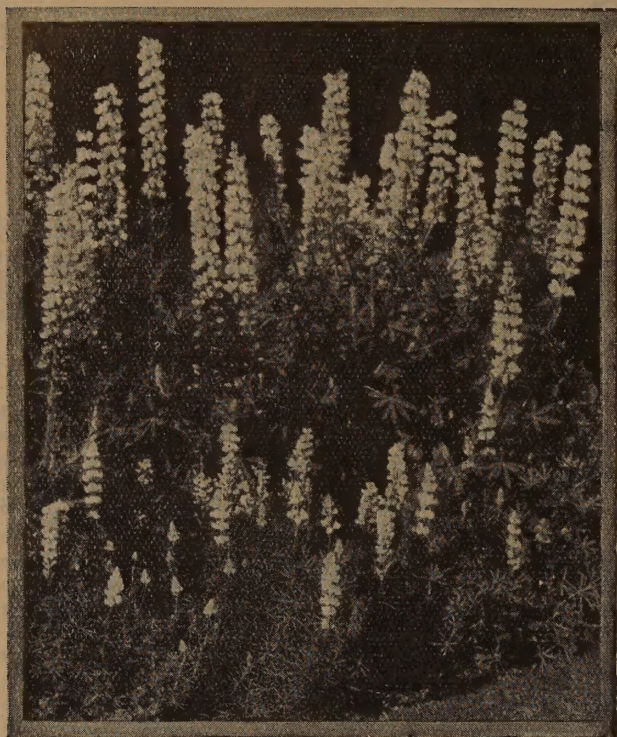
Arboreus, Snow Queen (Tree Lupin)—A giant variety of perennial Lupins. They form large bushes and are covered with spikes of lovely white flowers. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

New Hybrid Polyphyllus—These are hybrids of the Tree Lupin and the old herbaceous Garden Lupin. They are grand hardy border plants producing long handsome spikes in many beautiful shades of color. They should be sown early to bloom the first year, but they will make their best showing the second year from seed. 3 feet.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

Mrs. E. W. T.—, Tyalgum, writes on 8th August, 1927.

"My garden is a picture with Iceland Poppies, Linaria, Lupins, and Sweet Peas. All of the Seeds were yours; such a lot of people have asked me where I get my seeds from."



Lupin Hartwigii coelestinus edged with the dwarf yellow variety Luteus Romulus. See previous page.

Nurserymen, please see note as to Prices on page 43.

LINUM (Flax)

(H.A.—A.) A showy, hardy annual and an old favorite. Sow in the autumn.

Grandiflorum Coccineum—Glowing crimson; 12in. high. Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

LOBELIA

(H.A.—C.) Lovely bedding plants. They should be raised in a seed pan, under shelter in the autumn or spring, and planted out when frosts are over.

Mrs. Clibran—A distinct variety. It is dwarf, growing only four inches high, with compact growth, and in color the flowers are a deep bright violet-blue, with distinct white eye; splendid bedding variety, one of the very best.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Crystal Palace, Compacta—Dark rich blue, one of the most beautiful plants for carpet bedding or ribbon borders, with dark foliage; 4 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 1/9

Erinus Speciosa—Azure blue; 4 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 1/-

DWARF COMPACTA SEMI-DOUBLE (1927 Novelty)—A beautiful new class, eminently suited for border work.

Blue: Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 5/3

Light Lilac: Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 3/9

LOVE-IN-A-MIST—See Nigella.

LOPHOSPERMUM—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

LINARIA (Toad Flax)

(H.A.—A.E.) A very pretty family of graceful plants, thriving in dry, hot situations, and resembling in appearance miniature Antirrhinums. They do remarkably well in rockeries and dry borders exposed to the sun. They succeed best sown in the autumn.

Maroccana Excelsior Hybrids—A very choice strain, and a great improvement on the old form. This choice mixture contains all rich colors, including blues, orange shades, purples, pinks, and many other colors too numerous to mention.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Reticulata—Showy hardy annual, with yellow and dark violet flowers; plant in groups for best effect. 9 inches high. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

LEPTOSYNE (Great Winter-Flowering Yellow Marguerite)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual. It has brilliant light yellow flowers, very suitable for massing in borders, the plants being literally covered with great numbers of bright flowers, making it strikingly effective. They do best sown in the autumn for winter and early spring blooming, thus giving a plentiful supply of blooms when other yellow flowers are scarce. Excellent for cutting. It is easily raised from seed, and comes very rapidly into bloom.

Maritima—Deep yellow; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

MARIGOLD (Tagetes)

(H.A.—A) Old favorite hardy annuals. Very effective in mixed borders, and the dwarf varieties are particularly good for bedding. Sow in the spring or autumn.

See also **Calendula** (Broad-leaved or English Pot Marigolds)

TALL AFRICAN TYPE.

This class grows to a height of 2 to 3 feet, and is one of the brightest and finest bedding plants we have. The strains we offer are highly selected and each plant will produce a tremendous crop of immense double blooms. Words cannot express the value of these showy annuals for cutting and indoor decoration.

(See colored plate facing page 64.)

Orange Prince (Fistulosa)—Glowing orange, well formed, extra quilled, large blooms.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Lemon Queen (Fistulosa)—Similar to above but an attractive shade of lemon-yellow.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

African Tall Double Mixed—A good strain containing a nice mixture of orange and lemon shades, suitable for bedding.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

FRENCH TYPE

A distinct type from the above, greatly in demand by florists for posies and bouquet work on account of their full, rich shades.

French Tall Double—Mixed yellow and brown striped; 2 feet high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

French Dwarf, Double—Mixed yellow and brown; useful for borders; 12in. high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

French Legion of Honor, Single—Dwarf; compact; useful for borders; 12in. high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Tall Tree Marigold—A variety greatly in demand by florists for its beautiful rich shades, which are not excelled by any other type of Marigold; 4 feet high.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-

LYCHNIS

(H.P.—C.) This hardy herbaceous border plant is a result of a cross between *Lychnis Chalcedonica* and *Lychnis Haageana*. It blooms throughout the summer in great profusion; the flowers varying from orange-scarlet to soft salmon-pink.

Arkwrightii—Bright colors. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

MANDEVILLEA SUAVEOLENS—Creepers, pp. 81-82

MARGUERITES

Blue—See *Agathe*.

White—See *Chrysanthemum leucanthemum*.

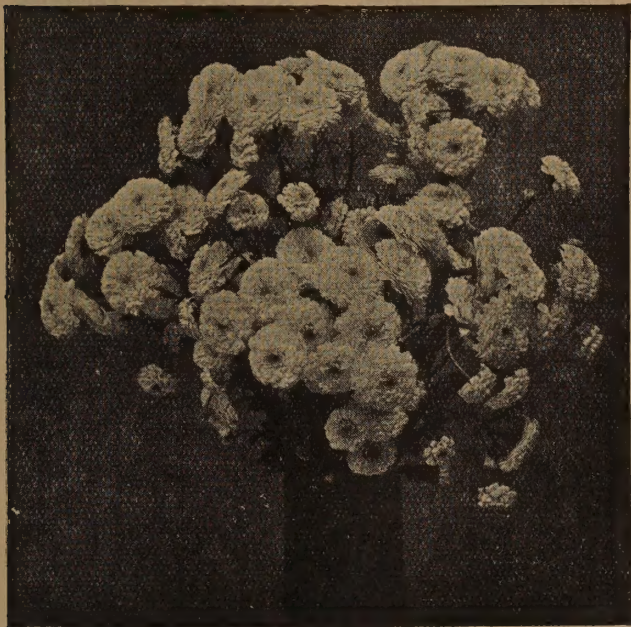
Lilac and Blue Shades—See *Erigeron*.

Yellow, Winter-flowering—See *Leptosyne*.

MATHIOLA (Night-Scented Stock)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual. A very interesting and pretty lilac flower; after a shower or in the evening they emit a delightful perfume. They should be scattered about the garden; 1 foot high.

Bicornis—Lilac. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-



Matricaria alba, also known as Camomile or Double White Pyrethrum.

MATRICARIA (Camomile or Double Pyrethrum)

(H.P.—C.) Hardy perennial producing heavy clusters of double daisy-like pure white flowers. An excellent subject for florists' work. Sow in spring.

Double White. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

MAURANDIA (varieties) — See Creepers, pages, 81-82.

MEXICAN POPPY—See *Hunnemannia*.

MEDEOLA (*Smilax*)

(H.P.—C.) A beautiful trailing plant, is easily raised from seed and is particularly suitable for growing in hanging baskets or up a dwarf trellis. Largely used for florists' work. It rivals the *Asparagus* as a decorative foliage plant.

Asparagoides. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Dew Plant or Pig Face)

A hardy perennial suitable for dry sunny positions, in fact it may be said to thrive where practically nothing else will. It is of trailing habit, therefore specially recommended for rock work. The blooms are glistening shades of pink, carmine and red, and produced freely. They are at their best in the hottest weather; 4 inches high.

Tricolor Mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

MIGNONETTE (*Reseda*)

(H.A.—B.) These old favorites are hardy annuals, and may be sown either in the autumn or spring in the borders they are to occupy; they do not transplant well. As the seed is uncertain in its germination, it is advisable to make two sowings from each packet at a short interval; 6-9 in. high.

Yates' Special Florists' Strain, *Crimson Machet*—Has enormous spikes, an extra special stock.

Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-

Yates' Selected Large-Flowering—Large spikes, of all shades from yellow to crimson.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

Goliath—A giant flowering variety, with enormous trusses of double red flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/9

Golden Machet—Yellow compact variety.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

Orange Queen—Deep brick red flowers, richly scented.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

Giant Pyramidal—Very large and upright; very desirable.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-

Old Large-Flowering—Very sweet scented.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

MIMULUS (Monkey Flower)

(H.P.—C.F.G.) A beautiful family of perennials; hardy in moist climates, but in warm districts are best grown as annuals for early spring blooming. The flowers are finely blotched and marked. Sow in the autumn and treat the same as *Pansy*; 1½ to 2 feet high.

Yates' Large-Flowered Hybrids—A splendid strain of Hybrid *Mimulus*, very large-flowered and blotched with various shades of pink, red, and copper. The markings are most varied and beautiful.

Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-

Hose-in-Hose—Charming double variety; tigered and spotted.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

MINA LOBATA—See Creepers, pages, 81-82.

MOCK CYPRESS—See *Kochia*.

MORNING GLORY — See *Convolvulus*, Creepers, pages 81-82.

MONKEY FLOWER—See *Mimulus*.

MOON FLOWER — See *Ipomoea*, Creepers, pages, 81-82.

MOTH PLANT—See *Physianthus*, Creepers, pages 81-82.

MUSK (*Mimulus Moschatus*)

This favorite pot plant requires considerable care in raising. The seed should be sown on the surface of damp soil and the pot then covered with shaded glass; they should not be watered on the surface until the plants are a fair size, but may be kept moist by placing the pot in a dish of water occasionally. They should not be kept too moist or in too close an atmosphere, or they may damp off. Transplant into three-inch pots when large enough to handle; 2-3 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

MYOSOTIS—See *Forget-me-not*.

NIGHT-SCENTED STOCK—See *Mathiola*.

NEMOPHILA

(H.A.—A.) Pretty dwarf hardy annuals, suitable for borders. Sow in the autumn; 6 inches high.

Insignis—Blue flowers, with white centres.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Maculata—White, blotched with violet.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

NICOTIANA (Tobacco Plant)

(H.H.A.—C.E.) A lovely border plant, with tubular flowers, which are very fragrant. Half-hardy annuals. Sow in late spring; 3 feet high.

Affinis—The best white variety.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Hybrida Sanderæ—These contain a variety of rose and carmine shades. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

NIEREMBERGIA (Cupflower)

(H.P.—C.E.) Hardy perennial. A constant bloomer, charming for open borders. We strongly recommend this plant, which should be more largely grown. Sow in the autumn; 18 inches high.

Gracilis—Lilac and white flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 2/6



The exquisite shades now available in Nasturtiums are making them extremely popular.

NIGELLA (Love in a Mist, or Devil in the Bush)

(H.A.—A.F.) Hardy annuals, pretty and interesting. Old English border flowers, very suitable for cutting. Sow in the autumn and in cold climates in the early spring; 15 inches high.

Miss Jekyl—The flowers are double and of a beautiful deep blue shade and are half hidden in the foliage from which fact they derive their common name. Very suitable either for border decoration or cutting. Pkt., 6d.; 1/4 oz., 1/-

NASTURTIIUM (Tropæolum)

(H.H.A.—A.) Very valuable subjects which give a wonderful show of bloom throughout the spring. They flower best on poor, dry land, and should be sown in the autumn or early spring. The sorts we offer are the latest improved varieties. They are quite hardy except in cold climates, where they can only be sown in the spring.

CLIMBING VARIETIES.

These grow to a length of 10 feet or more and are extremely useful for covering unsightly fences, etc., or trailing over embankments.

Yates' Matchless Mixture—The colors are very brilliant and varied, embracing maroon, salmon, clear yellow, striped, and many other tints; the foliage varies from light green to the rich dark foliage of Empress of India.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/3

Good Mixed.

Pkt., 3d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Tall Lobbianum—These are amongst the prettiest of all the climbing or trailing varieties, the colors being rich and the plants not so vigorous as the above, so that they do not over-run other things. We offer the following colors:

Firefly—Deep orange spotted blood-red.

Lucifer—Deep scarlet.

Cardinal—Glowing red, dark foliage.

Brilliant—Bright scarlet, dark foliage.

Black Prince—Black purple.

Roi des Noirs—Blackish brown.

Asa Gray—Yellowish white.

Primrose—Dark spots, dark foliage.

Golden Queen—Golden yellow.

Each Color Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Special Offer—

Six distinct varieties (our selection), 2/-
Mixed colors. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1 oz., 1/-

DWARF VARIETIES

These varieties are suited for border work and make excellent window-box plants. They grow about 1 foot high.

Dwarf Lobbianum, Lilliput—The flowers and leaves are small, but the colors are extremely brilliant and range from yellow and deep red to almost black; very free blooming.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/3

Tom Thumb—

Dwarf Chameleon—A variety which produces flowers of most diversified colors on each single

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/3

Scarlet Queen—The flowers are set well above the distinct silvery variegated foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/3

Crimson—Useful for cutting. Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

King—Scarlet, dark handsome foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

King Theodore—Very dark flowers and foliage.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Golden King—Bright yellow, very fine.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Crystal Palace Gem—Sulphur.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Empress of India—Deep crimson. Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Ruby King—Crimson-rose. Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Mixed—All the most beautiful colors as mentioned above. Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Special Offer—

Six distinct Tom Thumb Varieties (our selection), 2/-

NEW ZEALAND GLORY PEA—See *Clianthus puniceus*.

A YATES' SPECIALITY!

YATES' GIANT EXHIBITION AND GARDEN PANSIES

In Pansies, as with other lines, we are continually testing and comparing varieties, and we believe that our Giant Exhibition and Garden Strains are unexcelled for size, colouring and markings, and are equal to the best and most highly bred that can be obtained anywhere in the world. It should be understood the choicer strains of Pansies have not so much natural vigour, and both the raising of seed and the care of the plants, require more than ordinary attention.

Special Collection Offer

YATES' GIANT PANSIES

This consists of three of our finest varieties and carries our recommendation. For description of varieties see below.

1 packet Yates' Superb Giant Mixed, at	2/6
1 packet Yates' Ruffled Giants Mixed, at	2/6
1 packet Yates' Large Flowered Blotched, at . .	1/-

FOR
5/-
post free

YATES' SPECIAL EXHIBITION (FRENCH STAINED).

We can confidently recommend this variety. It is probably the best strain of Exhibition Pansies grown, the blooms are very large, of excellent form and substance, and show beautiful markings and full rich colors. Like all extra choice flower seeds, this variety requires special care to raise successfully. Supplies very limited.

Pkt., 5/-; Bulk pkt., 10/-

YATES' SUPERB GIANT MIXED (See illustration).

A very excellent strain of Giant, Show and Exhibition Pansies, and in our trials second only to Yates' Special Exhibition; the flowers are large, brilliantly marked, and of a great variety of coloring.

Pkt., 2/6; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 6/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 10/-

YATES' RUFFLED GIANT (See illustration).

This is a specially fine strain, producing large blooms with beautifully frilled petals. The flowers are of excellent substance, of large size, and of a full range of coloring.

Pkt., 2/6; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 5/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 7/6

YATES' LARGE FLOWERED BLOTCHED.

A choice strain of Large Flowered Blotched Pansies; the color is rich and varied, and the flowers have great size and substance and are characterised by rich blotches of the loveliest deep colors.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/9

MASTERPIECE.

The petals are frilled, flowers are of good size and stand up well, a good range of colors and mixture.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/9

CASSIERS FINE MIXED.

A fine strain of Blotched Pansies, of great richness and a good variety.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/9

TRIMARDEAU MIXED.

These are good hardy Pansies, giving large variation of colors, and are early bloomers.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/-

GOOD MIXED

Contains a good assortment of hardy varieties which are easily raised and bloom freely over a long period.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{3}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

See also Bedding Pansies and Violas over leaf.



Type of the large vigorous blooms grown from Yates' Superb Giant Mixed



Beautiful frill form produced from Yates' Ruffled Giant

YATES' SPECIALITIES! VIOLAS AND BEDDING PANSIES

The Viola Cornuta or Horned Pansy is a wonderful bedding plant which has come very much to the fore the last few years. It is somewhat similar to the bedding Pansy, but blooms rather smaller. It is unequalled among the Pansy family for freedom of flowering and length of blooming season, even after the hot weather commences. For time of sowing and cultivation treat the same as Pansies, except that when planting out, space them about four to six inches apart. They will then make an unbroken carpet of bloom in the flowering season. Violas do specially well around Sydney and we recommend planting out in large masses or in long wide rows. Blue Violas make a lovely border when grown with Iceland Poppies.

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

N.B.—Owing to loss of vitality in the seed we will not supply **Blue Gem** or **Lord Nelson**, two varieties introduced last year.

Papilio—One of the most vigorous flowering Violas; blooms earlier than other varieties and its beautiful lavender shade with a flush of white on the lower petals is most attractive for massing.

Papilio Deep Violet—This and **Papilio** are the earliest flowering of the Violas, and the color is quite distinct from the other sorts offered.

Lutea Splendens—A distinct pure yellow which makes a great show when massed together in beds or planted as a border to the blue or white varieties.

White Perfection—The best of the white violas, very vigorous and floriferous. Color is clear snow white and makes a good border for a bed of **Papilio**.

Blue Perfection—Blooms very freely for a long period while the color is a delicate shade of light blue.

Admiration—This variety flowers rather later than the others and the shade varies from a rich blue to a deep purple.

Mixed Colors—A choice mixture of the above for those who have very limited space and wish to have all the beautiful colors, although the Viola is essentially suitable for growing in masses of one color.

The price of all the above (except where otherwise stated) is Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6.

YATES' BEDDING PANSIES

Planted in masses in large clumps or in ribbon borders these give a magnificent show in spring. Their colors are very bright and they yield a great wealth of bloom. The flowers are not so large as the ordinary Pansies, but they are of strong, compact, upright habit.

PURE WHITE, Candidissima—A favorite variety.

WHITE, with Purple Eye—White ground, dark purple blotch.

LIGHT SHADES, Orchid Flowered—Rare light shades, frilled; very attractive.

LIGHT BLUES, Fairy Queen—Margined white. **Light Blue, with eye.**

DARK BLUES, Lord Beaconsfield—Shading to lavender. **Emperor William**—Bright blue, darker centre, yellow eye. **Azure Blue**—Dark purple, blue facing.

YELLOW and ORANGE, Yellow—Blackeye. **Prince Bismarck**—Tawny-yellow, dark centre.



REDS, BROWN-REDS AND MAHOGANY, Madame Perret—A mixture of rose-ruby and crimson shades. **Meteor**—Bright glowing red. **Red Riding Hood**—Velvety plum violet. **Cardinal**—Deep tomato red with dark blotches. **Emperor Frederick**—Dark red bordered orange. **Victoria**—Claret, with darker centre.

PURPLE BLACKS, King of the Blacks—Very dark. Black and bronze centre. Each Color Separately.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6
Mixed Colors—Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9
For those who do not wish to choose their own we suggest the following collection:—

SPECIAL "FLORIST" COLLECTION of twelve varieties (our selection) for 4/-, post free. We have selected out hardy varieties and colorings specially suitable for cut flower trade, and for florists' work, posies, etc.



YATES'

TALL AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

"ORANGE PRINCE"

Per packet 1/-; 4oz. 1/6

"LEMON QUEEN"

Per packet 1/-; 4oz. 1/6

We have selected these newer type Marigolds as two of the most effective summer blooming plants, we have, for massing and for mixed borders. The two colours are in distinct but charming contrast and both should be planted

YATES'
"Home Garden"
Collection of
SUMMER FRUITS

The following selected sorts are highly recommended for the home garden. All are hardy and vigorous and with ordinary attention will give big yields of first quality fruit:

- 1 APPLE Granny Smith
- 1 PEACH Elberta
- 1 PLUM Santa Rosa
- 1 APRICOT Moorpark
- 1 NECTARINE Goldmine
- 3 LOGANBERRIES

THIS
COLLECTION
FOR
11/6
Postage and
Packing Free

Catalogue rate with postage
and packing 13/9.

Order May to August

SUPERB PETUNIAS A Yates' Speciality

See also New Variety, pp. 39-42.

CULTIVATION—When growing the better strains of Petunias offered here, it will be found that a small proportion, usually amongst the first to flower, are of inferior types; these should be discarded. Choice Strains of Petunias are particularly subject to reversion.

(H.P.—A.E.) All the choicest seed is hand-fertilized—these strains do not set seed naturally—this makes the seed very costly to produce. They are half-hardy perennials (except in warm climates, where they are best treated as annuals), and may be sown either in the greenhouse in the autumn or winter or in the open in a prepared seed bed or box in late spring. Take care that the young seedlings are not too shaded and so become drawn. They will continue in bloom during the driest and hottest weather. See Yates' Garden Guide, post free 1/-, for further cultural directions.

LARGE FLOWERED TYPES.

Yates' Superb Exhibition and Fancy Mixed Single (Superbissima Grandiflora)—A large flowered strain of great substance, bearing a profusion of flowers, with wide open beautifully veined throats. The flowers are blotched and marked in many rich dark and delicate light shades. A distinct class, perhaps the best of the large flowered Petunias for outdoor cultivation. Very suitable for exhibition.

Pkt., 2/6; Small pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Yates' Single Fringed or "Fluffy Ruffles"—All the finest fringed varieties in mixture. Although not so large flowered as Superbissima, this strain is particularly attractive as the blooms are delicately fringed and ruffled.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Single Giants of California—A good large flowered strain from U.S.A.

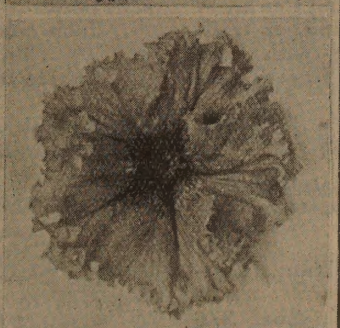
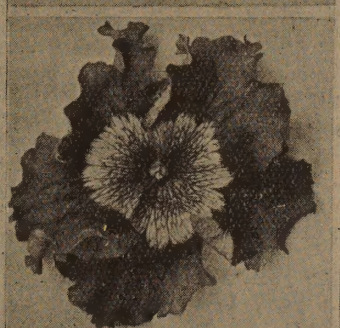
Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Double, Finest Large Flowered, Yates' Superb Mixed Strain—Assorted colors; the finest fringed and plain edged varieties mixed. In Double Petunias from seed seventy-five per cent. of the plants will be found to be singles, usually of a very select type. In transplanting take extra care of the weaker growing plants, as they are almost invariably the double ones. The Plain Edged and Fringed Section can be supplied separately if required.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

TYPES OF YATES SUPERB EXHIBITION PETUNIAS

Illustrations less than
half natural size.



Ruffled Giants, Double Mixed (1927 Novelty)—Reputed to produce a much greater percentage of doubles than is usual with double Petunias. The flowers are well frilled.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

FOR MASS BEDDING.

Single Grandiflora—We have specialised in these and now offer a very superior strain with the largest size of blooms, and wonderful colors. These are the large-flowered self colors, not the extra large Superbissima class and should not be confused with the latter. These are the best strain of Petunias for Bedding, Massing and all Broad Effects.

We offer the following seven distinct colors, specially suited for this purpose.

Brilliant Rose	Silvery Lilac
White	Striped
Purple-Blue	Purple Prince—
Veined	Fringed

Each color: Packet, 1/-; Bulk packet, 3/-

All colors, mixed.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

SPECIAL OFFER—1 pkt. each, six colors, 4/-

SMALL-FLOWERED BEDDING TYPES

Petunia lovers who have rich ground and a plentiful supply of water are strongly advised to grow the choicer flowered varieties mentioned above. The following although smaller flowered will continue in bloom for a longer period than the choicer strains. In addition they are more easily raised from seed. They are most effective when used for massed bedding or in a broad "ribbon edging" for large borders or circular beds.

Single Dwarf Violacea—A wonderful acquisition to the dwarf group. Very compact, free flowering, blooms deep violet.

Pkt., 1/-; 1/8 oz., 1/9

Single Dwarf Rosy Morn—Pink with white throat.

Pkt., 1/-; 1/8 oz., 1/9

Single Dwarf, Inimitable—Of compact bushy habit, flowers blotched and striped, splendid for borders, pots and window culture.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/9

Single, Tall Inimitable—Striped and blotched. Good for borders.

Pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/9; 1/4 oz., 2/6

Single, Tall Mixed—A good strain for border planting, giving a large assortment of colors.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1/8 oz., 1/6; 1/4 oz., 2/-

NEMESIA

(H.A.—C.E.) A charming annual from South Africa, with pretty flowers of various colors, ranging from white to yellow, orange, brown, and crimson and many other shades. The plants are hardy and should be sown in the late summer or early autumn. They will then, in mild climates, bloom in the winter and spring in the open borders, making a good display. Very suitable for clumps and edgings.

Large-Flowered Strumosa—The flowers are very large and of the most brilliant colors, and the strain is exceedingly fine, especially for cut flower work, as the blooms are carried on long stems. Colors include scarlet, dark scarlet, orange, carmine, cream, crimson, and spotted. 12-18in. high.

Separate Colors, as mentioned above—

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/6

Mixed Colors

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/-

Grandiflora Compacta—As compared with the Strumosa type this is much more compact in habit, and for this reason is the better strain for massing or extensive bedding. The individual flowers are just as large and of the same charming colors; 6 inches high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/-

Blue Gem Improved (compacta)—Flowers are a delightful soft azure blue. Excellent for edgings, for small beds, or for massing along the front of borders. We have seen some beautiful effects when bedded round Iceland Poppies; 6in. high.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 4/6

Blue Gem (original strain of the above)—Very effective for borders.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/6

Aurora—Has bi-color flowers, the upper half being a bright vivid carmine the lower pure white; 9in. high.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

PELARGONIUMS (Geraniums)

(H.H.P.—D.) Saved from the best named varieties only. Sown in seed pans, under glass, they will bloom the following year.

Choice, Stage, Show and Fancy—Mixed colors.

Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Zonale—Saved from named varieties. Mixed colors.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

PASSON FRUIT VINE—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

PEA, EVERLASTING (The Perennial Pea)

(H.P.—A.) Most attractive dwarf creepers, or they may be grown as border plants by tying to a stake; excellent for cut bloom. Sow in autumn or spring.

Red, Rose or White—Separately. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

Mixed—All the above Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

Lathyrus, Pubescens (Argentine Perennial Pea)—A magnificent, vigorous growing, climbing, or trailing perennial pea, literally covered with long spikes of the most lovely pale violet flowers during the spring; splendid for cutting.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6

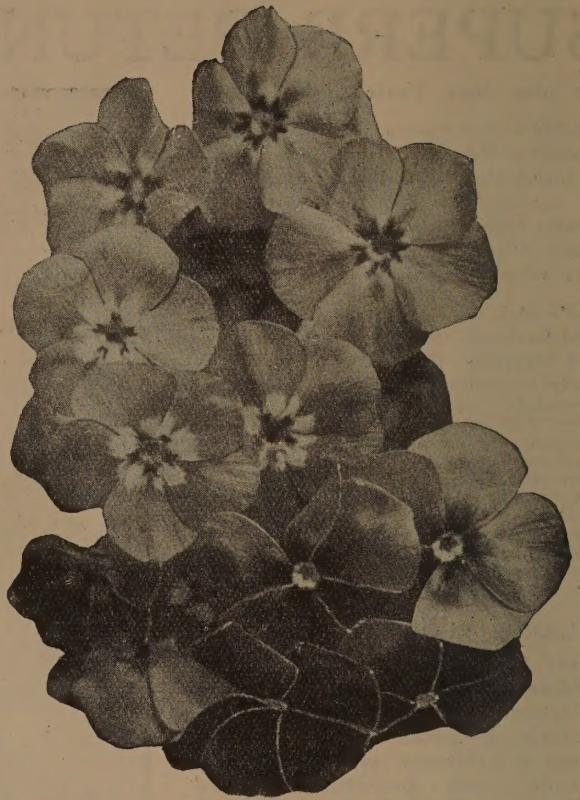
PENTSTEMON

(H.P.—C.) Extra choice handsome hardy perennial, splendid for borders, where they bloom continually through the spring, summer, and autumn. They should be sown in the autumn.

Gloxinia-Flowered Hybrids—A very brilliant, large-flowered strain; mixed colors.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6

PHASEOLUS—See Creepers, pages 81-82.



Phlox make a wonderful bedding display in summer and autumn.

PHLOX

(H.A.—A.E.) This is one of the prettiest annuals grown. They continue in bloom till late in autumn, and for summer bedding are unequalled, their brilliant and varied colors keeping the garden gay throughout the summer. In cold climates, spring sowing is recommended. In warm climates, where little frosts are experienced, sow any time from early spring on to the autumn. They delight in a sunny border.

NOTE—RE TRANSPLANTING PHLOX.

It is most important that seedling Phlox plants be transplanted when quite small, say in the third or fourth leaf. They fail to produce good flowering plants if allowed to get "leggy" before being put out.

DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA TYPE.

Yates' "Derwent" Large Flowered—This is a very fine strain of the largest flowered section. It contains all the most effective and beautiful colors of which the following are most suitable for massing and broad effects. **Splendens**—Bright red, white centre. **Brilliant**—Light rose, darker centre. **Buff and Yellow Tints**. **Rosy Chamois**—White centre. **Dark Crimson**. **White**. **Rose**—With white eye. **Crimson**—With rosy white centre. **Violet**—White centre; and others.

Each color.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9, $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Choice Mixed Colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Special Offer of six colors (our selection), 2/-

Drummond, Mixed—Good mixture of colors.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6

DRUMMONDI HORTENSIFLORA TYPE.

Yates' Dwarf, Large-Flowered, Mixed—These are much dwarfer, compact, and more bushy than the Derwent strain. The colors range from rich reds to crimson and purple shades. Recommended for the edging of small beds.

Pkt., 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6

PHYSALIS

(Chinese Lantern Plant or Winter Cherry)

(H.H.A.—C.) A showy annual, growing two feet high, the seed pods are extremely ornamental in the autumn; they change from brilliant yellow to scarlet, resembling a small lantern. An edible variety of Cape Gooseberry.

Francheti.

Packet, 6d.; ½ oz., 1/-

PHYSIANTHUS ALBENS—See Creepers, pages 81-82.**PHYSOSTEGIA** (Mock Erica)

(H.P.—C.) Handsome hardy perennials, growing about two feet high, and producing long spikes closely covered with dainty tubular flowers. Sow in the autumn. The seed is exceedingly slow to germinate.

The following are two large-flowered varieties, beautiful for cutting and various ornamental purposes.

Virginiana Rosy Lilac. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Virginiana White. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

PINKS, Perpetual Flowering—See Alwoodii. Other varieties, see Dianthus.**PIG FACE**—See Mesembryanthemum and Portulaca.**PIN CUSHION**—See Scabiosa.**PLATYCODON**

(Chinese Bell Flower, also known as Campanula, Grandiflora and Wahlenbergia).

(H.P.—C) A dwarf perennial Campula-like plant, with blue and white bell-shaped flowers, growing one foot high and blooming most profusely all the summer. A lovely little border plant; sow in the autumn.

Dwarf, Large-Flowered Single—Mixed blue and white. Packet 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Dwarf, Large-Flowered Double Blue—Beautiful shade. About ten per cent. of the plants will throw double flowers from seed.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

POLYANTHUS

(H.P.—C.F.G.) Lovely spring flowering border plants. Sow in a cool, moist, shady bed in the autumn, and, when large enough, transplant. They will bloom the following spring.

Yates' Extra Selected—This is a mixture of the large-flowered type containing whites and yellows. They are beautiful plants for spring blooming, very easily raised from seed, and flower the first year if sown in the early autumn. These new white and yellow types are particularly effective.

Pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 5/6; ¼ oz., 8/-

Gold Laced—Saved from finest exhibition varieties.

Pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 3/6; ¼ oz., 5/-

Good Mixed—A good assortment of colors.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 2/-

PORTULACA (Sun Plant or Pig Face)

(H.H.A.—A.E.) Lovely half-hardy annuals. Flowers of the most gorgeous coloring. They thrive in dry, warm situations, and are invaluable for summer bedding. Sow in the late spring in a nursery bed, and, as soon as they are large enough to handle, transplant into the borders, or, better still, sow thinly in the borders. They will flower in the very hottest weather.

Double Mixed—A fine strain of most dazzling colors; 4 in. high. Packet, 6d.; ¼ oz., 2/-

Single, Mixed—Contains all the most striking colors.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; ½ oz., 1/-; ¼ oz., 1/6

A customer writes from Fairfield Park, Melbourne, March, 1928.

*"I might state that the Asters are making a beautiful show and could not be better. The Stocks I got some months' ago were admired by many people at the time."***POINCIANA** (Bird of Paradise Flower)

(H.H.P.—C.) A sub-tropical shrub, which does well in warm climates. It grows from four to six feet high, with graceful Mimosa-like foliage, and bears an abundance of the most graceful and curious yellow flowers, with red anthers, which gives the plant its popular name. Soak the seed before planting. Sow seed in pans or boxes in the spring.

Gillesii—The hardiest and best variety.

Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

POPPIES (Iceland Poppies, see next page)

(H.A. and H.P.—B.) Poppies have been very much in vogue of late years, and have been greatly improved. The seeds offered are of the newest and best varieties. They should be sown in the autumn in cool and moist climates, and in cold climates in early spring also. Sow thinly in the open borders where intended to flower, as they do not transplant well. When cut, Poppies will last much longer in water if the ends of the stems are burnt.

Yates' Queen Poppies—A magnificent strain of Annual Double Poppies raised by our English house. They are selected from a very choice strain of Double Shirley Poppy by eliminating all except the very choicest double flowers and most brilliant colors. Many of them resemble the very finest Double Begonias others are like Hollyhock flowers, the centres being surrounded by a row of guard petals.

The colors range from pure white and blush to rich crimson, hardly two being alike and many showing a distinct Picotee edge. This is the finest strain of Double Poppies in cultivation.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 1/3; ¼ oz., 1/9

Shirley Poppy, American Legion—An enormous single Shirley of a dazzling orange scarlet. Flowers are borne on long stout stems and the plants are annuals with erect, robust growth.

Pkt., 6d.; ½ oz., 1/-; ¼ oz., 1/6

Shirley Re-selected (Annual)—The seed we offer has been re-selected and is a highly improved strain. The colors extend from purest white, through every shade of pink and rose, to deep crimson. Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Mikado (Annual)—The flowers are pure white, with crimson edge; the petals are deeply fringed.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Mephisto (Annual)—Scarlet, black spots.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Peony Flowered Admiral (Annual)—Single flowering, with large round smooth-edged flowers of pure white, edged with a broad band of brilliant scarlet.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Yates' Selected Oriental Hybrids—The blooms are nearly as large as Peonies and are of all the tints of scarlet, crimson and salmon, with large black blotches in the centre of the flower. They succeed best in a cool climate. Hardy perennials.

Pkt., 1/-; ¼ oz., 1/9

Glaucum (The Tulip Poppy) (Annual)—Very pretty, bright scarlet flower, similar in shape to a Tulip.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Dwarf French—Mixed colors. Pretty strain of hardy annual Poppies.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Carnation Flowered—Mixed colors. Hardy annual.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Danebrog (Danish Flag)—Single, brilliant scarlet, spotted white. Hardy annual.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

Umbrosum—Single flowers, golden vermilion, black spots in centre. Hardy annual.

Pkt., 6d.; ¼ oz., 1/-

POOR MAN'S ORCHID—See Schizanthus.

A YATES' SPECIALITY! RE-SELECTED ICELAND POPPIES

These are some of the most popular flowers in Australian gardens. We strongly recommend them for all districts. Where severe winters are experienced, they may be sown in March, or early spring, but in warm climates we suggest January and February as the best for first sowings; they will then bloom in the winter and early spring. Successive sowings will provide blooms through the spring months. Unlike most of the Poppies, this variety should be sown in boxes, pans or nursery beds and then transplanted. Iceland Poppies are particularly suited for house and table decoration, the glowing tints being most artistic, especially the newer Rose Pink and Terracotta shades. If the ends of the stems are burnt as soon as they are gathered they will last for many days in water. The colors range from white and yellow through pink and rose to orange, including many beautiful intermediate tints and art shades. In our climate these Poppies are best treated as annuals.

N.B.—To raise Iceland Poppies in Jan.-Feb. they must be sown in a cool shaded seed-bed.

Yates' "Rose Tints" Re-Selected—
This is our very best strain re-selected in our seed grounds, and contains a truly gorgeous collection of colors, ranging from the most delicate shell pinks to deep rose and carmine tints.

In addition there is a percentage of dark cream, lemon, and biscuit shades, which considerably enhance the beauty of the strain. We commend it to our customers as one of the finest offerings obtainable. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 5/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 8/-.

Yates' "Sunset Hybrids" Re-Selected
This strain is second only to Yates' "Rose Tints", and contains many new tints of the most artistic shades of lemon, pale orange, rose, terra-cotta, etc. This strain was also re-selected in our seed grounds, and we offer it to our customers fully confident that it will give great satisfaction. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 3/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 5/9.

"Coonara Pinks"—This is the original Victorian strain of Coonara Pink Poppies, recognised as a distinct advance in Iceland Poppy selection. It contains a wide combination of pink shades and the flowers are borne on long stems. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/3; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 4/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 6/9.

Sunbeam Improved (New)—Whilst the Sunbeam strain has always been noted for its strong erect stems and large flowers, it has only been obtainable in a very limited number of colors. This new strain contains all the newer shades such as maize, creams and rose shades. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/6; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 5/-.

Sunbeam Poppies—A quite distinct strain of Iceland poppies, giving larger blossoms on extra long stems, and of particularly robust habit. It contains a fine selection of colors, and is two to four weeks later than the other strain, so should not be planted late. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9.

Yates' Fine Mixed—White, yellow, and orange mixed. Small pkt., 3d.; pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3.



SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFER—One packet each of Four of the above Select Strains (our selection), 3/-.

PRIMROSE

(H.P.—C.F.G.) These require the same treatment as the Polyanthus, but are more partial to shade, and, if possible, should be planted under a south wall in stiff soil; if protected from hot winds and kept moist they will thrive even in our warmer districts, and give a grand show of bloom in the early spring. They are hardy perennials. The seed is slow to germinate; sow in the early autumn.

Hybrida, Finest Colored—Single and of various shades. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Yellow—The old favorite Primrose of England. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/-

Blue—A very choice selected strain of these beautiful spring flowers of an attractive shade of color. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

New French Hybrids—A vigorous growing cross between the Polyanthus and the Primrose. The flowers are very large and the colors brilliant. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., 3/-

PRIMULAS

(H.P.—D.) Bush-house or green-house perennials, with the exception of *P. Malacoides*, which thrive excellently in the open border. Sow in summer and autumn, under glass, and keep shaded till the seeds are up, when they can be transplanted into pots; these plants thrive much better if grown in a southerly aspect, where they get little or no sun. Primulas are one of the best early spring flowering green-house, or, in warm climates, bush-house plants. For cultivation see Yates' Garden Guide.

MALACOIDES TYPE.

This type is suitable for open air cultivation. Treated as an annual in the open ground and sown in the late summer and early autumn, it blooms to perfection in winter and early spring when flowers are generally scarce. They also make excellent pot plants for indoor decoration.

See also **New Variety**, pages 39-42.

Malacoides, Courtland's Seedling—An extremely vigorous type, flowers are comparatively free from the farina usually associated with this species. Petals are deeply bifid, and the color clear lilac pink. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Malacoides, Princess Mary—Larger in bloom, richer in color, and more vigorous in growth, than the original *Malacoides*, and is recommended. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., 4/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 6/-

Malacoides, Fimbriata—The lovely pink blooms, each have their tiny petals finely imbricated. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Malacoides, Rosy Mauve or White—This is equally suitable as a pot plant for house or table decoration, or for the open borders or for massing in small beds.

Rosy Mauve. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9
White. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

SINENSIS TYPE

These are only suitable for bush-house and glass-house cultivation. For hints on growing see Yates' Garden Guide, 1/-, post free.

Sinensis Fimbriata Yates' Superb—Mixed colors. Choicest English-saved, a remarkably fine strain and highly recommended for exhibition; they will give a splendid range of colors and flowers of immense size. Pkt., 2/6; Bulk pkt., 7/6

Sinensis Fimbriata, La Duchesse—A large flowering variety, with beautiful pure white blooms, each having a bright crimson eye. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Sinensis, Alba Magnifica—Splendid, large flowered white, with yellow eye; very large. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Sinensis, Ruby Queen—Bright glowing crimson. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

PRIMULAS—(continued)

OTHER TYPES

The following should all be grown in a protected situation such as a bush-house or glass-house.

Japonica (Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain)—Hardy herbaceous perennial; requires shade and a cool climate. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Pulverulenta (Bartley's Strain)—This new strain has a habit similar to Japonica, and embraces many beautiful shades of pink, with various colored eyes. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Obconica, Large Flowered—This is a very handsome Primula and a great improvement on the old variety, the flowers are nearly double the size and the colors range from pure white to deep rose; some of the flowers are fringed.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

PUERARIA—See Creepers, pages 81-82.



P. Sinensis Alba Magnifica

PYRETHRUM

(H.P.—C.F.) A beautiful class of hardy perennials. Sow in light soil in the autumn or spring.

Aureum (Golden Feather)—Splendid bedding plant, golden yellow foliage, unrivalled for borders; 6in. high. Pkt., 3d; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Aureum Laciniatum (Golden Moss)—Finely cut golden foliage, dwarf and compact.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3

Hybridum Roseum, Single and Double—Mixed. Marguerite-like flowers. Excellent for cutting when grown in cool moist climates. All shades of rose and lilac. 2 feet high.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

Double White (Camomile) see *Matricaria alba*.

RANUNCULUS—See next page.

REHMANNIA

(H.B.—C.) Herbaceous biennial from Central China, with large and handsome foliage. The long-tubed, Gloxinia-like flowers appear at the axis of the leaves, they are three inches across, bright rosy purple, with yellow throat spotted and striped with purple; 3 feet high.

Angulata. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Mr. W. P., writes from Epping on 12th March, 1928.

"I am pleased to tell you that the *Phlox Drummondii* Seed was a great success. We have one centre bed of over fifteen different colors which has been greatly admired by all who pass by. The *Amaranthus New Hybrids* are also now making a good show at present and are very attractive. We take great pleasure in their beautiful display. Wishing your Seeds the success they deserve."



RANUNCULUS

(H.P.—C.) Sow in January for preference, though later will do, transplanting the little bulbets in the autumn into their permanent positions, or we can supply the bulbs ready grown during the autumn (see Bulb pages).

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

Asiaticus Yates' Superb Mixed—The flowers are single, semi-double and double, and the colors range from the purest lemon yellow, through the most varied and beautiful tints of orange, salmon pink and scarlet, to deep glowing crimson; no two flowers are alike, and the various tints are blended together most harmoniously.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9

Giant Flowered Florentine—A selection from the old strain of French Ranunculus. Colors range through white, deep mauves, and all shades of rose, crimson, bronze and yellow.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6



Salvia Splendens Harbinger, a fine variety with a dwarf, compact habit.

RHODANTHE (Everlasting Daisy)

(H.A.—A.) Pretty everlastings, with drooping flowers. They are hardy annuals, but do best sown in spring; 12 in. high.

Manglesi—Rose. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

Maculata—Rose, crimson spots. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

Maculata Alba—White. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

Mixed Colors: Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

RICINUS (Castor Oil Plant)

(H.H.A.—A.) Handsome sub-tropical border plants; sow in late spring.

Zanzibariensis—Gigantic green leaves, white ribs.

Gibsoni—Rich dark red foliage.

Sanguineus—Deep reddish leaves.

Africanus—The old large variety.

Each above. Pkt., 6d.; Bulk pkt., 1/6

Collection of four varieties 1/6

SALPIGLOSSIS

(H.H.A.—C.E.) One of the most beautiful of all our annuals. The improved varieties which we offer have brought this plant rapidly into favor, and they are now one of the most popular flowers for summer bedding and for cutting. The gorgeous colors, and rich and varied markings of Salpiglossis, are not equalled by any other flowers. They are half-hardy, and, except in warm climates, should be sown in the spring. They must not suffer from drought.

See color plate facing page 32.

Yates' Emperor, Derwent Strain—An improved strain of the large flowered varieties; mixed or in seven separate colors: Brown, Light Blue, Scarlet, Crimson, Violet, White and Rose, each color beautifully veined with gold.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/3

Collection of 7 separate colors, as illustrated in color plate facing page 32, 2/6

Grandiflora—Mixed; splendid mixture of good colors; 2 feet high. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/-

SALVIA (Sage)

(H.P.—C.E.) Handsome, free-flowering, perennial border plants. The seed should be sown in early spring under glass, or in late spring in nursery beds. They like a sunny, well-drained border. It is much the best plan to raise seedlings each year and discard the old plants.

See also New Variety, pages 39-42.

NOTE—All Salvias should have the leader "pinched out" when a dwarf habit is desired.

Splendens Harbinger (New Variety)—The plants are dwarf and compact and bear spikes of dazzling bright scarlet flowers, which are beautifully set off by the strong dark green of the foliage.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Splendens, Improved Scarlet—A handsome fiery Scarlet Salvia, producing a profusion of extra long flower spikes through the summer and winter months. The plant forms dense bushes, well branched from the base, literally a blaze of intense color. Showy and effective in the open border; 3ft. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Bonfire (Improved, True Stock)—A darker variety than Splendens, both in flowers and foliage, the flowers being dark crimson and giving usually heavy spikes of bloom; 3ft. high.

Pkt., 1/- $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6

America—A recent introduction of dwarf compact habit. Each spike is closely set with mammoth flowers of a most brilliant scarlet shade.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 6/6

Hollandi—Has a much dwarfer habit than either Splendens or Bonfire, and flowers are of a lighter shade; we can best describe it as light scarlet. A grand variety for massing in the borders; 18in. high. Pkt., 1/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 4/6

Farinacea—This variety grows about the same height as Splendens, but is a delicate Wedgewood blue, with white eye on the lip, and has handsome foliage. We strongly recommend it for massing or occasional planting in the open borders; planted alongside the Scarlet Salvia the effect is brilliant. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

SIDALCEA

(H.P.—C.) A handsome hardy perennial suitable for cool districts. Sow in autumn.

Rose Queen—Bright rose color.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

SESBANIA (Brazilian Glory Pea)

(H.P.—A.) A magnificent flowering shrub, native to Brazil and Argentine. It is a shapely shrub growing to a height of 9 ft. or more, and covered with very graceful Mimosa-like foliage. It has a long flowering season, usually from the middle of October to about the middle of March. The flowers are carried in bunches or racemes, and are a most delightful shade of orange-scarlet or "Tango." It is a perennial and will flower within a year of sowing the seed. It should be raised in seed-bed or seed-box, being very hard the seeds take some time to germinate. Transplant just as soon as large enough, so that the tap root be not injured. Being a legume, and thus deep rooting, it does not rob the surrounding ground and is very charming in the centre of circular beds, etc.

Tripetii. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 9/-

SEA LAVENDER—See Statice.

SENECIO—See page 73.

SCABIOSA (Pin Cushion).

(H.A. and H.P.—A.E.) Very pretty annual and perennial border plants; they are also useful for cutting. The annual varieties have been much improved, the flowers are larger and the colors much more brilliant than the old type. Sow in the autumn or early spring.

ANNUAL VARIETIES.

Peach Blossom (1927 Novelty)—Produces large deep pink blooms. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/9

Shasta (1927 Novelty)—A pure white of large size, supported on long strong stems.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/9

Large Flowered, Azure Fairy—This is a very lovely color in the Annual Scabious. We can best describe it as a rich pale blue. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Double White—Large flowered, hardy annual; 2ft. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Large Flowered Double—2ft. high. All shades. Mixed. Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Separate Colors, including Black Purple, Fiery Scarlet, Rose, Yellow, Cherry Red, and Crimson. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Collection of six colors (our selection), 2/-

PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

Scabiosa Columbaria—This is a South African form of this handsome species and is of a charming shade of delicate mauve. The flowers are beautifully formed like *S. Caucasica*, and are from two to two-and-a-half inches across. The foliage is decorative. Very useful for cutting and garden decoration. Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Caucasica—One of the most beautiful of the hardy perennials. The flowers, which will last in water for a week, are of a most lovely lilac tint; only suitable for cool climates; 2ft. high. Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

SCARLET PASSION FLOWER, see *Tacsonia*, Creepers, pages 81-82.

SHASTA DAISY—See *Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Excelsior*.

SMILAX—See *Medeola Asparagoides*.

SNAPDRAGON—See *Antirrhinum*.

SNAIL FLOWER—See *Phaseolus*, Creepers, pages 81-82

SOLANUM SEAFORTHIANUM—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

STOKESIA (Stoke's Aster or Cornflower Aster)

(H.P.—C.) Handsome perennial of erect habit. The charming blue flowers are very effective in beds when massed.

Cyana Blue. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

STATICE—See page 73.

SCHIZANTHUS (Poor Man's Orchid)

(H.A.—A.) A beautiful hardy annual, rapidly becoming very popular for border plants, for massing, edgings, and for pot work. The unique butterfly-like flowers never fail to excite the greatest interest and admiration, hence the title "The Poor Man's Orchid." The flowers are of curious shape and produced in great variety of charming colors and markings. For pot plants, for bush-house or green-house, it is a capital thing. It is quite hardy and should be sown in late summer or early autumn, either in pans or nursery beds for subsequent transplanting, or directly in the permanent borders where they should afterwards be thinned to three to four inches apart. The other varieties offered, *Retusus* and *Pinnatus*, are very pretty, but the *Wisetonensis* New Hybrids are specially recommended.

Wisetonensis New Hybrids—Compact habit, large.

Both in size of head and individual blooms the Hybrids are a great advance on the original type; 16in. high. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/6

Retusus—Mixed, red and pink shades, pretty border plants; 18in. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Pinnatus—Mixed, blue shades, for borders; 18in. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Mixed—Red and blue.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6



The beautiful *Schizanthus Wisetonensis*, known as Poor Man's Orchid.

A YATES' SPECIALITY! YATES' Giant Perfection STOCKS

THE WONDERFUL NEW IMPROVED STRAIN

These are large flowered Stocks which grow to a height of twenty to twenty-four inches, and come into bloom very early, and are of very branching habit and remarkably free flowering. The blooms are carried on long stems, and this is therefore an excellent strain for florists and for cut flowers. The percentage of doubles is unusually good, and indeed in recent Trials of 150 different varieties and colours we found this strain easily excelled all others. Stocks are very impatient of wet, undrained land, and care should be taken not to over water them. They like a sunny position.



Special Value Offered in Collections

12 pkts., separate colors (our selection)	3	6
6 pkts., separate colors (our selection)	2	0

See also New Varieties, pages 39-42.

Blood Red—A very striking shade showing up well for indoor decoration.

La France—This is an improvement in color of the old favourite Beauty of Nice. Shade is a delicate blush pink.

Fiery Scarlet—The most brilliant colored variety of all and literally glows in bright sunlight.

Sapphire—While not quite as tall growing as the other varieties the individual pips of the flower are larger and the percentage of doubles if anything greater.

May Queen—An entrancing shade of pale blue, and a vigorous free bloomer.

Heatham Beauty—Individually this is considered the most beautiful shade of all. Color is vieux rose, shaded terra-cotta.

Empress Augustus Victoria—This should be included in all collections; the color is a distinct shade of silvery lilac.

Canary Bird—A good branching stock of a rich deep-creamy yellow shade.

Rose—A rich shade of pink which deepens with age to rose; highly recommended for florist use.

Snowdrift—The best strain of white stock that has been produced; has long spikes and branching habit.

Violet Slate—Not as tall as other varieties, but the color is a unique shade of slate mauve.

Queen of the Belgians—A tall growing sort with flowers of a pale mauve tint.

Each Variety . . . Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-
3/2oz., 2/3; 1/8oz., 3/3; 1/4oz., 4/9

Mixed Colors . . . Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-
3/2oz., 2/-; 1/8oz., 2/9; 1/4oz., 4/-

NICE GIANT OR BEAUTY STOCKS

This strain is an old favorite in this country. The plants are well branched and of sturdy growth, and the range of color covers all the most beautiful shades.

Choice Mixed Varieties . . Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-
3/2oz., 2/-; 1/8oz., 2/9; 1/4oz., 4/-

Special Offer—

Six separate varieties (our selection), 2/-
Fine Mixed—Contains many lovely shades and will produce a good proportion of double flowers—
Packet, 3d.; 3/2oz., 1/9

LATE BROMPTON STOCKS

The Australian climate is unsuitable for this type of stocks, and as there is little or no demand we have ceased stocking them.

LIST OF VARIETIES—

Glory of Australia (Arthur Yates)—Velvety blackish violet, 3/2oz. 5/6; 1/8oz. 8/-; pkt., 1/-.

Each Variety—

Pkt., 6d.; 3/2oz., 2/3; 1/8oz., 3/3; 1/4oz., 4/9

President Woodrow Wilson—

Violet slate.

Glorious—Buff yellow.

Minister Lloyd George —

Blood red.

Beauty of Nice—Flesh pink.

Monte Carlo—Yellow.

Queen Alexandra—Rosy lilac.

Bella Napoli — Terra-cotta

pink.

Pride of Kellar — Heliotrope

blue.

Bianca—Pure white.

Violet—A beautiful shade.



SUNFLOWERS (Helianthus)

(H.A.—C.E.) Splendid hardy annual border plants. No flowers are more decorative or ornamental than these; all varieties should be grown. Sow in the autumn or early spring.

Tall Red Sunflower—This is the nearest approach to a Red Sunflower. It is similar to the large single type, but the dark centre of the flower head is surrounded by a band of purple or chestnut-red, the tips of the petals showing the original yellow. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-

Tall Single—Yellow, good for planting at back of borders; 5 feet high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

Primrose Colored—Charming variety; very pretty; 5 feet. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

Argophyllus—Bright silver foliage, single yellow flowers; 5ft. high. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; 1oz., 1/6

Globosus—Very large double flowers; a stately plant for large borders, 5 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; 1oz., 1/6

Large Russian—The seeds are grown for fowl feed. Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d. Price for quantity on application.

DWARFER VARIETIES.

We have grouped the following dwarfer growing varieties together for those who prefer them.

Purpureus Hybrids (1927 Novelty)—Pretty new hybrids in a variety of terra-cotta, copper, salmon-pinks, old rose and bronze shades.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/3

Miniature—Pretty single variety, suitable for bouquets; one of the best annuals; 3 feet high.

Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Miniature, in Named Varieties—We offer the following; all 3 feet high.

Diadem—Large, light citron flowers. Pkt., 6d.

Orion—New, with crisped petals. Pkt., 6d.

Stella—Extra large flowers. Pkt., 6d.

Each Variety $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Collection of three varieties 1/3

Dwarf, Double—Similar to Globosus but much dwarfer; most desirable.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; 1oz., 1/-

Mexican Sunflower—See Tithonia.

STATICE (Sea Lavender)

(H.P. and H.A.—A.) The different varieties of these handsome everlasting flowers are being grown very largely in England for florists' use; they are extremely decorative and will last a very long time when cut and dried; as border plants they are also very handsome. They are of the easiest cultivation. Sow in the autumn or early spring.

Bonduelli—Lovely yellow shade, hardy annual; 18in. high. Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/3

Incana—Dwarf, small flowered, mixed red shades; hardy perennial. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 2/6

Perezii multiflora (1927 Novelty)—A deep pure blue of a true perennial type. Has recently been in phenomenal demand as a cut flower in America. Spikes are of remarkable vigor and carried on stems up to 3 feet long.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Caspia—The flowers and stems which are almost as fine as those of Gypsophila, are a pretty lavender shade. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

SINUATA TYPE

Rosea Superba (1927 Novelty)—Bright rose.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/9

True Blue (1927 Novelty)—Rich navy blue.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 2/-

Hybrids—Mixed colors; hardy annual.

Pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/6

STREPTOCARPUS (Cape Primrose)

(H.P.—D.) A lovely plant for pot culture in bush-house or cool greenhouse. Sown in the autumn or early spring, under glass, they will bloom the following summer.

New Hybrids—An exceptionally choice strain of the improved Streptocarpus. The large, trumpet-shaped flowers are all tints of lavender, purple and rose, to pure white; 9in. high.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

STRAWFLOWER—See Helichrysum.

STURTS' DESERT PEA—See Clanthus

SULTAN'S BALSAM—See Impatiens.

SUMMER CYPRESS—See Kochia.

SWAN RIVER DAISY—See Brachycome.

SWEET SULTAN—See Centaurea Imperialis.

SENECIO (Jacobaea).

(H.P.—C.) A handsome tall growing perennial shrub bearing large clusters of golden yellow blooms and growing to a height of 15 feet. Should be raised in seed boxes and pricked off into pots when large enough. Plant into permanent position when 12-18 inches high. Useful as a specimen plant and needs plenty of room.

Pestates.

Pkt., 1/-; Bulk pkt., 3/-

SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus)

(H.P.—A.) A favorite old-fashioned perennial, very effective in mixed borders. If sown in the autumn they will bloom the following spring.

Double Mixed—All colors and markings. We are specializing in these at our Tasmanian Seed Farm. We have secured the latest and finest of the English varieties, including Pink Beauty and Scarlet Beauty. For cool climates no flowers are more showy than these improved Sweet Williams.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Mr. S. G. S.—Brisbane, Q'ld., writes, 14-3-28:—

"I have much pleasure in saying that I use no other seeds for garden (Vegetable and Flower) than Yates'. Have always found them reliable and from 75 to 95 per cent. of seeds germinate successfully. My latest success with your seeds was a packet of Zinnia Seed (Polar Bear). This year I got my seedsman to send direct to your firm, which he did, to the pleasure of all concerned."

YATES' CHOICE SWEET PEAS

Select List of Australian Early Flowering Varieties

And a Few of the Best of the American Sorts.

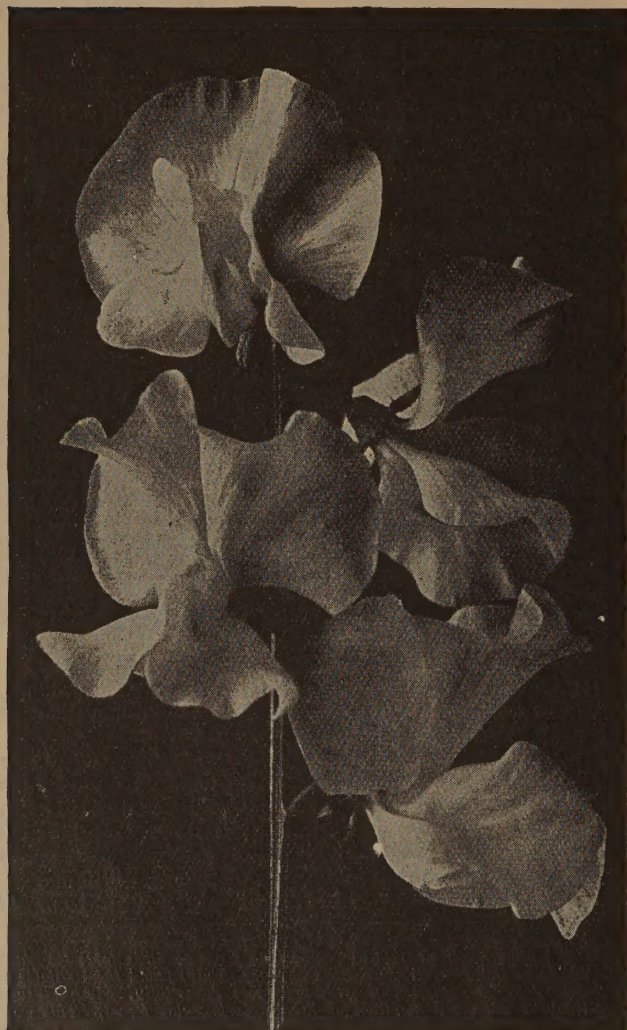
FOR Australian gardens there are few flowers that can give so much pleasure and provide such a bountiful return of fragrant bloom as the Australian Early Flowering Sweet Peas.

Sown at intervals through the late summer, autumn and early spring, these "quick flowering" varieties may be had in bloom for about eight months out of the twelve. We recommend growers in all except the colder districts to sow only these Early Flowering sorts; they will give infinitely more satisfactory results than the Summer or Late Flowering varieties, and the range of colour now obtainable is all that can be desired.

Throughout our Commonwealth, in the East, in China and India, in South Africa, and other similar countries, where the Late Summer Flowering varieties prove so disappointing, our Early Flowering Sweet Peas are proving a most gratifying success and a source of much pleasure and profit to those who are growing them.

The following list contains the very cream of present day varieties, and we have no hesitation in saying that there is no finer collection of Early Flowering Sweet Peas offered in this or any other part of the world. Each year we conduct extensive trials of all the best varieties, including novelties, offered by ourselves and other raisers.

The Best 47 Varieties for 1928



Mrs. May Hassett, one of the most beautiful types of modern Sweet Peas; see opposite page.

Each 6d. per packet,
except where priced higher.

See also SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS
and MIXTURES on Page 77.

For Novelties and New Varieties see pages 39-42

WHITES.

All White—Produces up to four gigantic blooms on long stems. Strongly recommended. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Snowbird—A very large clear white, producing many fours well waved on long stems. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Elfin Black Seeded White—Exceptionally large and free flowering; the seed has much more vitality than the white seeded varieties. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

CREAMS.

Cream Beauty—Color a rich cream throughout, and the blooms borne three and four on stems are of great substance, perfect Spencer form, and splendid size. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Elfin Black Seeded Cream—A very strong germinating cream; flowers, large and prettily waved. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

LIGHT SHADES.

Delicata—The color is almost pure white, the standard being very faintly tinted blush, passing to white with age. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Charm—The standard is white, tinted or stained very light heliotrope; the wings are a lighter tint, being almost white. A very captivating variety. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

[Continued on next page.]

The Best 47 Varieties for 1928 (continued)

Each 6d. PER PACKET, except where priced higher.

LIGHT SHADES—(continued).

Cameo—White ground flushed with light pink, deepening to edges of both wings and standard, which gives it a picotee effect; heavily frilled. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6.

Queensland Amber—A unique shade of pale apricot, flushed with light pink. A strong grower and nicely frilled. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6.

PICOTEES.

Daybreak—On opening, the bud is cream, with standard heavily edged buff pink, changing to almost white with a faint rosy edging. This variety is heavily frilled and produces more "fours" than any other we have tested. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Queensland Field Daisy—An unusually fine variety with deeply frilled standard and wings. Color, creamy white, flushed with pink at edges, many fours. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

SOFT PINK.

Mottes Frilled Pink—Can best be described as a pure soft pink, very heavily frilled, and producing many double standards. Highly recommended. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6.

CREAM PINKS.

Mrs. May Hassett—A rich deep pink on cream ground, the pink shade is beautifully suffused throughout the bloom—a great favourite. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Exquisite—A light apricot pink, shows up beautifully under artificial light. Eminently suitable for decorative work. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Marie Cheslyn—A delightful shade of apricot on cream ground. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

BLUSH PINK.

Countess—The color is a light blush pink, with deeper edges. The blooms are carried in threes and fours. A variety we strongly recommend. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

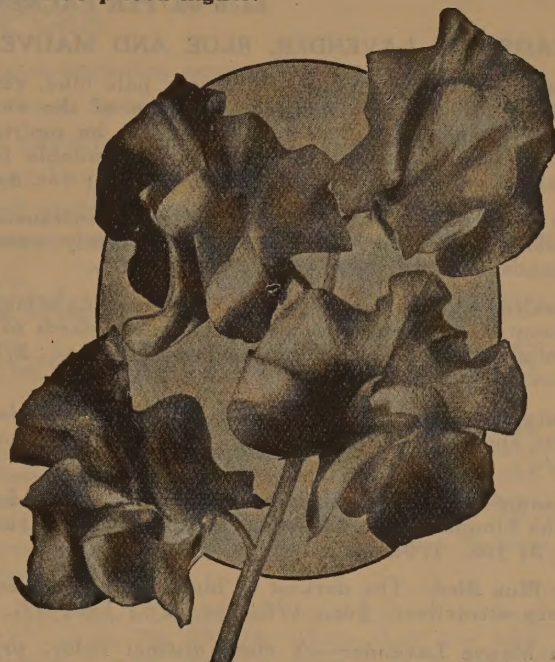
Yarrawa—This famous variety was the original of Yates' Early Flowering Spencer Strain of Sweet Peas, and in its color is one of the best. It is one of good size and substance, and bears three and sometimes four flowers on splendid long stems. The standard is a deep rose-pink and the wings a soft blush pink. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Fairmaid—A very nice blush pink—it can be truly called a pastel shade. The blooms are of fine texture. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Superior Pink (Introduced 1927)—A quite distinct shade which may be described as a rich bright pink. The color comes between the deep pinks and the cerise types and has been sought after for many years. Pkt., 1/- $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/9; 1oz., 7/6.

CRIMSON.

A. J. Quarrell—A very large flowered crimson, nicely frilled and showing many fours. In our trials this variety was practically sun-proof. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.



Chevalier—One of the really good varieties; see below.

Emperor—A rich crimson-red variety; indispensable on account of its glowing color and splendid qualities of size, form, substance, and freedom of flowering. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

ROSE CERISE.

Superb—A truly magnificent variety, throwing a large proportion of "double standard" blooms. The color is a clear glowing rosy-cerise. The blooms are of largest size, and the standard beautifully frilled and waved, giving the effect of "balls" of color. Both for garden and decorative use we consider this beautiful variety unequalled. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Arthur Yates—An intense glowing cerise shade—it is a particularly pleasing color. Flowers of excellent waved form. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Chevalier—This is a true uniform rose color, showing no other shade. An excellent variety, nicely frilled and throwing a big percentage of "fours". $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

SCARLET.

Grenadier—This is indeed the finest true scarlet variety yet introduced. Hot suns do not burn it as with other varieties of this coloring, and the brighter the day, the more brilliant the color appears. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-; 1oz., 6/-.

MAROON.

Chief—A massive, finely formed bloom of largest size, and an intense rich deep maroon coloring; a particularly fine variety for exhibition. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Laura—A very fine dark purple maroon, the coloring is more purple than Chief. A fine variety; recommended. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

PURPLE.

Concord Purple—A delightful shade of mauvy purple, changing as the flower ages to purple blue; perfect form. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

For Mixed Colours and Special Collection Offers, see page 77

The Best 47 Varieties for 1928 (continued)

Each 6d. PER PACKET, except where priced higher.

SHADES OF LAVENDER, BLUE AND MAUVE.

Queensland Beauty—A beautiful very pale blue, very nicely frilled. We consider this one of the very best of the light blues. It should not be omitted from any collection, and is especially suitable for exhibition. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Blue Butterfly—Clear sky blue—a most entrancing color; good form, large size, with a nicely waved standard. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Sapphire—A vigorous hardy grower, throwing a large quantity of fours, with many double standards of a delightful shade of mid-blue. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Albury Lavender—A beautiful shade of true lavender; size and form excellent. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Winsome—A delightful shade of pink, tinted lavender. The blooms are large and of excellent form. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

New Blue Bird—The darkest of blues, nice form, and very attractive. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Elfin Mauve Lavender—A clear distinct color, producing a large number of fours. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

ORANGE AND SALMON SHADES.

Vulcan—A magnificent glowing orange scarlet and one which stands up exceptionally well to late frosts and burning sun. A very valuable florist's variety. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 3/-; 1oz., 6/-.

Early Orange King—Another fine variety recently introduced. It is similar in shade to Burpee's Orange, but present indications are that it has much greater resistance to burning. Unfortunately our seed crop has failed.

Glitters—The color is a rich, reddish orange, which does not burn readily. A truly magnificent variety and of excellent form. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

Albury Beauty—One of the best of its color, which is a very fine soft salmon, large size, splendid form. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Burpee's Orange—A distinct shade, being a pure glowing orange without trace of pink. Should be planted to flower in the cooler weather, or else shaded from the sun to get the true color. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Elfin's Orange Scarlet—True to name and a very attractive and distinct color. Should be treated the same as Burpee's Orange to guard against burning. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6; 1oz., 5/-.

VIOLET FLUSH.

Pale Violet Flush—True to name, prettily frilled, and very attractive. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Dark Violet Flush—This is the deepest shade in this section. A very nice sort. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.



Introduced last year, Superior Pink has proved to be a beautiful and quite distinct new shade. See page 75.

FLAKED AND STRIPED.

Donald J. Coghill—A magnificent variety, white ground, flaked with rosy salmon. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Grey Flakes—Almost identical with the variety Senator Spencer in the summer flowering class. Rich chocolate flakes and markings on grey ground. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Petunia Flakes—These form a nice contrast with the above, the colors being truly described by the name. Excellent well waved form, large size. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9; 1oz., 3/6.

Columbine—White heavily flaked with crimson; an attractive, free flowering variety. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-; 1oz., 4/-.

Other Varieties

We also grow and can supply many other varieties.

List will be sent immediately on request.

How Yates' Sweet Peas behave in an Amateur Garden.

Mrs. E. H. T., Bundaberg, Queensland writes on 22/9/27 "The Sweet Pea Seed I purchased from you has proved a great success. The blooms are very large, mostly four on the stems. They are the talk of the place for their height, which is well on to twelve feet. The stems are nearly all 8 to 10 inches long. The Dianthus, Stocks, Lupins and Carnations are all a mass of bloom now, and all seeds purchased by me from you have proved true to catalogue."

Special Value Collections and Mixtures of Sweet Peas

Those who are not acquainted with the various varieties now offered will do well to take advantage of one or other of these Special Collections. They not only contain much greater value than if varieties are ordered separately, but include a well-balanced range of colour; from delicate pink, lavender, white and cream to rich maroon, purple, and striking red and rose shades.

YATES' "CHAMPION" COLLECTION— 20/- Post Free.

Contains extra special value (about £1/7/6 worth at catalogue rates) and is made up for those who desire to grow as complete a collection as possible of "worth while" varieties. It includes leading sorts raised by ourselves as well as other Australian raisers, also a selection of the best of the American Early Flowering, and a large packet of the world-famed Yarrawa. It is recommended as the best all-round collection offered.

YATES' "STAR" COLLECTION— 12/6 Post Free.

One packet each (our selection) thirty choice varieties, including many prize-winning sorts, with which we have gained medals and awards at various shows. And a large packet of Yarrawa.

YATES' "CROWN" COLLECTION— 5/- Post Free.

Specially suited for the owners of small gardens who have limited space, but desire to obtain the beautiful color effect for planting in masses, each a distinct shade. This collection includes twelve varieties priced at 6d. (all our selection), together with one packet of Yarrawa Spencer.

YATES' PRIZE PACKET— 5/-

Sufficient to plant up to 15 yards of row, this packet is made up for gardeners who, having limited space, wish to plant a few peas and to have all the best. It contains approximately 150 seeds of the best twenty varieties in our collection, chosen from our trials when in bloom in our Seed Grounds.

YATES' FIRST CHOICE SPENCERS (Mixed).

This fine mixed strain contains a large selection of the fine varieties offered in our "List of the Best 47." The range of color is endless, almost all colors known in Sweet Peas being represented. The blooms are large, beautifully waved in form, and carried on splendid stems.

Large packet (about 200 seeds), 2/6.

Small packet (about 75 seeds), 1/-.

Per oz., 3/-.

Yates' Selection of the Best Twelve for 1928

In the extensive trials of Sweet Peas which we carry out each year we are able to make very close and accurate comparisons between the varieties, and we publish below what we ourselves think are the "pick of the bunch." We consider the following to be the Best Twelve Varieties grown.

They are all listed in "Yates' List of the Best 47," pages 74, 75, 76, where they are fully described, and are also offered as a Special Value Collection hereunder.

Elfin's Black Seeded White—White. Pkt., 6d.

Daybreak—Cream with pink picotee. Pkt., 6d.

Superior Pink—Rich bright pink. Pkt., 1/-.

Fairmaid—Blush pink. Pkt., 6d.

Superb—Rose Cerise. Pkt., 6d.

Emperor—Crimson. Pkt., 6d.

Grenadier—Scarlet. Pkt., 1/-.

Glitters—Reddish orange. Pkt., 6d.

Vulcan—Orange scarlet. Pkt., 1/-.

Queensland Beauty—Pale blue. Pkt., 1/-.

Blue Butterfly—Sky blue. Pkt., 6d.

Columbine—White flaked crimson. Pkt., 6d.

N.B.—Supplies of Queensland Beauty are very short for the 1928 season. When they are exhausted we will substitute in the above Collection Albury Lavender, a variety which we know will give the most pleasing results.

Yates' Special Best Twelve Collection, 6/- Post Free

Contains one full-sized packet of each of the abovementioned twelve varieties, and carries our highest recommendation.

MIXED HYBRIDS.

A good strain of mixed Sweet Peas. Per pkt., 6d.; ½ oz., 1/3; 1 oz., 2/6.

MIXED EARLY FLOWERING, pkt., 3d.



SWEET PEAS—Late Flowering Spencers

In Tasmania and the cooler parts of Australia these Late or "Long Growing Season" varieties can be grown with great success. While for the greater part of the Commonwealth we consider the Early Flowering Spencers will give finer results both for winter and summer, there are many growers on the highlands and elsewhere who prefer the Late Flowering Type, and we are, therefore, cataloguing the following sorts, which are representative of the best yet produced. These varieties should be sown in March or April. Sowings may also be made in August.

For Novelties and New Varieties, see Pages 39-42.

Recent Introductions of Merit

Each 1/- packet.

Delightful—A rich terra-cotta cerise, suffused orange or scarlet red.

Del Monte—A rich salmon cerise self of perfect Spencer form.

Gladness—A distinct new color which might be called a geranium pink; a soft coral pink intensified by a deeper tone with lemon keel.

Mary Pickford—A beautiful light and dainty cream pink, faintly suffused salmon.

Miss Philadelphia—Best described as a mid-pink, suffused with pale amber.

Royal Blue—A true royal blue, which has a life and brilliancy not usual in dark blues.

Sky—A true sky blue, bright and attractive.

Snowball—A new pure white of great substance and sturdiness.

General List

Each 6d. per packet
1 oz., 1/6

COLLECTION 18 VARIETIES.
(Our Selection), 7/6 post free.

Blue Monarch—Blue

Camp Fire—Vivid fiery color.

Defiance—Orange scarlet.

Dobbies Cream—Deep color.

Doreen—Large bright carmine.

Electric—Red, suffused salmon.

Elfrida Pearson—Blush-pink.

Fiery Cross—Red-orange cerise.

Floradale Purple—Warm rosy purple.

Florence Nightingale—Lavender blue.

Fordhook Blue—Rich azure.

Fordhook Orange—Salmon suffused bright orange.

Giant White—The last word in whites.

Hawthorn Lavender—Giant pale lavender.

Heavenly Blue—Delphinium blue.

Hercules—Giant pink.

King Edward—Crimson.

King Manoel—Giant maroon.

Mrs. Cuthbertson—Rose-pink, white wings.

Mrs. Hardcastle Sykes—Blush-pink

Mrs. Tom Jones—Deep amethyst-blue.

Mrs. Townsend—White with blue edge.

Radiance—Deep pink.

Royal Purple—Very rich.

Royal Scot—Glowing orange-scarlet.

Scarlet Emperor—Rich scarlet.

Sky—A true sky blue, bright and attractive.

Sunshine—Soft Hermosa pink.

Thomas Stevenson—Orange-scarlet.

Wedgewood—Azure blue.

Youth—White with pink edge.



Yates' Late Flowering Mixed Spencers

A splendid mixture of Late or Summer Flowering Sweet Peas, comprising a large selection of the choicest and most varied varieties and colors.

Small packet, 3d.; packet, 6d.; 1 oz., 1/-

TACSONIA (varieties)—See Creepers, pages 81-82.
TAGETES—See Marigold.

THALICTRUM

(H.P.—C.) Graceful herbaceous perennials with very fine foliage of great value for bouquets and cutting. Sow seed in early autumn or spring.

Adiantifolium—Foliage resembles the maiden hair fern. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

Dipterocarpum (Lavender Shower)—Carries, during the summer a profusion of dainty lavender flowers with yellow anthers. The foliage is also very ornamental. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/9

THUNBERGIA—See Creepers, pages 81-82.

TITHONIA (Mexican Sunflower)

(H.A.—C.E.) Handsome orange-scarlet flowers, very showy.
Speciosa . . . Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

TORENIA

(H.H.A.—C.) Extremely beautiful little plants, very easily grown. Sow in seed pans in the early spring and autumn, and when sufficiently large, plant out in pans, say three inches apart. They will bloom very freely and make one of the prettiest bedding plants we know. In Sydney they do well in the open borders, being most attractive and effective when massed.

Fournieri—Blue. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/-

TOAD FLAX—See Linaria

TOBACCO PLANT—See Nicotiana.

TREE MARIGOLD—See under Marigold.

TROPEOLUM (varieties)—See Nasturtium, and also Creepers, pages 81-82.

VERBENA

(H.P.—C.E.) Nothing can surpass in beauty and brilliancy a bed of Verbenas. If cared for and not allowed to seed, they will continue in bloom for months. Sow in autumn for best results; hardy perennial.

See also **New Variety**, pages 39-42.

Royal Bouquet—An entirely new type of upright growing Verbena. The creeping lateral of the ordinary Verbena is replaced by a compact upright growing plant fifteen to eighteen inches high and not more than ten inches across, having no lateral branches. The flowers are borne on long stems and group themselves together at the summit of the plant, and compare in size and color with the finest strains of the ordinary type.

Pkt., 1/6; Bulk pkt., 4/6

Yates' Large-flowered Extra Choice—This is a fine strain of Mammoth Verbenas. The flowers are large and all shades of color, saved from a large collection of named varieties. When seed of this quality can be secured it is much better to raise seedlings than to buy the plants; seedlings are much more vigorous and the colors are just as brilliant. The separate colors as offered hereunder are fine for massing and broad color effects.

Luminosa—Flame pink, toning to salmon and coral. Pkt., 1/-

Rosea Stellata—Rose Pink, white eye. Pkt., 1/-

Blue—White eye. Pkt., 1/-

White—Very pretty, for bordering. Pkt., 6d.

Lucifer—Showy, red self, no eye. Pkt., 6d.

Defiance Red—Brilliant, for bedding, white eye. Pkt., 6d.

Purple—A beautiful deep shade. Pkt., 6d.

Separate Colors—As above—

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Mixed Colors—

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Good Mixed—Mixed colors. Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

VERBASCUM

(H.P.—C.) A hardy herbaceous perennial growing 3 feet high and bearing long spikes of flowers in abundance.

New Hybrids—A mixture of violet and red shades.
 Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/9

VIOLETS (Sweet Scented)

(H.P.—C.F.G.) This seed is very slow to germinate, and requires a cool temperature and shady seed bed to bring it up well. Sow in autumn or early spring. They should be transplanted into the borders when large enough and kept watered till established. In warm sunny climates a partially shaded position is most suitable.

Odorata—The common sweet-scented variety.

Blue or White, separately: Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/9
Mixed. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 2/9

The Czar—We offer dark blue or white, large flowers. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/6

VIOLA—See page 64.

VIRGINIAN STOCK

(H.A.—A.) Pretty old-fashioned hardy annuals. They are suitable for edgings or small borders. Should be sown in autumn; 6 inches high.

Yellow. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Fairy Queen—Carmine. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

Crimson King. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-

All Colors Mixed—
 Pkt., 3d.; Large pkt., 6d.; 1oz., 1/-

WALLFLOWER

(H.B. and H.A.—C.F.) Old favorite border plants, with very fragrant blooms. Sow in early autumn for spring flowering. They are one of the most satisfactory border plants, both the rich coloring and delicious fragrance make them universal favorites. Formerly Wallflowers were grown successfully only in the cooler districts where the Perennial type flourishes but with the introduction of the Single Annual and now the Double Annual types Wallflowers can be equally well grown in Sydney and other mild climates.

PERENNIAL TYPES

Double Branching—A splendid strain, will give a large percentage of double flowers.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 3/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 5/6

Single Flowering—All the finest forms and most attractive colorings. We have available the following shades: **Purple, Golden Yellow, Ruby Red, Blood Red.**

Separate Colors. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Choice Mixed.

Pkt., 6d.; Small pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

ANNUAL TYPES

Early Wonder Double (1927 Novelty).—This Annual strain contains all the beautiful colors and the doubleness of the perennial double type. Should prove a valuable addition to this section.

Pkt., 2/-; Bulk pkt., 6/-

Single Annual, Yates' Select—Saved from specially selected colors. Planted in the late summer or early autumn these will bloom the following spring. They are the best type to grow in warm climates. Colors comprise: **Yellow with Brown buds, Blood-red, Yellow, Brown.**

Mixed or in Separate colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/3; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Single Annual, Paris Earliest—Mixed colors. A French early flowering strain.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

WINDFLOWER—See Anemone.



The beautiful sturdy type of the new Giant Mammoth strain of Zinnias introduced last year.

ZINNIA

(H.H.A.—A.E.) They are not excelled as border plants for summer flowering, and will continue to bloom right through from spring till the late summer. The seed we offer will give a great variety of the most brilliant colors and flowers of the very best form and size. Successional sowings should be made from early spring every eight weeks till the autumn. The first blooms usually come more or less single and should be removed from the plants.

Nurserymen, please see Note as to Prices on page 43.

Yates' Selected Giant Double (Plenissima Grandiflora Robusta)—The plants are of exceptionally robust habit, and throw up long firm stalks crowned with immense flowers, sometimes measuring five to six inches across, which are nearly all very double. For showy groups and borders these Zinnias are unrivalled.

We have the following colors:—

Scarlet, Buttercup, Golden-Yellow, Salmon Shades, Orange, Shrimp Pink, Rose, White, Flesh, Crimson, Light Canary, Purple.

Each Color—

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 2/3

Special Collection of six colors, 2/-

Mixed Colors: Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 2/-

Giant Mammoth (1927 Novelty)—Reputed to be an improved strain of Plenissima robusta. The petals are loosely placed and decidedly imbricated. Colors include Cerise Queen, Enchantress (Pink), Lemon Queen, Miss Wilmot (Salmon-rose), Orange Queen, Purity (White), Rose Queen, Scarlet Gem.

Each Color: Packet, 1/-; ½oz., 1/9; ¼oz., 2/6

Mixed Colors: Packet, 1/-; Small pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 1/9; ¼oz., 2/6

Yates' Dwarf Double—A fine strain, containing a magnificent range of color, varying from pure white through the delicate shades of pearly pink, blush, rose, salmon, to orange and rich deep crimson. The colors are most brilliant, and for bedding out this strain is strongly recommended.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 1/6

ZINNIAS—(continued).

Robusta, Pink Shades (Florists' Strain)—A special selection of soft shades most suited for florists' purposes. Pkt., 6d.; ½oz., 2/3

Yates' Selected Curled and Crested—The petals are curled and ruffled. This gives the flower a more graceful and not so stiff an appearance. The colors are mainly yellows and reds.

Pkt., 6d.; Large pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 1/6

Double Mixed—Brilliant colors mixed. Semi-dwarf, suitable for bedding. Pkt., 3d.; ½oz., 1/-

GIANT DAHLIA FLOWERED TYPE

A comparatively new type which has quilled petals and softer colors and is greatly in demand.

Lemon Beauty—Golden yellow on brown.

Purple Prince—A fine deep purple.

Exquisite—Light rose, with deeper centre.

Golden State—A very rich orange yellow.

Old Rose—A distinct shade.

Buttercup—An immense deep creamy yellow.

Crimson Monarch—The largest and best red shade.

Dream—Deep lavender, turning to purple.

Illumination—A true self colored deep rose.

Giant Attraction—A distinctive shade of brick red.

Polar Bear—Very large pure white.

Oriole—An immense orange and gold bicolor.

Meteor—The deepest red, very floriferous.

Canary Bird—Primrose, very large.

Scarlet Flame—Bright scarlet, tinted orange.

Each above variety. Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 2/6; ¼oz., 3/6

Choice Mixed—A fine mixture of all shades.

Pkt., 1/-; ½oz., 2/-; ¼oz., 2/9

SPECIAL OFFER.

Six assorted varieties (our selection) . . . 4/-

Ten assorted varieties (our selection) . . . 6/6

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Nothing adds more grace to a bouquet or a table decoration than a few ornamental grasses with the flowers. When an assortment is planted a supply is assured through the year. They should be sown thinly, in clumps, during the autumn. We can supply all the following varieties at 6d. per packet, or for extensive planting, Bulk packets of any variety for 1/6. Special collection of six varieties (our selection) for 2/-, or twelve varieties for 3/6.

Agrostis Minutiflora—very graceful.

Agrostis Nebulosa (Cloud Grass)—Graceful hardy annual; 18 inches high.

Agrostis Pulchella—Handsome.

Briza Maxima (Large Shivery Grass).

Briza Minima (Small Shivery Grass).

Eleusine Indica—Hardy annual; 18 inches high.

Eragrostis Elegans (Love Grass)—Hardy annual; 12 inches high.

Hordeum Jubatum (Squirrels Tail)—Very handsome plumes; 18 inches high.

Lagurus Ovatus (Hares' Tail Grass)—Effective in bouquets, annual; 18 inches high.

Panicum Plicatum—Hardy annual, elegant; 3 feet.

Pennisetum Rueppelianum (Purple Fountain Grass) Hardy annual; 3 feet high.

Pennisetum Longistylum—Handsome.

Setaria Macrochoeta—Splendid for bouquets.

Stipa Pennata (Feather Grass)—Perennial, very graceful and elegant, effective in the border; 2 feet high.

Tricholena Rosea Erecta (or Red Top)—Hardy perennial, graceful feathery panicles; 18 inches.

VINES AND CREEPERS

The following varieties are quite hardy, except in very cold localities and they are easily raised from seed. Sow in late Spring and in the case of those varieties marked * sow in early summer as they germinate more successfully when the soil is warm. They are invaluable for covering fences, arbors, and walls, and when trained up a trellis, are most useful for blocking out unsightly places. We recommend raising in seed boxes or beds and transplanting into their permanent positions when large enough to handle.

SPECIAL OFFER (selection is to be made by us). One packet each of 12 choice climbers, 4/-. One packet each of 6 choice climbers, 2/6.



The Cardinal Creeper (*Ipomoea*) has beautiful foliage and brilliant red flowers.

Dolichos Lablab (Hyacinth Bean)—Vigorous rapid grower, purplish-pink flower; annual.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Dolichos Lignosus (Cocks and Hens)—Vigorous, hardy perennial. We offer two colors, white and pink. A strong, quick grower. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

***Gourds, Ornamental**—Rapid climbers, very ornamental. Sow when frosts are over, and plant in well manured ground; annual. Varieties offered are—Dishcloth, Nestegg, Calabash.

Each Variety.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Mixed.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

***Ipomoea Grandiflora** (Moon Flower)—Has large, pure white flowers, which open at night, closing about 10 o'clock the following morning; annual.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

***Ipomoea Quamoclit Cardinalis** (Cardinal Creeper)—An exceptionally fine creeper, one of the most beautiful and brilliant in our list. It is a strong, rapid grower, with beautiful finely cut foliage, and is literally covered right through the summer with a blaze of cardinal red flowers; annual.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

***Ipomoea, Quamoclit**—Has delicate dark green feathery foliage, and an abundance of star-shaped rose, scarlet, and white blossoms; 15 feet high; annual.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

***Ipomoea Learii**—A very rapid grower, with beautiful violet flowers; perennial. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Ipomoea Imperialis (Japanese Selected)—Bears large flowers of all shades of white, pink, and blue; annual.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Kudzu Vine—See *Pueraria Thunbergia* below.

***Lophospermum Scandens**—Beautiful creeper, hardy in mild climates; rose colored flowers; perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

***Mandevilla Suaveolens**—A vigorous climber, handsome trumpet-shaped white flowers, fragrant, hardy, except in cold districts; perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Maurandia—Hardy creeper, blue, white, and rose flowers; perennial.

Separate Colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

Mixed Colors.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

***Mina Lobata**—Will thrive in any warm sheltered situation; its flowers are first vivid red in the bud, changing to orange and cream as they open. Sow in late spring; annual.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

***Passiflora Edulis Mammoth** (Passion Fruit Vine)—This improved strain produces fruit twice as large and just as well flavored as the ordinary variety mentioned below.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/-

***Passiflora Edulis** (Passion Fruit Vine)—Suitable for warm districts only. When once established it is a remarkable quick grower, and bears heavy crops of fruit; perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; 1 oz., 1/3

(Continued next page)

***Aristolochia Elegans** (Dutchman's Pipe)—A variety of the old Dutchman's Pipe, with flowers of extraordinary shape and harmonious coloring; perennial.

Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Banana Passion Fruit—See *Tacsonia Mollissima*.

***Bignonia Tweediana** (Cat's Claw)—A remarkably handsome climber, suitable for warm climates; exceedingly showy, with yellow flowers; perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

***Calampelis Scabra** (*Eccremocarpus*)—One of our finest climbers, with orange colored flowers; sow in the spring; perennial. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Cardinal Climbers—See *Ipomoea Quamoclit Cardinalis*
Cardiospermum Halicacabum (Balloon Vine)—A beautiful and curious creeper, bearing white flowers; sow in late spring; annual; 6 feet high.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

***Cobaea Scandens**—A creeper, with handsome foliage and large bell-shaped flowers, green at first but changing to violet blue; perennial.

Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Convolvulus Major, Single (Tall Morning Glory)—We offer this annual in the following colors: crimson, scarlet, blue and carmine.

Separate Colors.

Pkt., 3d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Mixed Colors.

Pkt., 3d.; 1 oz., 1/-

Convolvulus Major, Double and Semi-Double—The colors vary from pure white to white spotted and veined with blue, red, and purple shades. Showy, quick growing climber; annual. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

VINES AND CREEPERS (continued)

***Phaseolus Caracalla** (Snail Flower)—The curious purple flowers are very useful for bouquets. Is perennial in moderately warm climates. Supplies uncertain. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2/6

***Physianthus Albens** (The Moth Plant)—Has exquisitely scented white pendulous flowers. The flowers are succeeded by pretty gourd-like seed pods; perennial in mild climates. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Pueraria Thunbergia (Kudzu Vine)—A remarkably quick growing vine, especially after it has become established. It is covered with large handsome foliage, and in the late summer is covered with small bunches of rosy purple pea-like flowers; perennial. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Scarlet Runner Bean—Very ornamental, see vegetable section.

***Solanum Seaforthianum**—Bears clusters of large, lavender-blue, wistaria-like flowers, succeeded by bunches of scarlet berries; perennial. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/9

***Tacsonia van Volxemi** (Scarlet Passion Flower)—A remarkably handsome climber; thrives in a sunny situation; perennial. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6/-

***Tacsonia Mollissima** (Banana Passion Fruit)—A remarkably quick ever-green, climber, bearing blooms similar to the Passion Flower a lovely shade of soft pink in great profusion; fruit large creamy-white, oblong, and edible; perennial. Pkt., 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/6

Thunbergia Mixed—Pretty little climbers, running up four or five feet; white, yellow, and buff flowers, black centre; annual. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/-

Thunbergia Gibsoni (Golden Glory Vine)—The intense green ivy-like leaves form a fitting background for the mass of brilliant orange red flowers which are such a feature of this vine; perennial. Supplies for 1928 uncertain. Pkt., 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 8/-

Tropaeolum Canariensis (Canary Creeper)—Pretty yellow butterfly-like flowers; sow when frosts are over; likes a partially shaded situation and cool moist climate; annual. Pkt., 6d.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1/3

Tropaeolum Lobbianum—See Nasturtiums in Flower Seeds.

Tropaeolum, Yates' Matchless Mixed Nasturtiums—See Nasturtiums in Flower Seeds.



LAWN GRASS

A YATES' SPECIALITY

Yates' Special Mixtures

A well kept lawn adds more than any single thing to the attractiveness of the home and garden; and it is well worth spending thought and time on the preparation of the soil, the sowing of the seed and the after care of the lawn when established. But with all the care that can be given results are disappointing unless the mixture be made of suitable varieties and the seed be of strong germination and as free as possible of weeds and foreign matter. With our long experience to assist us in the selection of grasses and our complete seed cleaning plant to ensure vitality and freedom from foreign matter, we claim that our mixtures are much superior to the so-called cheap mixtures, and after all the slight saving is certainly no recompense for the poor results so often obtained.

To have a lawn in good condition throughout the year a good water supply is essential. If it is difficult to secure water, and particularly in the inland districts where the summers are hot and dry, we suggest planting only such grasses as Couch, Buffalo and possibly

Kikuyu, but of course even with these, such good results will not be obtained as if water could be supplied as required.

Preparation and Sowing

We recommend that the seed be sown in the autumn; if possible after the first early autumn rains, otherwise the finer grasses do not establish themselves before the hot weather is on. Sowing in the spring, moreover, does not allow of the same thorough preparation of the area as is possible during the dry summer months that precede the autumn. It is very important that the area to be sown should be thoroughly clean of weeds, and this is only obtained by levelling the ground and allowing it to lie fallow during the summer preceding; hoe the ground once a fortnight, removing the weeds that inevitably make their appearance after the soil is turned over, and finally rake smooth and complete your levels. On no account should the land be re-dug just previous to sowing the seed, as to do so will most likely bring a

LAWN GRASS (continued)

fresh crop of weeds to the surface and rob you of the possibility of a clean sward of grass. Before sowing the seed the ground should be lightly rolled so as to form the firm seed bed so essential to successful grass swards. The seed is then sown, lightly raked and barely covered with fine soil and a further rolling given to bring the seed into close contact with the soil. Do not attempt to roll moist land as it will simply cling to the roller and spoil your levels; allow the ground to become dry before rolling. The young grass should be kept rolled, especially after rain; any stray weeds should be pulled out, and as soon as high enough, the lawn mower should be brought into regular use. Frequent cutting thickens the sward and keeps down weeds.

SPECIAL MIXTURES

No. 1 Mixture "Yates' Evergreen" for Lawns—This is a mixture of finest dwarf varieties specially adapted for producing a permanent evergreen turf. The finest re-cleaned seed only is used. We vary the varieties and proportions according to the district where the mixture is to be sown and for this purpose welcome particulars of the soil, climate and type of water supply available.

Per lb. 3/-, 10lbs. or over 2/11 lb., 80lbs. or over 2/9 lb. Postage or freight extra.

No. 2 Mixture for Tennis Courts—The varieties in this mixture are selected to withstand hard wear and at the same time be capable of frequent and close cutting and of forming a closely interwoven firm and elastic turf. When ordering give particulars of climate, soil and water supply and we will vary, if necessary, to suit special conditions.

Per lb. 3/6, 10lbs. or over 3/3 lb., 80lbs. or over 3/2 lb. Postage or freight extra.

No. 3 Mixture for Putting Greens—Our selection of grasses for this purpose includes only such as will stand the very close cutting required and produce that perfect level sward so essential. We have been favoured with orders for this mixture from many of the leading N.S.W. clubs.

Per lb. 3/9, 10lbs. and over 3/6 lb., 80lbs. and over 3/3 lb. Postage or freight extra.

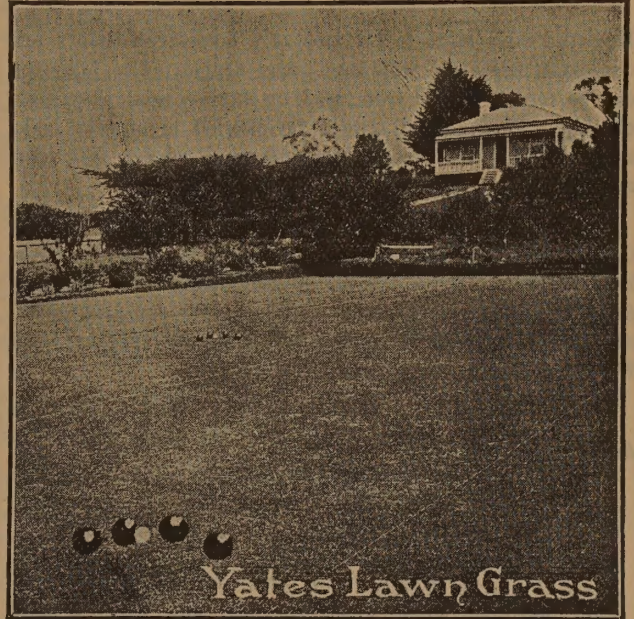
No. 4 Mixture for Fairways—A mixture of grasses that will make a good evergreen sward and at the same time be hardy and require a minimum of cutting. Per lb. 2/-, 10lbs. and over 1/11 lb., 80lbs. or over 1/9 lb. Postage or freight extra.

No. 5 Mixture for Bowling Greens and Croquet Lawns—A green for this purpose has to stand close and continuous cutting and only certain varieties are successful. We include grasses that have been found best by experience and we feel confident that this mixture will give great satisfaction if the necessary attention be given to the preparation of the soil and the proper maintenance of the turf.

Per lb. 4/-, 10lbs. and over 3/9 lb., 80 lbs. or over 3/8 lb. Postage or freight extra.

No. 6 Mixture for Lawns—A cheap mixture of hardy, quick-growing grasses. While it does not equal Yates' Evergreen in quality of turf or permanence only the best re-cleaned seed is used in this lawn grass, which compares more than favourably with many other low priced mixtures offered.

Per lb., 1/9, 10 lbs. or over 1/8 lb., 80 lbs., or over 1/6 lb.



Yates Lawn Grass

COUCH GRASS. For warm climates this grass is very largely used for lawns, making a close fine turf, withstanding considerable heat and drought. Extra heavily re-cleaned seed especially for lawns, 3/- per lb., postage or freight extra. Roots per sugar bag 5/-, per sack 12/6, freight extra.

BUFFALO GRASS (Roots only). As this variety does not seed, only the roots can be supplied. These should be transplanted a few inches apart in the spring, and will speedily cover the surface of the lawn. Does well in hot, dry climates, keeping green when most other grasses are dried up.

Price 17/6 per 1,000 roots, 2/6 per 100. Freight and carriage extra.

KIKUYU GRASS (Roots only). Owing to its rampant growth in hot moist weather, this grass is not recommended for lawns in the coastal districts but in our inland districts, and on the Murrumbidgee Irrigation Areas it has a great value as a lawn grass, as it withstands heat and dry weather to a remarkable extent, and keeps its bright green color when most other grasses have browned off.

Plant the roots or cuttings in early autumn or late spring, about six or nine inches apart.

Price 7/6 per 100; 52/6 per 1000. Freight or carriage extra.

QUANTITIES REQUIRED FOR SOWING.

A Plot 10yds. x 10yds.	about 2 lbs.
Full Sized Tennis Court (40 x 20yds.)	16 lbs.
Croquet Lawn (35 x 28yds.)	20 lbs.
Bowling Green (42 x 42 yds.)	35 lbs.
1/4 acre 20lbs., 1/2 acre 40lbs., 1 acre 80lbs.	

When sowing divide the total quantity into two parts, and sow the first part over the whole area, then take the other part and working in a different direction sow this over the whole area. This method gives a more even sowing than by attempting the whole at one time.

TREE SEEDS □ For Breakwinds, Hedges, &c.

NOTHING adds more to the look of a homestead than a few clumps of trees and well kept green hedges. The following can be readily raised from seed by anyone, and they grow quickly. They should always be planted in nursery beds, and transplanted during the following winter into permanent situations.

The *Pinus Insignis*, *Cupressus Macrocarpa*, Wattles, *Casuarinas*, *Tagosaste* and *Sugar Gums*, are some of the best for shelter, while the *Eucalyptus* make most excellent firewood and are also useful as timber. We can also recommend the Wattles, *Casuarinas*, *Kurrajong*, *Pepper*, and *Flowering Gums*, for ornamental purposes.

	Pkt	¼oz.	½oz.	1oz.
Acacia aneura (Mulga)	6d.	9d.	1/-	2/-
„ Baileyana (Cootamundra Silver W'tle)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ dealbata (Silver Wattle)	6d.	9d.	1/-	2/-
„ decora (Graceful Wattle)	6d.	9d.	1/-	2/-
„ decurrens (used for Tannic Acid)	6d.	—	1/-	1/9
„ elata (Cedar Wattle)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ homalophylla (Yarran)	6d.	1/-	1/3	2/6
„ linifolia	6d.	1/-	1/3	2/6
„ melanoxylon	6d.	9d.	1/-	2/-
„ mollissima (used for Tannic Acid)	6d.	9d.	1/-	1/9
„ oxycedrus (Prickly Wattle)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ pendula (Myall)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ podalyriaefolia (Queensland Silver Wattle)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ pruinosa (Mottle Barked Wattle)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ pycnantha (Golden Wattle)	6d.	1/-	1/3	2/6
„ spectabilis	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
Angophora lanceolata	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ subvelutina (so-called Apple Tree)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
Brachychiton acerifolia (Flame Tree)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ populneus (see <i>Sterculia</i>)				



The Kurrajong, one of Australia's most useful and ornamental trees.

	Pkt	¼oz.	½oz.	1oz.
Callitris calcarata (Black Pine)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ cupressiformis	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ robusta (White Pine)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
Callistemon lanceolatus (Crimson Flowered Bottle Brush)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ saligna	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
Casuarina (Cunninghamiana River Oak)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ glauca (Swamp Oak)	6d.	1/-	1/3	2/6
„ quadrivalvis (Forest She Oak)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ suberosa (Black Oak)	6d.	—	1/-	2/-
„ torulosa (Forest Oak)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
Ceratonnia siliqua (Carob Bean)	6d.	9d.	—	—
Cupressus macrocarpa (Lemon Scented Cupressus)	6d.	—	—	1/-
Cytisus proliferus (Tagosaste or Wattle Flowered Tree Lucerne)	6d.	—	—	9d.
Eucalyptus botryoides (Mahogany Gum)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ calophylla rosea (pink Flowering Gum), ¼ oz., 3/-; ½ oz., 4/6	1/6	—	—	—
„ citriodora (Lemon scented Gum)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/3
„ corynocalyx (Sugar Gum)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/6
„ corymbosa (Bloodwood)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/3
„ crebra (Ironbark)	6d.	1/-	1/9	3/6
„ ficifolia (Scarlet Flowering Gum), ¼ oz., 3/-; ½ oz., 4/6	1/6	—	—	—
„ globulus (Tasmanian Blue Gum)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ goniocalyx (N.S.W. Blue Gum)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/3
„ microcarpa (Grey or White Box)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ longifolia (Woollybutt)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ Macarthuri (Swamp or River Woollybutt)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ maculata (Spotted Gum)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/3
„ Maideni (Blue Gum)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/6
„ melliodora (Yellow Box)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ microcorys (Tallow-wood)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ Muelleriana (Stringybark)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ obliqua	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ paniculata (White or Grey Ironbark)	6d.	1/6	2/3	4/3
„ pilularis (Blackbutt)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ radiata amygdalina (White Pepper-mint)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ resinifera (Forest or Red Mahogany)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ robusta (Swamp Mahogany)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ rostrata (River Red Gum)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ saligna (Blue Gum)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ siderophloia (Broad-leaved Red Ironbark)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ sideroxylon (Ironbark)	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
„ Sieberiana (Mountain Ash)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ tereticornis (Forest Red Gum)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
„ viminalis (Manna Gum)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
Gleditschia triacanthos (Honey Locust)	6d.	—	—	1/3
Leprospermum laevagatum (Sandblind)	6d.	1/-	1/6	2/9
„ scoparium	6d.	1/3	1/9	3/6
Melaleuca leucadendron (White Ti-Tree)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
Pinus Insignis (Remarkable or Monterey Pine)	6d.	—	—	1/-
Schinus molle (Pepper Tree)	6d.	—	—	9d.
Sterculia diversifolia (Kurrajong)	6d.	9d.	1/-	2/-
Syncarpia laurifolia (Turpentine)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-
Tristania conferta (Brush Box)	6d.	1/-	1/6	3/-

SPECIAL OFFER for 5/-

12 pkts., different varieties of Acacias or Eucalypts, recommended and selected by us.

FLOWERING BULBS

PLANTING CALENDAR

IN THE MONTH OF	SUPPLIES OF THE FOLLOWING BULBS ARE AVAILABLE.
JANUARY .	Agapanthus, Amaryllis (Hippeastrum), Belladonna Lily, Brunsvigia, Clivia, Crinum, Cyclamen, Gladioli.
FEBRUARY .	Agapanthus, Anemone, Babiana, Clivia, Crinum, Daffodil, Freesia, Gladioli, Hyacinth, Iris (Spanish), Ixia, Muscari, Narcissus, Ornithogalum, Ranunculus, Scilla, Snow Flake, Sparaxis, Tritonia, Tulip, Watsonia.
MARCH . .	Agapanthus, Anemone, Babiana, Crinum, Daffodil, Freesia, Gladioli, Hyacinth, Iris (Spanish), Iris Stylosa, Ixia, Muscari, Narcissus, Lachenalia, Ornithogalum, Ranunculus, Scilla, Snow Flake, Sparaxis, Tritonia, Tulip, Watsonia.
APRIL . .	Agapanthus, Alstroemeria, Anemone, Arum Lily, Babiana, Calla, Canna, Daffodil, Freesia, Gladioli, Hyacinth, Hymenocallis (Pancratium), Iris (Spanish), Iris (Bearded Flag), Iris Stylosa, Ixia, Lachenalia, Muscari, Narcissus, Ornithogalum, Ranunculus, Scilla, Snow Flake, Sparaxis, Tritonia, Tulip, Watsonia.
MAY . .	Agapanthus, Alstroemeria, Anemone, Arum Lily, Babiana, Calla, Canna, Daffodil, Freesia, Gladioli, Hyacinth, Hymenocallis (Pancratium), Iris (Bearded Flag), Iris Stylosa, Ixia, Liliums, Lily of the Valley, Montbretia, Ornithogalum, Ranunculus, Sparaxis, Valotta, Watsonia.
JUNE . .	Agapanthus, Anemone Japonica, Arum Lily, Calla, Canna, Gladioli, Hymenocallis (Pancratium), Iris (Bearded Flag), Iris (Japanese), Iris Susiana, Liliums, Lily of the Valley, Montbretia, Peony (Herbaceous), Tigrida, Tuberose, Valotta.
JULY . .	Agapanthus, Amaryllis (Hippeastrum), Anemone Japonica, Calla, Canna, Gladioli, Iris (Japanese), Liliums, Lily of the Valley, Montbretia, Peony (Herbaceous), Tigrida, Tuberose, Valotta.
AUGUST .	Agapanthus, Amaryllis (Hippeastrum), Anemone Japonica, Begonia (Tuberous), Canna, Gladioli, Gloxinia, Lilium Gloriosa, Tigrida, Tuberose, Valotta.
SEPTEMBER	Agapanthus, Begonia (Tuberous), Canna, Dahlia, Gladioli, Gloxinia, Lilium Gloriosa, Tigrida, Valotta.
OCTOBER .	Agapanthus, Begonia (Tuberous), Dahlia, Gladioli, Lycoris, Nerine.
NOVEMBER	Belladonna Lily, Brunsvigia, Dahlia (green plants), Lycoris, Nerine, Sprekelia.
DECEMBER	Amaryllis (Hippeastrum), Belladonna Lily, Brunsvigia, Cyclamen, Lycoris, Nerine, Sprekelia, Dahlia (green plants).

ABRIDGED PRICE LIST

For Full Description, see YATES' AUTUMN REMINDER.

ALL BULBS POST FREE EXCEPT WHERE OTHERWISE STATED.

Agapanthus (African Lily)—Single blue or white, 1/-.
Double blue, 1/6 (postage 6d. extra).

Alstroemeria (Peruvian Lily)
Tricolor—White and yellow 9d. each, 7/6 dozen.
Psittacina (Parrot Flower) 6d. each, 5/- dozen.

Anemone (Wind Flower)—St. Brigid, Yates' Prize Strain, 2/- dozen, 12/- 100. Single, mixed colors, 1/6 dozen, 9/- 100.

Anemone Japonica—White or pink, 1/6 each, 16/- dozen.

Babiana (Named Varieties)—2/- dozen, 10/- 100.

Begonias (Tuberous Rooted)—All Classes. We recommend the following for special value:

F.—10 Tubers, including singles and doubles, in mixed colors, 10/-, post free.

G.—12 Tubers, selected singles and doubles, in separate colors, for exhibition, 15/-, post free.

H.—Fancy Begonias: Six tubers of assorted Crested and Frilled Edge varieties, in various colors, three tubers of Bertini and six assorted double Erecta Multiflora, 20/-, post free.

Hanging Basket Begonias—The flowers last for weeks and the foliage is exceedingly pretty, 1/6 ea.; 16/- dozen. For Full List of Sorts, see Yates' Autumn Reminder.

Belladonna Lily—Rose shades, 6d. each, 5/- dozen (or post paid 1/3 each, 8/- dozen).

Bilbergia nutans—Splendid as pot plants, 1/- each.

Brunsvigia Multiflora—Shades of pink, 1/3 each (or 2/- post paid).

Calla (Arum Lilies)—

Ethiopica—White, 1/- each.

Elliottiana—Yellow with spotted foliage, 2/- each.

Maculata Alba—White silvery spotted foliage, 1/- each.

Little Gem—Miniature white, 1/6 each.

Sanctum (The Black Arum Lily)—2/- each.

Cannas—These are fully described and priced in the Flowering Plant Section, see pages 105-112.

Clivia—Reddish-orange. 2/6 each, or post paid, 4/-
Veitch's New Hybrids—5/- to 10/- each, according to quality (postage 1/6 each extra).

Crinum—Large clusters of lily-like blooms.

Powellii Album—1/6 each.

Powellii Rosea—Dark pink, 2/- each.

Macawani—Blush pink, tinted lavender, 2/- each.

Moorei—Clear pink, 1/6 each. Postage 6d. extra.

Dahlias—Special Offers: (selection must be left to us).

A.—One Tuber each (our selection) of six choice Cactus and three Peony and three Decorative Dahlias. Twelve tubers in all. 17/6 post free.

B.—Eighteen tubers in leading varieties of our selection. We include six Cactus, six Decorative, three Peony, and three Double Show Dahlias. Fine for garden display. 26/- post free.

C.—A fine collection, including all the popular types of Dahlias. This collection includes seven Cactus, six Decorative, three Peony, three Collar-ette, three Double Show, and three Pompone Dahlias (our selection), 35/-, post free.

For named varieties, see Yates' Spring Suggestions published in August.

ABRIDGED PRICE LIST OF BULBS (continued)

Cyclamen—Giant Large Flowered, white light and dark shades mixed. Dry tubers 1/6 ea., 16/- doz.; growing bulblets in leaf 1/- each, 11/- doz.; all post free.

Daffodils—Special collections at 5/-, 10/- and 20/- (post free).

King Alfred—Best of all medium priced daffodils. large grand open trumpet with deeply frilled mouth of great substance. A vigorous grower; 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.; 90/- 100.

For named varieties, see Yates' Autumn Reminder.
Freesias—Charming in early spring.

Refracta Alba—White, 9d. dozen, 5/- 100; selected large bulbs, 1/- doz., 7/6 100.

Purity (Large Pure White)—3d. each, 2/6 dozen.

Yates' New Hybrids (Mixed)—3d. each, 2/6 dozen, 17/6 100.

Duke of York—Beautiful purple. 1/- each.

Princess Elizabeth—Lovely lilac. 1/- each.

Sunset—Orange yellow, 3d. ea., 2/6 doz., 17/6 100.

Golden Dawn—Bronze yellow, 3d. each, 2/6 dozen.

Victor-blue, Conqueror-purple, and Hero-mauve, 6d. each, 5/6 dozen.

Gladioli—See pages 87-89.

Gloxinia—Mixed colors, 1/6 each, 16/- dozen.

Hippeastrum—Seedlings, first choice, 5/- each, 50/- dozen; second choice, 3/- each, 30/- dozen in assorted colors (postage 9d. each).

Hyacinth—Single; separate colors, red, blue, white, pink or yellow. 1/- each, 11/- dozen, 80/- 100.

Single mixed, 8d. ea., 7/- doz., 50/- 100.

Double—White, red, blue or yellow, 1/- ea., 11/- doz.

Roman—White, 6d. ea.; 5/- doz. All post free.

Hymenocallis (see *Pancratium*).

Iris, Spanish (The Orchid Iris)—Named varieties, 4d. each, 3/- dozen; mixed, 2/6 dozen.

Iris (Japanese)—Single, named varieties, 1/- each, 11/- dozen. Postage extra.

Giant Double varieties, 1/6 each, 16/- dozen. Postage extra.

Special Offer: 6 varieties of each class (12 roots in all), 14/-. Post free.

Iris (other varieties)—See Yates Autumn Reminder.

Ixia—Named varieties. **Achievement**—Pink, **Purity**—Pure white, **Crateroides**—Scarlet, **Golden Drop**—yellow dark centre, **Lavendula**—Lavender, tall, **Magenta**, 3d. each, 2/- doz.

Rainbow Mixture, all colors, 1/6 dozen, 8/6 100, 75/- 1000.

Ixia Viridiflora (The Gorgeous Green Ixia)—4d. each, 3/- dozen, 20/- per 100.

Lachenalia (Leopard Lily)—Looks well in masses. **Aurea**, yellow. **Quadricolor**: red, green-yellow and purple. **Tricolor**: Red, yellow and green. 6d. each, 5/- dozen.

Lilium Gloriosa (The Climbing Lily).

Hybrida—Glowing fiery red, 1/6 each, 16/- dozen.

Lily of the Valley—Charming spring flowering bulb for cool climate, 6d. each, 5/6 dozen, 40/- 100.

Lycoris Radiata (Japanese Spider Lily)—8d. each, 7/- dozen. Is identical with *Nerine Japonica*.

Montbretia—Named varieties, 6d. ea., 5/- dozen. Mixed, 3d. each, 2/6 dozen. Collection of three roots each of six varieties (our selection) 18 roots in all, 5/- post free.

Muscari—Grape Hyacinth (heavenly blue), 3d. each, 2/- dozen.

Narcissus—See Daffodil.

Nerines—Charming autumn flowering plants.

Japonica—See *Lycoris Radiata*.

Japonica Alba, delicate creamy white; **Sarniensis** (Guernsey Lily), salmon-rose, 1/6 ea., 16/- doz.

Ornithogalum—

Arabicum—White with black eye, 3d. each, 2/6 dozen.

Thyrsoides alba—Pure white, 6d. ea., 5/- dozen.

Pancratium—

Littoralis, white, 1/- each.

Calathina, ivory white (Sea Daffodil), 1/6 each.

Sulphur Queen, yellow, 4/6 each.

Peony (Herbaceous)—2/6 each; 28/- doz. (postage 1/6 dozen extra).

Ranunculus—Very brilliant coloring.

Asiaticus—Mixed, 1/6 dozen, 10/- 100.

Scilla (English Wood Hyacinth)—

Campanulata, blue, 3d. each, 2/- dozen.

Campanulata Rosalind, rose, 4d. each, 3/- dozen.

Campanulata Alba, white, 3d. each, 2/- dozen.

Peruviana Blue, Peruviana White, distinct from above, racemes being comparatively short and very dense, 1/- each, 9/- dozen.

Sparaxis—For naturalising, massing or border work.

Mixed Colors, 3d. each, 1/6 dozen, 7/6 100.

Pulcherrima (Fairy Bells)—Pink, bell-shaped flowers. 9d. each, 7/6 dozen.

Sprekelia Formosissima—Curiously formed, rich deep crimson, 1/- each.

Snowflake (Leucojum)—

Giant Snowflake, 3d. each, 1/6 dozen, 10/6 100.

Aestivum—1/- doz., 7/6 100.

Tigrida Pavonia (Tiger Flower)—A lovely crimson Iris-like flower, spotted yellow, 6d. each, 5/- doz.

Tritonia—Mixed colors, 3d. ea., 1/6 doz., 7/6 100.

Tuberose—White, fragrant, splendid for cutting. **Single or Double**, 9d. each (1/- post paid), 7/6 dozen (freight extra).

Tulips—Darwin and Cottage, Mixed, 5d. each; 4/6 dozen; 30/- 100.

Named Varieties (List on application), 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Special Offer—12 bulbs in 6 assorted varieties (our selection), 4/6; or 3 bulbs each of 12 assorted varieties, 36 bulbs in all (our selection), 11/6.

Valotta Purpurea (Scarborough Lily)—Brilliant red, trumpet-shaped blooms, 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.

Watsonia—Handsome and tall growing, excellent for borders.

O'Brieni—White, 3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Marginata—Pink, 6d. each; 5/- dozen.

Coccinea—Orange-scarlet, 18in., 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

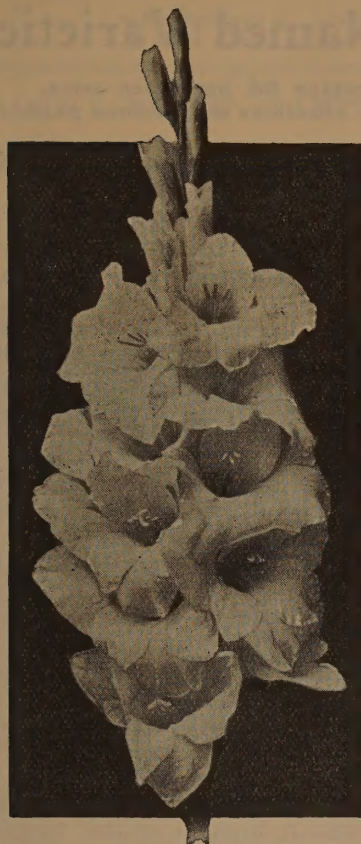
Rosea—3d. each; 2/6 dozen.

Aletroides—Pendulous flowers, 6d. each; 5/- doz.

Except where otherwise stated, all Bulbs are post free

COLLECTIONS OF BULBS.

Are offered at 5/-, 10/- and 20/- (post free), containing a fine assortment of varieties suitable for planting at time of ordering. All Spring Flowering Bulbs should be planted by April. For time of planting other sorts, see preceding page.



Albania—A beautiful pure white of perfect form.

YATES' CHOICE GLADIOLI

Gladioli are deservedly great favorites with the enthusiastic gardener. In most climates, by planting at intervals, blooms may be had over a period of many months, and nothing is finer, either for cut flower work or garden decoration, than a bed of well-grown Gladioli. Many think they are the most beautiful and attractive of all flowering bulbs and for home decoration they hold a place that cannot be taken by any other flower.

We recommend planting from January (if bulbs are available), until March, and then again from July onwards. In warm climates the finest flowers will be produced from bulbs planted in the late summer and early autumn, which bloom in the cool season of the year. Dig ground deeply, and plant bulbs three to four inches below the surface. In cutting Gladiolus for the house, it is best to cut the spikes as soon as the first one or two lower flowers are open. The remainder will open in the house. Remove the faded flowers, cut a little off the stem, and change the water every day; treated in this way a spike will last a week or ten days.

For the benefit of those in warm climates we have made special arrangements for early supplies during February and March. Early sowing in warm climates brings the flowering period into the winter months when better flowers are produced.

Special Offers in Collections

The Selection of Varieties is made by us.

- | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------|
| 12 BULBS priced at 1/-, for | - - - - - | 10/6 Post Free |
| 12 EXTRA CHOICE VARIETIES, priced at more than 1/-, for | - - - - - | 15/6 Post Free |
| 36 BULBS, composed of twenty-four distinct named varieties and twelve bulbs of Yates' Giant Hybrids, for | - - - - - | 21/- Post Free |

Choice Named Varieties

The following is a selected list representing all types and colors. The hybridists have succeeded in producing a thing of great beauty in the modern Gladiolus, combining length of spike with beautiful symmetry and size of the individual blooms. We have also other standard varieties, and shall be glad if customers will write us should they want any variety not catalogued here. On account of the long planting season, we may not have throughout the whole season all the varieties herein listed, and we therefore ask customers to name other varieties we may send on instead, or allow us to reserve the order until fresh supplies of the particular variety required are available.

New Sorts and Recent Introductions of Merit

Postage 6d. dozen extra.

- | | |
|---|---|
| ALBANIA —A beautiful white; healthy vigorous grower. 2/-. | GOLD —One of the best pure yellows yet produced, being almost self color throughout. 1/6. |
| LONDON SMOKE —Corinthian red shading to Bordeaux on outer edges; very attractive color; large flowers and long spike. 2/6. | Mrs. L. S. SCHWEPPE —A distinct and very beautiful new gladiolus, deep peach blossom pink with dark throat blotches. 2/-. |
| ORANGE QUEEN —(Semi-Primulinus type). A most beautiful apricot-orange color. 1/6. | RATHLIN —A fine distinct new variety, the outer petals show a clear bright pink color, the inner petals white bordered with pink. 2/-. |
| ROSE GLORY —One of the best of the ruffled varieties, large rose pink flowers with deeper coloring in throat. 1/6. | WETHERBY —A new variety having large flowers of a lovely salmon pink color shading to yellow in the throat. 2/-. |

GLADIOLI—General List of Named Varieties

Bulbs priced at 1/- each are charged at 11/- per dozen. Postage 6d. per dozen extra.
If you do not wish to choose your own, see Special Offers in Collections on previous page.

Alexander Edward—A first-class variety with long spikes of crimson scarlet blooms. 1/-.

Alice—A delightful shade of light pink; immense flowers and vigorous grower. 1/6.

Alton—Well ruffled flowers; color orange salmon with orange red spot in throat. 1/-.

American Beauty—Rosy cerise, cream blotch on lower petals; large flowers on long, well-set spikes. 1/6.

Anna Eberius—Distinct in color and appearance, purple shading deeper in throat. 1/6.

Antony Zonker—Deep salmon rose, dark blotch on lower petals. 1/6.

Averill—Rosy salmon, flecked with salmon scarlet, a large yellow blotch on lower petals. 1/-.

Blue Jay—Attractive light blue shade, with light markings, one of the best blues. 1/-.

Byron L. Smith—Soft lavender pink with cream blotches; perfect spike. 1/6.

Captain Brandt—Color very rich and striking, scarlet ground mottled deep crimson. Flowers large, of distinct and graceful form. 1/-.

Constance—A lovely decorative variety, upper petals rich salmon, lower petals shading to bright Nasturtium orange. 1/-.

Daintiness—A new variety, contrasting with a deep violet blotch; very beautiful. 2/-.

E. J. Shaylor—Large ruffled flowers, deep rose color, a strong, healthy grower. 1/-.

Emilie Ashe—A beautiful ruffled white, small cerise blotch on lower petals. 1/-.

Empress of India—Dark velvety brown red, with black markings, rare color. One of the richest colored dark Gladioli. 1/-.

Evelyn Kirtland—Graceful flowers, salmon pink with scarlet blotch. 1/-.

Europe—Pure white, broad, long spikes. One of the best and most glorious pure white varieties in cultivation. 1/-.

Flora—A splendid yellow, large flowers and well-formed spikes. 1/-.

Gertrude Errey—Large flowers, light salmon pink, shading to white in centre, small dark blotch in throat, splendid long spike. 1/6.

Golden King—Clear yellow, rich crimson-maroon blotch, very fine spike. 1/-.

Golden Measure—A splendid pure yellow, fine large flowers on long spike. 1/6.

Heliotrope—A very rich deep velvety violet. 2/-.

Herada—Immense blooms of lavender mauve. 1/-.

Iris—Color a true lavender touched with cream in centre. 1/6.

Jean Tenny—A splendid spike of fine large flowers, silvery rose flushed deeper shade, cream blotch in centre. 1/-.

King Pearl—White, shading to cream in centre, cream-yellow blotch, long spikes of large flowers. 1/-.

L'Immaculee—A fine pure white, with good constitution. 1/-.

Lindenow—A beautifully large cream colored variety. 1/6.

Lillian—A delicate rose pink, with deeper blotches of same shade. 2/-.

Liebesfeur—Brilliant glowing scarlet self, a favorite sort. 1/-.

Myrtle—Almost white in centre shading to bright pink at edges. 1/-.

Marechal Foch—A beautiful pale pink variety, an improved America, very fine flower and spike. 1/-.

Madame Mounet Sully—Large refined blooms of ivory-white, crimson blotch on lower petals, splendid spike. 1/-.

Mrs. Dr. Norton—A beautiful decorative variety, light pink shading to white in centre, and touched with deeper pink on edges, cream blotch. 1/6.

Mrs. F. Pendleton—Color light salmon pink, showy blood red blotches on lower petals, large flowers, very beautiful. 1/-.

Mrs. H. E. Bothin—A lovely flower, cream, flushed with pink, small red blotch. 1/-.

Mrs. Rudolph Spreckles—Cream pink with old rose stripes, long full spikes, A1 show variety. 1/6.

Nimrod—One of the best and largest dark crimsons. 1/-.

Olivar—A new variety of light lavender blue, heavily veined deep violet, dark blotch on lower petals. 1/6.

Pride of Hillegom—A brilliant scarlet, large flower. 1/-.

Prince of Wales—Fine long spikes of large salmon-colored flowers, touched with cream on lower petals. 1/-.

Pink Lily—A magnificent ruffled rose-pink. 1/6.

Purple Glory—The giant of the "Glory" race. Deep maroon, shaded and blotched with black, beautifully ruffled. 1/6.

Red Fire—Richest bright red; raised by Kunderd, and described by him as his best bright red. 2/-.

Rouget de Lisle—A beautiful gladiolus of highest quality, rich reddish orange with very dark blotches. 1/-.

Ruffled America—Exquisite soft lavender pink, a most beautiful color and a strong grower. 1/6.

Saphir—An intense deep violet-blue. 1/-.

Scarlet Princeps—A fine vigorous grower of a light crimson scarlet shade. 1/-.

Sentinel—One of the very best salmon-pink Gladioli, having good color, bold flowers and excellent spikes; color warm-salmon-pink with darker featherings; crimson blotch on cream ground. 1/-.

Sir Nigel—Pale yellow, flushed buff pink on edges, crimson blotch, large flowers on long spikes. 1/-.

Titan—Immense blooms of clear salmon-pink, with small purple blotch on lower petals. 1/6.

Victor—Bright scarlet, with large white blotches on lower petals, fine large flowers and long well-formed spikes. 1/-.

White Glory—A beautiful ruffled white, small "iris blue" blotch in throat. 1/-.

Wm. Doncaster—Yellow, edged salmon, even, well-formed spikes of large round flowers. 1/-.

We also have many other standard sorts.



YATES' CHOICE GLADIOLI (continued)

GLADIOLI—YATES' GIANT HYBRIDS

Mixed Colors: 6/6 doz.; 40/- per 100.

Postage 6d. per dozen extra.

A fine strain of Mixed Gladioli. The colors are good and in great variety, and the plants robust and vigorous.

GLADIOLI NANUS

A miniature type, excellent for table decoration.

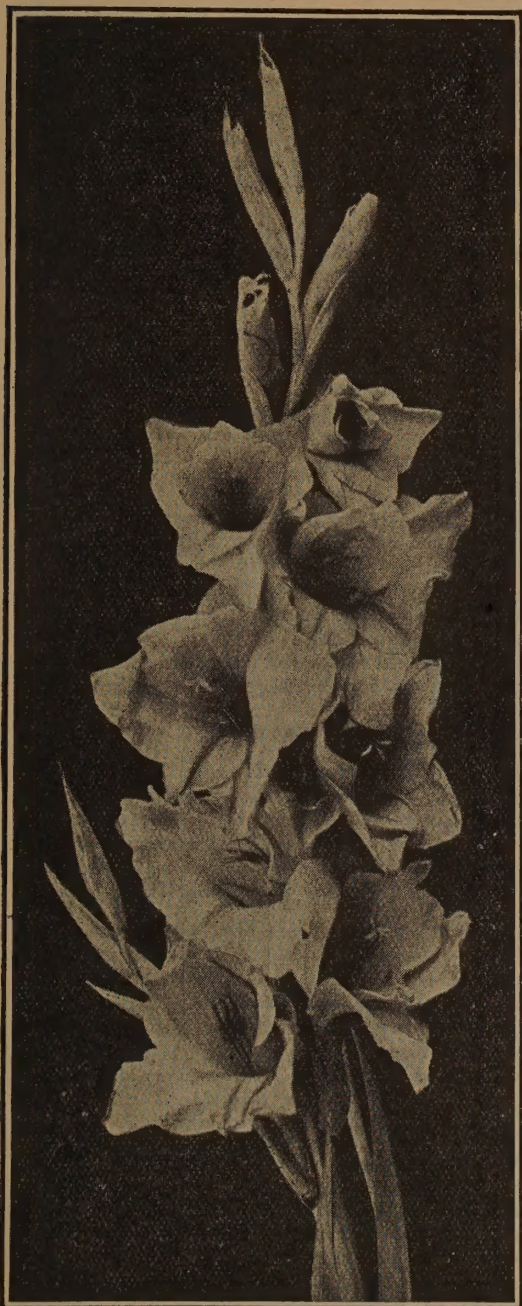
4d. each, 3/6 dozen.

Postage 4d. per dozen extra.

The Bride—Pure white.

Peach Blossom—A pretty pink.

Victoria—Scarlet with white stripes.



Ulrica—One of the most beautiful and delicate of the Primulinus Gladioli.

GLADIOLI—Primulinus Hybrids

These are beautiful hybrids of the fascinating Primulinus Gladioli, with all their charming warmth and richness of coloring, and now combined with much of the size and shapeliness of the other varieties. A class well worth growing and one which is increasingly in demand both for the dainty colorings of the flowers and for their beautiful hooded orchid-like form. Bulbs will be available about the middle of March.

Price, 1/- each; or 11/- per dozen, except where otherwise mentioned.

Postage 6d. per dozen extra.

SPECIAL OFFER—12 bulbs priced at 1/- (our selection), for 10/6 post free.

Albion—A glowing salmon pink, lighter throat.

Alice Tiplady—Large flowers, apricot orange in color, very beautiful.

Arlon—One of the best, deep salmon, darker shading in centre.

Coleen (Semi-Prim)—Pure white, small pink spot in throat. 1/6.

Golden Tinge—Orange salmon, with golden yellow throat; fine new variety.

Jewell—Beautiful salmon pink, with clear golden yellow throat. 1/6.

Maiden's Blush—Clear pale pink.

Midsummer Dream—Very showy, a large flower of rich geranium red. 1/6.

Myra—A first-class variety, salmon shading to yellow.

Ramona—Golden yellow, tinted with apricot; beautifully ruffled.

Reine Victoria—Deep pink shading to cream in centre, vigorous growth.

Salmon Beauty—Deep salmon, yellow throat, large flowers.

Scarletta—A fine light scarlet; good form.

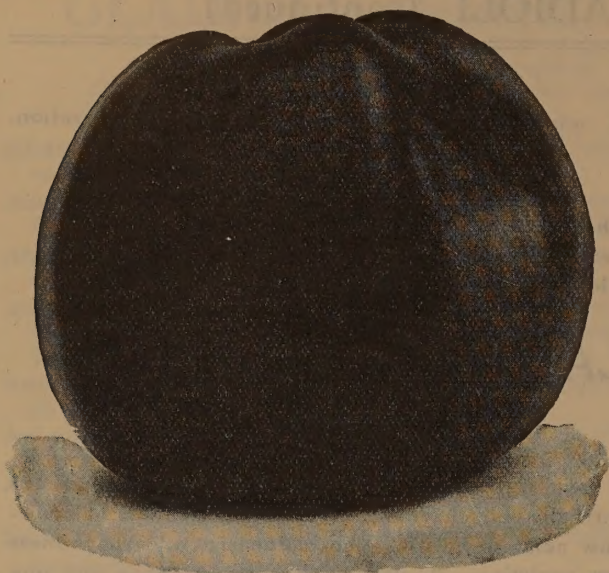
Souvenir—A splendid deep yellow.

Ulrica—Light salmon shading to cream: a beautiful ruffled variety.

A DELIGHTED CUSTOMER WRITES FROM NARRABRI:

"The packet of 50 Ranunculus Bulbs I had from you have also exceeded all our expectations. In a week or ten days the large bed will be a mass of gay and beautiful blooms, some nearly 4 inches across and growing in heavy black soil which previously had been well manured. My garden is a splendid advertisement for Yates' Seeds. I have never seen better blooms anywhere."

YATES' SELECTED FRUIT TREES



APPLE: Five Crown Pippin—A favorite sort.

ALL our Fruit Trees are well-rooted, clean, healthy and well-grown, and with ordinary care will thrive in any suitable climate. Our Oranges and Lemons are some of the finest and cleanest trees raised in the State. We ship them largely to all the States, and they have always given satisfaction.

Many who wish to plant trees are not acquainted with the numerous varieties now offered. To these we shall be glad to offer at any time our advice and assistance in the choice of varieties. To these also the following collections will be of special interest. Each is of good value and in all orders we use every care in the selection of varieties to send.

We exercise the greatest care in packing, but we cannot undertake to replace plants and seedlings lost through inexperience in planting, delay in transit, or from any other cause beyond our control.

We charge 1/- per dozen and 3/- to 5/- per 100 for packing Fruit Trees according to material used; good packing ensures safe transit.

Special Collection Offers of Fruit Trees

SUMMER FRUITS

Yates' "Home Garden" Collection—Eight plants and six varieties (see full page color plate facing page 65). We have made up this collection for those who like "a few fruit trees in the garden." A glance at the color plate shows a wonderfully complete little set, viz., one each Granny Smith Apple, Elberta Peach, Santa Rosa Plum, Moorpark Apricot, Goldmine Nectarine and three Loganberries. Varieties have been selected which will grow in any good situation and give big returns. At catalogue rates with packing and postage charges the above varieties would cost 13/9, but in this collection we offer the whole for 11/6. No charge for postage and packing.

Yates' Twenty-five Offer.—For customers requiring a greater number of trees than the above collection we make this special offer. We will pick out twenty-five trees (priced at 1/9 each) of the kinds and varieties which will do best in the district for which they are intended. Selection of varieties must be left to us, but customers' preference (if stated on order), will be followed as closely as possible. For these collections sturdy hardy trees of medium size are picked out as they move even better than larger trees and pack and carry without damage. We will deliver these twenty-five trees carefully packed free on rail Sydney for 35/-. If customers desire us to prepay freight add 2/- for despatch by goods train to any railway station in New South Wales. The charge for carriage to customers in other States would be from 4/6 to 6/- according to locality.

Yates' Fifty Offer—Similar to the foregoing but comprises double the number of trees packed carefully and delivered to rail, Sydney, for 65/-, or we will prepay freight by goods train to any railway station

in New South Wales for an additional charge of 3/-. Customers in other States should allow for an additional charge of from 5/6 to 7/- for carriage and other charges.

Yates' Hundred Offer—One hundred trees selected by us from varieties catalogued at 1/9 each. The price of this collection carefully packed is 120/- delivered to rail, Sydney, or we will prepay freight by goods train to any railway station in New South Wales for an extra charge of 4/-. Customers in other States should allow for an additional charge of from 10/- to 15/- for carriage and other charges.

CITRUS FRUITS

Yates' "Citrus 8" Collection—This collection is specially made up for the small grower wishing to have trees of the main members of the citrus family. We will select out two good Oranges, two Navel Oranges, two Mandarins and two Lemons and despatch to any address for 21/-, post free.

Yates' "Citrus 15" Collection—This collection contains fifteen trees comprising six Oranges, three Navel Oranges, three Mandarins and three Lemons. We pack carefully and deliver f.o.r. Sydney for 32/6 or we will prepay freight by goods train to any railway station in New South Wales for an additional charge of 2/6. Customers in other States should allow for an additional charge of about 4/6 for carriage and other charges.

Yates' "Citrus 26" Collection—This offer consists of twenty-six trees including twelve assorted Oranges and Lemons, six assorted Mandarins and eight nicely assorted Navel Oranges for 52/6, f.o.r. Sydney, or we will prepay freight by goods train to any railway station in New South Wales for an additional charge of 3/6. Customers in other States should allow for an additional charge of about 6/- for carriage and other expenses.

GENERAL LIST OF FRUITS

The following is a selection of first-class varieties, but we can supply a great many other sorts, which we have not space to list, and we shall be glad of enquiries and to quote specially for large lots. We cannot supply less than six at the dozen rate, 50 at the 100 rate, 500 at the 1000 rate.

(E.) Signifies early maturing varieties; (M.) Mid-season or Main Crops and (L.) Late maturing sorts.

APPLES

Good, sound, well-grown trees, worked on Northern Spy Stocks, blight-proof roots.
1/9 each; 18/- dozen.

Adam's Pearmain (M) — Large, dessert.

Allington Pippin (M) — Excellent.

Allsopp's Early (E) — Kitchen dessert.

Ben Davis (L) — Skin yellow and red.

Blenheim Orange (L) — Large.

Bismarck (E) — Large, splendid baker.

Buncombe (Red Winter Pearmain) (L) — Kitchen or dessert, good keeper.

Carpenter (or Gravenstein) (E) — Large, fine dessert.

Carrington (E) — Blight-proof.

Cleopatra (or New York Pippin) (L) — Kitchen or dessert, heavy cropper.

Commerce (L) — Dessert, fine keeper.

Cowells Red Streak (E) — Highly colored, ripens before Trivett's.

Cox's Orange Pippin (L) — Good.

Delicious (E) — Dessert, dark red.

Democrat (L) — Dessert, dark red.

Five Crown Pippin (L) — Kitchen or dessert, blight-proof, good keeper.

Granny Smith (L) — Good keeper.

Irish Peach (E) — Blight-proof, dessert.

Jonathan (L) — Dessert, late keeper; one of the best for cold districts.

King David (M) — Rich dark red, hardy.

Keswick Codlin (E) — Large cooking.

Lord Nelson (E) — Extra large cooking.

Lord Wolseley (L) — Dessert, blight-proof.

McIntosh's Red (L) — Crimson; consistent cropper, good keeper.

Mobb's Royal (M) — Large, kitchen.

Munro's Favorite (L) — Large, kitchen.

Nickajack (L) — Yellowish red skin.

Northern Spy (L) — Large, dessert.

Pomme de Nieve (Lady in Snow or Fanny) (M) — Dessert.

APPLES—(continued).

Reniette du Canada (L) — Large late dessert or kitchen; first-class.

Rokewood (L) — Dessert; crimson, one of the best, splendid keeper.

Rome Beauty (L) — Large, dessert, splendid fruit, good keeper.

Scarlet Pearmain (M) — Good, dessert.

Stayman (L) — One of the best keeping.

Sturmer Pippin (L) — Dessert.

Trivett's Seedling (E) — Dessert.

Twenty-Ounce (M) — Kitchen, blight-proof.

Winter Pearmain (Stone Pippin) (L) — Large green, good keeper.

Winterstein (L) — A late variety of Gravenstein.

Worcester Pearmain (M) — Dessert.

Yates (L) — Enormous bearer, comparatively blight-proof.



The King David Apple.

APRICOTS

This fruit requires a well-drained soil and warm situation.

1/9 each; 18/- dozen.

Alsace (M) — Large, pale orange, and good.

Bobby Allen (E) — Good market.

Camden Pale Superb (E) — Large, oval.

Campbellfield's Seedling (M) — Large.

Cattells Early (E) — Resembles Allen's Early but crops regularly.

Dundonald (L) — Very large, good.

Early Moorpark (E) — Medium size.

Early Turkey (E) — Medium size, good.

APRICOTS—(continued)

Elruge (M) — Large, flesh firm.

Hemskirke (M) — Canning or market.

Large Early (E) — Very vigorous, good.

Mansfield Seedling (L) — Very large, rich.

Moorpark (L) — Large, rich and juicy.

Newcastle Early (E) — Heavy bearer; ripens end of November.

Oullin's Early (E) — Large yellow.

Pineapple (M) — Very fine color, oval shape, juicy, and one of the richest flavoured.

Red Masculine (E) — Small early.

Royal (M) — Large with red cheeks, excellent.

Shipley's Blenheim (L) — Large, good.

St. Ambrose (E) — Fruit large, roundish, deep yellow, red side.

Trevatt (L) — Somewhat resembles Shipley's. Good canner.

Warwick (M) — Large, fine flavor.

CHERRIES

This fruit requires a deep, warm, dry, and well-drained soil.

2/3 each; 24/- dozen.

Bedford Prolific (E) — Black, good bearer.

Bigarreau Pelissier (E) — Large, glossy red.

Black Republican (L) — Large.

Early Burbank (E) — Good.

Early Purple Gean (E) — Delicious, large.

Early Lyons (E) — Large red.

Early Rivers (E) — Black flesh.

Florence (L) — Large red, good carrier.

Late Duke (M) — Dark red, large.

May Duke (E) — Dark red.

St. Margaret (L) — Large, black.

Werders' Early Black (E) — Large, juicy.

MULBERRIES

These are handsome ornamental trees, as well as valuable for the fruit they bear.

Black English — The best. 3/6 ea.

Downing's Ever-Bearing — An enormous cropper. 2/6 each.

Hick's Fancy — Large juicy fruit. 2/6 each.

GENERAL LIST OF FRUITS (continued)

NECTARINES

They thrive in a fairly warm climate, and well-drained, loamy soil.

1/9 each; 18/- dozen.

Albert Victor (E) — Freestone, juicy.

Carrington (M) — Brilliant color. Clingstone.

Cooza (E) — Enormous, splendid color, luscious flavor.

Early Rivers (E) — Large, juicy.

Elruge (E) — Medium size, good.

Fertile du Poitou (M) — Very large and highly colored; free.

Goldmine (L) — Large, red, juicy.

Hunt's Tawny (E) — Dark purple, yellow flesh; very prolific.

Irrewarra (E) — Bright red.

Lady Carrington (M) — Large, good.

Lippiatt's Prolific (E) — Large, highly colored, rich, sweet and prolific.

Lord Napier (E) — Large, good flavor.

Meek's Scarlet (M) — Large, heavy cropper, good color; free.

Mrs. Dr. Chisholm (E) — Good, fine flavor.

New Boy (L) — Large, Brilliant crimson.

Stanwick (M) — Greenish white, very juicy, with high flavor.

White Slipstone (E) — Large, red.

Zealandia (L) — Rich red, recommended.

FIGS

This delicious fruit will thrive in any moderately warm climate and likes rich soil and plenty of moisture.

Each 1/9; 18/- dozen.

Black Genoa

Blue Provence

Brown Ischia

Brown Turkey

Silver Fig

White Adriatic

PERSIMMONS

OR JAPANESE DATE PLUMS

These are a delicious fruit, and trees are very ornamental in the autumn with their beautifully tinted foliage and richly colored fruit. Will thrive in any but the coldest districts.

2/3 each, 24/- dozen.

Dai Dai Maru — Large, four-sided.

Haya Kume — Very large, round.

Haychi Ya — Large, oblong, good.

Tanenashi — Large, conical, good.

Yemon — Large, seedless, rounded.

Zenji Maru — Small, round.

PEACHES

Worked on Seedling Peach Stocks

They require deep open loam (well drained), and a moderately warm climate.

1/9 each, 18/- dozen.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

New Discovery — Probably the earliest and finest variety grown. Bright red.

Admiral Dewey — Yellow freestone.

Duff's Xmas Box — Good size and color, regular cropper.

Bell's November — Very juicy.

Briggs' Red May — Tender and rich.

Champion — Large, high flavor, free.

Downing — Tender, juicy.

Edward VII — Ripens early, November.

Flat China — Fruit flat, freestone.

Governor Rawson — Free, good color.

High's Early Canada — Very large.

May Flower — Large, bright red, good quality.

Triumph — Large, rich flavor.

MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

Aunt Becky — Large, good carrier, vigorous grower, free.



FIG, Black Genoa; a delicious and richly flavored sort.

Braddock's — Large, heavy cropper.

Camden Superb (Devlin's Red) — Earliest cling, deep red, juicy.

Early Newington — Large, juicy.

Early Rivers — Large, juicy, free.

Hales' Early — Juicy, free, excellent.

Lady Ingold — Rich yellow, free.

Ruby Red — Valuable for shipping.

Wiggon's — Good size, free.

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Captain Mance — Free, rich, juicy.

Early Crawford — Jam or canning.

Elberta — Large, rich, free.

PEACHES, Mid-Season Varieties (continued).

Foster — Large, yellow, freestone; one of the best for canning.

George IV. — Large, rich flavor, free.

Grand Admirable — Large, juicy, cling.

Kia Ora — Large, yellow, freestone.

Mountain Rose — Large, red, free.

Newington — Large, splendid flavor.

Royal George Cling — Large, red.

Royal George — Large, juicy, free.

Shanghai Freestone — Large, yellow.

Shanghai Seedling or Red Shanghai — Large, beautiful red.

Wotton's Shanghai — White flesh.

LATE VARIETIES

Ripening after the First of Feb.

Billyen's Late October — Large, red.

California — Large, yellow, cling, regular cropper.

Camden Golden — Large, rich golden color, bright red cheek.

Chair's Choice — Large, reddish yellow.

Globe — Large, rich, free.

Hawkesbury Champion — Constant cropper, large; free.

Lady Palmerston — Large, rich, free.

La France — Large, juicy, excellent.

Late Crawford — Yellow, good cropper.

Muir — Large, free, canning or drying.

McDevitt's Late Cling — Large, rich yellow, canner.

Nicholl's Orange — Large, rich, cling, a favorite canning variety.

Phillip Cling — Large, yellow flesh.

Princess Royal — Large, rich, cling.

Pullar's Cling — Large, heavy bearer, one of the best for canning.

Red Italian — Large, rich, free.

Red Italian Cling — Deep rich red.

Runyon's Orange — Large, good canning, rich, cling.

Salway — Yellow, juicy, bottling or canning, free.

Yellow Italian Cling — Large, juicy.

PEARS

This favorite fruit thrives best in cooler districts, in any strong loam with well-drained sub-soil, sheltered from prevailing winds.

1/9 each, 18/- dozen.

Beurre d'Anjou (M) — Large, juicy.

Beurre Easter (L) — Excellent, dessert.

Beurre Capiaumont (M) — Very prolific.

Beurre Clairgeau (L) — Large, delicious.

(Continued next page)

GENERAL LIST OF FRUITS (continued)



Williams Bon Chretien or Bartlett Pear—A favorite eating variety.

PEARS—(continued from opposite page).

- Black Achan** (L) — Large, good cooker.
- China** (E) — Cooker, warm districts.
- Citron des Carmes** (E) — Rich, juicy.
- Fertility** (M) — Large, valuable market.
- Keiffer Hybrid** (E) — Enormous bearer.
- Le Conte** (M) — Rich vinous flavor.
- Madame Cole** (L) — Good dessert variety.
- Packham's Triumph** (L) — Rich melting flavor, enormous bearer.
- Packham's Late** — Heavy cropper.
- Vicar of Winkfield** (L) — Large, fine.
- Williams' Bon Chretien or Bartlett** (E) — Large, one of the best all-round.
- Winter Cole** (L) — Buttery and rich.
- Winter Nelis** (L) — Fine flavor, good.

PLUMS, ENGLISH

- Worked on Seedling Stocks. Do well in most districts, and best in heavy, loamy soils, requiring but little care and attention. 1/9 each, 18/- dozen.
- Alberta** (E) — Large, red, hangs well.
- Angelina Burdett** (M) — Purple, prolific.
- Black Cluster** — Medium size, roundish, black, flesh greenish, juicy and sugary.
- Cherry (American Red)** (E) — Very early.
- Coe's Golden Drop** (L) — Large, oval, cling.
- Coe's Late Red** — Medium size, nearly round, skin light purplish red, flesh yellow.
- Damson** — Hardy, heavy cropper.
- Diamond** (M) — Large, good cooker.

- Orleans** (M) — Large, purple, sweet.
- Precious** (E) — Red, good cropper.
- President** (E) — Large, oblong, sweet.

PLUMS, JAPANESE

Japanese Plums are very hardy and provide immense crops of healthy fruit. Some, however, consider the flavor to be not as nice as that of the English Plums. 1/9 each; 18/- dozen.

Narrabeen (M) — A local introduction. Large dark red, heavy cropper. Highly recommended. Price, 2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

- Alberta or Wilson** (E) — Ripe mid November; highly colored, almost black, flesh yellow when ripe. Good keeper, splendid carrier, one of the best for market.
- Ballena** (E) — Light yellow, delicious.
- Bartlett** (M) — Skin mottled with red, flesh yellow and a rich flavor.
- Blood (Upright)** (M) — Large, heart shaped, heavy bearer.
- Burbank** (M) — Fruit round, cherry-red, sweet and juicy.
- Chalco** (M) — Large, flat, reddish-purple.
- Climax** (M) — Very large, highly colored, ripens about Xmas time.
- Combination** — Fruit large, globular, very uniform in size, straw color.
- Doris** (L) — Medium, almost black, good eating and jam plum.
- Early Gem** (E) — Large, dark, good flavor, very early.

ENGLISH PLUMS—(continued)

- Evan's Early** (E) — Juicy, excellent.
- Grand Duke** (L) — Rich, juicy, large.
- Greengage** (M) — Rich flavor, early.
- Jefferson** (L) — Large, oval, luscious.
- Louthborough** (L) — Heavy cropper.
- Magnum Bonum, Red** (L) — Cooker.
- Magnum Bonum, White** (L) — (Egg Plum) — Good cooking, large, cling.

JAPANESE PLUMS—(continued)

- Early Jewel** (E) — Resembles October Purple, good bearer; a favorite variety.
- Formosa** (E) — Rich yellow, firm.
- Gaviota** (M) — Cherry-red, large.
- Gold** (M) — Distinct, juicy, prolific.
- Hale** (E) — Large, round, deep cherry red, with yellow specks, flesh yellow, delicious, slight acid flavor.
- Kelsey** (L) — Large, yellow flesh.
- Maynard** (E) — Very large, round, flesh firm and juicy.
- October Purple** (L) — Large, yellow flesh.
- Ogon** (E) — Large, yellow, splendid flavor.
- Plumcot** (L) — Blood Plum, apricot flavor.
- Red June** (E) — Red, flesh yellow.
- Rubio** — Large, oval, crimson color, flesh deep crimson, firm. Constant bearer.
- Santa Rosa** (E) — Large, crimson flesh.
- Satsuma (Blood)** (M) — Dark red.
- Sultan** (M) — Large, very sweet.
- Tunks' Seedling** (M) — Red, good.
- Wickson** (M) — Large, heavy cropper.
- Wickson Seedling** (M) — Heavy cropper.
- Wright's Early** (E) — Similar to Burbank, habit of growth more erect.

PRUNES

- 1/9 each, 18/- dozen. Grow well in hot or cold climates, used either ripe or for drying.
- Fellemborg or Italian Prune** — Medium long, oval, flesh rich color, cling.
- Giant** — Fruit of largest size, deep, purple, heavy cropper.
- Golden** — Golden color, exquisite flavor, large.
- Oregon Silver** — Huge, bears heavily in warm districts, cling.
- Prune d'Agen (French Prune)** — Oval, flesh yellow.
- Pacific** — Large, oval, one of the best drying.
- Robe de Sergeant** — Similar to Prune d'Agen, heavy bearer.
- Silver** — Said to be a seedling from Coes Golden Drop, and to be the best canning variety.
- Splendour** (E) — Very productive, firm, rich, sugary and large. Perfect freestone.
- Sugar** (E) — Large, yellowish flesh, rich in sugar juice.
- Tragedy** — Early, fruit large, oblong, pointed, yellow flesh, rich.

GENERAL LIST OF FRUITS (continued)

GRAPES

(on own Roots only)

In accordance with the Government Regulations all our Vines are grown outside the County of Cumberland, in a clean district, and we can send to any part of the State except Irrigation Areas.

1/- each, 10/- dozen, 70/- 100.

Black Muscat	Gros Colman
Black Hambro	Hayes' Keeper
Black Sherry	Lady Downes
Black Prince	Isabella
Black St. Peter's	Lady's Finger
or Black Ali-	Mrs. Prince's
cante	Black Muscat
Buckland's	Muscat of Alex-
Sweetwater	andria
Black Lady's	Muscat Hambro
Finger	(Snow's)
Black Sultana	Red Muscat
Bell's Seedling	Sultana
Doradillo	Sweetwater
Early Sherry	White Sherry
Flame Tokay	White Muscat
Golden Chasselas	White Wax
Gordo Blanco	Waltham Cross

QUINCES

1/9 each, 18/- dozen. Quinces are very hardy, and will thrive in moist, low situations, where other fruit will not grow.

Bereczki—Very large and prolific.

Champion—Large exquisite taste.

Giant of Lescovas — Enormous size, does not turn red when cooked.

Large Portugal—Large, good.

Missouri Mammoth—Very large.

Pear-Shaped—Large and good.

Reas' Mammoth—Very early.

Smyrna — Delicious flavor, keeps well.

Zucker — Very sweet, excellent when preserved.

LOGANBERRY

This splendid berry is now being very extensively grown. The fruit is large, dark red in color, and exquisitely flavoured. It is equally fine raw, cooked or made into jam.

1/- each, 11/- dozen; special quotes per 100.

STRAWBERRIES

We can supply strong, well rooted plants of the following standard varieties, postage 6d. dozen; 1/3 100 extra.

Climax—A late grower and an upright bearer. One of the best. 2/- doz.; 10/- 100.

Warrawee—Fruit deep scarlet and very large. Bears all the year round in frost-free situations. 2/- dozen; 10/- 100.

Illawarra — Large, early, grand flavor, hardy, prolific. Price, 2/- dozen; 10/- 100.

Phenomenal—Early, large, splendid color and flavor, hardy. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Creswell's Seedling—An excellent market sort. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Annetta—Very early and hardy. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Sunbeam—Large and well colored. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Melba—Heavy cropper. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Malakoff—Very early. 1/6 doz.; 7/6 100.

Marguerite — Favorite market. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Royal Sovereign—Scarlet. 1/6 dozen; 7/6 100.

Prices per 1000 on Application.



Strawberry—Warrawee, a vigorous prolific variety.

NUTS

Most of these make splendid ornamental trees besides being very profitable to grow in moderately cool climates.

ALMONDS—1/9 each; 18/- doz.

Brandes Jordan

Hatchs Nonpareil

Large Paper Shell

Golden State

I.X.L.

Nonpareil

Burbank Seedling

CHESTNUTS—2/6 each.

Spanish

Japanese Giant

FILBERTS—2/6 each.

PECCAN NUT—2/6 each.

WALNUT—2/- each.

Named varieties, 2/6 each.

MACADAMIA (Queensland Nut) 2/- each.

SUNDRY FRUITS, ROOTS AND PLANTS

Bananas—Several sorts. 2/6 each.

Blackberries—Six varieties. 1/- to 1/6 each.

Currants (Red, White, and Black)—1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

Custard Apple (Cherimoyer)—3/6 each.

Gooseberries—Sorts 1/- each, 10/- dozen, 75/- 100.

Guavas—Several varieties. 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Loquats—Sorts. 2/- each, 20/- dozen.

Mangoes—3/6 each.

Medlars—Best varieties. 2/6 each.

Olives—Several sorts. 2/6 each.

Passion Fruit (in pots)—Varieties, 9d. each, 7/6 doz.

„ (From open ground), 12/6 per 100.

Pawpaw Tree (Carica)—3/6 each.

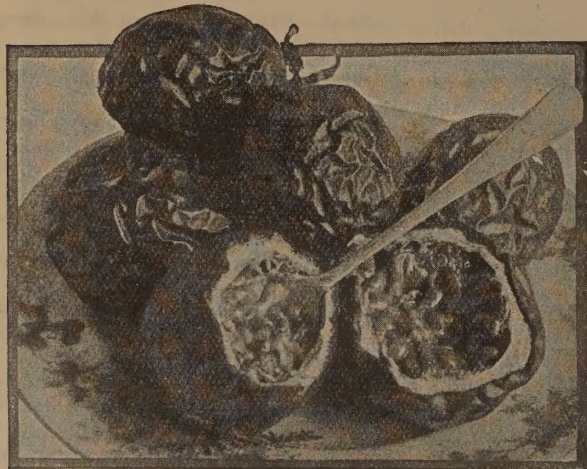
Pomegranate—1/6 each.

Raspberries—All the best varieties. 6d. ea., 5/- doz., 35/- per 100.

Tree Tomato (Cyphomandra)—Red, 1/6 each.

ASPARAGUS AND RHUBARB ROOTS.

During the winter months we can supply roots of all leading varieties. See Vegetable Section, pp. 7-34.



The Passion Fruit is a delicious dessert. The vines thrive in all but our cold highland districts.

CITRUS FRUITS

See also SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS
page 90.

Our Citrus Fruit Trees are specially grown for us in one of the best districts near Sydney and are all healthy, sturdy trees, having plenty of fibrous roots which will transplant well. They have all been grown in new land, and will be found to be of exceptional quality. If sold out of any varieties we will substitute nearest sort, unless otherwise instructed.

ORANGES

2/3 each, 24/- dozen; £7/10/-
(except where priced higher.
Those priced 2/6 each are 27/-
doz., £8/10/- 100, and those at
3/- ea., are charged at 33/- doz.
Bahia or Navel—Large, thin skin.
2/6
Blood—Early, juicy, deep red.
Golden Buckeye Navel — Large,
thin skin, delicious, good crop-
per. 3/-.
Golden Nugget Navel—A regular
cropper, fine flavor. 3/-.
Groverley Navel—Thin skin, large,
sweet. 2/6
Holdfast—Large, hangs late.
Homassassa—Smooth thin skin.
Jaffa—Large, almost seedless.
Joppa—Early, rich, juicy, practi-
cally seedless, regular bearer.
Mediterranean Sweet—Early pro-
lific.
Navelencia — Large juicy, good
size, ripens late, very hardy.
2/6
Parramatta—Large, very prolific.
Queen—Large, splendid flavor.
Rio—Large, thin skin, heavy crop-
per.
Siletta — Enormous crops, large
and very juicy.
St. Michael's—Large, good.
Teneriffe—Similar to St. Michael's.

ORANGES (continued)

Thompson's Improved Navel —
Early, excellent for market. 2/6
Valencia Late—Large and rich.
Washington Navel — Large rich.
2/6
White Siletta—Earliest, very juicy.
PRESERVING VARIETIES
2/3 each, 24/- dozen.
Cumquat—Fruit small and round.
Poor Man's Orange—Large, skin
thick.
Seville—The best variety for pre-
serves.

MANDARINS

2/6 each, 27/- doz.; £8/10/- 100
Beauty of Glen Retreat—Large
and delicious flavor, suitable
for warm climates.
Canton—Large, very prolific.
Dansy—Sweet and juicy.
Ellendale Beauty—Huge, pale color.
Emperor — Largest, best for
market.
Feutrell's Early—Thin skin, good.
Imperial—Earliest, good cropper.
Jacob's Special—Ripens early.
Late Emperor (L) — Very late,
keeps till January.
Oonshiu—Seedless and hardy.
Parker's Special—Large, excellent.
Scarlet—Reddish-yellow, large.
Thorny—An immense bearer, flat.

LEMONS AND LIMES

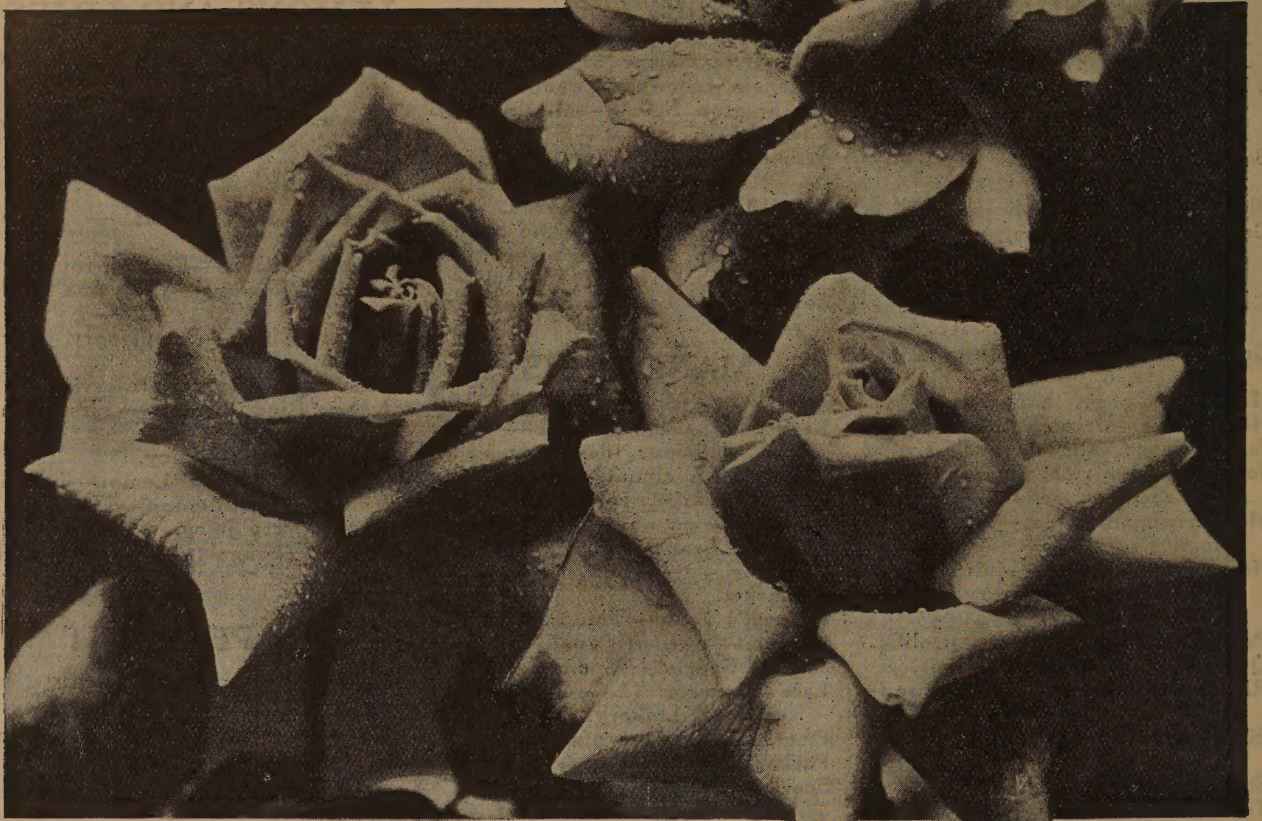
2/3 each, 24/- doz.; £7/10/- 100
We offer a splendid stock of
Lemons and other varieties of the
Citrus family, including—
East Indian Limes—Large, juicy.
2/6
Heong Long Lemons — Large,
coarse.
Lisbon Lemons—Best all-round.
Messina Lemons—Very fine qual-
ity.
Persian Limes—Small, very juicy.
2/6
Shaddocks—Large preserving.
Sweet Rind Lemon — First-class,
thin skin.
Sicily Lemons—Juicy.
Thornless Lisbon Lemon—Large.
Villa Franca Lemon—Thin skin,
firm, very juicy.
Citrons (Bengal)—Preserving and
peel.

GRAPE FRUIT

(IMPROVED POMELOW)

March Seedless—Medium size, thin
rind. 3/- each.
Triumph—Medium size, not bitter.
3/- each.





YATES' *Superb* ROSES

The Rose is deservedly the most popular flower grown, suiting itself to almost every variety of climate and soil.

Every garden should have a good assortment. We shall always be glad to recommend the sorts that are best adapted for any particular climate or situation. We are again offering a very fine Collection of Novelties, including the cream of those just sent out in England for the first time.

We are very large growers of Roses, our list of varieties running into many hundreds, but we have not space in this Annual to give a complete General List. We offer, however, several very fine Collections of Roses which have become exceedingly popular with growers. They are excellent value, and contain a choice selection of varieties. The Collections are sent post free, but with these exceptions postage is charged extra at about 1/3 per dozen to any New South Wales address; to other States the postage is about 2/2 per dozen. Packing is also charged extra at about 6d. per dozen.

During the winter months, from May to August, we post many thousands of Roses to every part of the Commonwealth, and these always arrive in good order and condition; we strongly recommend customers to order in this way, and ask them to mention if they are required by any particular post.

When too late to be lifted from the open ground, Roses may be obtained in pots, but there is considerable risk of loss in planting out when the Roses are growing and the weather hot and dry. The cost of posting Roses in pots is almost prohibitive, but we can send them by rail or boat.

If owing to delay in transit or other cause, the plants should appear shrivelled (which, however, is very seldom the case), open a trench in the ground and lay them flat in the bottom, covering with six inches of moist soil, taking care not to tread on the branches. After allowing the plants to remain underground for three days, take up and plant at once, protecting from sun and wind for a few days.

Rose Hints and Recommendations

CLASSIFICATION OF ROSES.

(T.) means a Tea Rose, which is a type that branches well, and flowers almost continuously, and most of the blooms have a tea scent.

(H.T.) means a Hybrid Tea Rose, which is a cross between the former and a Hybrid Perpetual; that is to say, you get a good dwarf or climbing Rose, bearing many more flowers than the Hybrid Perpetual, and many of them with the Hybrid Perpetual perfume.

(H.P.) means a Hybrid Perpetual Rose, which usually flowers only in the Spring, and is of strong upright growth—very often throwing long canes almost like a Climbing Rose, while many of the flowers are beautifully scented.

(Pernet) means a Pernetiana Rose, the name of the raiser. These roses are frequently weak wooded varieties and have a habit of dying back but they include some of the most beautiful colors known.

Standard Roses (as listed on page 104).

These are the ordinary varieties of Roses grafted on long straight briar stems which allows other flower-

ing plants to be grown close round the stems. Some of our customers when ordering Dwarf or Bush Roses refer to them as "standard" varieties to distinguish them from climbing varieties; please note this is wrong. The word "standard" when used in connection with Roses always means worked on long straight briar stems as described above.

BLOOMS DIFFERING FROM COLOR OR DESCRIPTION OF ROSES NAMED

Many Hybrid Tea and Tea Roses do not show their true colors at first flowering. Specially is this so in early spring or in very hot weather. Red Roses sometimes become Pinks, yellow Roses practically Whites, and so on. Another point to be remembered is that autumn blooms are usually richer in color than spring blooms.

From the foregoing it will be seen that if a rose is disappointing it should not be condemned at first flowering. If, in spite of all our care, a mistake has been made we will replace such plant on receipt of full particulars.

CHOOSING ROSES BY COLOURS

For those who are not closely acquainted with the great number of varieties of Roses now offered, it may be convenient to select their varieties by colors instead of names. The appended list is what we recommend as the best varieties in each of the four main colors of Roses, and customers can choose any of the varieties mentioned with the utmost confidence.

WHITES—Bush Types:

British Queen Louise Crette
Frau Karl Druschki Mrs. Foley Hobbs
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria Mrs. Herbert Stevens

Climbing Types:

Climbing Frau Karl Climbing White Maman
Druschki Cochet
Climbing Mrs. Herbert Stevens

PINK SHADES—Bush Types:

Betty Uprichard Madame Butterfly
Columbia Madame Segond Weber
Countess of Gosford Mrs. Bryce Allen
Imperial Potentate Mrs. George Shawyer
Jonkheer J. L. Mock Ophelia
Joseph Hill Queen Olga of Greece
Madame Abel Chatenay Radiance

Climbing Types:

Colcestria Climbing Pink Maman
Climbing Columbia Cochet
Sachsengruss

RED SHADES—Bush Types:

Captain Kilbee Stuart Lady Maureen Stewart
Charles K. Douglas Laurent Carle
Etoile de Holland Mrs. Ed. Powell
General Macarthur Red Radiance
Hadley Royal Red
Hawlmarm Crimson Star of Queensland
Holt Hewitt

Climbing Types:

Black Boy Mrs. Ed. Powell
Climbing General Noella Nabonnand
Macarthur Paul's Scarlet Climber
Climbing Laurent Carle Walter C. Clark
Climbing Liberty Miss Marion Manifold

YELLOW SHADES—Bush Types:

Alexander Hill Gray Lady Hillingdon
Betty Hulton Lillian Moore
Blanche Messigny Mrs. S. W. Burgess
Duchess of York Mrs. H. R. Darlington
George Schwartz Mrs. Chas. Lamplough
Goldmine Prima Donna
Golden Ophelia Rev. F. Page Roberts
Souv. de H. A. Verschuren

Climbing Types:

Cloth of Gold Climbing Lady Hillingdon

RECOMENDATIONS BY THE NATIONAL ROSE SOCIETY OF N.S.W.

Price, 1/9 each, 18/- dozen. Postage and packing 1/3 dozen in N.S.W.; 2/2 dozen to other States

DWARF TYPE.

Radiance (H.T.)
Etoile de Hollande (H.T.)
Lady Hillingdon (Tea)
Madam Abel Chatenay (H.T.)
Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.)
Columbia (H.T.)
Hadley (H.T.)
General Macarthur (H.T.)
Mrs. H. Brocklebank (H.T.)
Lady Maureen Stewart (H.T.)

Mrs. H. Stevens (H.T.)
Madame Butterfly (H.T.)
Red Radiance (H.T.)
Hoosier Beauty (H.T.)
Sunny South (H.T.)
K. A. Victoria (H.T.)
Laurent Carle (H.T.)
Frau Karl Druschki (H.T.)

CLIMBING TYPE.

Miss Marion Manifold (H.T.)
Cl. White Maman Cochet (Tea)

Cl. Md. Segond Weber (H.T.)
Black Boy (H.T.)
Cl. Madam Abel Chatenay (H.T.)
Climbing Maman Cochet (Tea)
Cl. Perle des Jardins (Tea)
Climbing Laurent Carle (H.T.)
Climbing K. A. Victoria (H.T.)
Noella Nabonnand (H.T.)
Climbing Ophelia (H.T.)
Souv. de Leonie Viennot (Tea)

NEW ROSES for Season 1928

Postage is extra at the rate of 1/3 per dozen Roses to Post Offices in N.S.W., and 2/2 per dozen to Interstate Post Offices.

Quite a host of Novelties are now being introduced each year by the leading Rose Growers of England, Europe and America as well as in Australia, many of which are unsuitable to our climate. We have, therefore, carefully selected what we believe to be the cream of the new Roses just sent out, choosing varieties which we think will suit our Australian conditions. The brief descriptions below are as supplied by the raisers.

SPECIAL OFFER.—If twelve or more of these 1928 Novelties are ordered, we will allow ten per cent. off Catalogue Rates.

- Abol (H.T.)**—A beautiful new white rose, a feature of which is its lovely strong perfume. It is of fine habit, very free flowering and hardy, and has great natural vigor. Price, 4/- each.
- Agnes Roggen (H.T.)**—Color carmine, inside of petals lilac white. Continuous bloomer after the type of "Radiance." Price, 4/- each.
- Amami (H.T.)**—A new and beautiful tint of soft peach pink. In the bud stage the coloring is exquisite. The open flowers are large and fairly full. Light green foliage. Price, 4/- each.
- Comtesse de Castilleja (Pernet)**—An ideal bedding rose of vigorous and erect growth, free branching habit, mildew-proof. Long bud. Color orange flamed vermilion passing to golden coral as the flower expands. Large well-formed blooms highly perfumed. Price, 4/- each.
- Countess of Stradbroke (H.T.)**—(Alister Clark 1928). A vigorous growing free blooming climbing rose of exceptional merit, the flowers are large, full-formed and of good shape, while in addition they possess a full rich fragrance. The color is rich dark velvety crimson of a particularly vivid shade, and this brilliancy is maintained for a long period. Price, 5/- each.
- Cuba (Pernet)**—The long buds are almost scarlet opening to an uncommon shade of orange scarlet. The inside of petals is light velvety scarlet crimson with carmine towards the tips. The flowers are large, fairly full and globular. Price, 4/- each.
- Dainty Bess (H.T.)**—Ophelia x K. of K. Single flowers of salmon pink with unique centre of crimson and gold, sweetly scented. Blooms throughout the summer. Price, 4/- each.
- Desmond Johnston (H.T.)**—The color is brilliant scarlet very heavily flushed orange and claret with deep orange base. Large full flowers of perfect conical shape and form. Glossy dark green foliage, mildew-proof. Price, 4/- each.
- Emily Dodd (H.T.)**—The color in the young stage is creamy yellow, being more pronounced at the base of petals, changing to milk white in the old flower. The bloom is large, full and nobly formed. The quaker green foliage is very handsome and disease resistant. Price, 4/- each.
- Everest (H.T.)**—A giant white rose of perfect form, with delicate cream suffusion, carried upright on powerful stems. The foliage is bright green, tall grower. Would make a pillar rose. Price, 4/- ea.
- Golden Salmon (Dwf. Poly.)**—An intense fiery golden salmon. Medium-sized flowers produced in large full trusses. Fine healthy foliage. Price, 4/- each.
- Julia, Countess of Dartrey (H.T.)**—The color is pure "Tyrian Rose" with a yellow base. The flowers are very large, full, of fine ideal shape and fine for Exhibition. Mildew-proof. Flowers continuously throughout the season. Price, 4/- each.
- Laddie (H.T.)**—Color is deep cochineal carmine flushed orange and scarlet with an orange base. Color fades in old flowers to rosy carmine. Free flowering. Dark green foliage. Price, 4/- each.
- Lady Mary Elizabeth (H.T.)**—The bud is brilliant carmine pink, being a little paler in the fully developed flower. The blooms are carried on long stiff straight stems. Price, 4/- each.
- Lady Sylvia (H.T.)**—A sport from Madame Butterfly. It resembles its parent in all respects but the color is intensified and more lively. Price, 4/- each.
- Lord Castlereagh (H.T.)**—Rich deep crimson with bright golden stamens. Hardy, bushy upright growth, suitable for bedding. Deep copper colored foliage changing to bronze green; disease-resistant. Semi-double flowers. Price, 4/- each.
- Mabel Lynas (Pernet)**—Is exceedingly hardy, and produces flowers of dark crimson with a yellow base. The flowers are large, full and of fine form. Bright glossy green mildew-proof foliage. Free flowering and good for bedding. Price, 4/- each.
- Margaret McGredy (H.T.)**—The color is orange scarlet. Large full flowers of perfect form. An ideal bedding, garden and exhibition rose. Light green foliage, mildew-proof. Price, 4/- each.
- Marian Cran (H.T.)**—Outside of petals is a deep buttercup yellow margined and flushed cerise and rosy scarlet. The inner side opens a brilliant scarlet flushed and veined orange and yellow. As the flower ages the color deepens. The flowers are full and of nice form. Dark green glossy foliage, mildew-proof. The habit is vigorous, free, bushy and upright. Price, 4/- each.
- Mrs. Fred. H. Howard (H.T.)**—The color is deep nankeen yellow. Flowers abundantly and has a real tea fragrance. Deep bronzy foliage does not mildew. Price, 4/- each.
- Patience (H.T.)**—As the flower opens the color is deep orange at base shading to orange scarlet. The blooms are large, full and of perfect form and quite exhibition size. Mildew-proof. Price, 4/- ea.
- Rapture (H.T.)**—A new sport from Ophelia. It is intensely brilliant in its vivid shades of bright apricot, coral pink, rose and gold. Price, 4/- each.
- Totty's Red (H.T.)**—The flowers are large, full and well-formed and sweetly scented. The color is crimson scarlet. Price, 4/- each.
- Villa Pia (H.T.)**—The color is deep velvety red shaded with almost black red. The bud is long, large and pointed, carried singly on long, strong stems. Price, 4/- each.
- W. A. Bilney (H.T.)**—The color is pale apricot, the back of petals are primrose. The outer petals are tinted and edged with crushed strawberry. Dark green foliage, stout, erect stems, good habit. Good for garden and bedding. Price, 4/- each.

Recently Introduced Roses

NOW LISTED AT MUCH REDUCED RATES

The following list comprises the best two dozen of the novelties introduced last year and the descriptions are as supplied by the raisers. These varieties have now had one season's trial with us, and from the experience gained in the nursery we would recommend those varieties listed below. It must not be forgotten that soil and climate have much to do with the behaviour of one variety compared with another and that in districts other than Sydney many of the 1927 novelties not listed below may grow to greater perfection than with us.

Price 2/6 each. Postage and Packing extra

Postage is charged 1/3 dozen to N.S.W. Post Offices; 2/2 dozen to Post Offices in other States.

SPECIAL OFFER—We will supply ANY TWELVE of the following for 27/6, postage and packing free.

- Alice Stern (H.T.)**—White with light cream in centre, sometimes shaded faint salmon. Long bud opening in fine full flower. Free flowering.
- Billy Boy (H.T.)**—Deep sunflower yellow, free flowering, semi-double. Bright green foliage. Mildew-proof.
- Cardinal Schulte (H.T.)**—Brilliant crimson red shaded with fiery scarlet. Large full flowers carried upright on long stiff stems.
- Charles P. Kilham (H.T.)**—Brilliant orange orient red, suffused with glowing scarlet. When full open the flowers fade to brilliant lincoln red. Well shaped buds opening to good sized flowers, free flowering. Free and bushy growth, dark green foliage, mildew-proof.
- Climbing Madame Butterfly (H.T.)**—Sport from Madame Butterfly. Color and flower almost identical with parent. Sweetly scented.
- Dame Edith Helen**—Glowing pink, large full bloom, carried on rigid erect stems. Foliage is bright bronze, changing to natural green, and is mildew-proof.
- Dorina Neave (H.T.)**—Color is delightful silvery pink, large full pointed globular flowers carried on erect stems. Compact growth.
- Doris Dickson (Pernet)**—Vigorous and free branching growth, dark green foliage, medium sized flowers, well formed. Base color is orange cream, heavily veined and pencilled with deep cherry red.
- Dr. J. G. Fraser (Pernet)**—Color, salmon apricot, suffused vermilion pink. Buds are long, opening to fairly full large flowers. Inner petals have a suffusion of buttercup yellow. Growth vigorous, free and continuous flowering.
- Francis Simms (H.T.)**—Unique and beautifully colored rose, robust growth, free and erect branching habit. Flowers are large full and globular. Color is rose neyron-red, crayoned with pure bright carmine, base of petals buttercup yellow.
- Golden Gleam (H.T.)**—Bright buttercup yellow. Outer petals are flushed and streaked scarlet. Very free flowering. Free and upright growth, mildew-proof.
- Lady Helen Maglona (H.T.)**—Bud and young flower are bright crimson red with blackish markings, the color lightens with age to scarlet red. Hardy and vigorous growth, free branching habit. Large full flowers.
- Ladylove (H.T.)**—Resembles Madame Butterfly but with more apricot at times suffused in the pink. Light rose pink fading to hydrangea pink, flushed with and deepening in the centre with bright apricot. Free flowering, strong sweet scent. Hardy vigorous growth, mildew-proof.
- Lady Margaret Stewart**—In the young stage the flower is deep sunflower yellow splashed with orange scarlet, reverse of petals being deeply marked carmine. As the bloom develops these shades intermingle; fully developed flower is a cadmium orange effect. Long pointed bud, full flower. Vigorous growth, sage green foliage. Mildew-proof.
- Lady Worthington Evans**—Color is glowing blackish crimson. Bud and young flower are gloriously formed. Spiral shaped culminating in fine pointed centre. Robust constitution.
- Miss Anna Marie Bally (H.T.)**—Outer petals suffused with whitish fawn tint, inner petals rich reddish copper. Spreading growth, free flowering and perpetual. Dark foliage, reddish wood.
- Miss Bep van Rossem (H.T.)**—Dark canary-yellow. Pointed bud, free flowering and hardy.
- Naomi (H.T.)**—The color is distinct coppery buff. Full-pointed globular flowers, carried on erect long stems, handsome dark green foliage. Free flowering, healthy and vigorous growth.
- Phyllis Bide (Cl. Poly.)**—Semi-double flowers, handsome foliage, free from mildew, vigorous habit. Color, pale gold at base, flushed and shaded pretty carmine pink at edges.
- Prince Henry (H.T.)**—Sturdy and erect growth, but not too vigorous. The buds are madder pink; when expanded the color is lovely rose pink. Free and continuous flowering. Large moderately full flowers, handsome foliage.
- Sallie Lewis (H.T.)**—Charming apricot shaded creamy white. Fine very full flower, opening freely, of perfect shape. Free flowering, good habit, vigorous.
- Souv. de Clermonde (H.T.)**—Clear salmon pink, deeper in centre, shaded with yellow; large globular semi-double flowers.
- Souv. de Madame Pidoux (H.T.)**—Indian yellow bud opening to chrome yellow. Carried erect on long rigid stems, free flowering.
- Surprise (H.T.)**—Color, fine salmon pink. Growth compact, large well formed flowers. Fine free flowering bedding rose.

THE MOST POPULAR ROSES

OFFERED IN SPECIAL VALUE COLLECTIONS.

Yates' "Centenary" Collection

Collection Price 10/6, packing and postage free.
Or Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

Betty Uprichard (H.T.)—Most attractive shade between salmon pink and carmine, reverse petals being glowing carmine coppery sheen.

Prima Donna (H.T.)—Yellow shaded fawn, outside petals shaded crimson, blooms on long stems.

Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.)—Rich "Marechal Neil" color occasionally veined with buff.

Hawlmarm Crimson (H.T.)—Intense crimson, semi-double.

Mrs. H. R. Darlington (H.T.)—Creamy yellow, sweetly scented.

Hadley (H.T.)—Dark crimson scarlet, very fine.

Collection of Twelve of the Best Recent Introductions.

Specially selected for their quality of bloom, vigorous growth and free flowering capacity.

Collection Price, 21/—, packing and postage free.
Or Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

Blossom (H.T.)—Peach blossom pink shading to yellow at base.

Duchess of York (H.T.)—Deep golden yellow, tangerine centre.

Goldmine (H.T.)—Golden yellow with orange bronze heart. Pointed bud.

Holt Hewitt (H.T.)—Rich velvety crimson, flushed scarlet at edge of petals and veined scarlet.

Imperial Potentate (H.T.)—Double flowers of glistening rose pink, with silvery suffusion at base.

Lord Fairfax (H.T.)—Cherry red flushed with scarlet opening to cherry rose pink.

Madame Paul Ollivary (H.T.)—Copper salmon, reverse of petals tinted cadmium yellow.

Mrs. S. W. Burgess (H.T.)—Apricot yellow with deeper tones at base of petals. Mildew-proof.

Reims (Pernet)—Long bud, outside fleshy pink with yellow aiglet, centre bright nankeen, shaded apricot.

Royal Red (H.T.)—Scarlet red with almost black shading.

Princess Marie Jose (H.T.)—Orange and vermilion with purple lacquer reflections, opening orange vermilion on yellow background.

Ville de Paris (Pernet)—Sunflower yellow, shaded orange and deeper in the centre.

Collection of Six of the Best Wichurianas

A beautiful class of a running or trailing habit. Very valuable for covering banks, waste ground, and for training over trellises, etc. They are remarkable for their beautiful shining foliage as well as for their flowers, which are produced in the greatest profusion.

Collection Price 10/6, packing and postage free.
Or separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

American Pillar—Carmine, white eye.

Dorothy Perkins—Double pink.

Excelsa—Brilliant scarlet.

Hiawatha—Crimson, white eye.

Shower of Gold—Deep yellow, double.

White Dorothy Perkins—Pure white, double.

Yates' "Bountiful" Collection Of Twelve Distinct Roses

These are all splendid varieties, vigorous growers, and very free blooming.

Collection, Price 21/—, packing and postage free.
Or Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

Charles K. Douglas (H.T.)—Intense flaming scarlet, flushed bright crimson, very sweetly scented.

Columbia (H.T.)—Bright pink, free flowering.

Etoile de Hollande (H.T.)—Dark red buds opening bright red, semi-double to double.

Hadley (H.T.)—Dark crimson scarlet, particularly fine.

Laurent Carle (H.T.)—Brilliant velvety carmine.

Madame Jules Bouche (H.T.)—Salmon white, shaded rose.

Mrs. Geo. Shawyer (H.T.)—Deep china rose, large.

Mrs. Harold Brocklebank (H.T.)—Creamy white, buff centre.

Perle des Jardins (Tea)—Straw color, centre orange yellow.

Perle von Godesberg (H.T.)—White centre golden yellow.

Sensation (H.T.)—Rich velvet crimson red shaded deeper crimson.

Shot Silk (H.T.)—Bright cherry cerise, overshot salmon orange, flushed rose and veined buttercup yellow at base.

Collection of Seven Special Pillar Roses

We consider the following absolutely the finest in this section; all are of particular merit and give a full range of colors.

Collection Price 12/—, packing and postage free.
Or Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

Climbing Liberty (H.T.)—Brilliant crimson.

Climbing Lady Hillingdon (Tea)—Orange yellow with very long buds, flowers freely.

Climbing Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.)—Purest white.

Colcestria (H.T.)—Satin rose shading to silver pink. Winner of Clay Cup for most fragrant rose.

Pauls Scarlet Climber (H.T.)—Most vivid scarlet shaded crimson.

Sachsengruss (H.T.)—Delicate flesh with china rose reverse in centre, exceptionally large.

Zephyrine Drouhin (Bourbon)—Bright silvery pink, sweetly scented.

Collection of Six Excellent Climbing Roses

We can very strongly recommend these varieties. All are vigorous growers and bloom particularly freely.

Collection Price 10/6, packing and postage free.
Or Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

Black Boy (H.T.)—Deep crimson.

Climbing Pink Maman Cochet (Tea)—Pink.

Climbing White Maman Cochet (Tea)—White, tinged bluish.

Cloth of Gold (Noisette)—Beautiful sulphur yellow.

Miss Marian Manifold (H.T.)—Bright red.

Noella Nabonnand (Tea)—Velvety crimson, semi-double.

THE MOST POPULAR ROSES (continued)

OFFERED IN SPECIAL VALUE COLLECTIONS

Yates' "Utility" Collection Of Twenty-five Roses

The following 25 Roses are, in our opinion, the best and most vigorous growers of their respective colors, and will thrive in soils and situations where some of the more delicate varieties would die out. They are all constant and prolific bloomers and particularly suitable either for cutting or for border decoration. For an inexperienced grower a better list could hardly be selected, and we offer them as a complete Collection, which we can specially recommend.

Collection, Price 40/-, packing and postage free.
Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

DWARF TYPES.

- Corallina (Tea)—Rosy crimson.
- Ethel Malcolm (H.T.)—Ivory white, peach centre.
- Frau Karl Druschki (H.P.)—Pure white.
- Gruss au Teplitz (H.T.)—Bright crimson.
- General MacArthur (H.T.)—Bright scarlet.
- General Superior Arnold Jansen (H.T.)—Glowing deep carmine.
- Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H.T.)—Pure white, creamy centre.
- Lady Dunleath (H.T.)—Ivory white, tinted yellow.
- Lilian Moore (H.T.)—Pure Indian yellow.
- Madame Abel Chatenay (H.T.)—Rosy carmine, shaded salmon.
- Madame Antoine Marie (Tea)—Rose, shaded white.
- Maman Cochet (Tea)—Flesh, shaded rose.
- Madame Jean Dupuy (Tea)—Rosy yellow.
- Molly Bligh (H.T.)—Deep maddery pink.
- Molly Sharman Crawford (Tea)—White, tinged green.
- Mrs. Ed. Powell (H.T.)—Velvety crimson.
- Mrs. Frank Bray (H.T.)—Deep coppery yellow.
- Queen Olga of Greece (H.T.)—Soft rose pink.
- White Maman Cochet (Tea)—White, tinged blush.

CLIMBERS.

- Climbing Papa Gontier (Tea)—Rosy crimson.
- Climbing Pink Maman Cochet (Tea)—Pink.
- Climbing White Maman Cochet (Tea)—White, tinged blush.
- Miss Marian Manifold (H.T.)—Bright red.
- Noella Nabonnand (Tea)—Velvety crimson (semi-double).
- Reve d'Or (Noisette)—Buff yellow.

Collection of Six Dwarf Polyantha Roses

The Dwarf Polyantha Rose is perhaps seen to the best advantage in masses or when planted as low hedges or edgings. The effect in either case is most charming, the dainty blossoms and handsome foliage contrasting well with the larger Bush Roses.

Collection Price, 10/6, packing and postage free.
Or Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

- Jeannie Soupert—White, flushed pale pink.
- Ellen Poulsen—Dark pink, excellent.
- Erna Teschendorff—Deep red.
- Mrs. R. M. Finch—One of the best pink Polyanthus, large blooms and very free flowering.
- Orleans—Rosy carmine, white centre.
- Perle d'Or—Nankeen yellow.
- Salmon Spray—Beautiful salmon pink, large trusses, vigorous grower.

Collection of Six Single and Semi-Single Roses

For Cutting and Border Decoration.

A very elegant and charming class. The stately blooms are unexcelled for decorative work. They are especially good if the bud is picked in a young state and allowed to open in water, thereby preserving greater brilliancy of color.

Collection Price 10/6, packing and postage free.

Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

- Irish Beauty (H.T.)—White, with golden anthers.
- Irish Elegance (H.T.)—Bronzy-orange.
- Irish Fireflame (H.T.)—Old gold, shaded ochre.
- Isobel (H.T.)—Carmine, flushed orange scarlet, largest and best single rose grown.
- Queen of the Belgians (H.T.)—Rich salmon pink.
- Waltham Scarlet (H.T.)—Crimson scarlet.

Yates' "Distinct Fifty" Collection

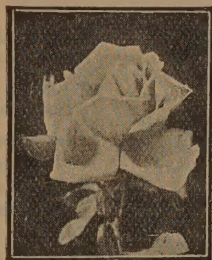
This collection contains popular and distinct varieties that have been specially selected from upwards of one thousand sorts that we have growing at our Rose Nursery. We have included some recently introduced varieties of special merit, and can recommend all as being of vigorous growth and very free flowering.

Collection, Price 75/-, packing and postage free.

Separately 1/9 each, postage and packing extra.

- Alexander Hill Gray (Tea)—Deep lemon yellow.
- Belle Siebrecht (H.T.)—Rosy pink, deeper centre.
- C. V. Haworth (H.T.)—Intense black scarlet.
- Capt. F. Bald (H.T.)—Deep scarlet maroon, flushed blackish velvet, fragrant.
- Carine (H.T.)—Coppery salmon.
- Chateau de Clos Vougeot (H.T.)—Velvety scarlet.
- Clarice Goodacre (H.T.)—Biscuit chrome on ivory white.
- Cloth of Gold (Noisette)—Beautiful sulphur yellow climber.
- Covent Garden (H.T.)—Deep rich red, large flowers.
- Dean Hole (H.T.)—Carmine, shaded salmon.
- Dorothy Page Roberts (H.T.)—Coppery pink.
- Double Pink Killarney (H.T.)—Pink, very fragrant.
- Duchess of Wellington (H.T.)—Deep coppery saffron yellow.
- Frances Gaunt (H.T.)—Fawny apricot, toning to silver.
- George C. Waud (H.T.)—Glowing orange vermillion.
- George Schwartz (Tea)—Bright yellow.
- Hawthorn Crimson (H.T.)—Intense crimson, semi-double.
- His Majesty (H.T.)—Dark crimson.
- Hugo Roller (Tea)—Yellow, suffused crimson.
- Jonkheer J. L. Mock (H.T.)—Imperial pink.
- Joseph Hill (H.T.)—Salmon pink.
- Lady Ashtown (H.T.)—Rose, shaded yellow.
- Lady Dixon (H.T.)—Rich apricot, flushed salmon pink. A new shade, blooms large and full.

(Continued next page).



YATES "DISTINCT FIFTY" COLLECTION OF ROSES

(Continued from previous page)

- Lady Maureen Stewart (H.T.)—Velvety black scarlet.
 Lady Roberts (Tea)—Reddish apricot.
 Lady Hillingdon (Tea)—Apricot yellow.
 Lady Ursula (H.T.)—Flesh pink.
 La France (H.T.)—Shades of rose.
 Laurent Carle (H.T.)—Velvety carmine.
 K. of K. (H.T.)—Intense scarlet, semi-double.
 Mrs. Chas. Lamplough (H.T.)—Soft lemon, sweetly scented.
 Madame Segond Weber (H.T.)—Rosy salmon.
 Marie van Houtte (Tea)—Yellowish white, edged rose.
 Mrs. H. R. Darlington (H.T.)—Creamy yellow, sweetly scented.
 Mrs. C. W. Dunbar-Buller (H.T.)—Clear rosy carmine on rosy white with lemon base. A profuse bloomer.
 Mrs. Foley Hobbs (Tea)—Ivory white, edge tinged pink.
- Mrs. George Shawyer (H.T.)—Brilliant clear rose.
 Mrs. George Marriott (H.T.)—Cream, pencilled rose.
 Mrs. Henry Morse (H.T.)—Bright rose, impregnated vermillion, very sweetly scented, superb.
 Mrs. Herbert Stevens (Tea)—White.
 Mrs. Myles Kennedy (Tea)—Buff white, pink centre.
 Papa Gontier (Tea)—Bright rose and crimson.
 Penelope (Tea)—Red, cream centre.
 Perle des Jardins (Tea)—Canary yellow.
 Rhea Reid (H.T.)—Red, fragrant.
 Souv. of Stella Grey (Tea)—Orange, splashed yellow, salmon and crimson.
 Star of Queensland (H.T.)—Velvety maroon.
 The Bride (Tea)—White.
 White Killarney (H.T.)—White.
 William Shean (H.T.)—Pure pink.

OTHER POPULAR ROSES

Not mentioned in any of the foregoing Collections

Dwarf or Bush Type

All 1s. 9. each, 18s. dozen

Postage and Packing extra, 1/3 dozen in N.S.W.;
 2/2 dozen to other States.

- Angele Pernet (Pernet)—Vivid orange yellow, shaded fiery deep reddish apricot.
 Argyll (H.T.)—Clear, deep cream, large and full.
 Bessie Chaplin (H.T.)—Bright pink blooms of great substance, strong upright growth.
 Betty Hulton (H.T.)—Intense saffron yellow, deep golden centre.
 Blanche Messigny (H.T.)—Nankeen yellow, passing to creamy yellow. Double.
 Blush Queen (H.T.)—Delicate soft pink.
 British Queen (H.T.)—White, buds show a slight flush.
 Captain F. S. Harvey Cant (H.T.)—Rich salmon pink, veined scarlet and suffused yellow.
 Captain Kilbee Stuart (H.T.)—Exhibition rose, rich glowing velvety crimson, shaded scarlet.
 Captain Ronald Clerk (H.T.)—Bright vermillion shaded orange, orange base.
 Countess of Gosford (H.T.)—Salmon pink, base of petals saffron.
 Courtenay Page (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson, shaded deeper crimson.
 Crimson Emblem (H.T.)—Crimson scarlet; sweetly scented.
 Duchess of Sutherland (H.T.)—Warm rose pink, lemon shading, erect.
 Earl Haig (H.T.)—Brick red, large, full, well formed sweetly perfumed.
 Earl of Warwick (H.T.)—Soft salmon pink; excellent.
 Edward Mawley (H.T.)—Velvety crimson; very large and full.
 Empire Queen (H.T.)—Cerise with orange flush.
 Ethel Malcolm (H.T.)—Ivory white, delicate peach centre.
 Ethel Somerset (H.T.)—Shrimp pink, very large flower, full and pointed, highly perfumed.
- Etoile de France (H.T.)—Velvety crimson, centre cerise red.
 Felicity (H.T.)—Callow pink, shading to cerise at edges cream at base of petals.
 Florence J. Izzard (H.T.)—Deep pure buttercup yellow, sweetly perfumed.
 Francois Dubreuil (Tea)—Velvety crimson, reflexed cerise.
 Fred. J. Harrison (H.T.)—Cardinal red suffused crimson, splashed with blackish crimson.
 General Gallieni (Tea)—Crimson, tinted blood red.
 George Arends (H.P.)—Described as a pink Druschki.
 George Dickson (H.T.)—Large and richly perfumed, color, velvety blackish scarlet crimson.
 George H. Mackereth (H.T.)—Deep crimson, shaded velvety maroon.
 Golden Ophelia (H.T.)—Deep golden, outside petals paler.
 Gorgeous (H.T.)—Orange yellow, veined with reddish copper.
 Gustav Grunewald (H.T.)—Rosy carmine, yellow at base.
 Gwynne Carr (H.T.)—Shell pink to pale lilac rose, golden yellow at base of petals.
 Hoosier Beauty (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson; deliciously perfumed.
 H. V. Machin (H.T.)—Blackish scarlet crimson.
 Ivy May (H.T.)—Rose pink running to amber, flushed with gold.
 John Henry (H.T.)—Rosy scarlet opening rich pink.
 John C. M. Mensing (H.T.)—Deep rose, sport from Ophelia.
 John Russell (H.T.)—Velvety crimson, overlaid with black sheen.
 Killarney (H.T.)—Rose, shaded white; very showy.
 Lady Dixon Hartland (H.T.)—Deep salmon in centre, shading to pale pink.
 Lady Greenall (H.T.)—Intense orange on creamy white.
 Lady Pirrie (H.T.)—Coppery salmon, shaded apricot.
 La Tosca (H.T.)—Pale rose, very free blooming, excellent.

OTHER POPULAR ROSES (continued)

DWARF OR BUSH TYPE—(Continued)

- Lena** (Tea)—Apricot yellow, with paler edges.
Leslie Evans (H.T.)—Rich dark velvety crimson.
Lord Allenby (H.T.)—Rich crimson suffused scarlet.
Lord Charlemont (H.T.)—Perfectly shaded, long-pointed, clear crimson flowers; free growing.
Louise Crette (H.P.)—White, very large.
Mabel Morse (H.T.)—Clear bright golden yellow, sweetly scented.
Mabel Turner (H.T.)—Deep salmon pink with reflex petals.
Madame Butterfly (H.T.)—Bright pink, apricot and gold, fragrant, free flowering, semi-double.
Madame Caroline Testout (H.T.)—Deep bright fleshy rose.
Madame Constant Soupert (Tea)—Yellow, with peach shading.
Madame Edouard Herriott (H.T.)—Semi-double, of superb coloring; coral red, shaded yellow and scarlet.
Madame Jules Grolez (H.T.)—Deep China rose, very bright.
Madame Mallerin (H.T.)—Crimson scarlet, shaded vermillion.
Margaret Dickson Hamill (H.T.)—Maize color, edged crimson.
Maud Cumming (H.T.)—Delicate peach, shaded with coral pink, suffused and veined orange, the base of petals deep orange.
Midnight Sun (H.T.)—Velvety black crimson, semi-double.
Miss Alice de Rothschild (Tea)—Deep citron yellow.
Miss Lolita Armour (H.T.)—Deep golden yellow, with coppery red sheen, deepening towards the edge of the petals to deep coral red.
Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.)—Indian yellow, beautiful bud.
Mrs. A. R. Waddell (H.T.)—Rosy scarlet, opening salmon.
Mrs. Bryce Allen (H.T.)—Carmine rose; most highly perfumed rose we know.
Mrs. Courtenay Page (H.T.)—Orange-cerise, carmine shading towards base.
Mrs. Henry Bowles (H.T.)—Blossoms beautifully pointed, warm rosy pink, shaded salmon orange. Distinct.
Mrs. Jas. Shearer (H.T.)—Light canary yellow, opening pure white, cadmium yellow base.
Mrs. Wakefield Christie-Miller (H.T.)—Pearly blush.
Ophelia (H.T.)—Salmon flesh, shaded with rose.
Philomene Pollaert (H.T.)—Beautiful crimson with orange.
Pilgrim (H.T.)—Beautiful bright rose pink.
Prince Charming (H.T.)—Deep reddish copper, with old gold base.
Radiance (H.T.)—Brilliant carmine, shaded salmon.
Red Letter Day (H.T.)—Semi-double; velvety scarlet crimson.
Red Premier (H.T.)—Inside petals velvety red, outside carmine red.
Red Radiance (H.T.)—Reddish pink, free flowering.
Rene Wilmart-Urban (H.T.)—Salmon flesh, edged carmine.
Rev. F. Page Roberts (H.T.)—Rich "Marechal Neil," color occasionally veined with buff.
Richards E. West (H.T.)—Glowing cadmium yellow, paler on reflex.
Richmond (H.T.)—Reddish scarlet; very good.
Rosabel Walker (H.T.)—Brilliant scarlet, shaded velvety crimson with splashes of yellow at base.



- Roselandia** (H.T.)—Yellow sport from "Golden Ophelia."
Scarlet Glory (H.T.)—Vermilion scarlet; mildew-proof.
Souvenir de Claudius Pernet (Pernt)—Very large sunflower yellow, deeper in the centre.
Souvenir de George's Pernet (H.T.)—Beautiful Orient red color, end of petals cochineal, carmine, wholly shaded yellow.
Souvenir de H. A. Verschuren (H.T.)—Cadmium yellow, passing to orange yellow.
Souv. de Madame Louise Crette (Pernet)—Yellow carmine bud, golden yellow flower shaded coral and tinted red.

- Souv. de R. B. Ferguson** (H.T.)—Outside of buds splashed cerise and rose pink on apricot, full flower rich apricot, shell pink and orange yellow at base.
S.S. Pennock (H.T.)—Glowing cerise, with yellowish shades.
Substitute Jacques Chapel (H.T.)—A beautiful color, peach bloom, edge of petals fuscine red, tinted lemon yellow at base.
Sunburst (H.T.)—Superb cadmium yellow, very free.
Sunstar (H.T.)—Orange, veined vermillion.
Sunny South (H.T.)—Pink, flushed with carmine on yellow base.

- Superb** (H.T.)—Silver pink, deeper shading on back of petals.
Templar (H.T.)—Clear even shade of red.
The General (H.T.)—Color blood red flushed orange, flower large, pointed.
Warrior (H.T.)—Buds blood red, opening vivid crimson.
White Killarney (H.T.)—White sport from Killarney; good.
White Lord Tarquin (Tea)—Pure white, fine bloom.
William R. Smith (H.T.)—Creamy white, shaded with pink.
Willowmere (H.T.)—Shrimp pink, shaded yellow centre.

Climbing Types

- All 1/9 each, 18/- dozen. Packing and Postage 1/3 dozen in N.S.W.; 2/2 dozen to other States.
Australian Beauty (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson, flushed-maroon.
Bardou Job (H.T.)—Rich crimson, shaded black; semi-double.
Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H.T.)—Deep rosy pink, good form.
Climbing Columbia (H.T.)—Vigorous climbing sport of this popular variety.
Climbing Comtesse La Bathe (Tea)—Rosy flesh, free flowering.
Climbing Madame Caroline Testout (H.T.)—Deep bright fleshy rose.
Climbing Hoosier Beauty (H.T.)—Vigorous climbing sport of this dwarf variety.
Climbing K. A. Victoria (H.T.)—White, with creamy centre.
Climbing General Macarthur (H.T.)—Possesses all the good points of the parent mildew-proof red climber.
Climbing Golden Ophelia (H.T.)—Climbing sport of Golden Ophelia.
Climbing Lady Hillingdon (Tea)—Rich apricot yellow.
Climbing Laurent Carle (H.T.)—Good red climber, sweetly perfumed, mildew-proof.
Climbing Madame Edouard Herriott (H.T.)—Vigorous climber, sport of excellent variety.

OTHER POPULAR ROSES—Climbing Types (continued)

Climbing Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.)—A climbing form of this esteemed variety.

Climbing Mrs. George Sawyer (H.T.)—Climbing sport of this dwarf variety.

Climbing Mrs. Herbert Stevens (H.T.)—Snow white flower, sport from Mrs. Herbert Stevens.

Climbing Perles Des Jardins (Tea)—Straw color, centre orange yellow.

Climbing Sunstar (H.T.)—Climbing sport of the popular bedding variety.

Marechal Neil (Noisette)—Rich golden yellow.

Reine Marie Henriette (H.T.)—Glowing crimson large and full.

Striped R. M. Henriette (H.T.)—Crimson striped magenta.

Souv. De Leonie Viennot (Tea)—Pink, base of petals yellow.

Walter C. Clark (H.T.)—Deep maroon crimson, fragrant.

Wm. Allen Richardson (Noisette)—Deep orange, small but free.

STANDARD ROSES We offer a Splendid Collection of all Leading Varieties.

We will have supplies of the following varieties on standard stocks. As some varieties are short, customers will oblige if they mention their second choice in case any varieties are sold out.

Price, 4/- each; 45/- dozen. Packing and Freight Extra. Standard Roses are usually too long to be sent through the post and customers should allow sufficient to cover passenger train freight. Packing is charged at about 1/6 dozen.

These are the same varieties as the Dwarf or Bush Roses but are quite distinct in habit, being worked on straight briar stems two feet six to three feet six inches in height. As all the foliage and blooms are carried well up above the ground, small annuals and other dwarf growing plants may be planted close in to the roses, the general effect being exceedingly fine.

Alexander Hill Gray
Antoine Revoire
Ariel
Aspirant Marcel Rouyer
Betty Uprichard
Columbia
Commonwealth
Countess of Gosford
Dean Hole
Duchess of Wellington
Elegante
Ethel Somerset
E. M. Burnett
Etoile de Hollande
Frances Gaunt
Francis Scott Key
Frau Karl Druschki
General Macarthur
Georges Schwartz
Golden Emblem
Golden Ophelia
Gruss Au Teplitz
Gustav Grunewald
Gwen Nash
Hadley
Hawthorn Crimson

Hoosier Beauty
Irish Elegance
Irish Fireflame
Jonkheer J. L. Mock
J. C. M. Mensing
K. A. Victoria
K. of K.
Konigan Carola
Lady Alice Stanley
Lady Ashton
Lady Craig
Lady D. Hartland
Lady Hillingdon
Lady Pirrie
Lady Roberts
Laurente Carle
Lilian Moore
Lord Charlemont
Los Angeles
Mabel Morse
Madam Abel Chatenay
Madame Butterfly
Madame E. Herriott
Madame Jules Bouche
Madame Jules Grolez
Madame Segond Weber

Maman Cochet
Margaret D. Hamill
Midnight Sun
Molly S. Crawford
Mrs. A. R. Waddell
Mrs. Bryce Allen
Mrs. Beckwith
Mrs. C. J. Bell
Mrs. C. Lamplough
Mrs. David McKee
Mrs. Dunlop Best
Mrs. Geo. Sawyer
Mrs. Harold Brocklebank
Mrs. H. Winnett
Mrs. Herbert Stevens
Mrs. H. R. Darlington
Mrs. McKellar
Mrs. W. G. Egan
Ophelia
Old Gold
Padre
Phoebe
Pilgrim
Queenie Robinson
Radiance
Red Radiance

Red Letter Day
Rev. F. Page Roberts
Rhea Reid
Rose Marie
Roselandia
Richard E. West
Sovereign
Sunburst
Sunstar
Sunny South
Souv. de C. Pernet
" " G. Pernet
" " H. A. Verschuren
" " Madame Boulet
" " Maria de Zayas
" " R. B. Ferguson
" " De Sergent Crette
" " of Stella Gray
Sensation
Shot Silk
Templar
Una Wallace
Warrior
White Maman Cochet
W. F. Dreer
Willowmere

ROSES FOR HEDGES

What more delightful hedge could be imagined? What hedge, while fulfilling all ordinary requirements of a "live" fence, will give such a profusion of cut bloom for home decoration? The following varieties are specially suitable for the purpose. They are quick growers of sturdy habit, and very free flowering. Plant about 3ft. apart. For low hedges see also Dwarf Polyantha Roses, page 101.

Price, 18/- dozen. Postage and packing 1/3 dozen in N.S.W.; 2/2 dozen to other States.

Cecile Brunner (Poly.)—Pretty cluster, rose color, pale rose yellow centre.

General Macarthur (H.T.)—Bright scarlet.

Grussau Teplitz (H.T.)—Bright crimson,, fragrant.

K. of K. (H.T.)—Intense scarlet, semi-double.

Lady Hillingdon (Tea)—Apricot yellow, pointed buds.

Madame Abel Chatenay (H.T.)—Rosy carmine, shaded salmon.

Maman Cochet (Tea)—Flesh shaded rose.

White Maman Cochet (Tea)—White, tinged blush.

Mrs. Edward Powell (H.T.)—Velvety crimson.

Mrs. Frank Bray (H.T.)—Deep coppery yellow.

Mrs. Herbert Stevens (H.T.)—Snow white flower.

Red Letter Day (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson, semi-double.

Orleans Rose

See Dwarf Polyantha Roses, page 101.

This is one of the finest sorts for low hedges and edgings and we can supply in quantity at 16/- doz. Packing and carriage extra.

PLANT and TREE SECTION

In the following 22 pages we catalogue and describe a carefully selected list of Flowering and Ornamental Plants, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Climbing Plants and Plants for special purposes. Our nursery goods are grown by reliable men of long experience and we are careful to send goods which in our opinion will give entire satisfaction, and these with our careful packing rarely fail to reach their destination in good order. Should a customer have any cause for dissatisfaction we ask that particulars be sent at once on receipt of goods so that the matter can be promptly investigated at the nursery.

Customers are reminded that the same prompt despatch we give to seed orders is not always possible with nursery orders, as these have to be transmitted to the nursery, and the plants dug, packed and despatched. We will do our utmost to send goods quickly, but customers will greatly oblige by allowing for any extra time taken, especially so in wet weather when all nursery work is greatly hampered.

Flowering and Ornamental Plants

ASPARAGUS

(Asparagus Fern).

These are usually called Asparagus Ferns. They are of climbing habit, with beautiful feathery foliage, and look especially well if grown in pots and trained over a wire globe or frame. They may be planted out at any season, and we have the three leading varieties. Price 1/6 each (2/- post paid), 16/- dozen, packing and postage extra.

ASTERS, PERENNIAL

(Michælmās Daisies)

These form splendid summer and autumn flowering perennials, and are much admired. We can supply twelve of the leading varieties in a good assortment of color, ranging through white, pink, light and dark blue, to purplish red. Price 1/6 each (2/- post paid), 16/- per dozen, freight and packing extra.

AZALEAS

These most attractive evergreen spring flowering shrubs are very suitable for borders or groups. They do well in partially shaded situations, and should be given a plentiful supply of water during the summer months, they are the better for being mulched during the hot season.

Azaleas are also most excellent plants to grow for flowering early in the glass-house or green-house. They should be grown in fair-sized pots in peaty soil and very much dislike lime in any form. Price, from 2/- each, 22/- per doz., packing and freight extra. We have all the leading sorts. Special List on application.

AZALEA MOLLIS—In three colors, viz., Orange, Yellow, and Rosy Orange. This is quite a distinct class, the plants losing their leaves during the winter months, and in the spring bearing their flowers in great profusion. We have a nice lot of plants, 5/- each.

BOUVARDIAS

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

Plants are available from December to March.

No plants do better in the warmer parts of Australia than Bouvardias. They require a little protection from hot winds, and in the cooler districts they should be lifted and kept under shelter in pots during the winter, or they may be cut down and protected with hay or straw. They like a light, well-drained, heavily-manured soil, and do well planted between roses. Many varieties are beautifully scented, and they are unrivalled for bouquets and table decorations. Price, 1/- each (or 1/6 post paid), 11/- per dozen, packing and postage extra except where otherwise stated.

LIST OF VARIETIES—(See next column)

BOUVARDIAS—(Continued)

Alfred Neuner—Double white, very hardy, free flowering.

Beauty of Brisbane—A pure white, free flowering.

Bockii—Bright pink, with white throat, very good.

Coral Queen—Scarlet with white throat.

Duchess of York—Plush pink, changing to heliotrope.

Enid Oliver—A pale pink shade.

Ethel Kerslake—Large pure white, 1/6.

Federal Queen—Bright scarlet, single, excellent.

Hogarthii, Fl. Pl.—Light scarlet flowers, double.

Humboldtii Corymbiflora—Snow white, highly scented.

King of Scarlets—Deep scarlet, free flowering, 1/6.

Mabel Porter—Dark scarlet, very large flowers.

Miss Eileen Beeston—Large flowers of pale pink, sweetly scented, free flowering, 1/6.

Miss Ida Cheeseman—Pale pink, tube and reverse deeper shade, sweetly scented, free flowering, 1/6.

Mrs. G. H. Kerslake—Ivory white, large, fragrant, 1/6.

Mrs. H. Gazzard—Very free blooming, bearing immense trusses of soft rosy carmine flowers. 1/6.

Mrs. McCulloch—Very beautiful producing immense trusses of flowers of a red-salmon color, 1/6.

President Cleveland—Intense dark scarlet, single.

President Garfield—Double pink.

Priory Beauty—Pale satin rose, single.

We can also supply a number of other varieties.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

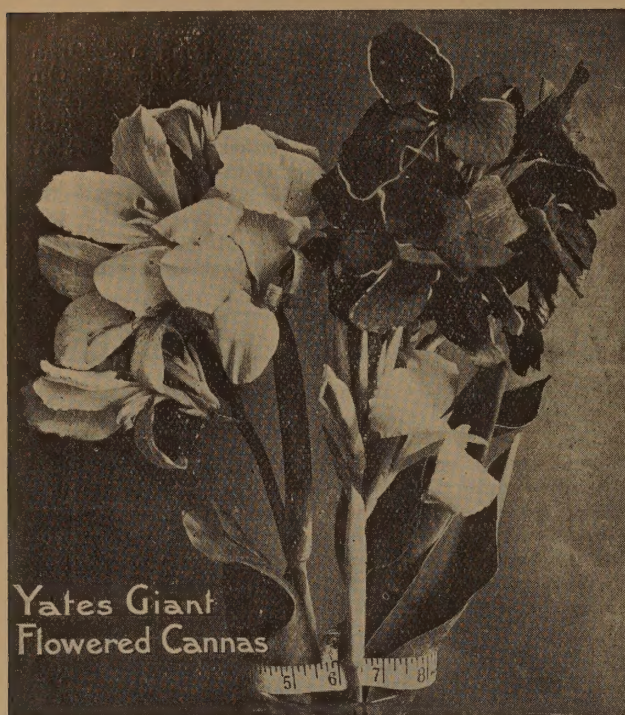
Full particulars, lists and prices are included in "Yates' Spring Suggestions," published in September.

We offer all the latest and best varieties and several very excellent Collection Offers of Special Value.



Bouvardias are beautiful for house decoration.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (continued)



CANNAS, New Giant Flowering

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

These superb summer-flowering bulbs do exceedingly well in our warm dry climate, their stately foliage and gorgeous colored blooms giving a very rich effect to the garden, especially when grown in large clumps. We can supply the roots at any time during the autumn, winter and early spring, and have a particularly fine collection of the best and latest varieties as listed below. Price, 1/- each, 11/- doz., postage and packing extra.

- August Chantan—Orange crimson.
- Alice Guilfoyle—Deep crimson, bronze leaves.
- America—Glowing reddish purple, with bronze leaves.
- Black Prince—Crimson.
- Comte de Bouchard—Rich yellow, spotted with red.
- Cheerfulness—Dark orange, base and edge of petals yellow.
- Dazzler—Orange scarlet.
- Dr. Gelben—Canary yellow, faintly spotted pink.
- Eureka—Pale yellow, opening out cream.
- Frau Gartenbandie—Rich yellow, crimson centre.
- Frederick Benary—Orange bordered yellow.
- Florence Vaughan Improved—Deep yellow, heavily spotted red.
- Frau Therese Muller—Orange, with light bronze leaves.
- Flag of Truce—Cream.
- Hiawatha—Old rose, faintly splashed darker, bronze leaves.
- Hungaria—Rich salmon pink, pretty green foliage.
- Henry Corben—Cherry color.
- Hiawatha Improved—Old rose.
- Iberia—Yellow, large orange blotch.
- Jack Prescott—Deep crimson, slight yellow spot.
- Karl Hausmann—Tango and yellow.
- King Humbert—Orange scarlet, dark bronze leaves.
- Max Muller—Lemon yellow, spotted faint pink.
- Majestic—Pale yellow, faintly spotted red.
- Pandora—Fiery red, rich bronze leaves.
- Parthenope—Deep orange, flushed red, large flowers.
- Perfect Margeton—Orange salmon.
- Romagna—Orange red, dark bronze leaves.
- Stadgartner Leusinger—Scarlet, with yellow blotch.
- Solfaterre—Tango.
- Sulphurea—Yellow.
- Von Schiller—Reddish orange, splashed yellow.
- Wyoming—Rich reddish orange, bronze leaves.

BEGONIAS

Perpetual Flowering Tree

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

These are very handsome, and succeed admirably either in the bush-house or a sheltered position outside, but not in a sunny situation. They will grow to six feet high, if supported, or can be kept to two or three feet, if required. They are seldom out of flower, and even through the winter produce enormous trusses of bloom of the most delicate shade of rose, blush, scarlet, and cerise, and the foliage is very ornamental. We offer the following splendid varieties. Price, 1/6 each (post paid 2/-), 16/- dozen.

- Beatrice Roseby—Bright pink, good bloomer.
- Corallina—Rosy cerise, light green foliage.
- Corallina Carnea—Pale rose, very floriferous.
- Lucerna—The best of all. Very large trusses of delicately tinted blooms, very free flowering, vigorous.
- Mabel Roseby—Beautiful creamy white, large trusses, and very pretty foliage.
- President Carnot—After the style of Lucerna.
- Smithii—Large cerise flowers, handsome foliage, spotted white.

CAMELLIAS

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

These favorite plants admirably adapt themselves to our climate. The best soil is a strong, deep, well-drained loam, with liberal manuring once a year. In favorable soil the tree will grow to a height of from twelve to twenty feet. With proper attention, fine specimens can be grown in large pots or ornamental tubs for decorative purposes. They will bloom from May to September. We offer the best varieties; list on application. 3/- each, packing and freight extra.

CHORIZEMA

This is a dainty, dwarf, free-flowering shrub and is a native of West Australia. It grows about 2 feet high and produces pretty, orange and red pea-shaped flowers which are borne on long strong stems.

- Cordata—The most used variety, 2/- each.
- Illicifolia—Similar to Cordata, but spikes are a little longer, 2/- each.

ERICAS (The Heath)

These beautiful flowering plants are to be highly recommended, and thrive best in peaty soil. Manure should not be put near the roots. We can offer a number of the leading dwarf varieties; list on application. 2/6 each, 28/- dozen; packing and freight extra.

A Selected List of NEW CARNATIONS

NOVELTIES FOR 1928

Goldfinch (P)—Rich, yellow ground, lightly marked with bright red. Healthy growth and good calyx. Price, 2/6.

Erina (P)—White ground, heavily edged and occasionally marked rosy mauve. Very healthy grower. Nicely shaped flowers, carried on strong stems. Price, 2/6.

THE BEST OF THE RECENTLY INTRODUCED VARIETIES

The following are the pick of recent introductions. Many beautiful shades are represented and all possess great merit

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

Australia (A)—A sport from Denet. The ground color is pink, splashed and striped with a deeper pink. Price, 1/6 each.

Beauty (P)—Yellow ground lightly striped maroon, large. Price, 1/6.

Beryl Mills (P)—Pleasing shade of deep cerise pink. The flowers are smooth edged and beautifully formed and carried on stiff stems, very free flowering. Price, 2/6.

Betty (A)—Canary yellow ground with occasional splashes of pink. The flowers are fringed edged and carried on long stems, constant flowerer, will be valuable as a decorative carnation. Price, 2/- ea.

B. Jolly (P)—Ground color is pale yellow with numerous markings on the outer petals of light mauve and purple. Medium sized flowers with non-bursting calyx. Price, 1/6 each.

Carlton Beauty (P)—A sport from "Beauty," color deep yellow, ground laced and splashed crimson. Price, 1/6 each.

Carmania (P)—Buff ground, edged, dotted and marked with carmine. Compact grower, very free bloomer. Price, 2/6 each.

Doris (P)—Color, white ground, edged, marked and dotted maroon. The flowers are excellent show form, have good stems and calyx. Price, 1/6 each.

Geisha (A)—Heliotrope with pink centre, changing to clear light heliotrope or mauve, sweetly scented. Price, 1/6 each.

Isabella (P)—Pure white ground, heavily marked and edged with deep maroon. Free flowering habit and strong growth. Price, 2/6 each.

Jeanie (A)—The color is beautiful shell pink, nicely formed flowers, fringed edge and sweetly scented. Dwarf and free flowering. Price, 1/6 each.

John Storey (A)—A new scarlet decorative. A very vigorous grower, flower borne on extra long stiff stems. Price, 1/6 each.

Kerslakes Yellow (P)—Clear yellow, fine size and form. Price, 1/6 each.

Lorraine (P)—White ground edged and marked rose pink, medium sized flowers, strong calyx. Growth vigorous and free flowering. Price, 2/6 each.

Marie (P)—Without a doubt one of the finest for the show tray. Perfectly plain edge, white ground, beautifully but heavily marked scarlet, very large blooms. Price, 1/6 each.

Marjorie (P)—White ground, edged and marked deep crimson, strong growth, free flowerer, 1/6 ea.

Miss L. McGrath (P)—A pretty shade of crushed strawberry. The flowers which are of good size are well formed, with smooth edged petals, of great substance. Price, 2/6 each.

Morning Glow (A)—Color, light rose pink, fading to pale pink towards the edges. Nicely formed fringed edged flowers, good stem and calyx. Price, 1/6 ea.

Mrs. P. L. Stevenson (P)—Pure white ground, with a few markings of scarlet on each petal, a vigorous grower and free flowerer. Flowers of perfect show form. Very much admired. Price, 1/6 each.

Mrs. Reid (P)—Pure white ground, beautifully edged and marked, and dotted with bright scarlet. The flowers are large and symmetrically formed. An exceptionally good show flower. Price, 2/6 each.

Nirvana (A)—Yellow ground with rich markings of scarlet, always in bloom, strong growth, and every flower is perfectly formed. Price, 1/6 each.

Owen Carroll (A)—This Carnation has won many prizes. The flower is a beautiful salmon shade which is excellent for decorative work. The stems, calyx, and growth are all that can be desired. The flowers are large and well formed. Price, 1/6 each.

Princess (A)—A beautiful shade of rose pink, extra large flowers carried on long stiff stems, very vigorous grower and free bloomer. Price, 1/6 each.

Saffron (A)—A clear yellow sport from the well-known "Sunstar," having the same large, well formed fringed edge flowers, and free flowering habit. This is the best yellow Carnation in commerce. Price, 2/6 each.

Salamander (A)—A lovely Carnation of decorative type, good size with stiff stems, growth strong and calyx perfect. Color, beautiful shade of salmon pink. Price, 1/6 each.

Sunray (A)—Buff ground heavily striped red, nicely formed flowers, deeply fringed, with non-bursting calyx. Flowers right through the year. Price, 2/- each.

Sunstar (A)—(Imp.). Almost a yellow self, having only a few pink splashes. The flowers average three inches across, greatly admired by all who have seen it. Price, 1/6 each.

Tarzan (P)—Ground color is deep red, edged marked and dotted crimson. Large well formed flowers with smooth edged petals, calyx non-bursting. The growth and habit is vigorous. Price, 1/6 each.

The Prince (P)—A pearly white ground Carnation, very distinctly marked crimson on each petal, blooms large and good show form, growth strong and bushy. Price, 1/6 each.

Titan (P)—The ground color is deep mauve, striped and splashed bright pink, the growth is dwarf and compact, constant bloomer. Price, 1/6 each.

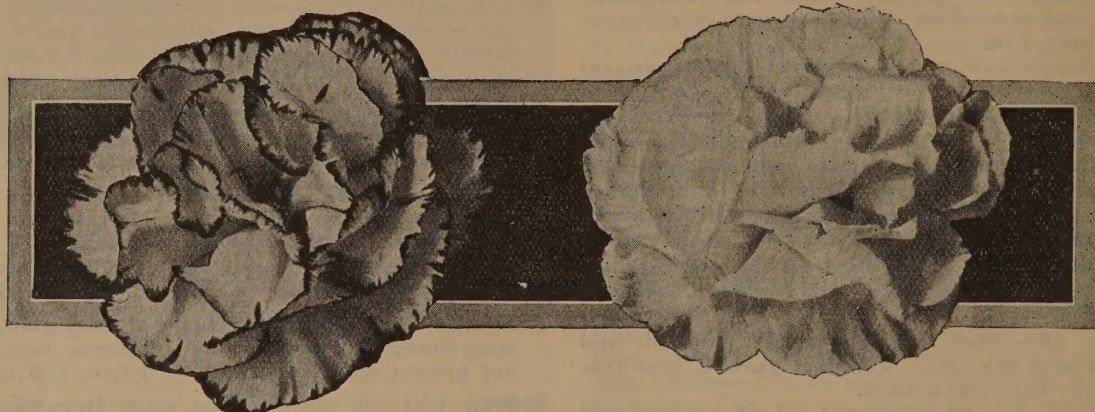
General List of CARNATIONS

EASILY GROWN, FREE-FLOWERING VARIETIES WITH STRONG CONSTITUTIONS.

Price, 1/- each, 11/- per dozen.

Postage and Packing extra.

- (A)—American Type (Fringed Edge). (P)—Australian or English Perpetual Type. Plain Edged.
- Apsley (A)**—A sport from "Denet," with its excellent qualities. Flesh pink, with salmon centre, and quite unique.
- Adeline Carter (P)**—Deep reddish violet with purple markings. Excellent.
- Admiral Beatty (P)**—White ground, heavily marked purple.
- Adria (P)**—Yellow ground, well splashed with scarlet.
- Avignon (P)**—Buff ground dotted and marked bright red. One of the best fancies.
- Beatrice Jean (A)**—Rich crimson, healthy vigorous grower.
- Belgium (P)**—Scarlet. Winner of many champion prizes.
- Camille (A)**—Salmon scarlet, sport from Torchlight.
- Chancellor (P)**—Cream, laced with pale rose.
- Comet (A)**—Deep scarlet, blooms the whole year.
- Maisie (P)**—Color pure white ground, edged and marked deep crimson, good for either garden or show.
- Mauve King (A)**—Lavender, heliotrope shade.
- Mona (A)**—Cerise.
- Mother's Day (P)**—Probably the finest pure white.
- Mrs. J. Wren (A)**—White ground, striped pink.
- Nabob (P)**—Pearly white ground, picoteed purplish maroon.
- Pink Sequence (A)**—Possessing the same striking qualities as "Sequence," wiry stems and always in flower.
- Planet (A)**—Beautiful rose pink, large and non-burster, continuous bloomer.
- Rose Bay (A)**—One of the best deep crimson decorative type. Sweetly fragrant.
- Rose Pink Enchantress (A)**—A sport from "Enchantress."



- Denet (A)**—Pale flesh pink, large with long stems.
- Enchantress (A)**—Soft pink. Blooms very large.
- Enchantress Supreme (A)**—Pale salmon pink, strong calyx.
- Fair Maid (A)**—Delicate flesh pink, continuous bloomer.
- Glory (P)**—Deep scarlet, particularly fine.
- Granada (P)**—Color pure white, with heavy edge, and markings of bright purple. Vigorous grower.
- Ideal (P)**—A pleasing color between purple and crimson.
- Irma (P)**—Bright yellow marked crimson.
- Maritza (P)**—Probably the finest purple yet introduced.
- Marden (P)**—White fancy, with heliotrope to purple edgings and markings.
- Sultan (A)**—Rich deep crimson, absolutely non-bursting.
- Sequence (A)**—One of the best scarlets.
- Sweet Lavender (P)**—Art lavender shade large blooms.
- Splashes (A)**—Ground color pale pink, splashed and marked with light red, a very pleasing combination.
- Strawberry Gem (A)**—Beautiful shade of crushed strawberry; good garden variety.
- Terence Robinson (P)**—Color white striped and splashed with maroon, well formed flowers with non-bursting calyx, bushy growth, long wiry stems.
- Verdun (P)**—White ground, dark maroon markings.
- White Enchantress (A)**—A sport from the well-known variety.
- Winifred (A)**—Cream marked with vermilion.

PERPETUAL FLOWERING PINKS (Alwoodii)

A wonderfully hardy race of Flowering Plants, which to know is to want to grow for their marvellous freedom of bloom, their fascinating clove scent, their hardiness, and adaptability for almost all classes of gardening. For massing and cut flower work we know of few plants likely to give more satisfaction. They are of the easiest cultivation, and flower throughout the summer and autumn.

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFER—See Page 124.

Price 1/- each; 10/- doz.; 60/- per 100. Postage and Packing Extra.

DOUBLE and SEMI-DOUBLE VARIETIES.

- Dorothy**—Deep rose pink, dark rich centre.
- Harold**—Large double white, symmetrical.
- Jean**—Pure white, violet centre, distinct.
- SINGLE VARIETIES.** **Albert**—Pale delicate mauve.
- Mary**—Pale rose pink, light maroon centre.
- Rufus**—Red maroon, fragrant, erect habit.
- Susan**—Pale lilac, with large black eye, distinct.
- Robert**—Old rose, with light maroon centre.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (continued)

FUCHSIAS

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

These old favorites are particularly well suited for the bush-house or shady position in the open borders. If kept well watered, and with occasional application of liquid manure, they will last in bloom for several months, after which they should be well cut back. They can be grown without much trouble and make splendid decorative plants. Any good garden soil will grow them.

We recommend the following good varieties. 1/6 each, 16/- dozen, freight and packing extra.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Avalanche—Tube and sepals crimson, corolla purple.

Diamant—Tube and sepals crimson, corolla white veined crimson.

Jubilee—Sepals crimson, corolla rosy mauve.

Lima—Double corolla, dark purple bordered violet, sepals crimson.

Monument—Corolla deep purple, outer petals striped carmine, tube and sepals crimson.

Phenomenal—Sepals crimson, corolla azure violet flaked red.

Storm King—Sepals crimson, corolla rosy pink.

Victor Hugo—Sepals crimson, corolla violet purple marbled red, very double.

White Giant—Large double white.

SINGLE VARIETIES

Beauty of Exeter—Bright rosy pink.

Julius—Rosy Lavender.

Rose of Castile—Violet.

Rose of Denmark—Delicate pale pink.

HYBRID WINTER FLOWERING TYPE.

These vary from the ordinary Fuchsias, the flowers being narrow tubes up to three inches in length, and freely produced in bunches of ten or twelve. They are very useful for winter blooming, and the foliage of many sorts is extremely showy.

We have the following good varieties:

Boliviana—Dark crimson.

Corolle—Coral red, always in bloom.

Gartenmeister Bonsted—Salmon red bronze foliage.

The most showy.

Sunray—Variegated foliage.



FERNS

A good collection of ferns should be grown by all who have a bush-house or a sheltered corner, with side and slight overhead protection. The hardier varieties do well under this treatment, and include some of the prettiest plants grown. To those who have a glass-house and can give the plants the necessary little extra heat, we would specially recommend the choice variety of ferns, especially the new *Nephrolepis*, *Adiantums* (Maiden Hair) and *Pteris*, *Davallia* Ferns, etc.

We can supply a limited assortment from 1/6 up, including the following.

Platynerium Alicorne (Elk Horn)—From 2/6.

Platynerium Grande (Stag Horn)—From 2/6.

Tree Fern Trunks, butts, from 3/6 to 15/- according to size.

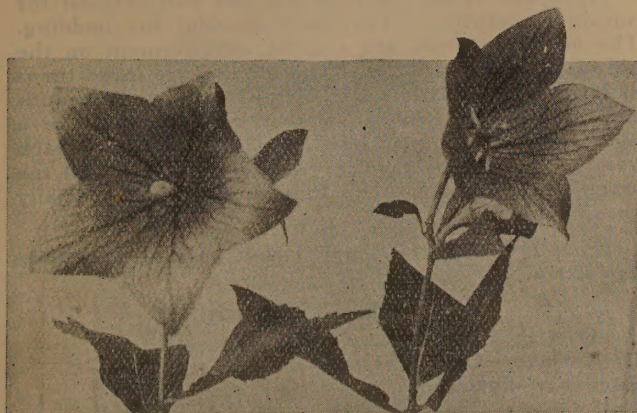
Fern Baskets, very choice, from 5/- to 21/- each.

GERBERAS

These magnificent perennials require a light soil, and it is absolutely necessary for the drainage to be perfect, for they cannot be grown satisfactorily in badly drained situations. They do best in warm sunny positions, and in cold climates the plants should be protected during the winter months. We have a nice lot of plants and can supply pure white, various shades of pink, red, yellow, magenta, and cerise. Price 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen; packing and carriage extra.

PLATYCODON

A dwarf Perennial Campanula-like plant, with blue bell-shaped flowers growing about one foot high; ready about September-October. Price, 1/6 each.



The dainty blue flowers of Platycodon.

Freight and Packing is Charged Extra on all Flowering and Ornamental Plants.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (continued)

PALMS

Special Collection Offer—See page 124.

No plants are more graceful or better adapted for house or table decoration, the Kentias and Cocos being particularly suitable, whilst many other varieties—such as Brahea, Washingtonia, Chamaerops, and Phoenix—are excellent for out-door cultivation in all except the coolest parts, and should be, if possible, planted during the spring and summer, they will then make good growth before the winter.

When the selection is left to ourselves, we will always send good shaped, graceful plants, and hardy varieties.

When used for house decoration, Palms should not be kept continuously indoors for too long. By placing outside occasionally, especially in the evening and during showers, they will be much benefited. The regular watering should be made a special care. If the leaves are sponged with soapy water every fortnight, it will keep them free from scale and dust; care should be taken, however, to syringe or wash them with fresh water afterwards. We can supply the best varieties, including the following.

BRAHEA—See Washingtonia.

CHAMEROPS—Very hardy palms specially suited for the cooler parts where they grow into magnificent specimens. Will stand several degrees of frost.

Excelsa (Fan Palm)—Grows 20 feet high. From 2/6 each.

Humilis—Hardy graceful dwarf growing variety, from 2/6 each.

CORYPHA australis (Cabbage Tree Palm)—This is the well-known New South Wales Cabbage Tree Palm. It is very susceptible to frost in its younger stages, suitable for climates such as Brisbane and Sydney. From 2/6 each.

COCOS—A useful handsome species of Palm.

Weddeliana—Considered to be the most graceful palm of all for table and indoor decoration. From 3/6 each.

Yatay (Wine Palm)—A very beautiful variety, hardy in all climates. Is dwarf growing and has lovely silvery green leaves. Strongly recommended for small gardens. From 2/6 each.

CYCAS revoluta (Japanese Sago Palm)—Dwarf growing and distinct, plants somewhat similar to the native Burrawang, grows about 8 feet high. From 5/- each.

KENTIA—This species is one of the most useful for indoor and table decoration, and the following varieties are those most used for this purpose. **Forsteriana** is the general favorite. Plants from 2/6 each.

Belmoreana, Canterburyana, Forsteriana.

PHENIX—Most varieties of this species are very useful for street planting and parks.

Canariensis (Canary Island Date Palm)—So extensively used in our streets and parks, hardy in all climates, grows about 15 feet high. From 2/6 ea.

Dactylifera (The True Date Palm)—Grows about 20 feet high. From 2/6 each.

Reclinata—A variety which has a curved trunk, grows about 12 feet high. From 2/6 each.

Reebilini—An extremely useful dwarf variety suitable for positions where there is only limited space. From 5/- to 10/6 each.



Phoenix Canariensis—Canary Island Date Palm.

SEAFORTHIA elegans (New South Wales Bangalow Palm)—Suitable for outdoor culture in climates such as Brisbane and Sydney, grows up to 100 feet in height. From 2/6 each.

WASHINGTONIA robusta (Brahœa robusta) (Cotton or Railway Palm)—A commonly used variety particularly on railway stations from which it derives its name. The large fan-shaped leaves bear curious white shreds from which it derives its other name, Cotton Palm. It is hardy and a quick grower. From 2/6 each.

Advanced Plants

We can also supply the following Palms in large specimens, grown in tins, and of exceptional value:—

Chamaerops Excelsa

Phoenix Canariensis

Cocos Yatay

At from 15/- to 25/- each.

PELARGONIUMS, (Geraniums)

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

ZONALE, SINGLE AND DOUBLE TYPE

These are by far the most popular and hardiest for out-door culture. They are splendid for bedding. The newer varieties are a great improvement on the old-fashioned geraniums. The blooms are three times as large and the colors wonderfully bright and beautiful. They will thrive in almost any soil, but like a light sunny situation. They should be cut back each year in January or February. We can supply all the standard varieties. The following can be specially recommended.

Price 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen; packing and postage extra.

SINGLE VARIETIES:

Arabic—Bright scarlet, white eye.

Chatsworth—Orange scarlet.

Eucharis—Splendid white.

Hall Caine—Cherry red.

Harry Jones—Vivid scarlet, very large.

Mary Beaton—White.

O. W. Holmes—Orange scarlet.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (continued)

PELARGONIUMS, Single Varieties—(continued)

Phonograph—Pale pink.
 Red Robe—Dark scarlet, splendid.
 Rose Queen—Rose pink, light centre.
 Universal—Dark purplish crimson.
 Vol. Lactee—Flesh pink nearly white.
 Winston Churchill—Cerise, white eye.

DOUBLE VARIETIES:

Gintaire—Rich salmon.
 Gustave Emich—Clear scarlet.
 Jean Viand—Soft rose pink.
 Mad. Tournier Suffrage—White pink edge.
 Miss G. Ashworth—White.
 Pink Perfection—Good pink, white centre.

IVY LEAVED OR CLIMBING TYPE

Specially suited for climbing and training over banks, trellises, etc. The blooms are of all shades and very showy. Price, 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen; packing and postage extra.

Beauty of Perth—Heliotrope splashed crimson.
 Eticellant—Scarlet.
 James Alford—Soft pink.
 Mad. Crouse—Pink splashed crimson.
 Roycroft Surprise—Dark pink.
 Souv. De Chas. Turner—Deep pink, feathered maroon upper petal.
 The King—Dark Cerise.

REGAL (Frill Petalled) or Decorative Type

These are suitable either for pot culture, or growing in the garden, and are particularly effective. We have a very fine collection, and many varieties are exceedingly showy. When grown in the open they do best in poor soil. Price, 2/6 each, 28/- dozen, packing and carriage extra.

Cyril Maude—Red feathered crimson.
 Captivation—White upper petals feathered crimson.
 Gloire De Tours—Bright vermilion, light centre.
 Kooyong—A very dark maroon.
 Nurse Cavell—A large rose pink, shaded crimson.
 Pink Beauty—Pink shaded crimson.



Pentstemons are constantly in bloom.

PENTSTEMONS Gloxinia-Flowered

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

These gorgeous flowering plants do particularly well in Australian gardens. They are most easily grown, standing heat and drought better than almost any other border plants. They are constantly in bloom, and if they are attended to in the way of cutting away old blooms, given regular watering and manuring, they respond wonderfully. The varieties we offer are a wonderful improvement on the old type. The flowers are equally good for border decoration or for cutting. We can supply good plants from January to August.

BEAUTIFUL NEW VARIETIES

Price 2/- each; packing and postage extra.

SPECIAL OFFER—The set of four for 8/-, post free.
Mermaid—Tube pale mauve, lip darker, throat white heavily blotched and pencilled purple.
Crimson King—Large bold flower, purplish crimson, white throat, heavily blotched and striped crimson.
Sunset—Tube and lip bright red, throat white, pencilled and blotched crimson.
Purple Queen—Tube light purple, lip darker, throat white striped maroon.

GENERAL LIST

Price, 1/- each; 11/- dozen; packing and postage extra.

Chelsea—Tube and lip crimson lake, throat white, heavily blotched maroon.
G. A. Biddolph—Tube soft rose, throat pure white, lip rosy heliotrope.
Gigantea—Rosy lake, throat white blotched at orifice with deep rose.
J. L. Walker—Throat white, segments deep heliotrope.
Levandale—Tube and segments purple, throat white splashed chocolate.
Lloyd George—Tube and lip dark red, throat white pencilled and blotched maroon.
Mark Faulks—Tube crimson, lip vivid scarlet, throat white pencilled and splashed maroon.
Merida—Tube and lip purplish crimson, throat white pencilled and blotched chocolate.
Miss D. Spry—Tube light red, lip scarlet, throat white pencilled and splashed scarlet.
Miss E. Farrell—Tube carmine rose, lip rosy salmon blotched maroon, throat pencilled maroon.
Miss Vera Baker—Tube pinkish heliotrope, lip carmine rose, throat white, lip faintly spotted maroon.
Mons—Tube soft heliotrope, lip clear lavender.
Mrs. A. Yates—A delicate heliotrope, white throat.
Mrs. Gazzard—Purple tube, lip violet, throat white.
Mr. G. H. Kerslake—Tube white, lip clear rosy lilac, throat white, faintly pencilled.
President Wilson—Tube light heliotrope, lip bright rose pink, throat white heavily blotched crimson.
Purity—Creamy white with deep pink lip.
Rita—Tube bright magenta, lip rose pink, blotched maroon, throat white, slightly pencilled maroon.
Ronda—Tube pinkish heliotrope, lip magenta, throat white, heavily pencilled and blotched maroon.
Sir D. Haig—Tube bright red, lip scarlet, blotched maroon.
Vivid—Deep scarlet, throat white, pencilled and blotched crimson.

PETUNIAS

DOUBLE AND SINGLE VARIETIES.

Splendid flowering plants, very hardy, and succeeding well in all moderately warm and hot climates, making a most glorious show of color, and will remain in flower for a long season.

Price, 1/6 each; 16/- doz.; postage and packing extra.

PERENNIAL MARGUERITES

Species of the *Chrysanthemum* Family.

Price, 1/- each, postage and packing extra.

Single White (two varieties).

Mrs. F. Sanders (White—double and semi-double, shrubby growth).

Double White.

Single Yellow (shrubby growth).

Pink (single, shrubby growth).

PHYSOSTEGIA (Mock Erica)

Very beautiful plants which produce long spikes covered with dainty tubular flowers. They grow about 3 feet high and are excellent for cutting and various ornamental purposes. We offer two colors, white and rosy lilac.

Price, 2/- each; packing and postage extra.

PERENNIAL PHLOX

Special Collection Offer—See Page 124.

The immense flowers and huge trusses produced by these latest varieties should command a place in the gardens of all growers of high-class hardy perennials. They can be supplied in autumn or spring. Price, 1/- each (post paid, 1/6), 11/- per dozen, postage or freight extra.

Asia—Rosy lilac, shaded carmine, white eye, large trusses.

Archibald Forbes—Salmon rose, crimson eye.

Beranger—Soft rose shaded to salmon pink, heliotrope eye, large pips and trusses.

Captain Wilkins—Large trusses of ruby flowers, blood red centre.

D. R. Laird—Purplish rose.

E. Campbell—Salmon pink, white eye surrounded with carmine.

Eclairer—White delicate pink eye.

E. Dangarvilliers—Lilac blue, white centre.

Excelsior—Bright rose, very large trusses.

Ferdinand Cortez—Coppery bronze.

Flora Horning—White, bright carmine eye.

G. Andrean—Deep rosy carmine.

Gallipoli—Light lavender, centre of each petal distinctly striped with white, fine large flower.

Levondale—Blush white, very large and distinct eye of deep carmine.

Lumineaux—China rose, tinted carmine, rosy blush centre.

Mad. Carvelho—Light salmon pink, white eye large pips.

Marie—Beautiful salmon pink, borne on large trusses.

Rynstroom—A strong grower of medium height, rose pink.

White Pearl—Pure white.

SHASTA DAISIES

Very popular plants for summer flowering. They are excellent for cut flowers and ornamental purposes.

Excelsior—Tall growing with very large flowers 3 to 4 inches across. 1/- each.

Chiffon—A distinct type with feathery petals, while the foliage is dwarf growing. Excellent for cutting. 1/- each (see illustration above).



A New Type of Shasta Daisy.

VERBENAS

Verbenas make beautiful and showy border plants and with the beautiful selection of color offered below, much can be done in the way of color harmonies. They are also excellent for cutting.

Price, 1/- each, 11/- dozen, postage and packing extra.

Donald—Pale pinkish heliotrope with white eye.

Foxhunter—Scarlet with white eye.

Mont Blanc—Pure white.

Prince Arthur—Deep blue.

Purple King—Very dark purple.

Rose Perfection—Rose pink.

VIOLETS

Postage 6d. dozen extra.

Admiral Avellan—Single, purple 4d. each; 3/- doz.

Ascanius—Single rich purple .. 6d. „ 5/- „

California—Single, deep blue .. 4d. „ 3/- „

Count Brazza—Double white .. 6d. „ 5/- „

King of the Doubles—Double blue 6d. „ 5/- „

Mrs. D. Lloyd George—Giant deep violet blue flowers, sweetly scented. Flowers early and profusely .. 6d. „ 5/- „

Princess of Wales—Single, blue 4d. „ 3/- „

Cupressus, Pines and other Conifers

Very suitable for planting in private gardens, parks, or cottage gardens. They are of very easy culture, preferring a deep rich, and rather heavy soil, which is better for being trenched eighteen to twenty inches. The Pines, Cupressus, &c., form good breakwinds (Insignis and Torulosus being especially planted for this purpose).

SPECIAL QUOTATIONS PER 100.

Abies Beautiful trees of symmetrical growth. They look especially well when making new growth in the Spring, are quite hardy and grow from 60 to 100 feet.

Alba (White Spruce) each, 2/6

Excelsa (Norway Spruce) each, 2/6

Araucarias These make splendid ornamental trees, and are unrivalled for symmetry of growth and cleanliness. They stand heat well and require very little attention. **Bidwilli** (Bunya-Bunya) forms a handsome tree of regular and symmetrical habit, with shiny, deep green leaves, and very prickly. **Excelsa** does very well on the coast, is a quick grower and very hardy. **Imbricata** (Monkey Puzzle) makes splendid specimens for lawns in cool moist climates.

Bidwilli (Bunya-Bunya)—100 feet . . . each, 2/-

Cunninghami (Hoop Pine)—100 feet . . each, 2/6

Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine)—100 feet . . each 2/-

Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle)—40 to 60 feet, each, 5/-

Cedrus (Cedars) Form beautiful trees of graceful habit, succeeding well in all parts of the country. Excellent for general planting. Very hardy and of fairly rapid growth. **Deodara** is specially well adapted for lawns and drives.

Atlantica (Silver Cedar)—80 feet . . . each, 2/6

Deodara (Indian Cedar)—50 feet . . . each, 2/6

Cryptomeria Splendid ornamental trees, with very handsome foliage. . .

Elegans, 60 feet each, 2/-

Japonica, 100 feet each, 2/-

Cupressus (Cypress) These are the most largely grown of all the Conifers and include a large number and variety of beautiful quick-growing trees. **Lambertiana**, one of the best of these, is quick-growing, well-branched and very hardy.

Arizona (Arizona Cypress)—Slender, upright habit with grey green foliage; 20ft. 2/6 each; 28/- doz.

Funebris (Federal Cypress)—30 feet . . each, 2/-

Knightii—80 feet, hardy each, 2/-

Lawsoniana—Distinct, very fast grower, 30 feet, 2/-

Lambertiana Aurea (The Golden Cypress)—Very beautiful and strongly recommended, 30 feet 5/-

Lambertiana Horizontalis—50 feet . . . each, 4/-

Macrocarpa—40 feet each, 2/-

Macrocarpa Aurea (Brunniana Aurea)—20 feet.

Golden. Very quick growing and of upright habit each, 5/-

Sempervirens—50 feet each, 2/-

Torulosus—Very quick growing, suitable for hedges and shelter belts, from cuttings; makes a magnificent hedge and a grand ornamental or shelter tree; 20 feet each, 3/6

Fokienia Hodginsi 40 ft.; quite distinct; upper surface of leaf is green, the lower being marked with clear white band.

Nice, well established young plants . . each, 3/6

Juniperus (Juniper). Hardy upright Conifers, which will thrive in any climate; quite distinct in form and foliage from Cupressus or Pines.

Africanus, **Bermudiana**, **Chinensis**, **Hibernica**, **Virginiana** each, 2/6

Pinus (Pines). This family includes some of the finest trees in cultivation; they are hardy, quick-growing, and make beautiful specimens.

Insignis (Remarkable Pine)—100 feet . . each, 1/6

Canariensis (Canary Pine)—40 feet . . . each, 2/-

Halepensis (Aleppo Pine)—Does particularly well near the coast, 80 to 100 feet each, 2/-

Longifolia—60 feet, suitable any climate, each, 2/-

Maritima (Cluster Pine)—50 feet . . . each, 2/-

Pinea (Stone Pine)—Does best in sandy soil near the sea, 40 feet each, 2/-

Sylvestris (Scotch Fir)—80 feet each, 2/-

Podocarpus Form beautiful shade trees.

Two varieties—30 feet each, 2/6

Retinospora Tree shrubs, resembling the Cypress family. Three varieties . . each, 2/6

Salisburia Adiantifolia (Maiden Hair Tree)

A beautiful tree, which assumes glorious tints in the Autumn Deciduous. 40 feet each, 2/6

Taxodium Distichum

30 feet each, 2/6

Taxus (Yew). Very handsome, hardy, compact, with good foliage.

20 feet each, 3/-

Thuja Compact growth, hardy anywhere except in the coldest districts.

Three varieties—30 to 40 feet each, 2/-

Thujopsis Hardy evergreen Conifer, resembling the Thuja each, 2/6

Dolobrata

Variegated, 30 feet each, 2/6

PACKING—A minimum charge of 6d. will be made for small orders. When packed in cases a minimum of 2s. is chargeable.

CUPRESSUS TORULOSUS FOR SHELTER BELTS

(From Cuttings Specially Grown for this Purpose)

STOCK-OWNERS have long realised the need for good close-growing wind-breaks. **Cupressus Torulosus** we believe to be the best thing yet found for this purpose. It only grows some twenty feet high, but the foliage is close and thick from the ground level. Planted eight feet between each plant, they will, in a few years form a wind shelter equal to a high well-built paling fence. Every practical man knows what that means for stock; and the improvement is permanent.

This plant is exceptionally hardy, standing in almost any climate and transplanting well. It is also very ornamental. The growth is symmetrical; the color is light green in the younger growths changing later to bluish tints.

Like all Conifers, **Cupressus** is a little slow in growth during the first year or two, but the trees we offer are already well established. We can supply extra fine strong plants—Well packed.

Price—3/6 each. 40/- dozen.

Ornamental Trees and Shrubs

Every garden can be beautified with a few well-chosen flowering and ornamental shrubs. They add perspective and form a natural setting for the brilliantly coloured flower beds.

The heights given of Trees and Shrubs are necessarily only an indication of average growths under ordinary conditions. The quality of the soil, rainfall, and the care and attention or otherwise given the plants all very materially affect their well-being and vigorous growth.

NOTE:—It is always advisable to give any newly planted trees of shrubs some protection from wind and sun. This is easily afforded by means of a little scrim or light bagging round each plant. Even a few leafy branches are useful. Keep moist, but do not over-water.

E signifies Evergreen; D signifies Deciduous;

* Denotes varieties best for cool districts; † denotes varieties which will do best in the warmer districts.

FREIGHT AND PACKING is charged EXTRA on all Plants, Trees, and Shrubs, EXCEPT ON COLLECTIONS where specially stated otherwise. FOR PACKING a minimum charge of 6d. will be made for small orders, and from 2/- upwards, according to size when packed in cases.

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS—See Page 124.

Abutilon (Chinese Lantern)—E†. Quick-growing, handsome, 5 feet. We can supply six leading varieties of this showy flowering shrub. 2/- each.

Acacia—The following are very quick-growing, and especially suitable for breakwinds, etc. They succeed in all but extreme climates.

Acola (or *Nerifolia*)—E† Yellow, 8 feet, weeping habit. 2/- each.

Baileyana (Cootamundra Silver Wattle)—E†*; 25 feet. 1/6 each.

Cultriformis—E†* Orange yellow blossom, 8 feet. 2/- each.

Dealbata (Silver Wattle)—E†* 15 feet. 2/- each.

Decurrens (Black Wattle)—E†*. 25 feet. 2/- each.

Elata—E†*. Fast grower and splendid shade tree, 30 feet. 2/- each.

Mollissima Floribunda—E†*. 10 feet. 2/- each.

Podalyraefolia (Queensland Silver Wattle)—E*†. A very choice variety. 1/6 each.

Pycnantha (Golden Wattle)—E†*. 30 feet. 2/- each.

Spectabilis—Specially good variety, 15 feet. 2/- each.

Acer—

Platanoides (Norway Maple)—D*. 50 feet. 2/6 each.

Pseudo Platanus (Sycamore or False Plane)—D*. 60 feet. 2/6 each.

Saccharinum (American Sugar or Bird's Eye Maple)—D*. 40 feet. 3/- each.

Polymorphum (Japanese Maples)—We can also supply a number of these beautiful shrubs, they are of gorgeous foliage and dwarf habit, growing only 5 to 10 feet. 7/6 each.
Seedling Plants. 2/6 each.

Acmena—E†. See *Eugenia*.

Aesculus—

Hippocastanum (Horse Chestnut)—D*. Single white flowers, 40 feet. 2/6 each.

Rubicunda—Single scarlet flowers. D*. 3/- each.

Agave Americana (Aloe)—10 feet. E†. 2/- each.

Ailanthus Glandulosa (Tree of Heaven)—D*. Produces large clusters of reddish crimson flowers, 30 feet, suckers freely. 2/- each.

Alectron Excelsum—E*. Handsome, hardy, 20 feet. 2/6 each.

Aloe—E†. See *Agave*.

Aloysia Citriodora (Scented Verbena)—D†. Beautiful, sweet scented, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Amygdalus Persica (Double Flowering Peach)—D*†. Beautiful spring flowering, four colors, white, light pink, dark pink and red, 12 feet. 2/- each.

Apple, Double Flowering—D*. Beautiful spring-flowering, 12 feet. 2/6 each.

Apple, Single Flowering Crab (*Malus Floribunda Purpurea*)—D*. The darkest red of Ornamental Crab Apples. 2/6 each.

Arbutus Unedo (Strawberry Tree)—E*†. Ornamental, hardy, pretty flower and fruit, 12 feet. 2/- each.



A Hedge of English Laurel (See *Cerasus*).—Succeeds excellently in our cooler districts.

Arduina Grandiflora (Cape Plum)—E*. Beautiful white flowering shrub, strongly scented, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Ash—D*. See *Fraxinus*.

Ash, Mountain—D*. See *Pyrus*.

Aucuba Japonica—E*. Beautiful variegated leaves, 4 feet. Suitable for planting under trees or in shrubberies in shade. 2/6 each.

Bambusa (Bamboo, various)—E†. 2/6 each.

Bambusa Arundinacea, from 5/- each.

Bauhinia Alba—E†. 20 feet. 2/6 each.

Bauhinia Purpurea (Mountain Ebony)—E†. Handsome evergreen, for warm climates only, 25 feet. 2/6 each.

Beech—D*. See *Fagus*.

Benthamia Fragifera (Himalayan Strawberry)—E*. Flowers large and white, reddish fruit, very effective, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Bird of Paradise Tree—D†. See *Poinciana*.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

Boltonia Rosea—D*†. A hardy herbaceous plant like a tall Michaelmas Daisy and producing huge spikes of dainty pink flowers in late summer. 2/6 each.

Boronia Megastigma (Sweet Scented Boronia)—E*. Requires moist situation, 3 feet, from 2/6 each.

Brachychiton Acerifolia (Flame Tree of Illawarra)—E†. Bright scarlet flowers and very dense foliage, 60 feet. 2/- each.

Browallia Jamiesonii—E†. Yellow, 8 feet. 2/- each.

Brugmansia (White)—E†. Quick grower, constantly in bloom, has large pure white flowers, and very showy, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Brunfelsia latifolia—E†. Very free-flowering, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Buddleia—

Globosa—E*†. Orange flowers, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Veitchiana—E*†. Lilac flowering, deliciously scented, a splendid introduction, 10 feet. 2/- ea.

Nanhoensis—E*†. A dwarf form of *B. veitchiana*, being very compact and therefore more suitable for small gardens, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Veitchiana Magnifica—E*†. Purple flowers, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Davidii—E*†. An improved form of *B. magnifica* producing better spikes of dark purple bloom which open practically all at once, 10 feet. 2/6 each.

Buxus Arborea (Tree Box)—E*. Dense foliage, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Callistemon (Scarlet Bottle Brush) Three varieties—E*†. Very ornamental and free-flowering, native plant, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Calodendron Capensis (Cape Chestnut)—E†. Beautiful flowering tree, highly recommended, 40 feet. 2/- each.

Calycanthus Floridus (Allspice)—D*†. Very hardy, 4 feet. 2/- each.

Camellias. See Flowering Plant Section, Pages 107-111.

Camphor Laurel—E†. Quick-growing evergreen, 50 feet. 2/- each.

Cape Honeysuckle—E†. See Protea.

Cape Plum—E*. See Arduina.

Carob Tree—E†. See Ceratonia.

Cassia Candolleana—E†. Strong growing, beautiful clusters of yellow flowers, 12 feet. 2/- each.

Castanea Vesca (Sweet or Spanish Chestnut)—D*. Flowers yellowish, very ornamental, requires rich soil, 50 feet. 3/- each.

Castanospermum Australis (Moreton Bay Chestnut)—E†. Handsome flowering, 25 feet. 2/- each.

Catalpa (Four varieties)—D*. Deep green foliage and greenish yellow flowers, very ornamental, 15 to 20 feet. 2/- each.

Ceratostigma Willmottiae—E. A rare and beautiful shrub from China. It produces beautiful blue flowers over a long season, 35 feet. 3/6 each.

Cedar, White—D†. See Melia.

Cerasus (Laurel)—E*. Good for shelter, makes excellent hedges, 20 feet.

Lauro-cerasus (English Laurel). 1/6 each.

Lusitanica (Portugal Laurel). 2/- each.

Ceratonia Siliqua (Carob Tree)—E†. Hardy evergreen, 16 feet. 2/- each.

Ceratopetalum Gummiferum (Australian Christmas Bush)—E†. One of our handsomest native trees and easy to grow, 30 feet. 2/- each.

Cestrum (White and Purple)—E†. Free growing and profuse flowering, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Cherry, Double Flowering—D*. Beautiful spring flowering, 12 feet. 2/6 each.

Chestnuts—

Cape—E*. See Calodendron.

Horse—D*. See Æsculus.

Moreton Bay—E*. See Castanospermum.

Sweet or Spanish—D*. See Castanea.

Chinese Lantern—E†. See Abutilon.

Choisya Ternata (White)—E*†. Sweet-scented, 4 feet. 2/- each.

Christmas Bush, Australian—E†. See Ceratopetalum.



Eucalyptus Ficulifolia.—The beautiful Red Flowering Gum of Western Australia.

Christia Grandiflora—E†. A showy evergreen, with red and yellow blossoms, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Clethra Arborea (Lily of the Valley Tree)—E*†. Has pure white flowers, very like the Lily of the Valley, from which it gets the name. Does not like excessive heat, 10 feet. 2/6 each.

Clanthus Puniceus (Pink or White)—E*. Very beautiful, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Coprosma—E*. Ornamental, variegated foliage, 6 feet.

Lucida—Shining green. 1/6 each.

Baueriana—Variegated. 2/6 each.

Coral Tree—E†. See Erythrina.

Corynocarpus (Karak Tree of N.Z.)—E*. 30 feet. 2/- each.

Cotoneaster (Rock Spray) Three varieties—E*. Good for covering and trailing over walls, etc., 3 to 8 feet. 2/- each.

Crataegus (Double Hawthorn) Pink, White, or Red—D*. Hardy, flower profusely in the spring, and are very pretty and effective, 12 feet. From 2/- to 2/6 each.

Crotalaria Laburnifolia (Greenish Yellow)—E†. Very pretty bird-like flowers. 2/6 each.

Cydonia (Japanese Flowering Quinces)—D*†. Beautiful early spring flowering shrubs; should be largely planted. We can supply several varieties, 6 feet. From 2/- to 2/6 each.

Cypress, Pink Flowering—E†. See Tamarix.

Cytisus (Laburnum)—D*. Handsome golden tassels, 12 feet. 2/- each.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

- Daphne** (Red or White)—E*. Highly scented, very hardy, likes moist, shady situation, 4 ft. 5/- each.
- Deutzia** (Wedding Bells)—D†. Hardy, dwarf-flowering, 4 feet; pretty and attractive flowering shrubs. 2/- each.
- Diervillea** (Weigelia)—D†*. Very hardy, beautiful flowering class, 6 feet. 2/- each.
- Diosma Ericoides**—E†. Compact growing, covered in the spring with small starry white flowers, light feathery foliage, 4 feet. 2/- each.
- Dombeya** (Two varieties)—E†. Free flowering shrubs, white perfumed flowers, 10 feet. 2/- each.
- Dracaena** (Various)—E†. Hardy, effective in large plantations, 15 feet. 2/- each.
- Duranta** (White and Blue)—E*. Pretty dwarf shrub, 6 feet. 1/6 to 2/- each.
- Elderberry**—D*. See Sambucus.
- Eleagnus Variegatus**—E*. A beautiful plant, with gold variegation. The reverse of the leaf is silver colored. Also makes excellent hedges, 10 feet. 2/- each.



English Holly (see Ilex).—Fine specimens on the Southern tablelands of N.S.W.

- Elms**—D*. See Ulmus.
- Erica**—E*. (Heath)—2 to 4 feet. 2/6 each.
- Eucalyptus**—
- Botryoides**—Fine shelter tree, 30 feet. 1/6 each.
- Calophylla Rosea**—E†. Similar to Ficifolia, but rosy pink flowers. 25 feet. 2/- each.
- Citrodora** (Lemon Gum)—E†. Highly perfumed, 50 feet. 2/- each.
- Corynocalyx** (Sugar Gum)—E†. Very valuable, handsome, 70 feet. 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen; 90/- per 100.
- Ficifolia** (Red Flowering Gum)—E†. Beautiful flowering, 20 feet. 2/- each.
- Globulus** (Tasmanian Blue Gum)—E†. Valuable, quick-growing, 150 feet. 1/6 each.
- Leucoxydon Rosea** (Pink Flowering Ironbark)—E†. 40 feet. 2/- each.

- Erythrina Arborea** (Coral Tree)—D†. Very hardy, produces large clusters of brilliant red flowers, thrives even in poor soil, 20 feet. 2/- to 2/6 each.
- Escallonia** (Two varieties)—E*. Compact, free-flowering, 6 feet. 2/- each.
- Eugenia**. Beautiful evergreens producing handsome flowers and berries.
- Luehmanni**—E†. The foliage is beautifully colored and makes an excellent hedge or specimen plant, 10 feet. 2/6 each.
- Smithii**—E†. The native Lillipilli; makes a splendid tall hedge, 20 feet. 2/- each.
- Ventenatti**—E†. The Weeping Lillipilli; has drooping branches; 40 feet. 2/- each.
- Tomlinsii**, E†.—A tall shrubby compact growing variety after the style of E. Luehmanni and producing beautifully tinted young foliage. 10 to 15 feet. 2/6 each.
- Jambosa** (Rose Apple)—E†. Large fruited and lovely foliage. 15 feet high. 2/6 each.
- Euonymus** (Two varieties)—E*. Handsome, hardy foliage, and beautiful red berries, making it very conspicuous, 6 feet. 2/- each.
- Euphorbia Splendens**—D†*. Very hardy, grows well in rockery or poor soils, crimson blooms, 5 feet. 2/- each.
- Exochorda Grandiflora** (Pearl Bush)—E*†. Pure white flowers; one of the loveliest shrubs. 6 feet. 2/- each.
- Fagus Sylvatica** (Beech)—D*. 50 feet. 3/- each.
- Felicia Augustifolia**—E†. Very showy and hardy, lilac flowers, 3 feet. 2/- each.
- Ficus**—All the following Ficus have magnificent foliage.
- Australis** (Port Jackson Fig)—E†. Handsome tree, 30 feet. 2/- each.
- Macrophylla** (Moreton Bay Fig)—E†. Handsome, rapid growth, 60 feet. 2/- each.
- Nitida**—E†. Splendid for avenues, 25 ft. 2/- each.
- Figs, Various**—E†. See Ficus.
- Flame Tree**—E†. See Brachychiton.
- Flowering Currant**—E*. See Ribes.
- Fraxinus** (Ash) Three varieties—D*. Hardy ornamental trees, beautiful, 50 feet. 2/- to 3/6 each.
- Gardinia Globosa**—E†. Handsome white flowers, 10 feet. 2/- each.
- Gardinia** (Intermedia and Magnifica) Shrubby varieties—E†. Beautiful, white, fragrant flowering, 6 feet. 2/- each.
- Goldfussia**—E†. Beautiful lavender, bell shaped flowers, 3 feet. 2/- each.
- Graptophyllum Earlii**—E†. Very pretty, crimson blooms, 8 feet. 2/6 each.
- Grevillea Robusta** (Silky Oak)—E†. Handsome, free-growing, beautiful green foliage, changing to bronze, 40 feet. 2/- each.
- Guelder Rose** (Viburnum Opulus)—E*. 8 ft. 2/- ea.
- Gums, Various**—E†. See varieties of Eucalyptus.
- Habrothamnus Elegans**—E*. Beautiful hardy flowering, 6 feet. 2/- each.
- Hakea Eucalyptoides** (Crimson Flowering)—E†. Very pretty, 12 feet. 2/6 each.
- Hawthorn Chinese**—E*. See Photinia.
- Hawthorn Indian**—E*. See Rhipidolepis.
- Hawthorns**—D*. See Crataegus.
- Heliotropium** (Heliotrope)—E†. A beautiful garden shrub, specially valuable for its perfume. We can supply five of the leading varieties. 2/- each.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)



JACARANDA MIMOSAEOFOLIA

Jacaranda Mimosaefolia.—A very popular flowering tree for the milder districts.

HIBISCUS

These are all evergreen, with the exception of the Syriacus and Mutabilis varieties, which are deciduous.

Andersonii—E†. Dark red, rich black eye, very susceptible to frosts. 2/- each.

Aureole—Golden apricot, carmine eye. 2/- each.

Camdenii—E†. Single red. 2/- each.

Conqueror—E†. Buff yellow, crimson base. 2/- ea.

General Courteges—E†. Splendid scarlet, large flower. 2/- each.

Gloria—Chinese orange, suffused and veined madder lake. 2/- each.

George Harwood—E†. Large single pink, dark centre. Has a different style of growth from the others, and it is not advisable to mix them when making a hedge. 2/- each.

Island Empress—E†. Rich pink, double form of Island Queen. 2/- each.

Island Queen—E†. Rich pink, good color and distinct. 2/-.

Lambertii—E†. Double crimson. 2/- each.

Madeline Champion—Rich apricot with deep strawberry red eye, merging into rosy white zone at base of petals. 2/- each.

Peachblow—E†. Semi-double flowers of beautiful salmon pink color. 2/- each.

Rosy Morn—Old rose with deeper veination, salmon old rose on reverse of petals. Flowers not large. 2/- each.

Rose Scott—E†. Single, rose pink with dark eye. 2/- each.

Tango Queen—E†. Beautiful coppery shade, darker than Conqueror. 2/- each.

Mutabilis Alba Fl. Pl.—D. Large double white. 2/- each.

Mutabilis Rosea Plena—D. White turning to pink as the flower gets older. 2/- each.

Syriacus—D*†. This type is suitable for both hot and cold climates and is deciduous. 10ft. high. We offer Double White, Double Red, Double Rose, and in the single type, Azure Blue, and Heliotrope. 2/- each.

Holly—See Ilex.

Hydrangea—D*. During recent years great improvements and valuable additions have been made to this beautiful class of plants.

These Improved New Hybrids are of the most lovely tints, varying from White, Pink, Rosy Blue, Rose, to Rosy Purple, and Dark Blue shades, while some are fringed and some semi-double. 3/6 each.

List of Varieties on Application.

Special Offer—Six separate varieties (our selection) 20/-.

WONDERFUL NEW DOUBLE HYDRANGEA

"Beauty of Canberra"

Soon to be Offered

SEE NEW PLANTS PAGE 42.

Standard Varieties—White and Pinks or Blues, 2/- each.

N.B.—It has now been definitely proved that the variation of color between Pink and Blue Hydrangeas is due to the condition of the soil. Ironstone soils produce Blue flowers, and where Ironstone is absent and the soil is alkaline the color tends to become Pink.

Hymenosporum Flavum—E†*, Beautiful shrub, sweet-scented pale yellow flowers, 30 feet. 2/- each.

Hypericum Moserianum—E*. Showy, yellow flowers, 3 feet. 2/- each.

Ilex (Holly)—One of the most beautiful of all evergreen shrubs, particularly in Winter, when they are covered with bright red berries. The variegated varieties are especially attractive. They require a fairly cool climate.

Aquifolium (English Holly)—E*. Deep green leaves, 15 feet. 2/- each.

Cornuta (Chinese Holly)—E*. 15 feet. 2/6 each.

Golden Holly—E*. Deep yellow variegated. 20 feet. 3/6 each.

Silver Holly—E*. Beautifully variegated. 20 feet. 3/6 each.

Iochroma—Specially recommended as very handsome quick growing shrubs.

Tubulosa—E†. Blue, 8 feet. 2/- each.

W. V. Seymour—E†. True purple, lovely color, 8 feet. 2/- each.

Jacaranda Mimosaefolia—D†. Graceful foliage, beautiful lavender flowers, 30 feet. 2/- each.

Jasminum—E*. Old favorite, scented flowers, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Justica (Magnifica)—E†. Beautiful pink flowering shrub, 3 feet to 4 feet. 2/- each.

Karaka Tree—E*. See Corynocarpus.

Kerria Japonica—(Single or Double)—D*. Hardy, yellow flowering Japanese shrubs, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Kurrajong—E†. See Sterculia.

Laburnum—D†. See Cytisus.

Lagerstroemia (Crape Myrtle)—Very handsome flowers, prettily crimped.

Eavesii—Beautiful heliotrope, large flowers. 3/6 each.

Indica, Alba (White)—D†. 10 feet. 3/6 each.

Indica, Pink—D†. 20 feet. 2/6 each.

Indica, Red—D†. 20 feet. 2/6 each.

Lagunaria Patersonii—E*. Hardy, vigorous, stands exposure, 25 feet. 2/- each.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

Lantana—We can supply a fine collection of non-spreading varieties, which make very showy and beautiful shrubs and are splendid for dwarf hedges. Five distinct sorts:—White, Yellow, Orange-Red, Mauve. 1/6 to 2/- each.

Lasiandra—

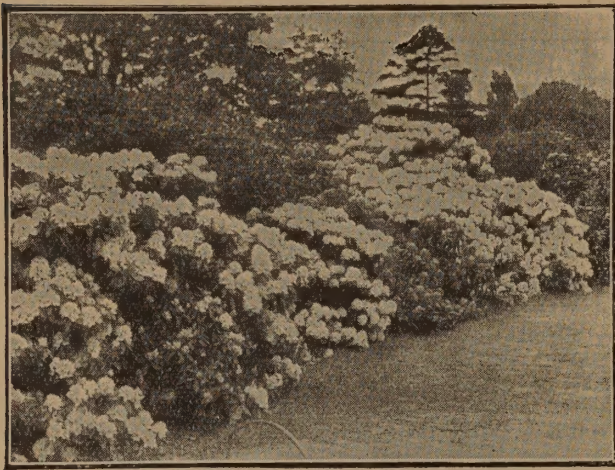
Edwardsii—Dark violet, dwarf habit. 2/- each.

Grandiflora—E†. Extremely handsome, flowers twice the size of *Macrantha* and dark velvety purple, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Macrantha—E†. Rapid growing, very showy purple flowers, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Rosea—E†. Pink flowering variety, 4 feet. 2/- ea.

Laurels (English and Portuguese)—E*. See *Cerasus*.



Rhododendron.—Beautiful flowering shrubs, growing to perfection in cool districts.

Laurus Nobilis (Sweet Bay)—E*. Dense foliage, hardy, 30 feet. 2/- each.

Lavendula Vera (English Lavender)—E†. 1/6 each.

Lavendula Stachas (French Lavender)—E†. 1/6 each.

Ligustrum (Privet)—*Lucidum*, *Vulgaris* and the Golden Privet are especially suited for hedges. See page 121.

Japonicum Tricolor—Variegated shrub suitable for specimens on lawn. 2/6 each.

Ovalifolia Aurea Elegantissimum—6 feet. 1/6 each.

Lilac—D*. See *Syringa*.

Lillipilli—E†. See *Eugenia*.

Lily of the Valley Tree—E*. See *Clethra*.

Linden or Lime Tree—D*. See *Tilia*.

Liquidambar Styraciflua—D*. Gorgeous autumn-tinted leaves, 30 feet. 3/- each.

Liriodendron Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree)—E*. Magnificent ornamental tree, fine foliage, 50 feet. 3/- each.

Lophostemon Australis—E†. Handsome shelter, 40 feet, very hardy, shade or avenue tree. 2/- each; 18/- dozen; 130/- per 100.

Macadamia Ternifolia (Queensland Nut)—E†. Very ornamental foliage, 25 feet. 2/- each.

Mackaya Bella—E†. Lilac flowering shrub, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Magnolia (Six varieties)—E and D†. Highly recommended, beautifully scented flowers, 20 feet. 2/- to 5/- each.

Maples—D*. See *Acer*.

Maples (Japanese)—D*. We can supply a number of varieties in these gorgeous ornamental shrubs. 7/6 each.

Melia Azederach (White Cedar)—D†. Rapid growing and highly ornamental, 20 feet. 2/- each.

Mock Orange—E*. See *Philadelphus*.

Mountain Ebony—E†. See *Bauhinia*.

Murraya Exotica—E†. Beautiful dwarf shrub, with white flowers, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Myrtle—E*. See *Myrtus*.

Myrtus Communis (Myrtle)—E*. Charming plant, dark green leaves, flowers white, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Nandina Domestica—E*. Graceful flowering, pretty berries, 5 feet. 2/6 each.

Nerium (Oleander)—This beautiful plant is without doubt one of the best and hardiest of our Summer flowering shrubs, standing heat and drought with impunity.

Album Grandiflorum—E†. Pure white, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Delphine—E†. Deep rich crimson, very distinct, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Madame Martin—E†. Single, salmon changing to rosy salmon, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Madoni Grandiflora—E†. Large, semi-double, pure white flowers, very fine, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Monsieur Belaguer—E†. Single pink, very free-flowering, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Professor Martin—E†. Single crimson, dwarf and compact, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Souvenir de Cazalis Allut—E†. Single, extremely rich crimson, the darkest variety introduced, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Splendens—E†. Double pink, 12 feet. 2/- each.

Splendens Variegatum—E†. Golden variegated foliage, 6 feet. 3/- each.

Oaks (Deciduous)—D*. See *Quercus*.

Oak, Silky—E†. See *Grevillea*.

Ochna Multiflora—E†. Yellow, profuse flowerer, fragrant, 3 feet. 2/- each.

Oleander—E†. See *Nerium*.

Osmanthus Variegatus—E*. Elegant shrubs, producing holly-like foliage, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Peach, Double Flowering—D*. See *Amygdalus*.

Peppers—E†. See *Schinus*.

Philadelphus (Mock Orange)—E*. Hardy, white flowering, 4 feet. 2/- each.

Phormium Tenax—New Zealand Flax. 2/- each.

Phormium Tenax Variegata—E*. A hardy and very ornamental variety of flax. 3/- each.

Photinia Serrulata (Chinese Hawthorn)—E*. Free-flowering, creamy white flowers, 10 feet. 2/- each.

PINUS INSIGNIS

Pinus Insignis.—For a quick-growing, ornamental, or shelter tree, we do not know of anything to equal this hardy pine. It does well in almost any situation, and is excellent for forming break-winds; planted fifteen to twenty feet apart they will form a solid wall in three or four years. The dark green foliage gives a fine landscape effect. 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen, 100/- per 100.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

Pittosporum—For quotations for quantities for hedges, see page 121.

Crassaefolium—E†*. Splendid for lawns, 12 feet 2/- each.

Eugenoides—E†*. Light green foliage, 20 feet. 1/9 each.

Eugenoides Variegatum—E†*. 15 feet. 2/- each.

Nigrescens—E†*. Dark green, 20 feet. 2/- each.

Undulatum (Victorian Laurel, so called)—E†*. Highly scented, creamy white flowers, 25 feet. 2/- each.

Platanus Orientalis (Oriental Plane)—D†*. Grand foliage, rapid grower, 50 feet, suitable for both warm and cool districts. Special quotes for large quantities. 2/- each.

Plumbago (Blue and White)—E†. Dwarf, hardy and free flowering, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Plumeria Acutifolia (Frangipanni) D†. A favorite shrub with beautiful creamy white flowers, very fragrant, 10 feet. 3/6 each.

Poinciana Gilliesii (Bird of Paradise)—D†. Yellow and crimson, very beautiful, 25 feet. 2/- each.

Poinsettia Pulcherrima (Scarlet)—D†. Showy autumn flowering, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Pomegranate—†. See Punica.

Populus (Poplars)—Very rapid growers, also graceful and hardy.

Balsamifera (Balsam Poplar)—D*. 40 feet. 2/- ea.

Bolleana (Silver Leaved)—D*. Does not sucker, 40 feet. 2/- each.

Dilitata (Upright Poplar)—D*. 50 feet. 2/- ea.

Privet—E†. See Ligustrum.

Prunes, Double Flowering—D*. See Prunus.

Prunus (Double Flowering Prunes) Four varieties—D*. Beautiful spring flowering, 8 feet. 2/6 each.

Pissardi nigra (Purple Leaved Plum)—D*. Very ornamental, coppery crimson foliage, bears edible fruit of good flavor, 15 feet. 2/6 each.

Moserii—The best semi-double pink flowering plum. The buds are red, opening in the early spring. Strongly recommended, 10 feet. 2/6 each.

Blireiana—A double flowering plum of a bright rose color with purple foliage, 10 feet. 2/6 each.

We can also supply several varieties of **Double Flowering Japanese Plums**, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Punica (Pomegranate) both Scarlet and White—D†. Handsome and hardy, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Pyrus Aucuparia (Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree)—D*. Produces large bunches of scarlet fruit and beautiful foliage, 30 feet. 2/6 each.

Queensland Nut—E†. See Macadamia.

Quercus—A hardy family of beautiful trees. The scarlet Oak is particularly beautiful in the autumn.

Cerris (Turkey Oak)—D*. 50 feet. 2/6 each.

Coccinea (Scarlet Oak)—D*. 40 feet. 2/6 each.

Palustris (The American Crimson Leaved Oak)—D*. 50 feet. 2/6 each.

Pedunculata (English Oak)—D*. 60 feet. 2/6 ea.

Suber (Cork Oak)—E*. 25 feet. 2/6 each.

Virens (Evergreen Oak)—E*. 40 feet. 2/6 each.

And other varieties.

Quince, Japanese Flowering—D*. See Cydonia.

Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn) Three varieties—E*. Hardy, free-flowering, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Rhododendrons—Nothing looks more effective in a garden than a collection of beautiful Rhododendrons. We have exceptionally fine well-grown plants, which we very highly recommend. Rhododendrons are shade loving plants and are suitable for cool moist climates. The soil should be quite free of limestone. 7/6 each.

Rhus Succedanea (Wax Tree)—D*. Beautiful autumn foliage, 10 feet. 2/- each.

Ribes (The Flowering Currant)—D*. Beautiful red flowering shrubs, 4 feet. 2/6 each.

Robinia—D* Splendid quick-growing shelter tree, producing wistaria-like flowers, 40 feet. 2/- each.

Rock Spray—E*. See Cotoneaster.

Rondeletia (Two varieties)—E†. Ornamental, brilliant flowering shrubs, 6 feet. 2/6 each.

Rosmarinus Officinalis (Rosemary)—E†. 1/6 each.

Rowan Tree—D*. See Pyrus.

Russellia Juncea—E†. Rush-like leaves, extremely ornamental, scarlet flowers, 3 to 4 feet. 2/- each.

Salix—

Vitellina Aurea (Golden Willow)—D*. 25 feet. 2/- each.

Babylonica (The Weeping Willow)—D*. 60 feet. 1/6 each.

Caprea—Sometimes called pussy willow. 2/- each.

Sambucus (Elderberry) Several varieties—D*. Very hardy, 12 feet. 2/- each.

Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree)—E†. Very hardy, graceful, 25 feet. 1/6 each.

Spartium Junceum (Spanish Broom)—D*†. Yellow flowering shrub, hardy, 8 feet. 2/- each.

Spartium Multiflorum Album (White Broom)—D*†. Hardy in any climate and very floriferous, 8 feet. 2/- each.

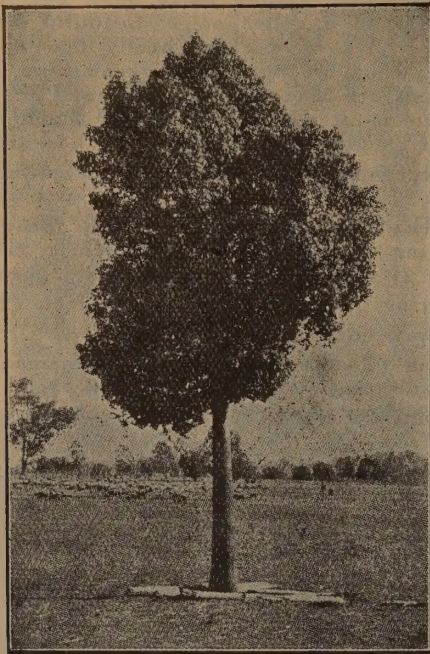
Spirea—D*. We can supply the best varieties. Attractive and free-flowering, 4 feet. 2/- to 2/6.



Poplars (Populus).—Very handsome tall-growing trees. Will grow in a wide variety of climates.

Freight and Packing is charged extra on all Trees, Plants and Shrubs.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)



Kurrajong (*Sterculia*).—Very ornamental, with finely formed foliage. Also useful for fodder.

Sterculia Acerifolia (Flame Tree)—E†. See *Brachychiton*, 50 feet. 2/- each.

Sterculia Diversifolia (Kurrajong)—E†. Handsome, 50 feet. Good for fodder in droughty seasons. 2/- each.

Strawberry Tree—E*†. See *Arbutus*.

Strelitzia Augusta (White)—E†. Very fine broad distinctive foliage. 3/6 each.

Regina—E†. Blue and gold flowers, very handsome, 4 feet. 5/- each.

Stenocarpus Cunninghamii—E†. Gorgeous crimson flowers, 50 feet. One of our best native trees. 2/- each.

Sweet Bay—E*. See *Laurus*.

Syncarpia Laurifolia (Turpentine)—E†. Compact evergreen, 60 feet. 2/- each.

Syringa (Lilac)—D*. Beautifully scented, 8 feet. Named varieties. 2/6 each.

Tamarix (Pink Flowering Cypress)—D*†. We have two varieties. Hardy and graceful, stand exposure, 12 feet. 2/- each.

Tecoma—E†.

Capensis—Crimson, 12 feet. 1/6 each.

Smithii (Orange Yellow)—10 feet. 2/- each.

Velutina (Yellow)—10 feet. 2/- each.

Telopea Speciosissima (Waratah). 2/6 each.

Tilia Europea (Linden or Lime Tree)—D*. Hardy ornamental, lofty growing trees, 40 feet. 2/6 each.

Toxicophloeia Spectabilis—E†. White Flowers, sweetly scented, 5 feet. 2/- each.

Tree Box—E*. See *Buxus*.

Tree of Heaven—D*. See *Ailanthus*.

Tulip Tree—D*. See *Liriodendron*.

Turpentine—E†. See *Syncarpia*.

Ulmus (Elms)—D*. We can supply six of the leading varieties of this beautiful English tree, 30 feet to 80 feet. 2/6 each.

Veronica—E*. We can supply the best varieties including the following. Compact growing, pretty flowers, 4 feet.

Blue Gem—A new dwarf blue variety, striking color. 2/6 each.

La Seduisante—A beautiful new reddish purple variety. 2/6 each.

Several Other Varieties at 2/- each.

Viburnum (Five varieties)—D*. Extremely hardy, handsome white flowers, 12 feet. 1/9 to 2/- each.

Tinus (*Laurustinus*)—E*. Handsome white flowers, 6 feet. 2/- each.

Wattles—E†. See *Acacias*.

Wax Tree—D*. See *Rhus*.

Wedding Bells—D†. See *Deutzia*.

Willows—D*. See *Salix*.

Yucca—E†. Very ornamental on banks, rockeries or dry places; some of them producing magnificent tall spikes of white and cream flowers, 3 feet to 12 feet. 2/6 each.



English Elm

English Elm (*Ulmus*).—Very handsome spreading trees for cold climates.

A USEFUL HINT

When deciduous shrubs or trees arrive after a long journey in a dry condition, it is a good idea to bury them in a shallow trench covering them with damp, but not saturated soil, for two or three days. The bark absorbs a certain amount of moisture from the soil and considerably revives the plant. Protect with scrim or leafy branches when planted out.

When evergreens arrive in a slightly shrivelled condition, they should be planted at once and the soil kept nicely moist. Remove any dead or shrivelled leaves and keep them well protected from adverse weather conditions and hot sun as described above.

HEDGE PLANTS Special Recommendations

For full descriptions see General List of Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Pages 114-120.
E Signifies Evergreen. D Signifies Deciduous. Freight and packing charged extra.

HEDGE PLANTS for Cool Climates

- Crataegus Crenulata**—D. A fine hedge, bearing scarlet berries. Plant 2 ft. apart. 18/- doz.; 140/- 100.
- Cupressus Macrocarpa**—E. A quick-growing compact hedge. Plant 3 ft. apart. 18/- doz.; 140/- 100.
- Cupressus Torulosus**—E. (True stock from cuttings). Makes a splendid hedge, growth quick and uniform; plant 3 feet apart. 40/- dozen.
- Eleagnus Variegatus**—E. Variegated leaves, silver reverse. Plant 2 feet apart. 22/- doz.; 160/- 100.
- Escallonia Macrantha**—E. Scarlet flowers, grows very thickly. Plant 2 feet apart. 18/- doz.; 140/- 100.
- Holly (English)**—E. Hardy. Plant 2ft. apart. 22/- doz.
- Laurels (English)**—E. Hardy, fine foliage. Plant 2ft. apart. 16/- doz.; 100/- 100 (from open ground).
- Laurustinus**—E. Pretty flowering hedge. Plant 2 feet apart. 18/- doz.; 140/- 100.
- Orleans Rose (Dwarf Polyantha)**—For borders, low hedges, etc. This is one of the most charming plants that could be used; grows from 18 to 24 inches high, and bears clusters of pretty rosy carmine blooms throughout the year. Plant 18 inches apart. 16/- doz.
- Prunus Myrobolana (Myrobolan Plum)**—D. Hardy and fruiting. Plant 2 feet apart. 9/- dozen; 70/- 100.
- Privet (Ligustrum)**—E. We offer both the large and small leaved varieties. Both make excellent hedges and are very hardy.
- Lucidum (Large Leaved)**—E. 1 to 2ft. apart. 2/6 doz.; 17/6 100.
- Vulgaris (Small Leaved)**—E. 1 to 2ft. apart. 2/6 doz.; 17/6 100.
- Golden Privet**—1 to 2 feet apart. Beautiful variegated foliage. 4/- dozen; 30/- 100.

- Pittosporum**—E. Very hardy. Plant 3 feet apart.
- eugenoides**—Light green leaves. 18/- doz., 140/- 100.
- eugenoides variegata**—Variegated. 22/- dozen.
- nigrescens**—Dark green foliage. 22/- doz., 160/- 100.
- undulatum**—E. Sometimes called the Victorian Laurel. It has handsome dark green foliage, and produces very highly scented creamy white flowers. 18/- dozen; 140/- 100.

- Veronica E. (Various colors)**—Very compact, blooms freely. Plant 2 feet apart. 18/- dozen; 140/- 100.

HEDGE PLANTS for Warm Climates

Such as Sydney, or say where Citrus Fruits will succeed.

- Bougainvillea Glabra Sanderiana**—E. Very pretty hedge, and flowers abundantly. Plant 4 feet apart. 22/- dozen; 160/- 100.
- Coprosma Lucida**—E. Hardy, glossy foliage. Plant 2 feet apart. 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.
- Coprosma Baueriana Variegata**—E. Yellow and green. Plant 2 feet apart. 28/- dozen; 210/- 100.
- Cupressus Macrocarpa**—18/- dozen; 140/- 100.
- Cupressus Torulosus**—E. (See above). 40/- dozen.
- Duranta**—E. Blue and white. Plant 2 feet apart; in 4-in. pots. 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.

- Euonymus**—E. Very striking. Plant 2ft. apart. 18/- doz.
- Guava Purple**—E. A most useful and ornamental hedge, bearing purple fruit which makes excellent jelly. Plant 4 feet apart. 18/- dozen; 140/- 100.
- Hibiscus (Varieties)**—E. A fine flowering hedge. Plant 3 feet apart. 18/- to 22/- dozen.
- Lantana (Varieties)**—E. Showy dwarf hedge. Plant 18 inches apart. 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.
- Laurustinus**—E. (See above). 18/- doz.; 140/- 100.
- Olive (Common)**—E. Dark glossy foliage, slow growing. Plant 2ft. apart. 16/- doz.; 100/- 100.
- Privet (Ligustrum)**—E. (See cool climate list). 2/6 dozen; 17/6 100.
- Pittosporum**—E. (For varieties see cool climate list).
- Plumbago Capensis**—E. Blue and white. Plant 2 feet apart. 18/- dozen; 140/- 100.



- Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn)**—E. One of the finest flowering hedges; highly recommended. Plant 3 feet apart. 18/- dozen; 140/- 100.
- Tecoma Capensis**—E. Bright red flowers. Plant 3 feet apart. 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.

HEDGE PLANTS for the Seaside

Few hedge plants will succeed on the coast, but the following, with care, should do well.

- Cupressus Macrocarpa**—E. (See cool climate list). 18/- dozen; 140/- 100.
- Cupressus Torulosus**—E. (See cool climate list). 40/- dozen.
- Coprosma Lucida**—E. (See warm climate list). 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.
- Coprosma Baueriana Variegata**—E. Yellow and green. Plant 2 feet apart. 28/- dozen; 210/- 100.
- Eleagnus Variegatus**—Variegated leaves, compact. Plant 2 feet apart. 22/- dozen.
- Euonymus**—E. (See warm climate list). 18/- dozen.
- Lantana**—E. (See warm climate list). 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.
- Tamarix Gallica (pink flowering Cypress)**—Plant 2 feet apart. 22/- dozen.
- Tecoma Capensis**—E. (See warm climate list). 16/- dozen; 100/- 100.

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS

The following is a carefully chosen list of hardy and beautiful climbers which should succeed anywhere, except in very cold districts where heavy frosts are experienced. The evergreen climbers, such as Bignonia, Bougainvillea, Antigonon, Quisqualis, etc., are best planted in the late Autumn and thus given a chance to become established before the coldest part of the winter. The remainder can be put in any time from the Autumn to the early Summer.

E signifies Evergreen.

D signifies Deciduous.

* Denotes varieties that will cling to walls, etc., by stem rootless. † Denotes varieties suited for cold

FREIGHT AND PACKING IS CHARGED EXTRA ON ALL THE FOLLOWING PRICES
SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFER—See Page 124.

Akebia Quinata (Lilac)—E†. 15 feet. 2/- each.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Virginian Creeper)—D*†. Beautiful crimson foliage in the Autumn. 25 feet. 2/- each.

Antigonon Leptopus—E. A charming slender creeper, producing an abundance of bright rose-colored flowers. 2/- each.

Aristolochia Elegans (The Dutchman's Pipe)—E†. Rapid and beautiful climber, 15 feet. 2/- each.

Beaumontia Grandiflora. E. Large white trumpet-shaped flowers, highly perfumed, requires a warm climate and sheltered from the wind. 2/6 each.

Bignonia—Magnificent flowering plants and very fast growers. Most of the varieties will attach themselves to walls and fences. During the flowering season they are unsurpassed for profusion of bloom. We can supply the following varieties:—

Australis (Wonga Wonga Vine)—E. Cream and brown. 2/- each.

Cherere (Mexico)—E. Large scarlet, very vigorous. 2/- each.

Excelsa—E. Yellow. Handsome. 2/- each.

Grandiflora—E. Orange. 2/- each.

Jasminoides—E. Rose and white. 2/- each.

Lindleyana (Mexico)—E. Lavender. 2/- each.

Mackeni—E. Lovely rose-colored blooms. 2/- each.

Rosea—E. See Mackeni. 2/- each.

Tweediana—E. Rich yellow. 2/- each.

Venusta—E. Orange, very fine. 2/- each.

Bougainvillea—Beautiful flowering plants as shrubs or climbers, 20 feet.

Glabra Sanderiana—E. Rosy purple; the most perpetual flowering Bougainvillea of all. 2/- each.

Laterita—E. Brick red, absolutely the best example of this family. 5/- each.

Magnifica Trailii—E. The finest bright purple. 2/6 each.

Rosea—Strawberry pink shade; the best pink. 3/6 each.

Cobœa Scandens—E†. Quick growing, purple flowers, 20 feet. 1/9 each.

Dolichos Lignosus (Pink and white)—E†. Quick growing, valuable for trellis work, etc., 20 feet. 2/- each.

Ficus (Climbing Fig) (*Stipulata* and *Minima*)—E*. Very useful for covering walls, etc., 25 feet. 2/- ea.

Gelsemium Sempervirens—E†. Very beautiful climber, yellow flowers, sweetly scented, 15 feet. 2/- each.

Hardenbergia—E. Very pretty. 2/- each.

Hedera (Ivy)—Three varieties, including the best variegated—E*†. Hardy, beautiful foliage, 30 feet. 2/- to 2/6 each.

Honeysuckle—E†. See *Lonicera*.



Bignonia Mackeni—One of the most beautiful varieties of this well known creeper.

Hoya Carnosa (Wax Plant)—E*†. Fleshy. It sometimes becomes attached to the wall like ivy, and grows freely when planted out. 2/6 each.

Humulus Lupulus (English Hop)—D†. Makes a most graceful and quick growing climber. The heads of the fruit are used in brewing. 2/- each.

Ipomoea (White, Pink, and Blue)—E. Very fast growing. A beautiful vine, with very handsome foliage, bearing great quantities of large waxy flowers, 50 feet. 2/- each.

Jasminum—

Fruticans (Yellow Jasmine)—E†. 8 feet. 2/- each.

Sambac (White)—E†. 5 feet. 2/6 each.

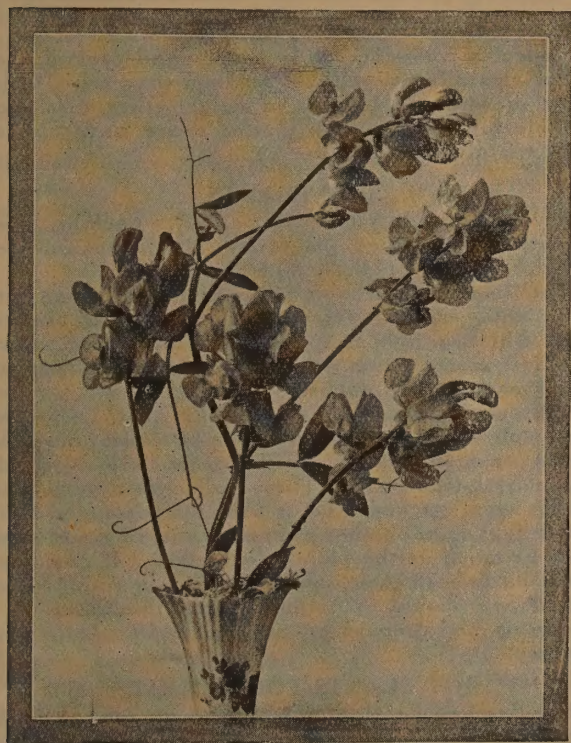
Grandiflorum (White)—E†. 10 feet. 2/- each.

Piocoicium (White)—E. Star-like flowers. 8 feet. 2/6 each.

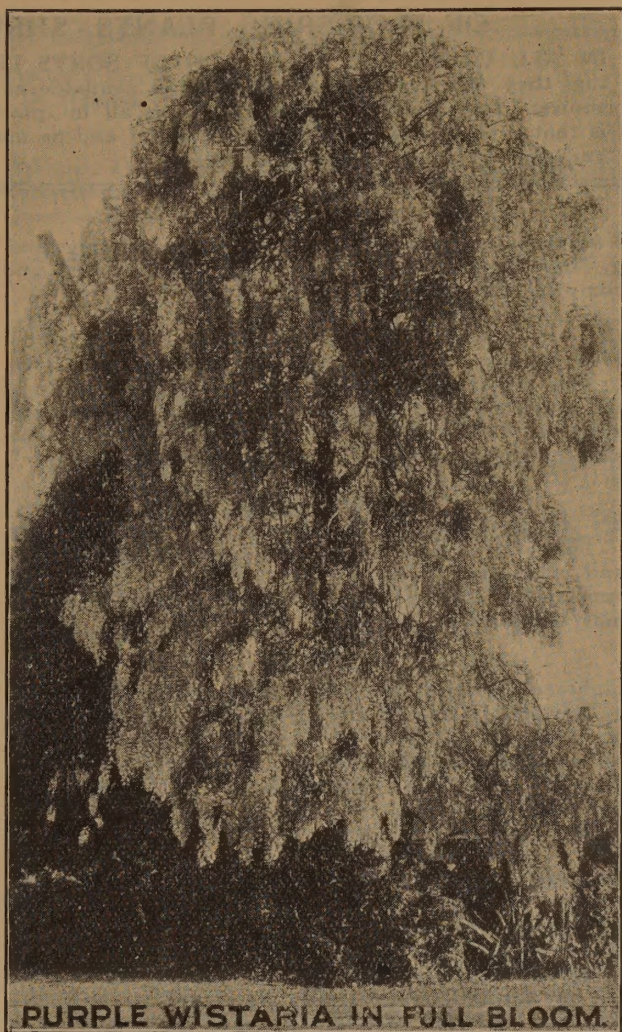
Primulinum—E. Flowers one and a-half to two inches in diameter; yellow. 2/- each.

HARDY CLIMBING PLANTS (continued)

- Lathyrus Latifolius** (Everlasting Pea)—E†. Pink, white or red. 2/- each.
- Pubescens**—E†. A magnificent perennial pea, covered with long spikes of lovely pale violet flowers. Forms a conspicuous mass of color throughout the Winter and Spring. 2/- each.
- Lonicera** (Honeysuckle)—†.
- Aurea Reticulata**—E. White, yellow foliage. 2/- ea.
- Caprifolium**—E. (Goat's Leaf or Woodbine). 2/-
- Halliana**—E. The best white, afterwards turning light yellow. 2/- each.
- Sinensis**—(White and Red)—E. 2/- each.
- Tartarica Splendens** (Scarlet Trumpet)—E. Choice. 2/- each.
- Lophospermum Grandiflorum**—E. Red gloxinia-like flowers. 2/- each.
- Mandevillea Suaveolens**—D*†. Beautiful white, free flowering, 25 feet. 2/- each.
- Manettia Bicolor** (Yellow and Red) —E†. Very pretty. 2/- each.
- Passiflora** (Passion Flower)—Rapid growers, dense foliage and beautiful flowers.
- Edulis** (Edible Passion Fruit)—E. White, tinged purple. 9d. each.
- Empress Eugenie**—E. (Blue and white). 2/- each.
- Phaseolus Caracalla** (Snail Flower) —E. Strong grower, curious purple flowers, 30 feet. 2/- each.
- Quisqualis Indica**—E. Beautiful, sweet scented, flowers of white, orange, and crimson, on same racemes; requires hot climate. 2/6 each.
- Rhynchospermum Jasminoides**—E†. Pretty, fragrant white flowers, 20 feet. 2/- each.
- Solanum Jasminoides**—E. White. 2/- each.
- Seaforthianum**—E. Beautiful blue flowers, red berries, 12 feet. 2/- each.
- Wendlandii**—D. Produces immense trusses of lavender-blue flowers in summer and autumn. 2/- ea



Lathyrus Pubescens, the beautiful perennial Pea, which produces a mass of pale violet flowers throughout the winter and spring.



- Stigmaphyllon Cilatum** — E. Yellow, orchid-like flowers. 2/- each.
- Tacsonia** (Passion Flower) — Handsome, quick-growing climbers.
- Manicata**—E. Intense scarlet. 2/- each.
- Mollissima**—E. White Passion Fruit, Pink flower. 2/- each.
- Smythiana**—E. Very distinct, orange scarlet. 2/- ea.
- Thunbergia Gibsonii** (Golden Glory Creeper)—Clear orange, highly recommended. 2/- each.
- Vinca Major** (Periwinkle)—E*. Blue, suitable for rockeries. 1/6 each.
- Wistaria**†—One of the best deciduous climbing plants we have. In the early Spring the plant is covered with large clusters of beautiful pea-like flowers. A splendid plant for training up trees, over trellis work, etc.
- Magnifica**—D. Blue. 2/6 each.
- Multijuga**—D. A Japanese variety, with beautiful dark purple flowers. 3/6 each.
- Multijuga Alba**—D. White form of the above. 2/6 each.
- Multijuga Rosea**—D. Rosy lilac. 2/6 each.
- Sinensis Alba**—D. White. 2/6 each.
- Sinensis** (Fl. Pl.)—D. Double blue. 2/6 each.
- Sinensis** (Single)—D. Delicate lavender blue. 2/6 each.

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS

OF FLOWERING PLANTS. SHRUBS, TREES AND POT PLANTS.

IN ALL CASES THE SELECTION OF SORTS IS MADE BY US, BUT—customers may rest assured that they will receive the best varieties available as the following letter from a satisfied customer at Boomi shows: "I received the trees and roses all in splendid order and am very pleased with them. My opinion is that a better lot could not be sent out and as most of them were your own selection I am very pleased and wish to thank you very much."

BOUVARDIAS.

Twelve varieties for 11/6, postage and packing free.

These include the hardiest and showiest sorts and comprise a beautiful range of colors.

TREE BEGONIAS.

Five varieties for 7/6, postage and packing free.

This collection includes five beautiful varieties of the much admired Tree Begonia which succeeds well either in the bush-house or in a sheltered position outside, but must not be planted in a sunny situation.

CAMELLIAS.

Six varieties for 18/6, postage and packing free.

This offer is made up of six of the leading varieties and contains a fine assortment of colors. They are very showy and hardy, and will do extremely well in most Australian Gardens.

CANNAS.

Eighteen varieties for 17/-, postage and packing free.

The stately foliage and gorgeously colored blooms of these plants make a magnificent show in Australian gardens. The roots we offer are of the modern giant flowering type and the range of colors cannot be excelled.

CARNATIONS.

Recently Introduced Varieties as listed on page 107. Twelve varieties for 17/6 or Twenty for 30/-, all postage and packing free.

Standard Sorts, as listed on page 108, Twenty-five varieties for 21/-, postage and packing free.

All our Carnations are sturdy plants and the ordinary standard varieties that we list have all been chosen because they are easily grown, free flowering and vigorous.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

See Yates' Spring Suggestions, published in August/September.

FUCHSIAS.

Twelve varieties for 16/-, postage and packing free.

The varieties we select include both the Double and Single type and they should last in bloom for many months. They are very little trouble to grow and make splendid decorative plants.

PELARGONIUMS (Geraniums).

Eighteen sorts for 25/-, postage and packing free.

This collection includes a number of the Single and Double Zonale types and also the Single and Double Ivy-Leaved varieties and should give the greatest satisfaction. They thrive in a light sunny situation.

PENTSTEMONS.

Twelve varieties for 11/6, postage and packing free.

This offer is made up of twelve splendid varieties of the modern Gloxinia Flowered Pentstemons in a beautiful assortment of colors. These gorgeous flowering plants do particularly well in Australian gardens, and bloom continuously throughout the spring, summer and autumn.

PERENNIAL PHLOX.

Twelve varieties for 11/-, postage and packing free.

The varieties included in this collection are of the latest type which produces immense flowers and huge trusses. Perennial Phlox are exceptionally showy, hardy perennials for summer blooming, and deserve a place in every garden.

PERPETUAL FLOWERING PINKS.

Twelve plants each of four varieties (48 plants), for 35/-, postage and packing free.

Wonderfully free flowering bedding plants closely allied to the Carnations. For full description see page 108.

FLOWERING SHRUBS.

Six selected Shrubs for 12/6, postage and packing free.

Twelve selected Shrubs for 22/6, postage and packing free.

Our stocks of these are particularly well-grown, and we personally select varieties which we think will be suitable for the climate of the district from which the order is received; our long experience is at the disposal of all our customers.

CLIMBING PLANTS.

Six plants for 12/6, postage and packing free.

As with the shrubs, we select varieties which are suitable for the climate for which they are required, and this collection should give every satisfaction.

ORNAMENTAL TREES.

Six selected trees for 12/6, postage and packing free.

For this offer we choose medium-sized trees which grow upwards of 12 feet in height, these are most suitable for gardens with limited space, and this collection is always a popular one.

POT PLANTS.

Twelve assorted plants for 15/-, packing free.

Twenty-four assorted plants for 30/-, packing free. Freight is extra on these Collections.

The smaller collection includes hardy ornamental pot plants, asparagus fern and other good assorted ferns which always look well and are easily grown. The larger collection is similar but the plants are larger and include palms.

Customers should note carefully that freight on these collections is payable by the purchaser, and that ample time should be given for us to forward the plants by goods train. These collections weigh very heavy when packed, and if sent by passenger train, the freight is altogether excessive and in many cases costs as much as the plants themselves. If customers particularly wish them sent by passenger train, sufficient money should be remitted with the order, as if freight is not prepaid an additional 50 per cent. is charged.

POT PLANTS FOR BAZAARS.

For Bazaars, Fetes, etc., we make up special collections of pot plants to any amount required and give extra value. Let us know your requirements early so that we can select varieties specially suitable for your climate.

TREES

Varieties Recommended for Different Situations and Purposes

AND SPECIAL PRICES FOR LARGE QUANTITIES

For Full Descriptions and Prices, see pages 114-120.

E Signifies Evergreen.

D Signifies Deciduous.

The following climatic recommendations are by Mr. E. N. Ward, Curator, Botanic Gardens, Sydney.

FOR WARM COASTAL DISTRICTS

E signifies Evergreen. D signifies Deciduous.

Eucalyptus Citriodora—Lemon Scented Gum. E.
Lophostemon—(*Tristania Conferta*), Cinnamon or Brush Box. E.
Grevillea Robusta—(In poor soil deeply worked). E.
Camphor Laurel. E.
Cocos Plumosa—Palm (40 feet apart). E.
Eugenia Smithii—Lillipilli. E.

BLEAK SITUATIONS CLOSE TO THE SEA

Eucalyptus Botryoides—Bastard Mahogany. E.
Araucaria Excelsa—Norfolk Island Pine. E.
Ficus Australis—Port Jackson Fig. E.
Ficus Macrophylla—Moreton Bay Fig. E.
Metrosideros Tomentosa—New Zealand Rata (recommended). E.
Pinus Insignis. E.
Pinus Pinea. E.
Lagunaria Patersoni—White Oak. E.
Erythrina Arborea—Coral Tree. D.
Phoenix Canariensis—Canary Island Palm (recommended). E.

FOR HOT AND ARID DISTRICTS

Schinus Molle—Pepper Tree. E.
Ceratonia Siliqua—Carob Tree. E.
Melia Azederach—White cedar. D.
Brachychiton Acerifolia—(In well worked ground). E.
Ailanthus Glandulosa—Tree of Heaven. E.
Platanus Orientalis—Plane (regular watering). D.
Quercus Virens—Evergreen Oak. D.
Araucaria Bidwilli—Bunya-Bunya. E.
Phoenix Dactylifera—Date Palm (in retentive wet soils). E.
Salix Babylonica—Weeping Willow (in retentive wet soils). E.
Eucalyptus Corynocalyx—Sugar Gum (must have attention). E.

FOR TABLELANDS

Platanus Orientalis—Plane Tree (recommended). D.
Liquidambar Styraciflua—Sweet Gum. D.
Quercus Palustris—Pin Oak (recommended). D.

FOR EXTREMELY COLD DISTRICTS

Chestnut. D. *Catalpa*. D. *Oak*. D.
Elm. D. *Lime*. D. *Ash*. D.
Beech. D. *Poplar*. D. *Sycamore*. D.

TREES FOR BREAKWINDS AND SHELTER BELTS

Those varieties marked with an * succeed best in cool climates, while those varieties marked with a † do best in warm climates. Those not marked will thrive almost anywhere. E. signifies Evergreen. D. Signifies deciduous.

**Abies*. E. †*Lophostemon*. E.
†*Camphor Laurels*. *Pinus Insignis*. E.
**Cupressus*. *Pittosporums*. E.
†*Eucalypti* (Gums). †*Schinus* (Peppers). E.

TREES FOR STREETS, AVENUES, &c.

**American Elm* (*Ulmus*). D. †*Kurrajong*. E.
†*Camphor Laurel*. E. †*Lophostemon*. E.
†*Cassia Candelleana*. E. **Oaks* (*Quercus*). D.
†*Ficus* (Figs). E. *Oriental Planes*. D.
†*Grevillea* (Silky Oak). E. †*Peppers* (*Schinus*). E.
**Horse Chestnuts* (*Æsculus*). D. †*Scarlet Flowering Gum* (*Eucalyptus*). E.
†*Jacaranda*. D.

SPECIMENS FOR LAWNS &c.

**Abies*. E. **Golden Ash* (*Fraxinus*). D.
Araucaria Bidwilli. E. †*Grevillea Robusta*. E.
**Araucaria Imbricata*. E. **Holly*. E.
†*Calodendron*. E. **Junipers*. E.
Catalpa. D. **Liquidambar*. D.
**Cedrus Deodara*. E. **Liriodendron*. E.
**Cupressus*. E. **Oaks* (*Quercus*). D.
†*Ficus* (Figs). E. **Salisburia*. D.

EVERGREEN TREES—Special Prices for Large Quantities.

	Doz.	100		Doz.	100		Doz.	100
<i>Acacia Baileyana</i> ..	16/-	100/-	<i>Eucalyptus Corynocalyx</i>			<i>Pittosporum</i>		
<i>Araucaria Excelsa</i> ..	22/-	160/-	(Sugar Gum) ..	16/-	100/-	<i>Undulatum</i> ..	18/-	140/-
<i>Brachychiton Acerifolia</i>			<i>Botryoides</i> ..	16/-	100/-	<i>Schinus Molle</i> (Pepper		
(Flame Tree) ..	22/-	160/-	<i>Ficus Nitida</i> ..	22/-	160/-	Tree) ..	16/-	100/-
<i>Calodendron Capensis</i>	22/-	160/-	<i>Grevillea Robusta</i> ..	18/-	140/-	<i>Sterculia Diversifolia</i>		
<i>Camphora Officinalis</i>	18/-	140/-	<i>Lophostemon</i>			(Kurrajong) ..	18/-	140/-
<i>Castanospermum</i>			<i>Australis</i> ..	18/-	140/-	<i>Ulmus Chinensis</i>		
<i>Australis</i> ..	22/-	160/-	<i>Magnolia Grandiflora</i>	33/-	—	(Chinese Elm) ..	28/-	210/-
<i>Eucalyptus Globulus</i>	16/-	100/-	<i>Pinis Insignis</i> ..	16/-	100/-			

DECIDUOUS TREES—Special Prices for Large Quantities.

	Doz.	100		Doz.	100		Doz.	100
<i>Acer Saccharinum</i> ..	33/-		<i>Liriodendron</i>			<i>Salix Babylonica</i>		
<i>Aesculus</i>			<i>Tulipiferum</i> ..	33/-		(Willow)	16/-	100/-
<i>Hippocastanum</i> ..	28/-		<i>Melia Azaderach</i>			<i>Elms</i> (English and		
<i>Jacaranda</i>			(White Cedar) ..	18/-	140/-	<i>Salisburia Adiantifolia</i>	28/-	—
<i>Mimosaeifolia</i> ..	18/-	140/-	<i>Platanus Orientalis</i>			Scotch) ..	28/-	210/-
<i>Liquidambar</i>			(Plane) ..	22/-	160/-	<i>Oaks, of Sorts from</i>	28/-	210/-
<i>Styraciflua</i> ..	33/-	—	<i>Populus, of Sorts</i> ..	18/-	140/-	Very many other lines also in		
						quantity.		

Shrubs and Trees of Special Merit

The following have been picked out as outstanding types. Those who have only room for a few specimens of the best and most ornamental shrubs obtainable should make their selection from the following list.

- Bauhinia Galpini**—A low-growing shrubby Bauhinia with brick-red blooms. It is suitable for coastal climates where there is only light frost. 6 feet high. 2/6 each.
- Berberis Wilsonii**—Low-growing evergreen shrub from China. Golden yellow flowers followed by red berries. Attractive in the autumn. 3 feet high. 2/6 ea.
- Bougainvillea Rosea**—Flowers of very rich pink shade, growth similar to Laterita the brick-red variety. Climbs to about 20 feet. 3/6 each.
- Cantua Dependens**—Small foliage, trumpet-shaped flowers, pale pink at base, shading to rich crimson cerise. Hardy everywhere. 6 feet high. 2/6 each.
- Chamaelaucium Uncinatum** (Geraldton Wax Plant)—Winter flowering, blooms for three months. Delightfully scented pink waxy flowers. 5ft. high. 3/- ea.
- Crataegus Pyracantha Angustifolia**—Strong-growing evergreen hawthorn. White flowers followed by orange berries. 12 feet high. 2/- each.
- Crotolaria Laburnifolia**—Called the "bird flower" on account of the fancied resemblance of its large yellow flowers to a bird hanging from the end of the branches. Plant September to October. 2/6 each.
- Eucalyptus Sideroxylon Rosea** (Pink Flowering Gum)—Graceful weeping habit, rose-pink flowers. 18-20 feet high. 2/- each.
- Fraxinus Oxycarpa** (The Desert Ash)—Suitable to climates like Bathurst. Amongst the first to break into leaf in the spring. 30 feet high. 2/- each.
- Gordonia Anomala**—Large single flowers of creamy white color in spring, with rich centre of golden stamens. 10 feet high. 3/6 each.
- Grevillea Banksii Fosterii**—A rich crimson bloom, borne throughout the season in great profusion. Shrub six to eight feet high. 2/6 each.
- Photinia Glabra Rubens**—Small shrub growing eight to ten feet high. Young foliage is rich deep red color turning to green as it ages. Should be lightly trimmed back, and each successive growth repeats the brilliant color. 2/6 each.
- Prostanthera Ovalifolia**—A native shrub covered in spring with rich purple blooms. 6ft. high. 2/- ea.
- Retinospora Obtusa Crispia**—A richly colored golden form. For cool and mountain climates. 12-15 feet high. Price, 5/- each.

PLANTS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES

SMALL PLANTS FOR EDGING AND CARPET BEDDING

- Alternanthera** (Four varieties). 1/6 doz; 10/- 100.
- Begonia: Bedding Variety.** 1/6 dozen; 10/- 100.
- Box** (suitable for cool districts only). 5/- dozen; 35/- 100.
- Gazania Splendens**—Golden yellow flowers. 6d. each; 5/- dozen.
- Geranium: Madame Salroy.** 1/6 dozen; 10/- 100.
- Iresine** (Four varieties). 1/6 dozen; 10/- 100.
- Mesembryanthemum** (Four varieties). 1/- each; 9/- dozen.
- Pyrethrum Aureum.** 1/- dozen; 7/6 100.

VERANDAH PLANTS.

- Anthericum**—Pretty foliage, from 1/6.
- Asparagus**—Very handsome pot plant, from 1/6.
- Aspidistra**—Very hardy; handsome foliage, from 2/6.
- Azalea**—Showy verandah plants; free bloomers, from 2/-.
- Begonia Rex**—Ornamental foliage, beautifully marked, 1/6.
- Begonia**—Tuberous Rooted. Single varieties, 1/6 ea. 16/- dozen; Double varieties, 2/- each; 22/- doz.
- Calla** (Lily of the Nile)—Fine foliage; easiest culture. 1/6 each.
- Eucharis**—Amazonica. Lovely Eucharis Lily, from 2/6 each.
- Ferns**—Many fine hardy varieties in pots, from 1/6
- Fuchsias**—In splendid variety; single and double. 1/6
- Hardy Dracaenas**—Very hardy foliage plants. 2/-.
- Heliotrope**—Sweet-scented, favorite flowering plants. 2/-.



Azaleas are one of the prettiest plants for verandah decoration.

- Hydrangea**—Fine flowering plants; very attractive sorts, from 2/-.
- Maranta**—Very pretty decorative plant. 1/6.
- Ophiopogon**—Violet flowers; variegated foliage. 2/-
- Palms**—We can supply these in all sizes and varieties, from 2/6 upwards.
- Pandanus**—Variegated foliage. 3/6.
- Staghorn Ferns**—Grown on walls are very beautiful, from 2/6.

Sundry Tools, Sprays, Manures, Etc.

For the Garden, Farm and Orchard

We have only sufficient space in this Seed Annual to mention briefly the most important items, but we publish a full descriptive booklet with all prices, which we will be glad to post to anyone promptly on request.

SPRAY PUMPS

For full List of Pumps and Prices, see Yates' Booklet of Garden and Farm Sundries, free on request.

In the equable climate of Australia insect, fungous and other pests are likely to do considerable damage unless controlled by timely spraying. To do this efficiently and with ease a well designed and soundly made pump is necessary. For gardens, orchards, and any moderate areas, the following are recommended:

The "Rega" Sprayer Model A - 27/6

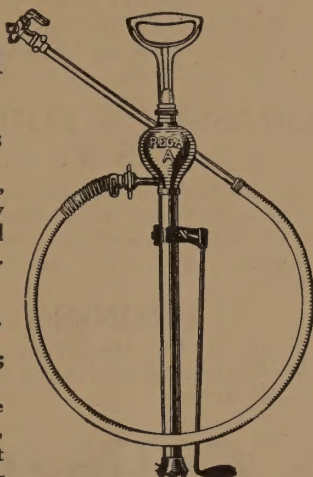
Postage: Interstate, 3/8; N.S.W., 2/-.

Suitable for the Garden, Small Orchard, Poultry Farm, Garage, Lime and Whitewashing, etc., etc.

Model B - 25/-

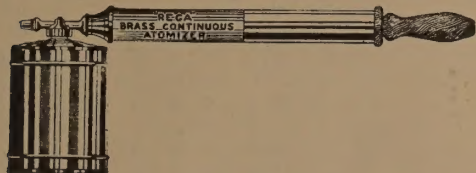
Postage: Interstate, 3/2; N.S.W., 1/9.

This Model is a little smaller than the Model A, and manufactured to meet the need for a cheaper Pump. This Pump has the same effective power and is equipped with the same Patent "All Ways" Spray Nozzle.



The "Rega" Continuous Brass Atomizer Price 9/6

Postage: Interstate, 1/2; N.S.W., 9d.



This Sprayer is specially designed for Spraying Disinfectants and Insecticides for Garden and Household Use. The Atomizer and Container and all parts in contact with the liquid are of solid brass.

SPRAYING PREPARATIONS

There are three main classes of plant pests which can be controlled by spraying.

Insects that eat or chew foliage, fruit or flower, such as worms, caterpillars, slugs, codlin moth, etc. To combat these, there is nothing better than Arsenate of Lead, either in paste or powder form.

Spraying Preparation—(Continued)

Insects that suck the sap and plant juices, such as aphids, scale, thrip, red spider, etc. To treat these a contact spray must be used, such as Lime and Sulphur Solution, Harbas, Nicotine, Tobacco Water and Soft Soap, and Benzole Emulsion.

Fungous Diseases, such as Black Spot, Oidium, Mildew, Leaf Curl, Rust, etc. Prevention is easier than cure with these troubles, and the consistent use of Lime and Sulphur, Bordeaux or Blighty Mixture will prove effective.

As many of these preparations are poisonous they should be kept away from children and domestic animals.

Prices of the most important preparations as mentioned above are as follows:—

"RELIABLE" ARSENATE OF LEAD—

In Paste Form (1lb. making up to 30 gals. spray), in tins, 1lb. 2/6; 2lb., 4/6.

In Powder Form (1lb. making up to 50 gals. spray); ½lb., 1/-; 1lb., 3/-.

YATES' "HAROLA" LIME SULPHUR—

(1 gal. makes 10-40 gals. spray, according to purpose required.) In sealed tins, 1 pt., 1/3; 1 qt., 1/9; ½ gal., 2/-; 1 gal., 3/6; 2 gals., 6/6; 4 gals., 8/-; 5 gal. drums, 10/-; 42 gal. casks, 1/9 per gal. (casks 7/6 extra, returnable).

"RELIABLE" BORDEAUX MIXTURE—

1lb. makes up to 10 gals. according to purpose required.

Powder—Per ½lb., 9d.; per 1lb., 2/-; over 10lbs., per lb., 1/9.

BLIGHTY MIXTURE (1lb. makes up to 6 gals.).

Powder—1lb., 1/9; 7lbs., 10/6; 20lbs., 27/6. Special prices for larger quantities.

HARBAS (1 gal. makes 20 to 30 gals. spray).

Per 1 pt., 1/6; 1 qt., 2/3; ½ gal., 3/6; 1 gal., 6/-; 2 gals., 11/-; 4 gals., 17/- per tin; 42 gal. casks, 4/- per gal. (casks 7/6 extra, returnable).

"265" SNAIL EXTERMINATOR—

1½lb. tin, 1/6; 2½lb. tin, 2/6; 5lb., tin, 4/6.

BENZOLE EMULSION (in paste form). 1lb. makes 5 gals. spray; per lb. tin, 1/9

BLACK LEAF 40—Per bottle, to make 8 gals., 1/6; to make 16 gals., 2/6; to make 32 gals., 4/3; to make 64 gals., 7/6; to make 128 gals., 12/6.

SEED SOWERS

We stock the "Cahoon" at 35/-, a strong, well-made machine designed for enduring service; and the "Cyclone" and the "Chicago", both at 26/-. The latter are similar in all respects except the manner of operation, the former has a cranked handle and the latter a steel bow working through a swivel.

SUNDRY TOOLS, SPRAYS, MANURES, Etc.

—FOR THE GARDEN, FARM AND ORCHARD—(Continued)—

LABOUR SAVING TOOLS

For Farm, Orchard and Garden.

The "Planet Jnr" Line of Implements.

The intelligent use of these wonderful labor saving implements is a big factor in the successful working of market gardens, orchards, etc. Provided reliable seeds only are sown, regular and accurate planting, followed by consistent cultivation, will do more than anything else to ensure big returns. We therefore offer these machines with every confidence. They are the strongest and most useful on the market, and have an excellent reputation for design and durability.

For full List of Machines and Prices, see Yates' Booklet of Garden and Farm Sundries, free on request.

SUNDRY GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES

Lack of space forbids a full list, but we stock every well-known tool or accessory that is used in gardening including the following:—

Gardening Forks	Waterproof Paper Pots
Hoes (all kinds)	Garden Tying Twine
Rakes	Raffia Fibre (Plain or Colored)
Shears	Garden Pencils
Secateurs	Spagnum Moss
Budding Knives	Orchid Peat
Pruning Knives	Gishurst's Compound
Hardwood Stakes	
Rose Labels	

For Full List and Prices, see Yates' Booklet of Farm and Garden Sundries, free on request.

BOOKS

We can supply the following books, all of which are recommended:—

YATES' GARDEN GUIDE

Most useful to the amateur. It must be regarded as one of the best general handbooks on Australian Gardening (*vide* Press), 1/-, post free.

THE FARMERS' HANDBOOK

Published by the Department of Agriculture, N.S.W. An authoritative book on all phases of agriculture in N.S.W. Price, cloth bound, 10/6, postage 8d. extra.

VEGETABLE GROWING

(A. J. Pinn & R. N. Makin)

Published by the Department of Agriculture. A reliable book on all phases of vegetable growing and marketing. 2/6 each, postage 2d. extra.

GRASSES & FODDER PLANTS OF N.S.W. (E. Breakwell)

Published by the Department of Agriculture. A complete and interesting study of the Grasses and Fodder Plants which are of commercial use in this State. 6/- each, postage 4d. extra.

PRUNING (W. J. Allen)

Published by the Department of Agriculture. Every orchardist should have a copy. 3/- each, postage 3d. extra.

Yates' Manures & Fertilizers

HEAVERY and continuous farm crops and good quality flowers and vegetables cannot be grown without manure. Manuring comes next in importance to physical condition of soil, which in turn is dependent on proper drainage, preparation and cultivation of land.

Ordinarily there is nothing to equal stable or farmyard manure, but for farm use it is impossible to obtain in Australia in required quantities. Artificial manures, however, have a very great value, especially if the humus content of the soil is kept up by crop rotation and green manuring. For general purposes superphosphate is an excellent fertilizer, but the following special manures are superior for their respective crops.

All Prices subject to fluctuation. For Bag Lots or over, write for Quotations.

MANURES.	Ton.		Cwt.	56lbs.	28lbs.	14lbs.	7lbs.
	£	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Superphosphate	7	10 0	8 0	4 6	2 9	1 6	1 0
Bonedust	11	0 0	11 6	5 9	3 0	1 9	1 0
Blood and Bone	11	0 0	11 6	5 9	3 0	1 9	1 0
Hydrated Lime	11	10 0	12 6	6 3	4 6	2 6	1 6
Sulphate of Ammonia	19	10 0	20 0	10 0	5 6	3 0	1 9
Sulphate of Potash	19	10 0	20 0	10 0	5 6	3 0	1 9
Nitrate of Soda			20 0	10 0	5 6	3 0	1 9
Yates' Plant Food			16 6	8 3	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Sweet Pea Manure			17 6	8 9	4 6	2 6	1 6
A.Y. Flowers and Shrubs Manure			15 6	8 0	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Potato and Tomato Manure			16 6	8 6	4 6	2 6	1 6
A.Y. Cabbage and Cauliflower Manure			15 6	8 0	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Onion Manure			15 6	8 0	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Pea and Bean Manure			12 0	6 6	3 6	2 0	1 3
A.Y. Pumpkin and Melon Manure			15 6	8 0	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Lucerne and Clover Manure			12 0	6 6	3 6	2 0	1 3
A.Y. Maize and Green Fodder Manure			15 0	7 9	4 0	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Maize (for Grain) Manure			13 0	6 9	3 6	2 0	1 3
A.Y. Stone Fruit & Strawberry Manure			15 6	8 0	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Citrus, Passion & Grape Manure			16 6	8 3	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Special Lawn Manure			16 6	8 3	4 3	2 3	1 3
A.Y. Rape and Root Crop Manure			13 0	6 9	3 6	2 0	1 3
A.Y. Hay and Pasture Manure			13 0	6 9	3 6	2 0	1 3
Powdered Carbonate of Lime, 5s. 6d. bag							

Prices on Application

THIS IS IMPORTANT.

Have you signed your order or letter and
given your full address?

YATES
RELIABLE
SEEDS

ARTHUR YATES & Co., Ltd.

Seed Merchants and Growers

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G.P.O.,

SYDNEY



Postal Address: BOX 2707 C, G.P.O. SYDNEY.

(Please write plainly; Ladies please prefix Mrs. or Miss)

Customers who have changed their addresses since last ordering will greatly assist us to avoid mistakes by also stating their old address hereon.

ORDER FORM—Continued

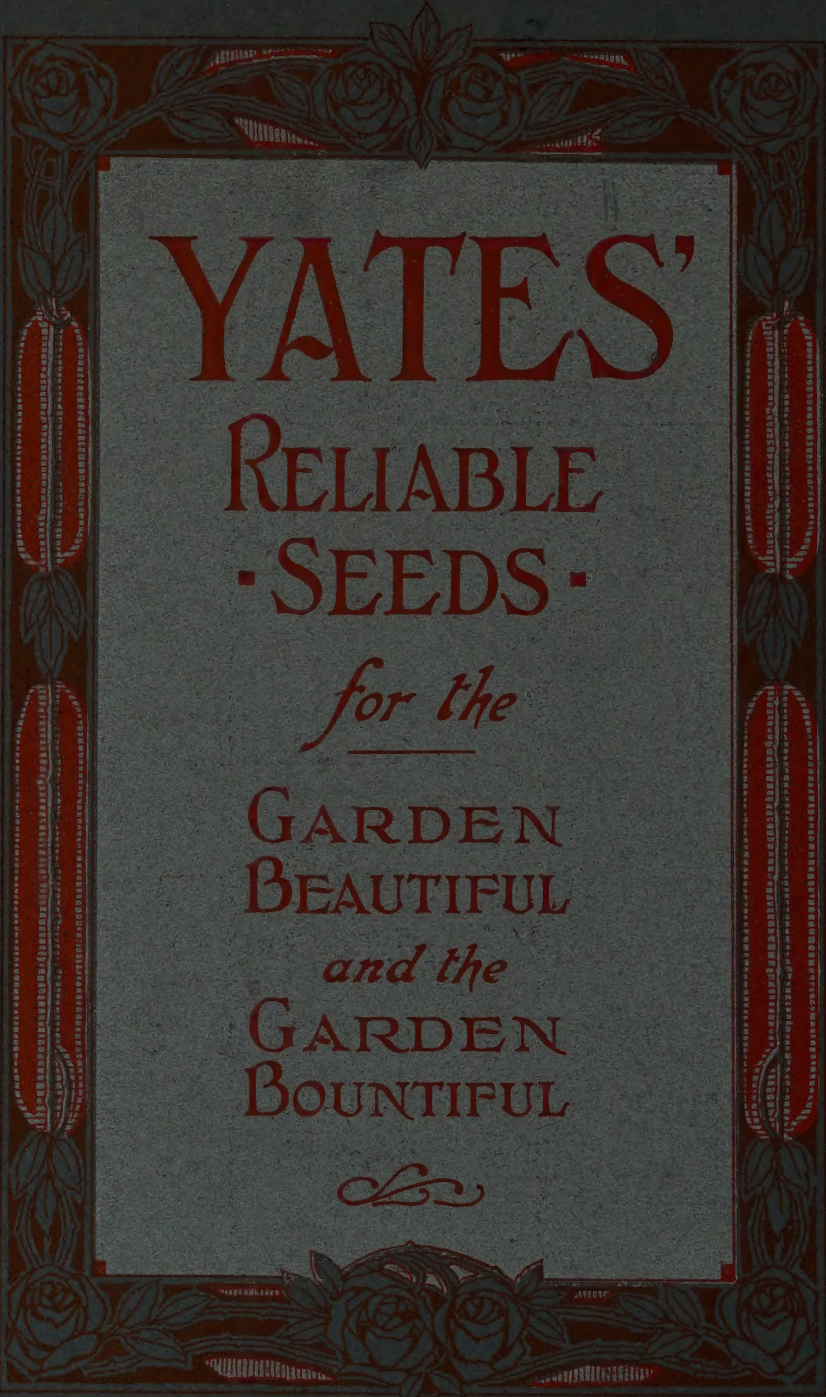
[illegible]

A copy of this Catalogue will be posted to any of your friends who would care for same.

Please give Name and Full Address.

Please see that Order contains Full Name and Address, Full Forwarding Instructions, and Amount of Money Enclosed.

Customers who have changed their addresses since last offering will receive notices to avoid mistakes by also stating their old address below.



YATES'

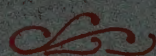
RELIABLE
- SEEDS -

for the

GARDEN
BEAUTIFUL

and the

GARDEN
BOUNTIFUL



PLEASE HANG UP
FOR REFERENCE
throughout the year